

FYS4480/9980 OCT 4

Stability of HF eqs.

$$|\Psi_0^{\text{HF}}\rangle = |c\rangle$$

$$\langle \delta c | H | c \rangle = 0 \wedge \langle c | H | \delta c \rangle = 0$$

$$|c'\rangle = |c\rangle + |\delta c\rangle$$

$$|c'\rangle = \exp \left\{ \sum_{q_i} \delta c_i^a a_i^+ q_i \right\} |c\rangle$$

$$\frac{\langle c' | H | c' \rangle}{\langle c' | c' \rangle} \geq \langle c | H | c \rangle = E_0^{\text{HF}}$$

$$\langle c' | c' \rangle = ?$$

$$|c\rangle = \left\{ 1 + \sum_{a_i} \delta c_i^a q_a^\dagger q_i + \frac{1}{2!} \sum_{a_i} \sum_{b_j} \delta c_i^a \delta c_j^b q_a^\dagger q_b + \dots \right\} |c\rangle$$

$$\langle c' | c' \rangle = 1 + \sum_{a_i} |\delta c_i^a|^2 + O((\delta c_i^a)^3)$$

$$\langle c' | c' \rangle \neq 1$$

$$\langle c' | c \rangle = 1$$

$$\langle c^\dagger (H) c^\dagger \rangle \approx \underbrace{\langle c (H) c \rangle}_{E_c^{\text{Res}}}$$

$$+ \sum_{a_i} \sum_{b_j} \delta c_i^* a_i b_j \langle c | a_i^\dagger a_a H a_a^\dagger q_j | c \rangle$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a_i} \sum_{b_j} \delta c_i^a \delta c_j^b \langle c | H a_a^\dagger q_i q_b^\dagger q_j | c \rangle$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{a_i} \sum_{b_j} \delta c_i^* a_i \delta c_j^* b_j$$

$$\times \langle c | a_j^\dagger q_b^\dagger q_b a_i^\dagger q_a H | c \rangle$$

$$\langle c | a_i^+ q_a + l | a_e^+ q_j | c \rangle$$

$$H = E_C^{Ref} + \vec{F}_N + \vec{J}_N$$

$$\delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} E_C^{Ref} +$$

$$\sum_{pq} \langle c | a_i^+ q_a a_p^+ q_q q_e^+ q_j | c \rangle \langle p | f | q \rangle$$

$$\underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} \delta_{qk}} \delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} \delta_{qk}$$

$$\underbrace{\qquad\qquad\qquad}_{\delta_{ab} \delta_{pj} \delta_{qi}} \delta_{ab} \delta_{pj} \delta_{qi}$$

$$\left[\langle a | f | a \rangle - \langle i | f | i \rangle = \varepsilon_a^{HF} - \varepsilon_i^{HF} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \sum_{PQAS} \langle Pq/v/hs \rangle_{AS} \times$$

$$\times \left\langle \text{cl} \underbrace{a_i^+ a_a^-}_{\delta_{ap}} \underbrace{a_p^+ q_q^+ q_5 q_2^- q_v^+ a_j^-}_{\delta_{vb}} \right\rangle^{S_{qj}}$$

$$\left[-\frac{1}{4} \langle a_j l v | b_i \rangle_{AS} \right.$$

$$= + \frac{1}{4} \langle a_j l v | b_i \rangle_{AS}$$

$$+ \begin{matrix} i \\ \downarrow \\ j \\ \diagup \\ a \\ \uparrow \\ e \end{matrix} \quad + \begin{matrix} i \\ \downarrow \\ j \\ \diagup \\ b \\ \uparrow \\ e \end{matrix}$$

Collecting:

$$\delta_{ij} S_{ab} E_0^{HF} |\delta c_i^a|^2$$

$$+ \sum_{ai} (\varepsilon_a^H - \varepsilon_i^{HF}) |\delta c_i^a|^2 \delta_{ij} S_{ab}$$

$$+ \sum_{ai} \sum_{bj} \delta c_i^a \delta c_j^b \langle a_j | v | i \rangle_{AS}$$

$$\langle c | + | a_a^\dagger q_i^\dagger a_b^\dagger q_j | c \rangle$$

$$\underset{=0}{\overset{\leftarrow}{E_0^{RES}}}$$

$$+ \langle c | a_p^\dagger q_q^\dagger a_a^\dagger q_i^\dagger a_b^\dagger q_j | c \rangle$$

$$\left[\langle c | a_p^+ q_q \underbrace{q_a^+ q_i q_b^+ q_j} | c \rangle \right]$$

$$z_{P2L} = 0$$

$$+ \langle c | a_p^+ q_q^+ q_5 q_2 q_a^+ q_i q_b^+ q_j | c \rangle$$

 \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}

$$- \frac{1}{4} \langle j i' | v | ab \rangle_{A5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle i j' | v | ab \rangle_{A5}$$

$$\langle i j' | v | ab \rangle_{A5}$$

$$\langle c | a_j^+ q_r a_i^+ q_a H | c \rangle$$

$$\langle a | A | b \rangle = \langle b | A^+ | a \rangle^*$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle c | a_j^+ q_r a_i^+ q_a H | c \rangle &= \langle a_{i'} v | i j \rangle_{AS}^* \\ &= \langle i j' | v | a b \rangle_{AS}^* \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle c' | H | c \rangle &= \langle c | H | c \rangle \left(1 + \sum_{ai} |\delta c_i^a|^2 \right) \\ &+ \sum_{ai} |\delta c_i^a|^2 \left(\varepsilon_a^{HF} - \varepsilon_i^{HF} \right) \\ &+ \sum_{ai} \sum_{bj} \delta^* c_i^a \delta c_j^b \langle a_{ij} | v | i j \rangle_{AS} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha i} \sum_{\beta j'} \delta c_i^\alpha \delta c_j^\beta \langle c_i^\dagger | \alpha | \alpha \rangle_{AS}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha i} \sum_{\beta j'} \delta c_i^*{}^\alpha \delta c_j^*{}^\beta \langle \alpha | \beta | i j \rangle_{AS}$$

$$= (1 + \sum_{\alpha i} |\delta c_i^\alpha|^2) E_0^{HF}$$

$$+ \Delta E + O((\delta c_i^\alpha)^3)$$

denominator $1 + |\delta c|^2$

$$\frac{\langle c' | H | c' \rangle}{\langle c' | c' \rangle} \simeq E_0^{HF} + \frac{\Delta E}{1 + \sum_{\alpha i} |\delta c_i^\alpha|^2}$$

$$\Delta E > 0$$

$$\frac{\langle c' | H | c' \rangle}{\langle c' | c' \rangle} \gtrsim E_0^{HF}$$

$$\langle \delta c | H | \delta c \rangle =$$

$$\sum_{\substack{ab \\ i' j'}} \delta^* c_a^a \delta c_j^{i'} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} [\epsilon_a^{HF} \delta_{ab} \delta_{i'j'} \\ - \epsilon_i^{HF} \delta_{ab} \delta_{i'}] \end{array} \right.$$

$$I = \{a_i\} \quad J = \{b_j\} \quad + \langle a_j b_i / i \tau \rangle_{AF} \}$$

$$\langle \alpha_j | v | i_k \rangle = A_{\alpha_i, \alpha_j} = A_{IJ}$$

$$\delta^* c_a = \delta^* c_I \quad S_{CJ} = S_{CJ}$$

$$\Delta \Sigma_{IJ} = (\varepsilon_a^{HF} - \varepsilon_n^{HF}) S_{ab} S_{ij}$$

$$B_{IJ} = \langle \alpha_k | v | \tau_j \rangle_{AS}$$

$$B_{IJ}^* = \langle \tau_j | v | \alpha_k \rangle_{AS}$$

$$\langle \delta_C | H | \delta_C \rangle = \sum_{IJ} \delta_{CI}^* \delta_{CJ}$$

$$\times [\Delta \sum_{IJ} \delta_{IJ} + A_{IJ}]$$

$$(x^T A x = \sum_{i,j} x_i g_{ij} x_j)$$

$$\delta_C^* \cdot \Delta \sum \delta_C + \delta_{CA}^* \delta_C$$

$$\Delta E = \frac{1}{N} \langle X | M | X \rangle$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \delta_c \\ \delta_c^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} \Delta\epsilon + A & B \\ B^* & \Delta\epsilon + A^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$\Delta\epsilon \geq 0$, then M has to
be semi-positive definite,
i.e. $x_i \geq 0$

A necessary (but not sufficient) condition is that

$$\sum_{\alpha} \epsilon_{\alpha}^{\text{HF}} - \sum_{\nu} \epsilon_{\nu}^{\text{HF}} + \langle a_i | \alpha / i \alpha \rangle_{AS} \geq 0$$

FCI

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc} \langle \Phi_0 | H | \Phi_0 \rangle & \cancel{\langle \Phi_0 | H | 1p1h \rangle} & \langle \Phi_0 | H | 2p2h \rangle \dots \\ \cancel{\langle 1p1h | H | \Phi_0 \rangle} & \langle 1p1h | H | 1p1h \rangle & \dots \\ \langle 2p2h | H | \Phi_0 \rangle & & | \\ & | & | \\ & | & | \end{array} \right]$$

$$\langle \delta \phi_0 | H | \phi_0 \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\langle i | f | a \rangle = 0 \text{ or } \langle \alpha | f | i \rangle = 0$$

classical solution

$$h^{HF} = f \Rightarrow h^{HF}(p) = \epsilon_p^{HF}(p)$$

$$\langle i | f | a \rangle = \langle i | h^{HF} | a \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle i | h^{HF} | i \rangle = \epsilon_i^{HF}$$

HEG $\underbrace{\langle \alpha | h^{HF} | a \rangle}_{\langle \alpha | h^{HF} | a \rangle = 0} = \epsilon_{\alpha}^{HF}$

TDA (Tamm-Dancoff approximation)

$$\langle \alpha | g | i \rangle = 0$$

$$\Delta E = E_0 - E_0^{\text{ref}} = \sum_{\alpha_i} c_i^\alpha \langle i | g | \alpha \rangle$$

$\stackrel{= 0 \text{ if HF}}{\approx}$

$$\downarrow$$
$$\langle E_0 | H | E_0 \rangle = + \sum_{ab} c_i^a c_j^b + \langle ab | h | ij \rangle_{A_5}$$

$$\langle \Phi_n^a | H | \phi_j^b \rangle c_j^b =$$

$$\stackrel{-\text{Ref}}{\approx} c_n^a \delta_{ij} S_{ab} + (\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) S_{ij} S_{ab}$$

$$+ c_n^a + \sum_{jb} \langle c_{aj}| \psi | \psi \rangle_{AS} g_j^b$$

(Neglected

$$\langle \Phi_n^a | H - \chi | \phi_j^b \rangle$$

$$\sum_{jb} \langle \Phi_n^a | H - \chi | \Phi_j^b \rangle g_j^b = 0$$

$$c_{ij}^{ab} = c_{ijk}^{abc} = 0$$

$$A_{ij}^{ab} = \langle a_j | v | i_b \rangle_{AS} = A_{IJ}$$

$$I = \{q_i\} \quad J = \{r_j\}$$

$$\Delta \Sigma_{IJ} =$$

$$(\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_r) S_{ij}^{\dagger} S_{ab}$$

$$\Delta E = \lambda - E_d^{\text{Ref}} + H_{IJ}$$

$$\sum (\Delta \Sigma_{IJ} + A_{IJ}) c_J =$$

$$\Delta E c_I$$

$$\sum_j H_{IJ} C_j = \lambda E(I)$$

corresponds to the eigenvectors
of the $1/\mu$ states.