

Slides from FYS-KJM4480/9480 Lectures

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Notation

Second quantization

Antisymmetrized wavefunction

$$\begin{aligned}\Phi_{AS}(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_A; \mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_A) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{A!}} \sum_{\hat{P}} (-1)^P \hat{P} \prod_{i=1}^A \psi_{\alpha_i}(\mathbf{x}_i) \\ &\equiv |\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_A\rangle \\ &= a_{\alpha_1}^\dagger \dots a_{\alpha_A}^\dagger |0\rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$a_p^\dagger |0\rangle = |p\rangle, \quad a_p |q\rangle = \delta_{pq} |0\rangle$$

$$\delta_{pq} = \{a_p, a_q^\dagger\}$$

$$0 = \{a_p^\dagger, a_q\} = \{a_p, a_q\} = \{a_p^\dagger, a_q^\dagger\}$$

Notation

Second quantization, quasiparticles

Reference state

$$|\Phi_0\rangle = |\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_A\rangle, \quad \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_A \leq \alpha_F$$

Creation and annihilation operators

$$\{a_p^\dagger, a_q\} = \delta_{pq}, p, q \leq \alpha_F \quad \{a_p, a_q^\dagger\} = \delta_{pq}, p, q > \alpha_F$$

$$i, j, \dots \leq \alpha_F, \quad a, b, \dots > \alpha_F, \quad p, q, \dots - \text{any}$$

$$a_i |\Phi_0\rangle = |\Phi_i\rangle$$

$$a_a^\dagger |\Phi_0\rangle = |\Phi^a\rangle$$

$$a_i^\dagger |\Phi_0\rangle = 0$$

$$a_a |\Phi_0\rangle = 0$$

Notation

Second quantization, operators

Onebody operator

$$\hat{F} = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{f} | q \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q$$

Notation

Second quantization, operators

Twobody operator

$$\hat{V} = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq|\hat{v}|rs\rangle_{AS} a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r \equiv \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq|\hat{v}|rs\rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r$$

where we have defined the antisymmetric matrix elements

$$\langle pq|\hat{v}|rs\rangle_{AS} = \langle pq|\hat{v}|rs\rangle - \langle pq|\hat{v}|sr\rangle.$$

Notation

Second quantization, operators

Threebody operator

$$\hat{V}_3 = \frac{1}{36} \sum_{pqrstu} \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | stu \rangle_{AS} a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r^\dagger a_u a_t a_s \equiv \frac{1}{36} \sum_{pqrstu} \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | stu \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r^\dagger a_u a_t a_s$$

where we have defined the antisymmetric matrix elements

$$\begin{aligned} \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | stu \rangle_{AS} = & \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | stu \rangle + \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | tus \rangle + \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | ust \rangle \\ & - \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | sut \rangle - \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | tsu \rangle - \langle pqr | \hat{V}_3 | uts \rangle. \end{aligned}$$

Notation

Second quantization, operators

Normal ordered operators

$$\left\{ a_a a_b \dots a_c^\dagger a_d^\dagger \right\} = (-1)^P a_c^\dagger a_d^\dagger \dots a_a a_b$$

All creation operators to the left and all annihilation operators to the right times a factor determined by how many operators have been switched.

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Definition

The normal ordered Hamiltonian is given by

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{H}_N &= \frac{1}{36} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ stu}} \langle pqr | \hat{v}_3 | stu \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r^\dagger a_u a_t a_s + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + \sum_{pq} f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= \hat{H}_3^N + \hat{V}_N + \hat{F}_N\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{F}_N &= \sum_{pq} f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q & \hat{V}_N &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r \\ \hat{H}_3^N &= \frac{1}{36} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ stu}} \langle pqr | \hat{v}_3 | stu \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r^\dagger a_u a_t a_s\end{aligned}$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Definition

The amplitudes are given by

$$f_q^p = \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle + \sum_i \langle pi | \hat{v} | qi \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle pij | \hat{v}_3 | qij \rangle$$
$$\langle pq || rs \rangle = \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle + \sum_i \langle pqi | \hat{v}_3 | rsi \rangle,$$

In relation to the Hamiltonian, \hat{H}_N is given by

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{H}_N &= \hat{H} - E_0 \\ E_0 &= \langle \Phi_0 | \hat{H} | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \sum_i \langle i | \hat{h}_0 | i \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij | \hat{v} | ij \rangle + \frac{1}{6} \sum_{ijk} \langle ijk | \hat{v}_3 | ijk \rangle,\end{aligned}$$

where E_0 is the energy expectation value between reference states.

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation

We start with the Hamiltonian

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_I$$

where

$$\hat{H}_0 = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q$$

$$\hat{H}_I = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r$$

$$\hat{H}_3 = \frac{1}{36} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ stu}} \langle pqr | \hat{v}_3 | stu \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r^\dagger a_u a_t a_s$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, onebody part

$$\hat{H}_0 = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q = \left\{ a_p^\dagger a_q \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q} \right\} = \left\{ a_p^\dagger a_q \right\} + \delta_{pq \in i}$$

$$\hat{H}_0 = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle \left\{ a_p^\dagger a_q \right\} + \delta_{pq \in i} \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle = \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, onebody part

A onebody part

$$\hat{F}_N \Leftarrow \sum_{pq} \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle \{ a_p^\dagger a_q \}$$

and a scalar part

$$E_0 \Leftarrow \sum_i \langle i | \hat{h}_0 | i \rangle$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, twobody part

$$\hat{H}_I = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r = a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + a_p^\dagger \overbrace{a_q^\dagger a_s} + a_p^\dagger \overbrace{a_q^\dagger a_r} + a_p^\dagger \overbrace{a_q^\dagger a_s a_r} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s} +$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, twobody part

$$\hat{H}_I = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r = a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r} +$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, twobody part

$$\hat{H}_I = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \left(\delta_{qs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rr \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_r a_r \right)$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, twobody part

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqi} \left(\langle pi | \hat{v} | qi \rangle - \langle pi | \hat{v} | iq \rangle - \langle ip | \hat{v} | qi \rangle + \langle ip | \right.$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Derivation, twobody part

A twobody part

$$\hat{V}_N \Leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r$$

A onebody part

$$\hat{F}_N \Leftarrow \sum_{pqi} \langle pi | \hat{v} | qi \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q$$

and a scalar part

$$E_0 \Leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij | \hat{v} | ij \rangle$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Twobody Hamiltonian

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{H}_N &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r + \sum_{pq} f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= \hat{V}_N + \hat{F}_N\end{aligned}$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{F}_N &= \sum_{pq} f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \\ \hat{V}_N &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r\end{aligned}$$

Definitions

The basics, Normal ordered Hamiltonian

Twobody Hamiltonian

The amplitudes are given by

$$f_q^p = \langle p | \hat{h}_0 | q \rangle + \sum_i \langle pi | \hat{v} | qi \rangle$$

$$\langle pq || rs \rangle = \langle pq | \hat{v} | rs \rangle$$

In relation to the Hamiltonian, \hat{H}_N is given by

$$\hat{H}_N = \hat{H} - E_0$$

$$E_0 = \langle \Phi_0 | \hat{H} | \Phi_0 \rangle$$

$$= \sum_i \langle i | \hat{h}_0 | i \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij | \hat{v} | ij \rangle$$

where E_0 is the energy expectation value between reference states.

CCSD with twobody Hamiltonian

Truncating the cluster operator \hat{T} at the $n = 2$ level, defines CCSD approximation to the Coupled Cluster wavefunction. The coupled cluster wavefunction is now given by

$$|\Psi_{CC}\rangle = e^{\hat{T}_1 + \hat{T}_2} |\Phi_0\rangle$$

where

$$\hat{T}_1 = \sum_{ia} t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i$$
$$\hat{T}_2 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i.$$

CCSD with twobody Hamiltonian cont.

Normal ordered Hamiltonian

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{H} &= \sum_{pq} f_q^p \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq||rs \rangle \{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r\} \\ &\quad + E_0 \\ &= \hat{F}_N + \hat{V}_N + E_0 = \hat{H}_N + E_0\end{aligned}$$

where

$$f_q^p = \langle p|\hat{t}|q \rangle + \sum_i \langle pi|\hat{v}|qi \rangle$$

$$\langle pq||rs \rangle = \langle pq|\hat{v}|rs \rangle$$

$$E_0 = \sum_i \langle i|\hat{t}|i \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij|\hat{v}|ij \rangle$$

Diagram equations - Derivation

Contract \hat{H}_N with \hat{T} in all possible unique combinations that satisfy a given form. The diagram equation is the sum of all these diagrams.

- ▶ Contract one \hat{H}_N element with 0, 1 or multiple \hat{T} elements.
- ▶ All \hat{T} elements must have **atleast** one contraction with \hat{H}_N .
- ▶ No contractions between \hat{T} elements are allowed.
- ▶ A single \hat{T} element can contract with a single element of \hat{H}_N in different ways.

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Diagram elements - Directed lines

Figure: Particle line

Figure: Hole line

- ▶ Represents a contraction between second quantized operators.
- ▶ External lines are connected to one operator vertex and infinity.
- ▶ Internal lines are connected to operator vertices in both ends.

Diagram elements - Onebody Hamiltonian

Level: -1

Level: 0

Level: 0

Level: +1

- ▶ Horizontal dashed line segment with one vertex.
- ▶ Excitation level identify the number of particle/hole pairs created by the operator.

Diagram elements - Twobody Hamiltonian

Level: -2

Level: -1

Level: -1

Level: 0

Level: 0

Level: 0

Level: +1

Level: +1

Level: +2

Diagram elements - Onebody cluster operator

Level: +1

- ▶ Horizontal line segment with one vertex.
- ▶ Excitation level of +1.

Diagram elements - Twobody cluster operator

Level: +2

- ▶ Horizontal line segment with two vertices.
- ▶ Excitation level of +2.

CCSD energy equation - Derivation

$$E_{\text{CCSD}} = \langle \Phi_0 || \Phi_0 \rangle$$

- ▶ No external lines.
- ▶ Final excitation level: 0

Elements: \hat{H}_N

Elements: \hat{T}

CCSD energy equation

$$E_{CCSD} = \quad + \quad +$$

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
- ▶ Sum over all internal indices.
- ▶ Extract matrix elements. $(f_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, \langle \text{lout}, \text{rout} | | \text{lin}, \text{rin} \rangle)$
- ▶ Extract cluster amplitudes with indices in the order left to right. Incoming lines are subscripts, while outgoing lines are superscripts. $(t_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, t_{\text{lin}, \text{rin}}^{\text{lout}, \text{rout}})$
- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
- ▶ Multiply by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ for each equivalent line and each equivalent vertex.

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
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- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
- ▶ Multiply by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ for each equivalent line and each equivalent vertex.

CCSD energy equation

$$E_{CCSD} = f_a^i t_i^a + \frac{1}{4} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} + \frac{1}{2} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_i^a t_j^b$$

Note the implicit sum over repeated indices.

CCSD \hat{T}_1 amplitude equation - Derivation

$$0 = \langle \Phi_i^a || \Phi_0 \rangle$$

- ▶ One pair of particle/hole external lines.
- ▶ Final excitation level: +1

Elements: \hat{H}_N

Elements: \hat{T}

CCSD \hat{T}_1 amplitude equation

$$0 = \begin{array}{ccccccc} & & + & & + & & + \\ + & & & + & & + & + \\ + & & + & & + & & + \\ + & & + & & & & \end{array}$$

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
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Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
- ▶ Sum over all internal indices.
- ▶ Extract matrix elements. ($f_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}$, $\langle \text{lout, rout} | | \text{lin, rin} \rangle$)
- ▶ Extract cluster amplitudes with indices in the order left to right. Incoming lines are subscripts, while outgoing lines are superscripts. ($t_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}$, $t_{\text{lin, rin}}^{\text{lout, rout}}$)
- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
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- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
- ▶ Multiply by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ for each equivalent line and each equivalent vertex.

CCSD \hat{T}_1 amplitude equation

$$0 = f_i^a + f_e^a t_i^e - f_i^m t_m^a + \langle ma || ei \rangle t_m^e + f_e^m t_{im}^{ae} + \frac{1}{2} \langle am || ef \rangle t_{im}^{ef} - \frac{1}{2} \langle mn || e$$

CCSD \hat{T}_2 amplitude equation - Derivation

$$0 = \langle \Phi_{ij}^{ab} || \Phi_0 \rangle$$

- ▶ Two pairs of particle/hole external lines.
- ▶ Final excitation level: +2

Elements: \hat{H}_N

Elements: \hat{T}

CCSD \hat{T}_2 amplitude equation

$$0 = \quad + \quad + \quad + \quad + \quad + \quad +$$

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
- ▶ Sum over all internal indices.
- ▶ Extract matrix elements. $(f_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, \langle l_{\text{out}}, r_{\text{out}} || l_{\text{in}}, r_{\text{in}} \rangle)$
- ▶ Extract cluster amplitudes with indices in the order left to right. Incoming lines are subscripts, while outgoing lines are superscripts. $(t_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, t_{\text{lin}, \text{rin}}^{\text{lout}, \text{rout}})$
- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
- ▶ Multiply by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ for each equivalent line and each equivalent vertex.
- ▶ Antisymmetrize a pair of external particle/hole line that does not connect to the same operator.

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
- ▶ Sum over all internal indices.
- ▶ Extract matrix elements. $(f_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, \langle \text{lout, rout} | | \text{lin, rin} \rangle)$
- ▶ Extract cluster amplitudes with indices in the order left to right. Incoming lines are subscripts, while outgoing lines are superscripts. $(t_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, t_{\text{lin, rin}}^{\text{lout, rout}})$
- ▶ Calculate the phase: $(-1)^{\text{holelines} + \text{loops}}$
- ▶ Multiply by a factor of $\frac{1}{2}$ for each equivalent line and each equivalent vertex.
- ▶ Antisymmetrize a pair of external particle/hole line that does not connect to the same operator.

Diagram rules

- ▶ Label all lines.
- ▶ Sum over all internal indices.
- ▶ Extract matrix elements. $(f_{\text{in}}^{\text{out}}, \langle \text{lout, rout} | | \text{lin, rin} \rangle)$
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CCSD \hat{T}_2 amplitude equation

$$0 = \langle ab||ij \rangle + P(ij)\langle ab||ej \rangle t_i^e - P(ab)\langle am||ij \rangle t_m^b + P(ab)f_e^b t_{ij}^{ae} - P(ij)f_i^m t_{mj}^{ab} + \frac{1}{2}\langle ab||ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} +$$

The expansion

$$E_{CC} = \langle \psi_0 | \left(\hat{H}_N + [\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}] + \frac{1}{2} [[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}] + \frac{1}{3!} [[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{4!} [[[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] + \dots \right) | \psi_0 \rangle$$

$$0 = \langle \psi_{ij\dots}^{ab\dots} | \left(\hat{H}_N + [\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}] + \frac{1}{2} [[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}] + \frac{1}{3!} [[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{4!} [[[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] + \dots \right) | \psi_0 \rangle$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

The expanded CC energy equation involves an infinite sum over nested commutators

$$\begin{aligned} E_{CC} = \langle \Psi_0 | & \left(\hat{H}_N + [\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}] + \frac{1}{2} [[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}] \right. \\ & + \frac{1}{3!} [[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] \\ & \left. + \frac{1}{4!} [[[[\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}], \hat{T}] + \dots \right) | \Psi_0 \rangle, \end{aligned}$$

but fortunately we can show that it truncates naturally, depending on the Hamiltonian.

The first term is zero by construction.

$$\langle \Psi_0 | \hat{H}_N | \Psi_0 \rangle = 0$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited.

The second term can be split up into different pieces

$$\langle \Psi_0 | [\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}] | \Psi_0 \rangle = \langle \Psi_0 | \left([\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] + [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2] + [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_1] + [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_2] \right) | \Psi_0 \rangle$$

Since we need the explicit expressions for the commutators both in the next term and in the amplitude equations, we calculate them separately.

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$+ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i}$$

$$+ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i}$$

$$= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger + \delta_{qa} \delta_{pi}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
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 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

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 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

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The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 &\quad + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i}$$

$$= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger + \delta_{qa} \delta_{pi}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_q^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 &\quad + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} \\
 &\quad + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger + \delta_{qa} \delta_{pi}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pqia} \left(f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i - t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q \right) \\
 &= \sum_{pqia} f_q^p t_i^a \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i - a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} &= a_a^\dagger a_i a_p^\dagger a_q = a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 &\quad + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} \\
 &\quad + \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i} \\
 &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_i + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger + \delta_{qa} \delta_{pi}
 \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1]$

Wicks theorem gives us

$$\{a_p^\dagger a_q\} \{a_a^\dagger a_i\} - \{a_a^\dagger a_i\} \{a_p^\dagger a_q\} = \delta_{qa} \{a_p^\dagger a_i\} + \delta_{pi} \{a_q a_a^\dagger\} + \delta_{qa} \delta_{pi}.$$

Inserted into the original expression, we arrive at the explicit value of the commutator

$$\begin{aligned} [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1] &= \sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a \\ &= \left(\hat{F}_N \hat{T}_1 \right)_c. \end{aligned}$$

The subscript means that the product only includes terms where the operators are connected by atleast one shared index.

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2] &= \left[\sum_{pq} f_q^p a_p^\dagger a_q, \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pq \\ ijab}} [a_p^\dagger a_q, a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i] \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pq \\ ijab}} f_q^p t_{ij}^{ab} (a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q) \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger}^{} a_j a_i \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2 \right]$

$$\begin{aligned} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q &= a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &\quad + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \\ &= a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &\quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ &\quad + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

Wicks theorem gives us

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right) = \\ & -\delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \\ & -\delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i \\ & -\delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

Inserted into the original expression, we arrive at

$$\begin{aligned} [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2] &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pq \\ abij}} f_q^\rho t_{ij}^{ab} \left(-\delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \right. \\ & \quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ & \quad \left. + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \right). \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2]$

Wicks theorem gives us

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(a_p^\dagger a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i a_p^\dagger a_q \right) = \\ & -\delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \\ & -\delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i \\ & -\delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \end{aligned}$$

Inserted into the original expression, we arrive at

$$\begin{aligned} [\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2] &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pq \\ abij}} f_q^p t_{ij}^{ab} \left(-\delta_{pj} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_i + \delta_{pi} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j \right. \\ & \quad + \delta_{qa} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{qb} a_p^\dagger a_a^\dagger a_j a_i - \delta_{pj} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_i \\ & \quad \left. + \delta_{pi} \delta_{qa} a_b^\dagger a_j + \delta_{pj} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_i - \delta_{pi} \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \right). \end{aligned}$$

The expansion - $\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2\right]$

After renaming indices and changing the order of operators, we arrive at the explicit expression

$$\begin{aligned}\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_2\right] &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{qijab} f_q^i t_{ij}^{ab} a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{pijab} f_a^p t_{ij}^{ab} a_p^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \\ &\quad + \sum_{ijab} f_a^i t_{ij}^{ab} a_b^\dagger a_j \\ &= \left(\hat{F}_N \hat{T}_2\right)_c.\end{aligned}$$

The subscript implies that only the connected terms from the product contribute.

The expansion - $\frac{1}{2} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right]$

$$\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right] = \sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right] &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \sum_{pabij} f_a^p t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_p^\dagger a_i, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] + \sum_{qabij} f_q^i t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_q a_a^\dagger, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j$$

The expansion - $\frac{1}{2} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right]$

$$\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right] = \sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right] &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \sum_{pabij} f_a^p t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_p^\dagger a_i, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] + \sum_{qabij} f_q^i t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_q a_a^\dagger, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j$$

The expansion - $\frac{1}{2} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right]$

$$\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right] = \sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right] &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \sum_{pabij} f_a^p t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_p^\dagger a_i, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] + \sum_{qabij} f_q^i t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_q a_a^\dagger, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j$$

The expansion - $\frac{1}{2} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right]$

$$\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right] = \sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right] &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger + \sum_{ai} f_a^i t_i^a, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \left[\sum_{pai} f_a^p t_i^a a_p^\dagger a_i + \sum_{qai} f_q^i t_i^a a_q a_a^\dagger, \sum_{jb} t_j^b a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \\ &= \sum_{pabij} f_a^p t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_p^\dagger a_i, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] + \sum_{qabij} f_q^i t_i^a t_j^b \left[a_q a_a^\dagger, a_b^\dagger a_j \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_b^\dagger a_j a_p^\dagger a_i = a_p^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j$$

$$a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_b^\dagger a_j a_q a_a^\dagger = a_q a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j$$

The expansion - $\left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{2} \left[\left[\hat{F}_N, \hat{T}_1 \right], \hat{T}_1 \right] &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{pabij} f_a^p t_i^a t_j^b \delta_{pj} a_i a_b^\dagger - \sum_{qabij} f_q^i t_i^a t_j^b \delta_{qb} a_a^\dagger a_j \right) \\
 &= -\frac{1}{2} 2 \sum_{abij} f_b^j t_j^a t_i^b a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 &= - \sum_{abij} f_b^j t_j^a t_i^b a_a^\dagger a_i \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{F}_N \hat{T}_1^2 \right)_c
 \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_1] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \sum_{ia} t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sia}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_1] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \sum_{ia} t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sia}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}\langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_1] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \sum_{ia} t_i^a a_a^\dagger a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sia}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= 0\end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_2] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | \left(\left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(1)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(2)} \right\} \right. &= \\
 \left. \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(3)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(4)} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} &
 \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_2] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | \left(\left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(1)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(2)} \right\} \right. &= \\
 \left. \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(3)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i}^{(4)} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} &
 \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_2] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | \left(\left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \right. &= \\
 \left. \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} &
 \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{V}_N, \hat{T}_2] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 \langle \Phi_0 | \left[\frac{1}{4} \sum_{pqrs} \langle pq || rs \rangle a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} t_{ij}^{ab} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i \right] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | [a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r, a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i] | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{\substack{pqr \\ sijab}} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | \left(\left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \right. & \\
 \left. \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} + \left\{ \overline{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\
 = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} &
 \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

The CCSD energy get two contributions from $(\hat{H}_N \hat{T})_c$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{CC} &\Leftarrow \langle \Phi_0 | [\hat{H}_N, \hat{T}] | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \sum_{ia} f_a^i t_i^a + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} \end{aligned}$$

The CCSD energy equation revisited

$$E_{CC} \Leftarrow \langle \Phi_0 | \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{H}_N \hat{T}^2 \right)_c | \Phi_0 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \Phi_0 | \frac{1}{2} \left(\hat{V}_N \hat{T}_1^2 \right)_c | \Phi_0 \rangle &= \\ \frac{1}{8} \sum_{pqrs} \sum_{ijab} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a t_j^b \langle \Phi_0 | \left(a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j \right)_c | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{8} \sum_{pqrs} \sum_{ijab} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a t_j^b \langle \Phi_0 | \\ &\quad \left(\left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pqrs)(ab)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pqrs)(ab)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pqrs)(ab)} \right\} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pqrs)(ab)} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ijab} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_i^a t_j^b \end{aligned}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{8} \sum_{pqrs} \sum_{ijab} \langle pq || rs \rangle t_i^a t_j^b \langle \Phi_0 |$$

$$\left(\left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pq)(rs)(ab)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pq)(rs)(ab)} \right\} + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pq)(rs)(ab)} \right\} \right. \\ \left. + \left\{ \overbrace{a_p^\dagger a_q^\dagger a_s a_r a_a^\dagger a_i a_b^\dagger a_j}^{(pq)(rs)(ab)} \right\} \right) | \Phi_0 \rangle$$

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The CCSD energy equation revisited

- ▶ No contractions possible between cluster operators.
- ▶ Cluster operators need to contract with free indices to the left.
- ▶ Disconnected parts automatically cancel in the commutator.
- ▶ Onebody operators can connect to maximum two cluster operators.
- ▶ Twobody operators can connect to maximum four cluster operators.
- ▶ Different terms in the expansion contributes to different equations.

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Factoring, motivation

Diagram (2.12)

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} t_{mn}^{ab}$$

Diagram (2.26)

$$= \frac{1}{4} P(ij) \langle mn || ef \rangle t_i^e t_{mn}^{ab} t_j^f$$

Diagram (2.31)

$$= \frac{1}{4} P(ij) P(ab) \langle mn || ef \rangle t_i^e t_m^a t_j^f t_n^b$$

Factoring, motivation

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$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} t_{mn}^{ab}$$

Diagram cost: $n_p^4 n_h^4$

Diagram (2.13) - Factored

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} t_{mn}^{ab} = \frac{1}{4} \left(\langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} \right) t_{mn}^{ab} = \frac{1}{4} X_{ij}^{mn} t_{mn}^{ab}$$

Factoring, motivation

Diagram (2.26)

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Diagram cost: $n_p^4 n_h^4$

Diagram (2.26) - Factored

$$= \frac{1}{4} P(ij) \langle mn || ef \rangle t_i^e t_{mn}^{ab} t_j^f = \frac{1}{4} P(ij) t_{mn}^{ab} t_i^e X_{ej}^{mn} = \frac{1}{4} P$$

Factoring, motivation

Diagram (2.31)

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Diagram (2.31) - Factored

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Factoring, Classification

A diagram is classified by how many hole and particle lines between a \hat{T}_i operator and the interaction ($T_i(p^{np}h^{nh})$).

Diagram (2.12) Classification

$$= \frac{1}{4} \langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} t_{mn}^{ab}$$

This diagram is classified as $T_2(p^2) \times T_2(h^2)$

Factoring, Classification

Diagram (2.26)

$$= \frac{1}{4} P(ij) \langle mn || ef \rangle t_i^e t_{mn}^{ab} t_j^f$$

This diagram is classified as $T_2(h^2) \times T_1(p) \times T_1(p)$

Diagram (2.31)

$$= \frac{1}{4} P(ij) P(ab) \langle mn || ef \rangle t_i^e t_m^a t_j^f t_n^b$$

This diagram is classified as $T_1(p) \times T_1(p) \times T_1(h) \times T_1(h)$

Factoring, Classification

Cost of making intermediates

Object	CPU cost	Memory cost
$T_2(h)$	$n_p^2 n_h$	n_p^2
$T_2(h^2)$	n_p^2	$n_h^{-2} n_p^2$
$T_2(p)$	$n_p n_h^2$	n_h^2
$T_2(ph)$	$n_p n_h$	1
$T_1(h)$	n_p	$n_h^{-1} n_p$
$T_2(ph^2)$	n_p	n_h^{-2}
$T_2(p^2)$	n_h^2	$n_p^{-2} n_h^2$
$T_1(p)$	n_h	$n_p^{-1} n_h$
$T_2(p^2 h)$	n_h	n_p^{-2}
$T_1(ph)$	1	$n_p^{-1} n_h^{-1}$

Factoring, Classification

Classification of \hat{T}_1 diagrams

Object	Expression id
$T_2(ph)$	5, 11
$T_1(h)$	3, 8, 10, 13, 14
$T_2(ph^2)$	7, 12
$T_1(p)$	2, 8, 9, 12, 14
$T_2(p^2h)$	6, 13
$T_1(ph)$	4, 9, 10, 11, 14

Factoring, Classification

Classification of \hat{T}_2 diagrams

Object	Expression id
$T_2(h)$	5, 15, 16, 23, 29
$T_2(h^2)$	7, 12, 22, 26
$T_2(p)$	4, 14, 17, 20, 30
$T_2(ph)$	8, 13, 13, 18, 21, 27
$T_1(h)$	3, 10, 10, 11, 17, 19, 21, 24, 25, 25, 27, 28, 28, 30, 31, 31
$T_2(ph^2)$	14
$T_2(p^2)$	6, 12, 19, 28
$T_1(p)$	2, 9, 9, 11, 16, 18, 22, 24, 24, 25, 26, 26, 27, 29, 31, 31
$T_2(p^2h)$	15
$T_1(ph)$	20, 23, 29, 30

Factoring, $T_2(h)$

Contribution to the \hat{T}_2 amplitude equation from $T_2(h)$

$$T_2(h) \Leftarrow -P(ij)f_i^m t_{mj}^{ab} - \frac{1}{2}P(ij)\langle mn||ef\rangle t_{mi}^{ef} t_{nj}^{ab} - P(ij)f_e^m t_i^e t_{mj}^{ab} - P(ij)\langle mn||ef\rangle t_{mi}^{ef} t_{nj}^{ab}$$

Factoring, $T_2(h^2)$

Contribution to the \hat{T}_2 amplitude equation from $T_2(h^2)$

$$T_2(h^2) \Leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \langle mn || ij \rangle t_{mn}^{ab} + \frac{1}{4} \langle mn || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} t_{mn}^{ab} + \frac{1}{2} P(ij) \langle mn || ej \rangle t_i^e t_{mn}^{ab} + \dots$$

Factored T_1 amplitude equations

$$0 = f_i^a + \langle ma || ei \rangle t_m^e + \frac{1}{2} \langle am || ef \rangle t_{im}^{ef} + t_i^e (\text{I2a})_e^a - t_m^a (\bar{\text{H3}})_i^m + \frac{1}{2} t_{mn}^{ea} (\bar{\text{H}})$$

Can be solved by

1. Matrix inversion for each iteration ($n_p^3 n_h^3$)
2. Extracting diagonal elements ($n_p^3 n_h^2$)

Factored T_1 amplitude equations

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Factored T_1 amplitude equations

Define

$$D_i^a = (\bar{H}3)_i^i - (I2a)_a^a,$$

and we get the T_1 amplitude equations

$$\begin{aligned} D_i^a t_i^a = & f_i^a + \langle ma || ei \rangle t_m^e + (1 - \delta_{ea}) t_i^e (I2a)_e^a \\ & - (1 - \delta_{mi}) t_m^a (\bar{H}3)_i^m + \frac{1}{2} \langle am || ef \rangle t_{im}^{ef} + \frac{1}{2} t_{mn}^{ea} (\bar{H}7)_{ie}^{mn} + t_{im}^{ae} (\bar{H}1) \end{aligned}$$

Factored T_2 amplitude equations

$$\begin{aligned} 0 = & \langle ab || ij \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle ab || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} - P(ij) t_{im}^{ab} (\bar{H}3)_j^m + \frac{1}{2} t_{mn}^{ab} (\bar{H}9)_{ij}^{mn} \\ & + P(ab) t_{ij}^{ae} (\bar{H}2)_e^b + P(ij) P(ab) t_{im}^{ae} (I10c)_{ej}^{mb} - P(ab) t_m^a (I12a)_{ij}^{mb} \\ & + P(ij) t_i^e (I11a)_{ej}^{ab} \end{aligned}$$

Can be solved by

1. Matrix inversion for each iteration ($n_p^6 n_h^6$)
2. Extracting diagonal elements ($n_p^4 n_h^2$)

Factored T_2 amplitude equations

Similarly we define

$$D_{ij}^{ab} = (\bar{H}3)_i^j + (\bar{H}3)_j^i - (\bar{H}2)_a^a - (\bar{H}2)_b^b$$

and get the T_2 amplitude equations

$$\begin{aligned} D_{ij}^{ab} t_{ij}^{ab} = & \langle ab || ij \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle ab || ef \rangle t_{ij}^{ef} - P(ij)(1 - \delta_{jm}) t_{im}^{ab} (\bar{H}3)_j^m \\ & + \frac{1}{2} t_{mn}^{ab} (\bar{H}9)_{ij}^{mn} + P(ab)(1 - \delta_{be}) t_{ij}^{ae} (\bar{H}2)_e^b \\ & + P(ij)P(ab) t_{im}^{ae} (I10c)_{ej}^{mb} - P(ab) t_m^a (I12a)_{ij}^{mb} \\ & + P(ij) t_i^e (I11a)_{ej}^{ab} \end{aligned}$$

Coupled Cluster algorithm

7.7cm Setup modelspace

Calculate f and v amplitudes

$$t_i^a \leftarrow 0; t_{ij}^{ab} \leftarrow 0$$

$$E \leftarrow 1; E_{old} \leftarrow 0$$

$$E_{ref} \leftarrow \sum_i \langle i | \hat{t} | i \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij | \hat{v} | ij \rangle$$

while not converged ($E - E_{old} > \epsilon$)

Calculate intermediates

$$t_i^a \leftarrow \text{calculated value}$$

$$t_{ij}^{ab} \leftarrow \text{calculated value}$$

$$E_{old} \leftarrow E$$

$$E \leftarrow f_i^i t_i^a + \frac{1}{4} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_{ij}^{ab} + \frac{1}{2} \langle ij || ab \rangle t_i^a t_j^b$$

end while

$$E_{GS} \leftarrow E_{ref} + E$$

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Coupled Cluster algorithm

Typical convergence of the T_2 amplitudes