

Lecture Fys4480,  
lecture November 2,  
2023.

FCi and Gants with HF and MBPT  
assume we can expand

$$|\psi_0\rangle = |\Phi_0\rangle + \sum_{PH} C_H^P |\Phi_H^P\rangle$$

$$(\langle \Phi_i | \Phi_j \rangle = \delta_{ij})$$

$$= |\Phi_0\rangle + \sum_{ia} c^{aa^\dagger a^\dagger} |\Phi_0\rangle$$

$$+ \sum_{\substack{ij \\ ab}} c^{ab}_{ij} a_a^\dagger a_b^\dagger a_j a_i |\Phi_0\rangle$$

+ ...

$$= (1 + \hat{C}) |\Phi_0\rangle ) \langle \Phi_0 | \Phi_0 \rangle = 1$$

$$\hat{H}c = \lambda c$$

$$\hat{H} = \begin{bmatrix} & & & \\ \langle \Phi_0 | H | \Phi_0 \rangle & \langle \Phi_0 | H | \Phi_n^4 \rangle & \dots & \\ \langle \Phi_n^4 | H | \Phi_0 \rangle & \langle \Phi_n^4 | H | \Phi_j^6 \rangle & \dots & \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E_0^{\text{ref}} = \langle \Phi_0 | H | \Phi_0 \rangle = \sum_i \langle i | \hat{h}_0 | i \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{ij} \langle ij | \omega | ij \rangle_{AS}$$

$$\langle \Phi_0 | H | \Phi_n^4 \rangle = \langle \dot{\alpha} | \hat{g} | i \rangle$$

$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | \underline{E}_0^{\text{Ref}} + \vec{F}_0 + \vec{V}_0 | \underline{\Phi}_c^g \rangle$$

$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | \sum_{pq} a_p^+ q_q \underbrace{ \langle p | f | q \rangle }_{\text{[ ]}} a_a^+ a_i | \underline{\Phi}_0 \rangle$$

$$= \langle i | f | a \rangle =$$

$$\langle i | h_0 | a \rangle + \sum_j \langle ij | v | aj \rangle_{AS}$$

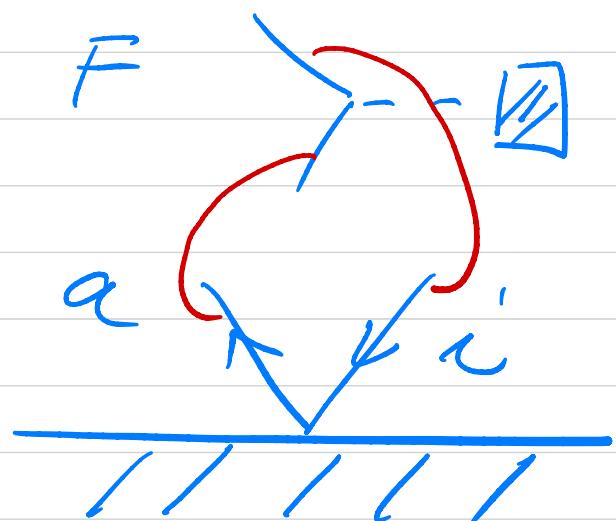
with HF basis

$$\langle i | f | a \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | \vec{V}_0 | \underline{\Phi}_c^g \rangle = 0$$

# Diagrammatic representation

$\langle \mathcal{J}_c | \underline{\text{11111}}$



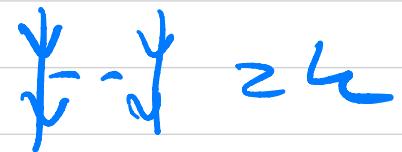
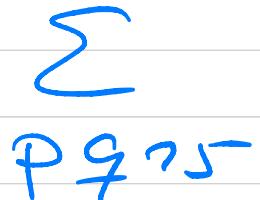
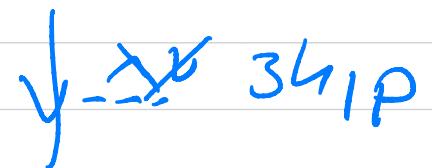
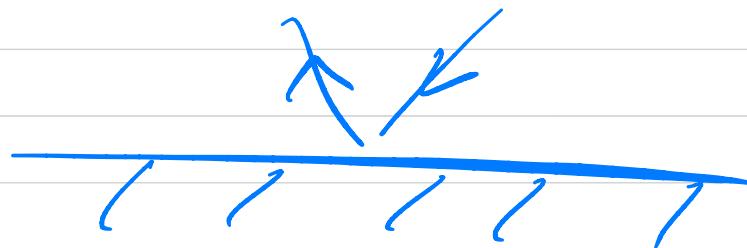
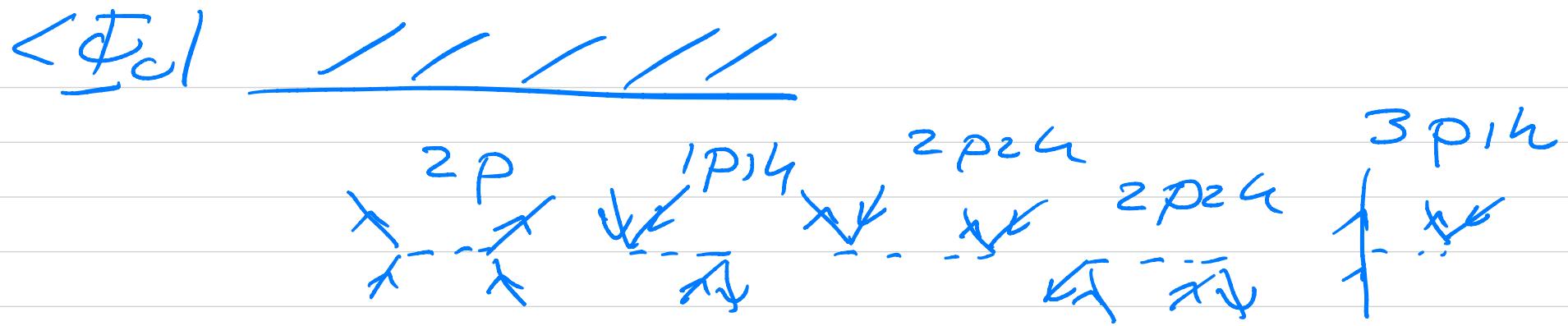
Const  $\langle \mathcal{J}_0 | \mathcal{J}_c \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cancel{\pi^- \cdot \square}_{\text{IP}} + \cancel{\pi^+ \cdot \square}_{\text{PU}} \\ &\quad + \cancel{\rho^- \cdot \square}_{\text{PC}} + \cancel{\psi^- \cdot \square}_{\text{LH}} \end{aligned}$$

$|\mathcal{J}_c^a\rangle$

$$\sum_{pq} q_p^+ q_q \langle \varrho | \mathcal{J} | q \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sum_{ab} q_a^+ q_b - \dots + \sum_{ai} a_a^+ a_i - \dots \\ &\quad + \sum_{ia} a_i^+ q_a - \dots + \sum_{ij} q_i^+ q_j - \dots \end{aligned}$$



$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | a_p^+ q_q^+ q_5 q_i q_j q_q^+ q_i^- | \underline{\Phi} \rangle$$

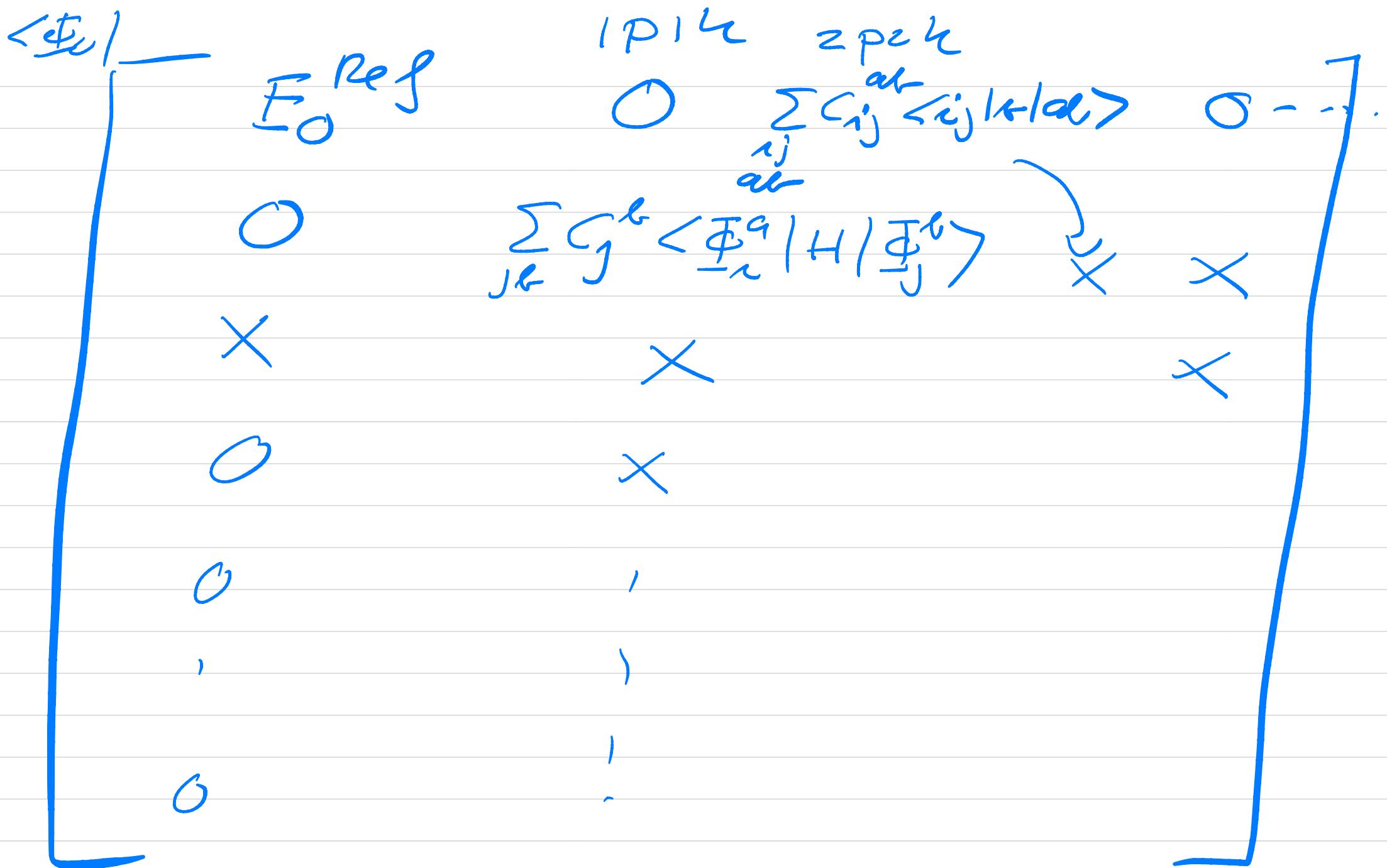
want  $\propto$  const  $\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | \underline{\Phi} \rangle$

HF-basis

$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_0 | H | \underline{\Phi}_n \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle \underline{\Phi}_i^a | H | \underline{\Phi}_j^b \rangle = ?$$

Back to hamiltonian  
matrix



HF - basis -

$$H_C = \lambda_C - \bar{E}_0^{\text{Ref}}$$

$$\langle \Phi_0 | H | \Psi_0 \rangle = \langle \Phi_0 | H | \bar{\Phi}_0 \rangle$$

$$+ \sum_{ai} c_i^a \langle \Phi_0 | H | \bar{\Phi}_i^a \rangle +$$

$$\sum_{\substack{ij \\ ab}} c_{ij}^{ab} \langle \Phi_0 | H | \bar{\Phi}_{ij}^{ab} \rangle + o$$

$$= \lambda = \bar{E}_0$$

$$\bar{E}_0 - E_0^{\text{Ref}} = \Delta E =$$

correlation energy

$$\sum_{ai} c_i^a \langle \Phi_0 | H | \bar{\Phi}_i^a \rangle + \sum_{\substack{ij \\ ab}} c_{ij}^{ab} \langle \bar{\Phi}_{ij}^{ab} | H | \bar{\Phi}_{ij}^{ab} \rangle$$

$\sigma = \langle i | g | a \rangle$

$$\Delta E = \sum_{\substack{ij \\ \alpha\beta}} C_{ij}^{\alpha\beta} \underbrace{\langle ij | \psi | \alpha\beta \rangle}_{A\beta} \underbrace{\langle \Phi_0 | + | \Phi_{ij}^{\alpha\beta} \rangle}_{}$$

and now  $\langle \Phi_n^a |$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \langle \Phi_n^a | H - \lambda | \Phi_0 \rangle =^0_{HF} \\
 & \quad + \sum_{j \in b} C_j^b \langle \Phi_n^a | H - \lambda | \Phi_j^b \rangle \\
 & + \sum_{\substack{j \in k \\ bc}} C_{jk}^{bc} \underbrace{\langle \Phi_n^a | H - \lambda | \Phi_{jk}^{bc} \rangle}_{=^0_{J/g/e}} \langle j/g/e \rangle \\
 & + \sum_{\substack{j \in k \\ bcd}} C_{jke}^{bcd} \underbrace{\langle \Phi_n^a | H - \lambda | \Phi_{jke}^{bcd} \rangle}_{=0} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{j \neq i} g^b \left\langle \underline{\Phi_n^a} | H - \lambda | \underline{\Phi_j^a} \right\rangle = 0$$

$$\lambda \left\langle \underline{\Phi_n^a} | \underline{\Phi_j^a} \right\rangle g^b = \lambda \delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} c_i^a$$

$$\sum_{j \neq i} g^b \left\langle \underline{\Phi_n^a} | \bar{E}_0^{\text{Ref}} + \bar{F}_N + \bar{V}_d | \underline{\Phi_j^a} \right\rangle = \lambda c_i^a$$

$$c_i^a \bar{E}_0^{\text{Ref}} + \delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} (\varepsilon_a^{\text{HF}} - \varepsilon_i^{\text{HF}}) c_i^a$$

$$+ \sum_{j \neq i} g^b \left\langle a_j / v \right|_{ib} \left. \right\rangle_{AS} = \lambda c_i^a$$

$i \neq a$        $I$

$$a_i = I \quad k_j = J$$

$\nearrow$      $\searrow$      $\swarrow$      $\nwarrow$

$$A_{IJ} = (\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i) \overset{\Delta_{IJ} \cdot \delta_{IJ}}{\underset{\text{+ } \langle q_j/v_i \rangle_{AJ}}{\underset{I=\{q_i\} \quad J=\{e_j\}}{\delta_{ij} \delta_{ab} (\delta_{IJ})}}}$$

$$c_a \Rightarrow c_I \quad g_b \Rightarrow c_J \\ (- E_C^{\text{ref}})$$

$$\sum_J A_{IJ} g_J = \chi c_I \Rightarrow \\ AC = \chi c \quad (\text{TDA})$$

$$A_{IJ} = \Delta_{IJ} + N_{IJ}$$

$$\Delta_{IJ} = \sum_I \delta_{IJ} \quad \varepsilon_I = \varepsilon_Q - \varepsilon_i$$

$$I = \{q_i\}$$

$$N_{IJ} = \langle a_j | v | b \rangle_{AS}$$

$$N_{IJ} = -\gamma Q_I Q_J^*$$

eigenvalue problem

$$\gamma Q_I \sum_J Q_J^* C_J = (\varepsilon_I - \lambda) C_I$$

$$\left( \sum_J A_{IJ} C_J = \lambda C_I \right)$$

$$\langle \alpha_j | v | i h \rangle = \int d\vec{z} \int d\vec{z}'$$

$$\psi_a^*(\vec{z}) \psi_j^*(\vec{z}') v(\vec{z}, \vec{z}')$$
$$\psi_i(\vec{z}) \psi_h(\vec{z}')$$

$$v(\vec{z}, \vec{z}') = \varphi(\vec{z})$$
$$\cdot \varphi^*(\vec{z}')$$

$$= \int d\vec{z} \psi_a^* \varphi(\vec{z}) \psi_i(\vec{z})$$

$$\int d\vec{z}' \psi_j^*(\vec{z}') \varphi^*(\vec{z}') \psi_h(\vec{z}')$$

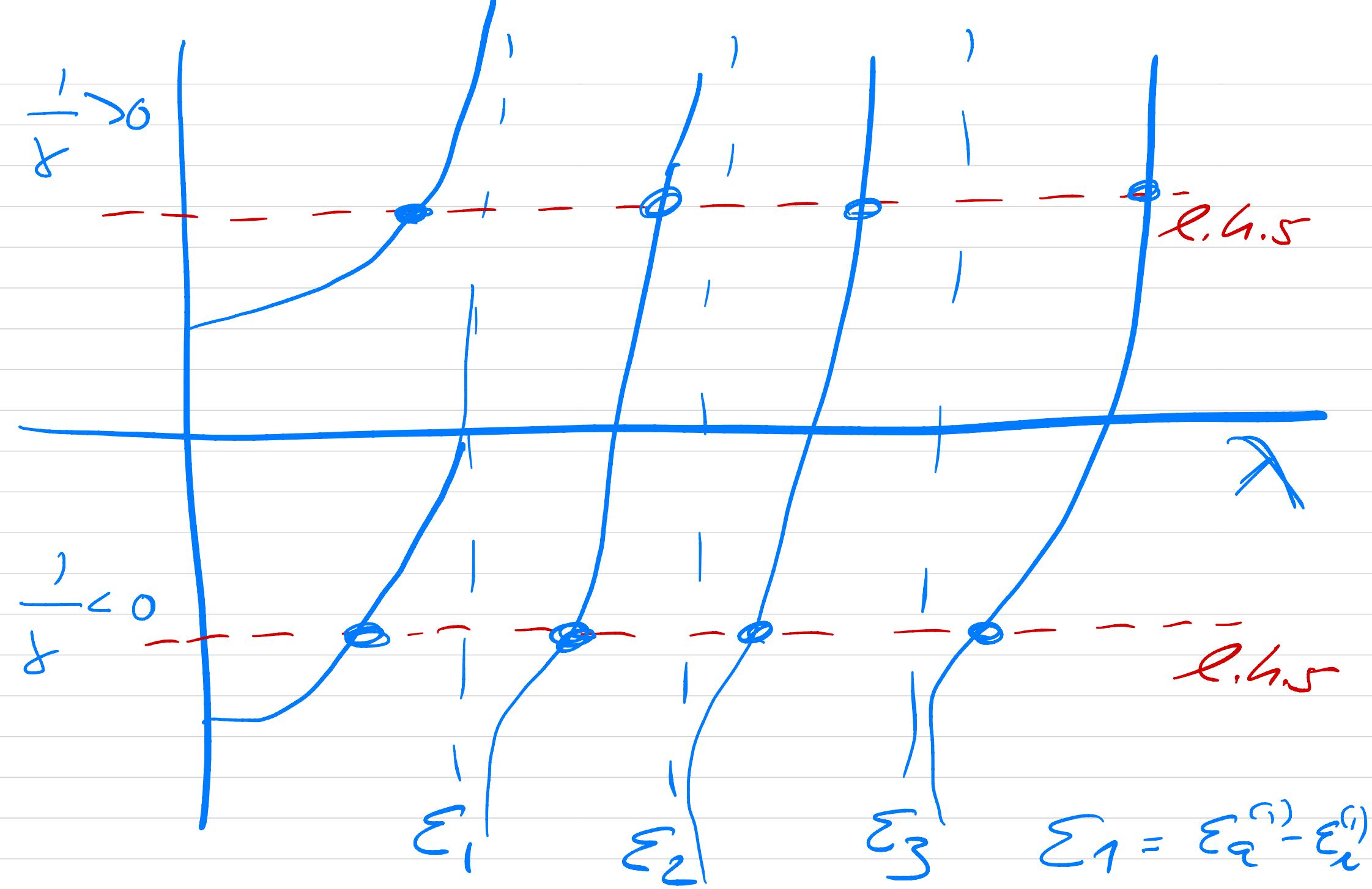
$$N = \gamma \sum_j q_j^* c_j$$

$$c_I = \frac{N q_I}{\epsilon_I - \gamma}$$

multiply with  $\gamma q_I^*$  and  
sum over  $I \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} = \sum_I \frac{|q_I|^2}{\epsilon_I - \gamma}$$

Dispersion Relation



Degenerate energies

$$\Sigma_I = \Sigma \sqrt{I}$$

$$\lambda = \begin{cases} \Sigma - \times \sum_I |\underline{q}_I|^2 \\ \Sigma \text{ other states} \end{cases}$$

$$N_I = \langle a_j | v | i_b \rangle$$

$$N_{II} = \langle a_i | v | i_a \rangle_{AS}$$

~~$a_i^{\dagger} a_i$~~

# Approximation ; MBPT

Definitions : Define our comp. basis as an eigenbasis of  $\hat{H}_0$

$$\hat{H} = \hat{H}_0 + \hat{H}_I$$

$$\hat{H}_0 |\Phi_0\rangle = w_0 |\Phi_0\rangle$$

$$w_0 = \sum_{i \leq F} \underbrace{\langle i | h_0 | i \rangle}_{\epsilon_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H}_0 |\Phi_n^a\rangle &= \left[ (\epsilon_a - \epsilon_r) + \sum_{j \leq F} \epsilon_j \right] \\ &\quad \times |\Phi_n^a\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \Phi_n^q | H_0 | \Phi_n^q \rangle =$$

$$\langle \Phi_n^q | \left( \underbrace{\sum_{j \leq n} \varepsilon_j}_{\omega_0} + \sum_{pq} \langle p | H_0 | q \rangle q_p^\dagger \varepsilon_q | \Phi_n^q \rangle \right)$$

$$\omega_0 + \langle \Phi_0 | q_n^\dagger q_a q_p^\dagger q_q q_a^\dagger q_i | \Phi_0 \rangle_{\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i}$$

$$\varepsilon_a - \varepsilon_i + \omega_0$$

$$H_0 | \Phi_{n,j}^{aw} \rangle = \varepsilon_a + \varepsilon_p - \varepsilon_i - \varepsilon_j + \omega_0$$

$$\hat{P} = |\psi_0\rangle\langle\psi_0|$$

non-degenerate ground state

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} c_m |\psi_m\rangle$$

$$\left( \sum_{PH}^{\infty} c_H^P |\psi_H^P\rangle \right)$$

$$\hat{Q} = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} |\psi_m\rangle\langle\psi_m|$$

$$\hat{P}^2 = \hat{P} \quad \text{and} \quad \hat{Q}^2 = \hat{Q}, \quad [\hat{P}, \hat{Q}]$$

$$[\hat{P}_0, H_0] = [\hat{Q}_0, H_0] = 0$$

