OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB

Experiment No: 15

Name: Manya Madhu

Roll No: 17

Batch: S2 RMCA B

Date: 24-05-2022

<u>Aim</u>

Create an interface having prototypes of functions area () and perimeter (). Create two classes Circle and Rectangle which implements the above interface. Create a menu driven program to find area and perimeter of objects.

Procedure:

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
interface Shape {
 float pi = 3.14F;
 float area();
 float perimeter();
}
class Circle implements Shape {
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 int r;
 public float area() {
   System.out.print("Enter the radius : ");
   r = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
   return (pi * r * r);
  }
public float perimeter() {
   System.out.print("Enter the radius : ");
```

```
20MCA132 - OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING
     r = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
    return (2 * pi * r);
}
class Rectangle implements Shape {
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  int l, b;
  public float area() {
     System.out.print("Enter the Length : ");
     1 = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
     System.out.print("Enter the breadth : ");
      b = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
     return (1 * b);
  }
 public float perimeter() {
    System.out.print("Enter the Length : ");
    1 = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
    System.out.print("Enter the breadth : ");
    b = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
    return (2 * (1 + b));
  }
}
class Shapes1 {
 public static void main(String args[]) {
 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 Circle c = new Circle();
 Rectangle r = new Rectangle();
```

```
int ch;
while (true) {
 System.out.println("1:Area of Circle");
 System.out.println("2:Perimeter of Circle")
 System.out.println("3:Area of Rectangle");
 System.out.println("4:Perimter of Rectangle");
 System.out.println("5:EXIT");
 System.out.println("enter choice ");
ch = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
switch (ch) {
 case 1:
 float ar = c.area();
 System.out.println("Area :" + ar);
 break;
 case 2:
  float pr = c.perimeter();
  System.out.println(pr);
  break:
  case 3:
   float a = r.area();
   System.out.println("Area:" + a);
   break;
  case 4:
   float pr1 = r.perimeter();
   System.out.println(pr1);
   break;
   case 5:
```

```
System.out.println("Exiting the Program");
System.exit(0);
default:
System.out.println("invalid!");
}
}
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Student\Documents>java Shapes1
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the radius : 2
Area :12.56
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the radius : 2
12.56
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
Enter the Length : 2
Enter the breadth : 3
Area :6.0
```

```
1:Area of Circle
2:Perimeter of Circle
3:Area of Rectangle
4:Perimter of Rectangle
5:EXIT
enter choice
4
Enter the Length : 2
Enter the breadth : 3
```