



UNIVERSITY OF
PATRAS
ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΠΑΤΡΩΝ

Imitation Learning in Super Mario Bros: Behavior Cloning and DAgger Using Privileged Information

Μαρία - Νίκη Ζωγράφου

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Στόχος Εργασίας



Expert

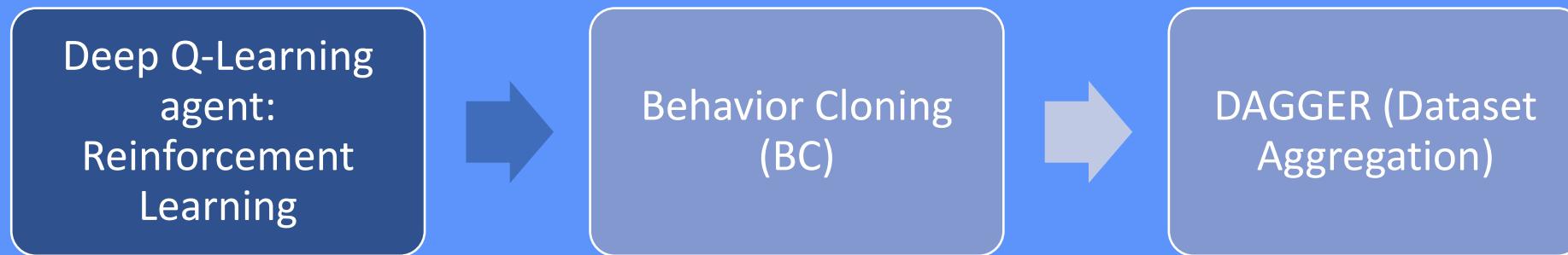
- Reinforcement Learning
- Πλήρης πρόσβαση στο περιβάλλον



Agent

- Μερικώς παρατηρήσιμα
- Θορυβώδη δεδομένα

Εκπαίδευση των Agents





Expert: Deep Q-Learning

Q-learning:

$$Q(s, a) = Q(s, a) + \alpha * (r + \gamma \max_a Q(s', a) - Q(s, a))$$

Q: Q-table

s: state

a: action

s': next state

a': action with max future reward

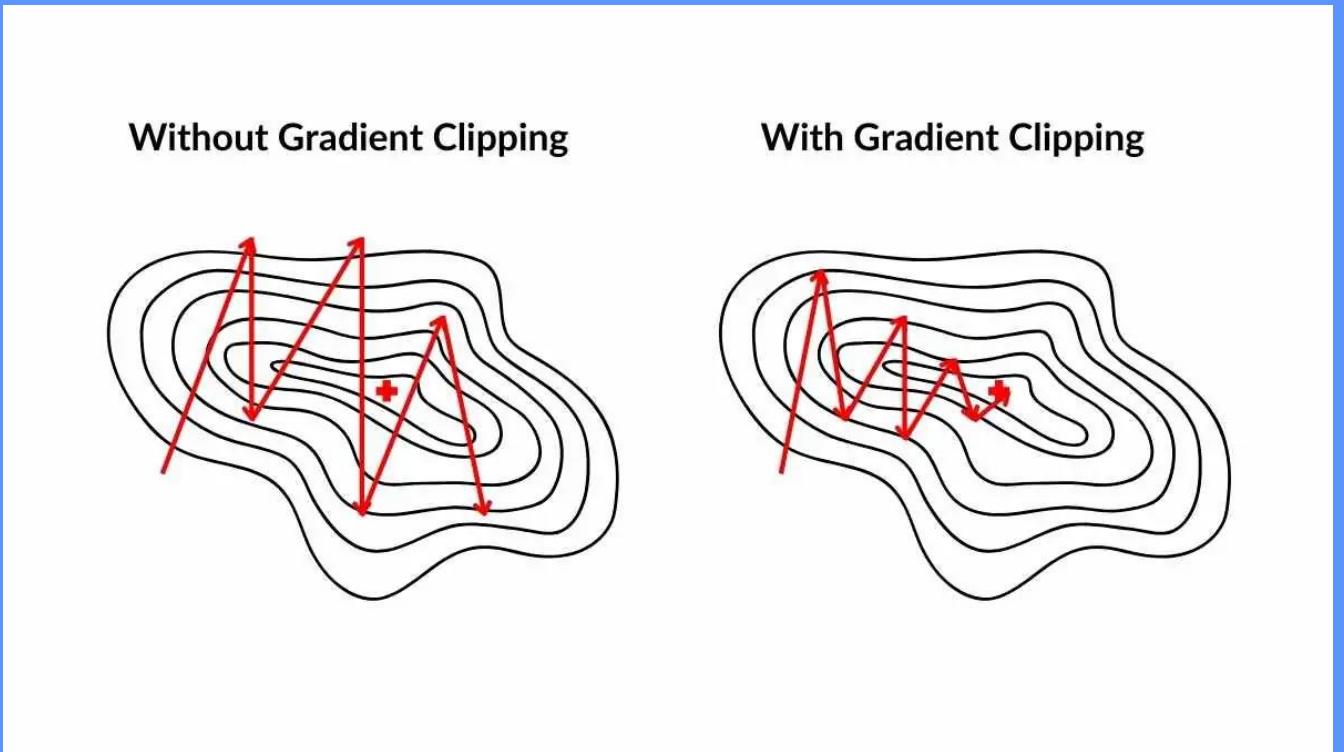
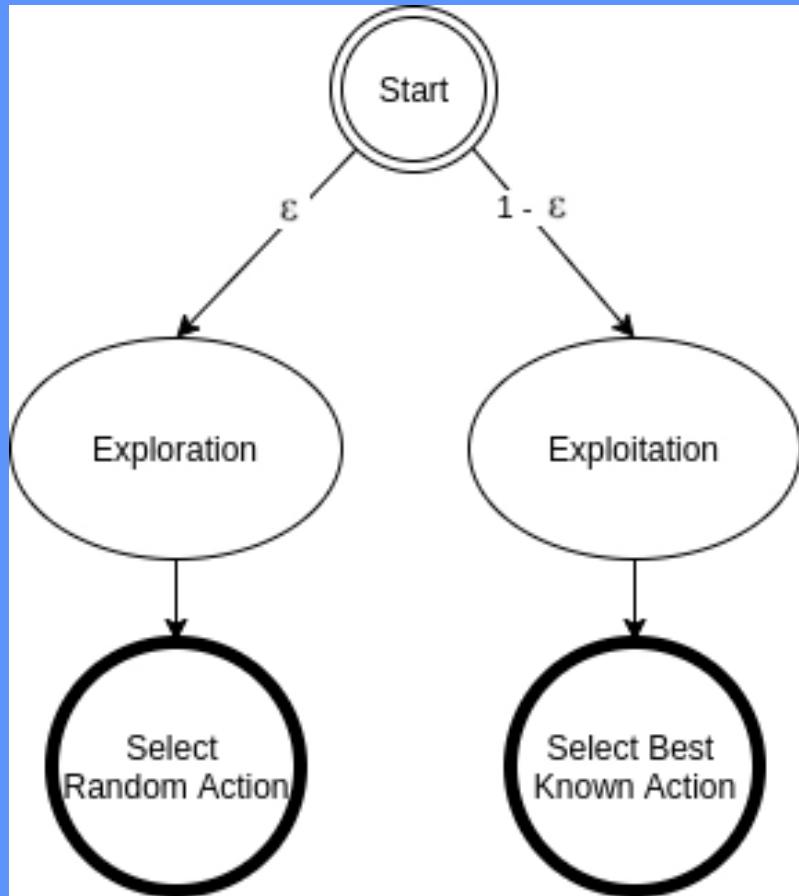


Αντικατάσταση Q-table
με νευρωνικό δίκτυο

Deep Q-learning:

Q – value function: $Q(s, a; \theta)$, όπου θ οι παράμετροι του νευρωνικού

ϵ - greedy policy / Gradient clipping

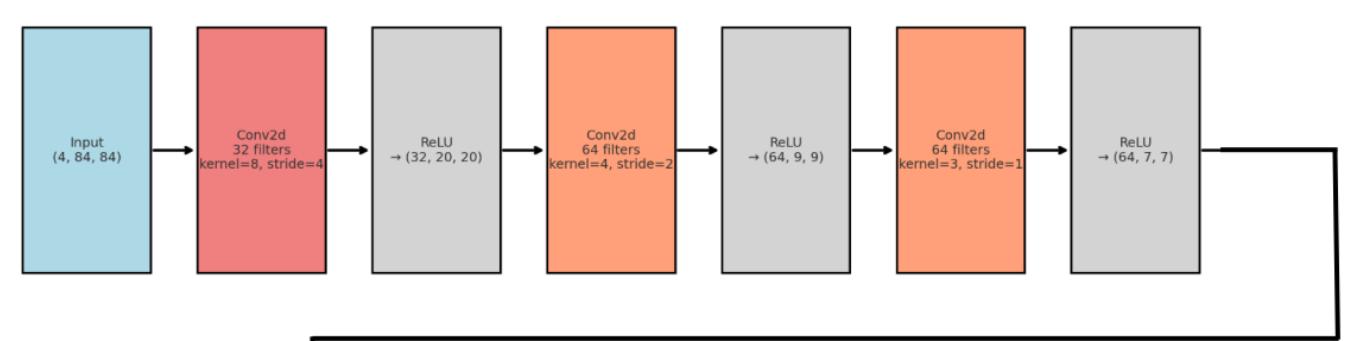


Expert: Deep Q-Learning



Input

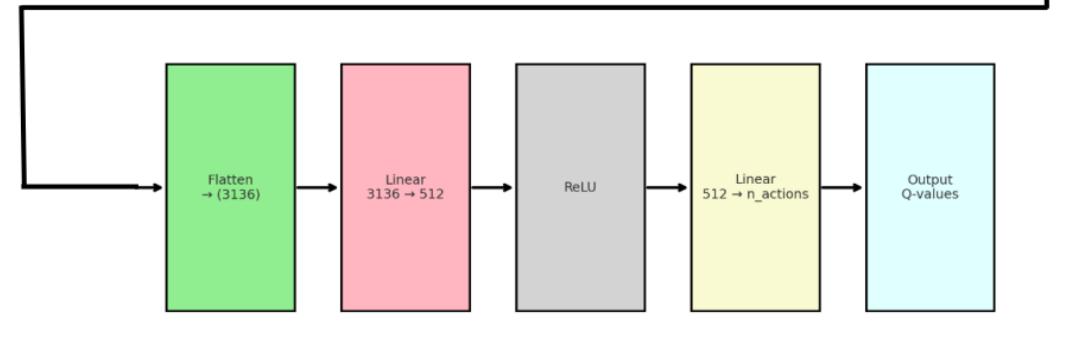
- 4 τελευταία frames
- μετατροπή σε grayscale
- 84x84 pixels
- frame skipping



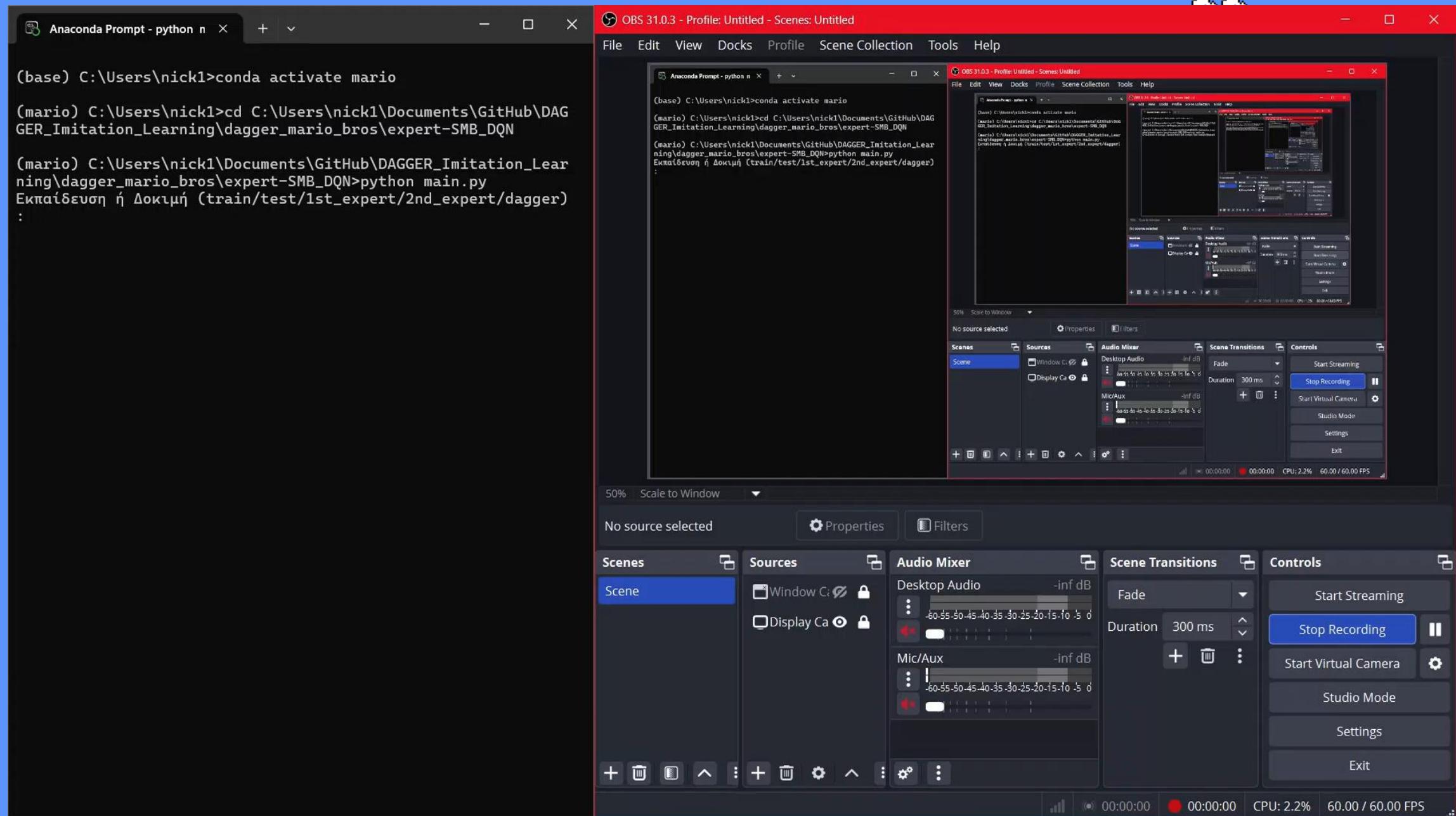
Reward Shaping

- Πρόοδος προς τα δεξιά +0.1
- Χρονικό penalty -0.1
- Ποινή για θάνατο -10
- Τερματισμός +100

Loss function: **MSE Loss**



Αρχιτεκτονική νευρωνικού



Imitation Learning



Σύνηθες πρόβλημα:
Φτάνει σε καταστάσεις
που δεν έχει δει ο expert

```
Anaconda Prompt - + × - × ×
```

```
BehaviorCloningNetwork(
    (conv): Sequential(
        (0): Conv2d(4, 32, kernel_size=(8, 8), stride=(4, 4))
        (1): ReLU()
        (2): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel_size=(4, 4), stride=(2, 2))
        (3): ReLU()
        (4): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1))
        (5): ReLU()
    )
    (classifier): Sequential(
        (0): Linear(in_features=3136, out_features=512, bias=True)
        (1): ReLU()
        (2): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
        (3): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=256, bias=True)
        (4): ReLU()
        (5): Dropout(p=0.3, inplace=False)
        (6): Linear(in_features=256, out_features=7, bias=True)
    )
)
[DEBUG] BEHAVIOR_CLONING.PY 325 calling load_model
C:\Users\Mania\Documents\GitHub\DAGGER_Imitation_Learning\daggerer_mario_bros\CLONING\behavior_cloning.py:331: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with 'weights_only=False' (the current default value), which uses the default pickle module implicitly. It is possible to construct malicious pickle data which will execute arbitrary code during unpickling (See https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/main/SECURITY.md#untrusted-models for more details). In a future release, the default value for 'weights_only' will be flipped to 'True'. This limits the functions that could be executed during unpickling. Arbitrary objects will no longer be allowed to be loaded via this mode unless they are explicitly allowlisted by the user via `torch.serialization.add_safe_globals`. We recommend you start setting 'weights_only=True' for any use case where you don't have full control of the loaded file. Please open an issue on GitHub for any issues related to this experimental feature.
    checkpoint = torch.load(filepath, map_location=self.device)
⚠️ Loading weights only (raw state_dict).
tester.py:55: FutureWarning: You are using `torch.load` with 'weights_only=False' (the current default value), which uses the default pickle module implicitly. It is possible to construct malicious pickle data which will execute arbitrary code during unpickling (See https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/blob/main/SECURITY.md#untrusted-models for more details). In a future release, the default value for 'weights_only' will be flipped to 'True'. This limits the functions that could be executed during unpickling. Arbitrary objects will no longer be allowed to be loaded via this mode unless they are explicitly allowlisted by the user via `torch.serialization.add_safe_globals`. We recommend you start setting 'weights_only=True' for any use case where you don't have full control of the loaded file. Please open an issue on GitHub for any issues related to this experimental feature.
    state_dict = torch.load(filename, map_location=agent.device)
💡 Παρακολούθηση του agent...
✅ Ολοκληρώθηκε! Score: 1886.0, X: 1977, Flag: False
(mario) C:\Users\Mania\Documents\GitHub\DAGGER_Imitation_Learning\daggerer_mario_bros\CLONING>python tester.py
```

DAgger (Dataset Aggregation)



O DAGGER υπερβαίνει τους περιορισμούς
του Behavior Cloning επειδή
διορθώνει το distributional shift!

The image shows a Windows desktop environment with several open windows:

- Code Editor:** A Microsoft Visual Studio Code window titled "DAGGER_Imitation_Learning" containing Python code for "DAGGER_main_space-noise.py". The code includes imports from "dagger_mario_bros" and "DAGGER". It defines a main function that updates state and total reward.
- Terminal:** A terminal window showing the command "python -u "c:/Users/nick1/Documents/GitHub/DAGGER_Imitation_Learning/dagger_mario_bros/DAGGER_main_space-noise.py"" being run. The output indicates the trainer is initialized in testing mode, with no training performed.
- OBS Studio:** An OBS Studio window titled "OBS 31.0.3 - Profile: Untitled - Scenes: Untitled". It displays a scene setup with a "Display Capture" source and an "Audio Mixer" panel showing "Desktop Audio" at 0.0 dB. The interface includes sections for Scenes, Sources, Audio Mixer, Scene Transitions, and Controls.
- System Tray:** The taskbar at the bottom shows icons for File Explorer, Task View, Start, and other system utilities.



DAgger με Behaviour Cloning Warm up



Σταθεροποίηση εκμάθησης της πολιτικής
με ~60 επαναλήψεις, σε αντίθεση με τις
~1400 του «απλού» Dagger.

Στατιστική Αξιολόγηση (final loss)

Plain DAGGER

- Median: 0.41
- 25%-75%: 0.34 - 0.42
- 10%-90%: 0.24 - 0.45
- Min-Max: 0.04 - 0.48



DAGGER + BC Warmup

Improvement: -55.5%

- Median: 0.18
- 25%-75%: 0.07 - 0.33
- 10%-90%: 0.05 - 0.38
- Min-Max: 0.04 - 0.42

STAGE COMPLETION:

Plain DAGGER: 70.0% (20 runs)

BC Warmup DAGGER: 100.0% (20 runs)

Improvement: +30.0%



Σας ευχαριστούμε για τον χρόνο σας!