LAB PROGRAM 8

Write a program to simulate deadlock detection.

INPUT

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#include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 #include <stdbool.h>
 int num processes, num resources;
 int **allocation, **request;
 int *available;
bool canAllocate(int *request, int *work, int R) {
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
        if (request[i] > work[i]) {
             return false;
     return true;
void allocateResources(int *work, int *allocation, int R) {
    for (int i = 0; i < R; i++) {
         work[i] += allocation[i];
void displayFinishState(bool *finish, int P) {
     printf("Finish state: ");
     for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
         printf("%s ", finish[i] ? "true" : "false");
     printf("\n");
void detectDeadlock() {
     int *work = (int *)malloc(num resources * sizeof(int));
     bool *finish = (bool *)malloc(num_processes * sizeof(bool));
     int *sequence = (int *)malloc(num processes * sizeof(int));
     int index = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < num resources; i++) {
         work[i] = available[i];
     for (int i = 0; i < num processes; i++) {</pre>
         bool allocated = false;
         for (int j = 0; j < num resources; j++) {</pre>
             if (allocation[i][j] > 0) {
                 allocated = true;
                 break:
         finish[i] = !allocated;
     while (true) {
         bool found = false;
         for (int i = 0; i < num processes; i++) {</pre>
```

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for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
            if (!finish[i] && canAllocate(request[i], work, num resources)) {
                allocateResources(work, allocation[i], num_resources);
                finish[i] = true;
                sequence[index++] = i;
                found = true;
               break;
        if (!found) {
           break;
   bool deadlock = false;
   for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
        if (!finish[i]) {
           printf("Deadlock detected: Process P%d is deadlocked.\n", i);
            deadlock = true;
   if (!deadlock) {
       printf("No deadlock detected.\nSafe execution sequence: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
           printf("P%d ", sequence[i]);
       printf("\n");
   free (work):
   free (finish):
   free (sequence);
roid input() {
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d", &num_processes);
   printf("Enter number of resources: ");
   scanf("%d", &num_resources);
   allocation = (int **)malloc(num processes * sizeof(int *));
   request = (int **)malloc(num_processes * sizeof(int *));
   for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; ++i) {</pre>
       allocation[i] = (int *)malloc(num_resources * sizeof(int));
       request[i] = (int *)malloc(num resources * sizeof(int));
   available = (int *)malloc(num_resources * sizeof(int));
    // Input allocation matrix
   printf("Enter allocation matrix:\n");
   for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; ++i) {</pre>
       for (int j = 0; j < num_resources; ++j) {</pre>
           scanf("%d", &allocation[i][j]);
             scanf("%d", &request[i][j]);
    }
}
int main() {
    input();
    detectDeadlock();
    for (int i = 0; i < num_processes; i++) {</pre>
        free(allocation[i]);
        free (request[i]);
    free (allocation);
    free (request);
    free (available);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

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Enter number of processes: 5
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter allocation matrix:
0 1 0
2 0 0
3 0 3
2 1 1
0 0 2
Enter available resources:
0 0 0
Enter request matrix:
0 0 0
2 0 2
0 0 0
1 0 0
0 0 2
No deadlock detected.
Safe execution sequence: P0 P2 P1 P3 P4
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 34.563 s
Press any key to continue.
```