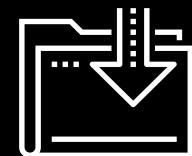




# Metasploit

Cybersecurity  
Penetration Testing Day 4



# Class Objectives

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By the end of today's class, you will be able to:



Use Metasploit to assist in various stages of a penetration test.



Use SearchSploit to determine if the targets are vulnerable to exploits.



Use exploit modules from the Metasploit framework to establish a reverse shell on a target



Last week, we looked at many tools and techniques for the Planning and Reconnaissance stage, covering passive and active reconnaissance.

Then we moved to the second stage, Scanning, covering vulnerability scanning.

We also began the third, Exploitation, phase in which we ran scripted exploits using SearchSploit..

Today, we will dive a bit deeper into the Exploitation stage and use Metasploit, a powerful, industry-standard tool suite with modules that perform a wide range of penetration tasks. As we learn about this tool, we will also learn of new vulnerabilities and exploits that these tools can be used against.



# Today

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As we learn about Metasploit's powerful tools, we'll use the major vulnerability known as **Heartbleed** as our example and target.



# Heartbleed

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When discovered, Heartbleed was a major vulnerability that affected every device running OpenSSL.

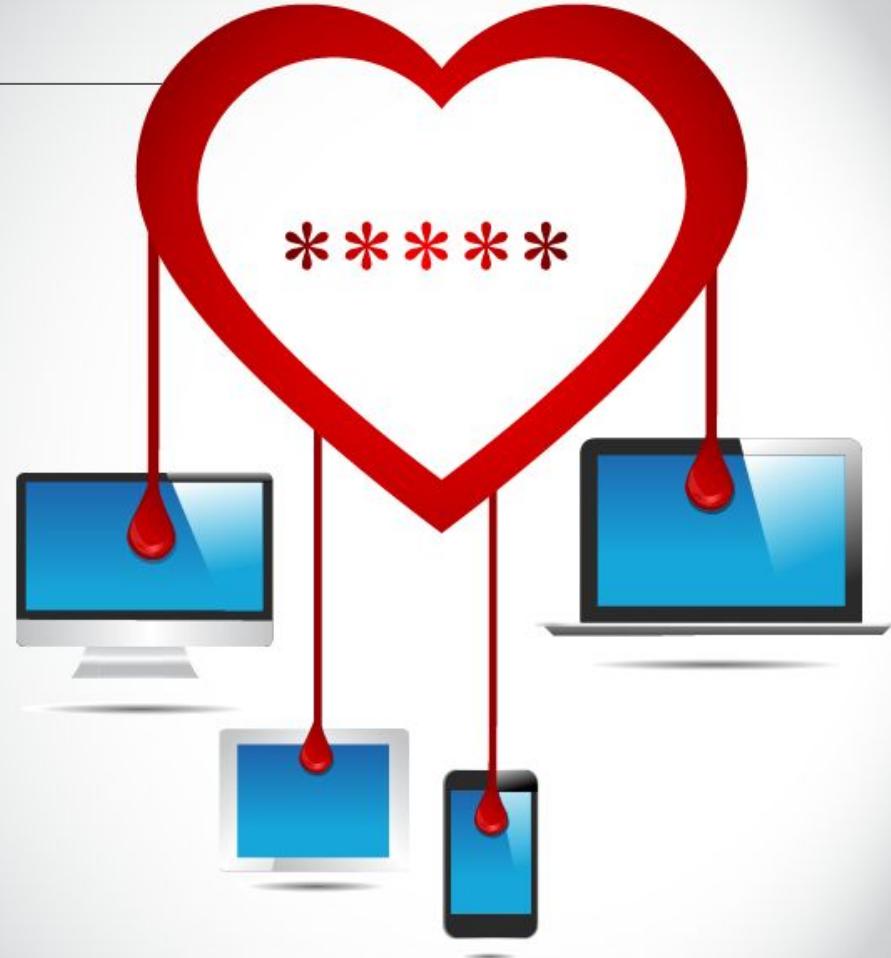


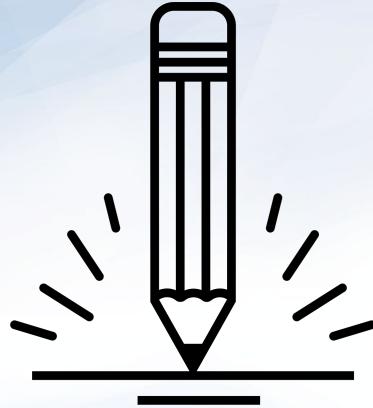
# Heartbleed

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Heartbleed is a sensitive data exposure vulnerability that allows attackers to dump confidential information from a victim's RAM.

It bypasses standard access controls and allows attackers to potentially read recently used data on the target's device, including passwords, private keys, etc.





## Warm Up: Research Heartbleed

In this activity, you will research and answer questions about the Heartbleed bug, which we will exploit in upcoming activities.

Suggested Time:  
15 Minutes





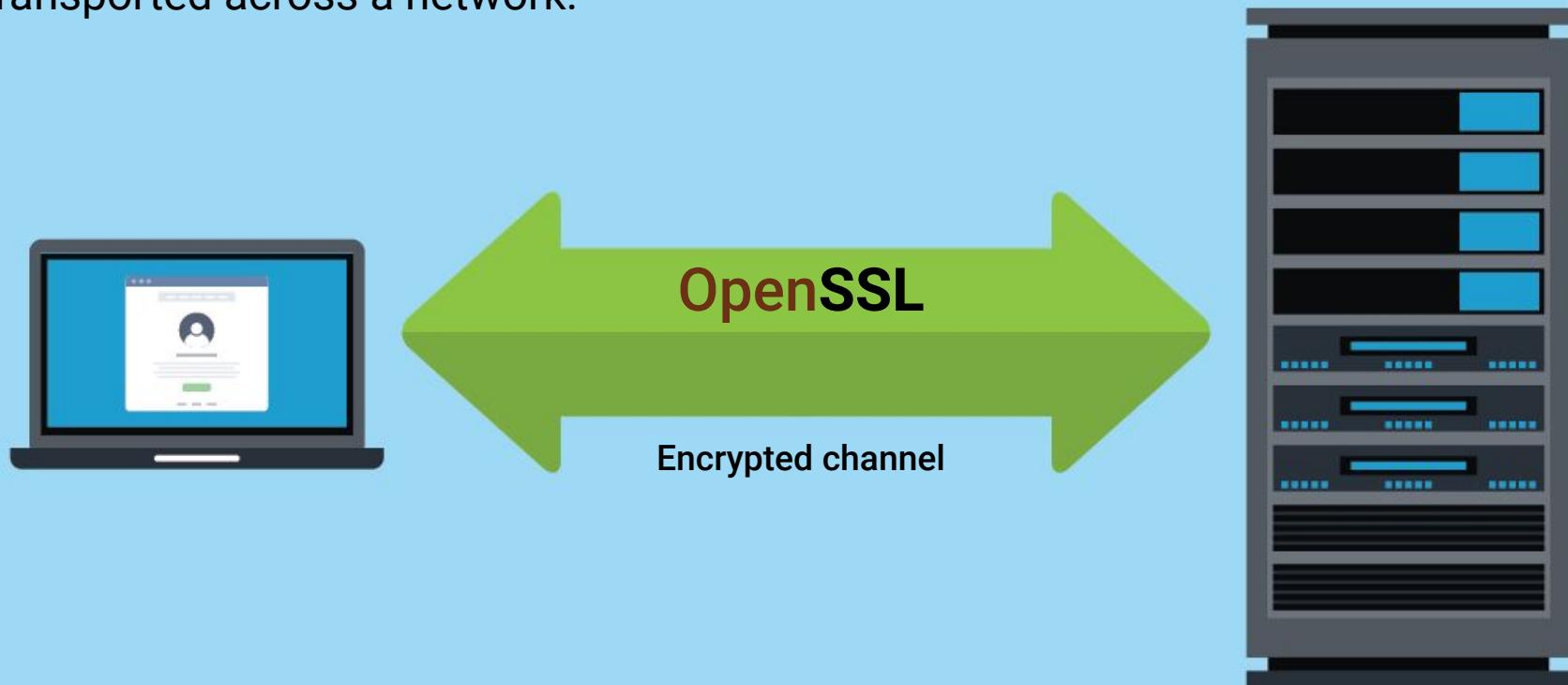
**Time's Up! Let's Review.**

# Heartbleed and SearchSploit

# Heartbleed Explained

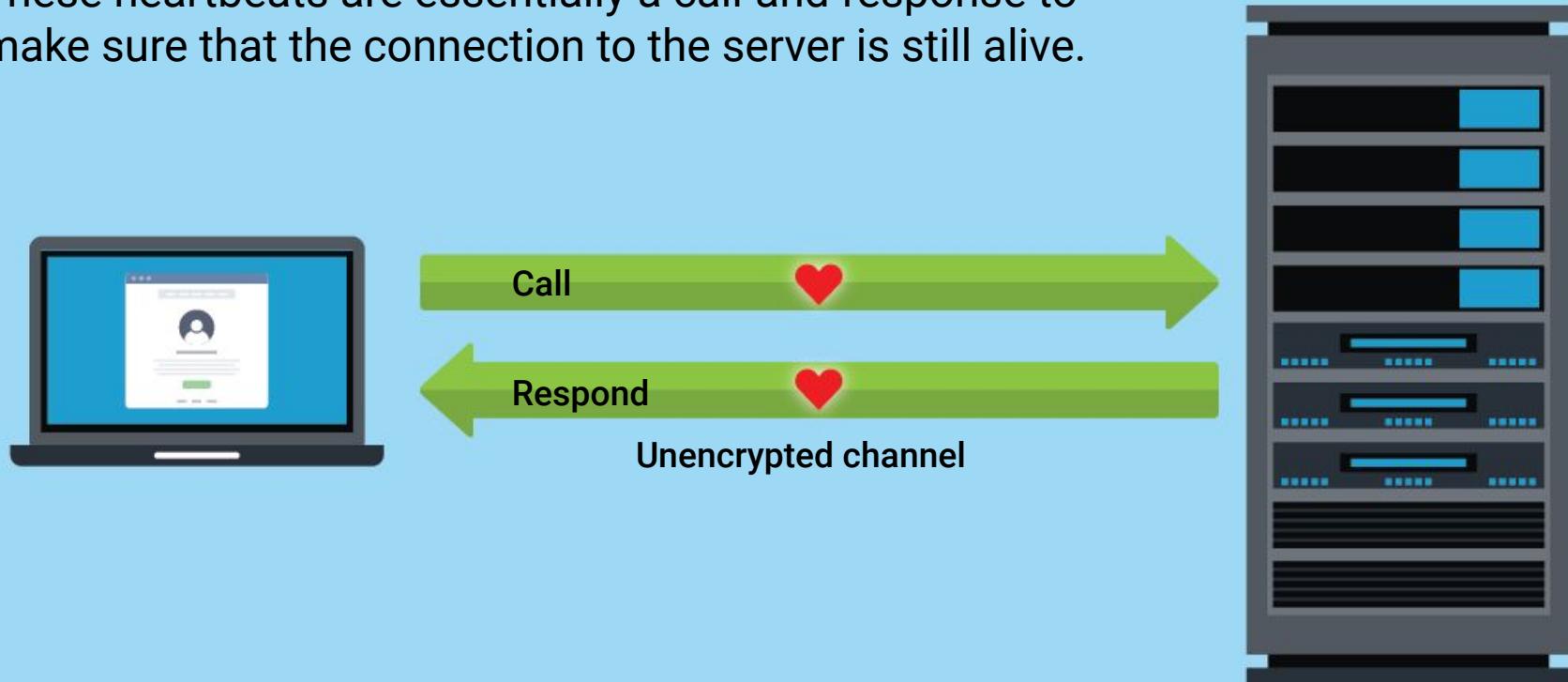
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Clients and servers use OpenSSL to encrypt information transported across a network.



# Heartbleed Explained

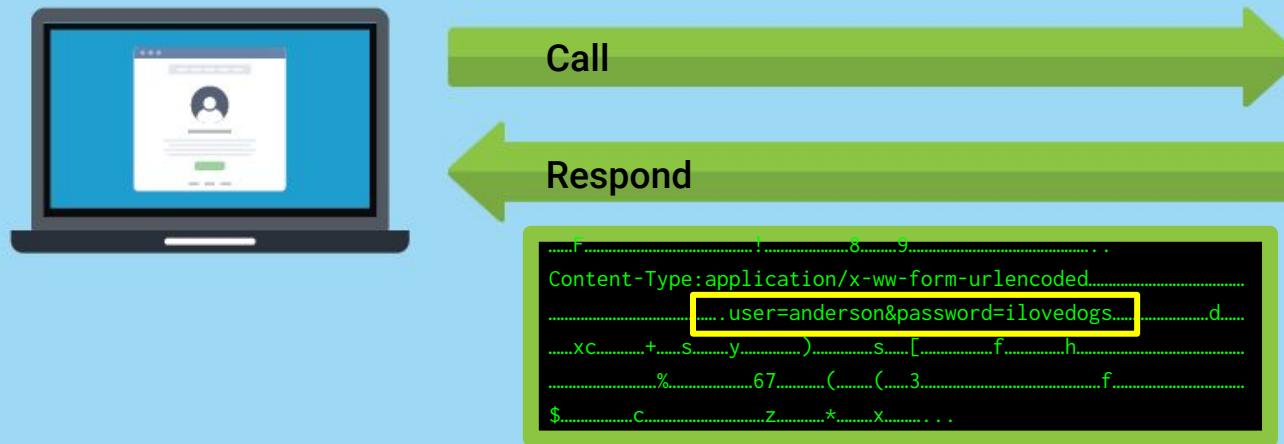
During this process, the client also sends **heartbeats** to servers. These heartbeats are essentially a call-and-response to make sure that the connection to the server is still alive.



# Heartbleed Explained

An attacker can trick the server into supplying larger dumps of data from its own RAM to “buffer” the message. This memory can be useless padding sent during transmissions.

Or, it can include valuable payloads, like private encryption keys or user credentials.



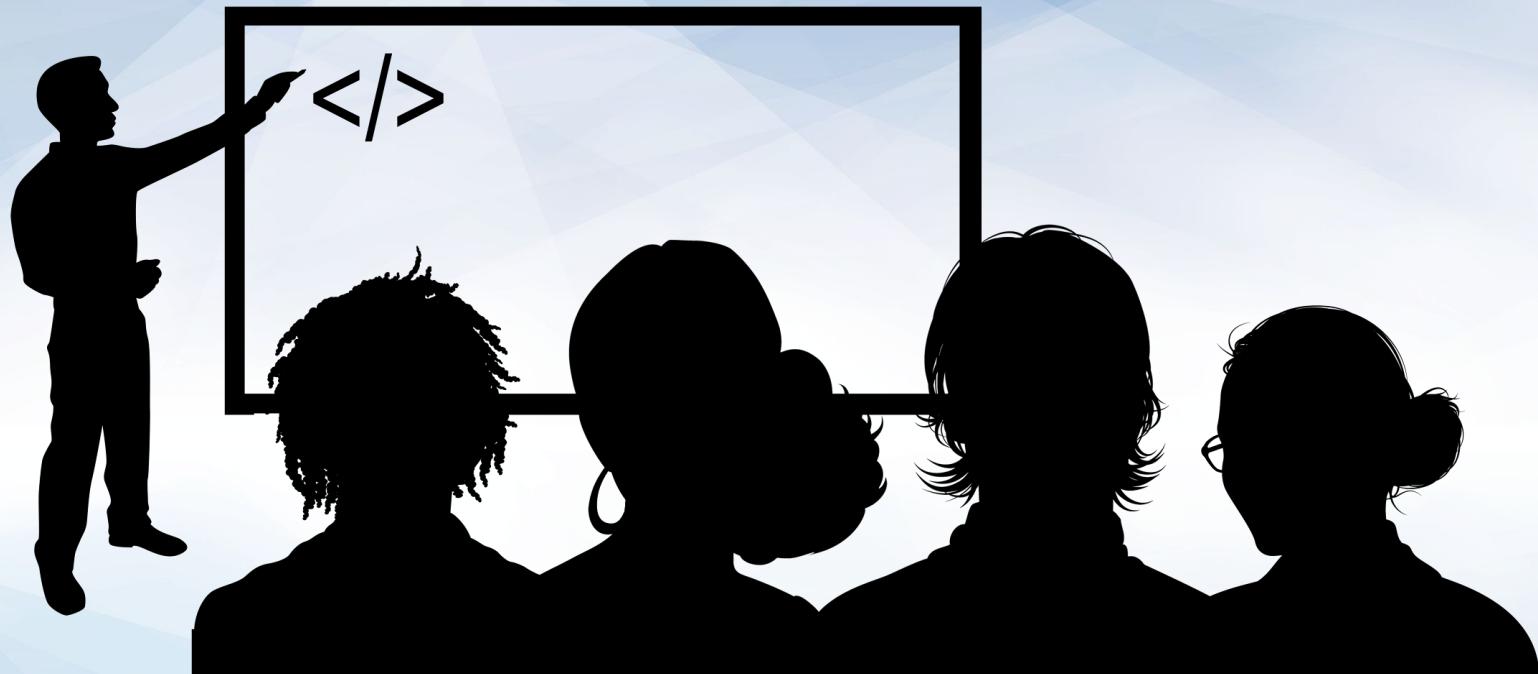


Now we will demonstrate how  
to scan for more vulnerabilities.

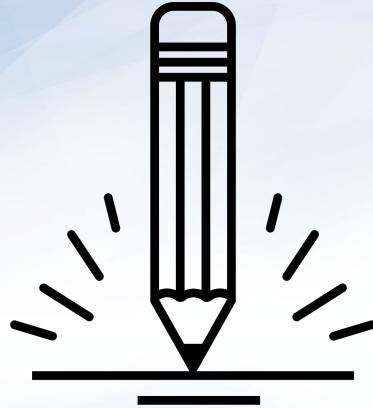
# Heartbleed Demo

Last week we used SearchSploit to show all available scripts, with minor filtering. In this demonstration, we will create more customized searches using SearchSploit.

Exploit Title	Path
	(/usr/share/exploitdb/)
AWStats 6.x - <b>Apache</b> Tomcat Configurat	exploits/cgi/webapps/35035.txt
<b>Apache</b> (Windows x86) - Chunked Encodin	exploits/windows_x86/remote/16782.rb
<b>Apache</b> + PHP < 5.3.12 / < 5.4.2 - Remo	exploits/php/remote/29316.py
<b>Apache</b> + PHP < 5.3.12 / < 5.4.2 - cgi-	exploits/php/remote/29290.c
<b>Apache</b> - Arbitrary Long HTTP Headers D	exploits/linux/dos/371.c
<b>Apache</b> - Arbitrary Long HTTP Headers D	exploits/multiple/dos/360.pl



Instructor Demonstration  
Heartbleed



## Activity: Heartbleed and SearchSploit

In this activity, you will use SearchSploit to determine if the server is vulnerable to Heartbleed.

Suggested Time:  
20 Minutes

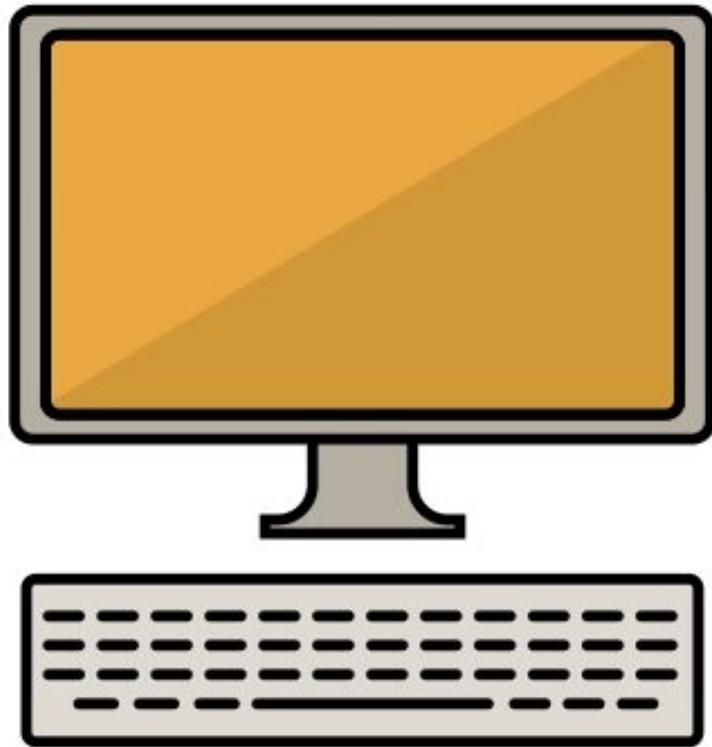




**Time's Up! Let's Review.**

# Introduction to Metasploit

When we know more about a vulnerability, we can identify specific corresponding exploits and prepare and test the exploit payload.





Not all exploits for a vulnerability will work equally well, and some won't work at all.

Expect many exploitation attempts to fail. Trial and error is part of the job!

# Metasploit

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For the exploitation stage of the engagement, we will use **Metasploit**, a tool suite for hacking servers and other networked devices.

01

**MSFconsole**: The main interface for Metasploit, with a centralized console for accessing options and modules. MSFconsole runs on your local machine, not on the machines you compromise.

02

**Meterpreter**: A Linux-style shell that Metasploit launches when you successfully break into a target machine. Unlike MSFconsole, Meterpreter runs on the machines you compromise, not on your local machine.



# MSFconsole

---

MSFconsole is a unified interface of a variety of different functions.  
Each of these functions is called a **module**.

01

Auxiliary modules

02

Exploit modules

03

Payload modules

04

Post Modules

# Auxiliary Modules

Auxiliary modules are used for information gathering, enumeration, and port scanning.

They can also be used for things like connecting to SQL databases and performing man-in-the-middle attacks.



# Exploit Modules

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Exploit modules are generally used to deliver exploit code to a target system.



# Payload Modules

Payload modules are used to create malicious payloads to use with an exploit.

If possible, the aim would be to upload a copy of Meterpreter, which is the default payload of Metasploit.



# Post Modules

Post modules offer post-exploitation tools such as the ability to extract password hashes and access tokens.

They even provides modules for taking a screenshot, key-logging, and downloading files.



# Metasploit Demo



In the following overview of Metasploit, we will:

01

Initiate Metasploit.

02

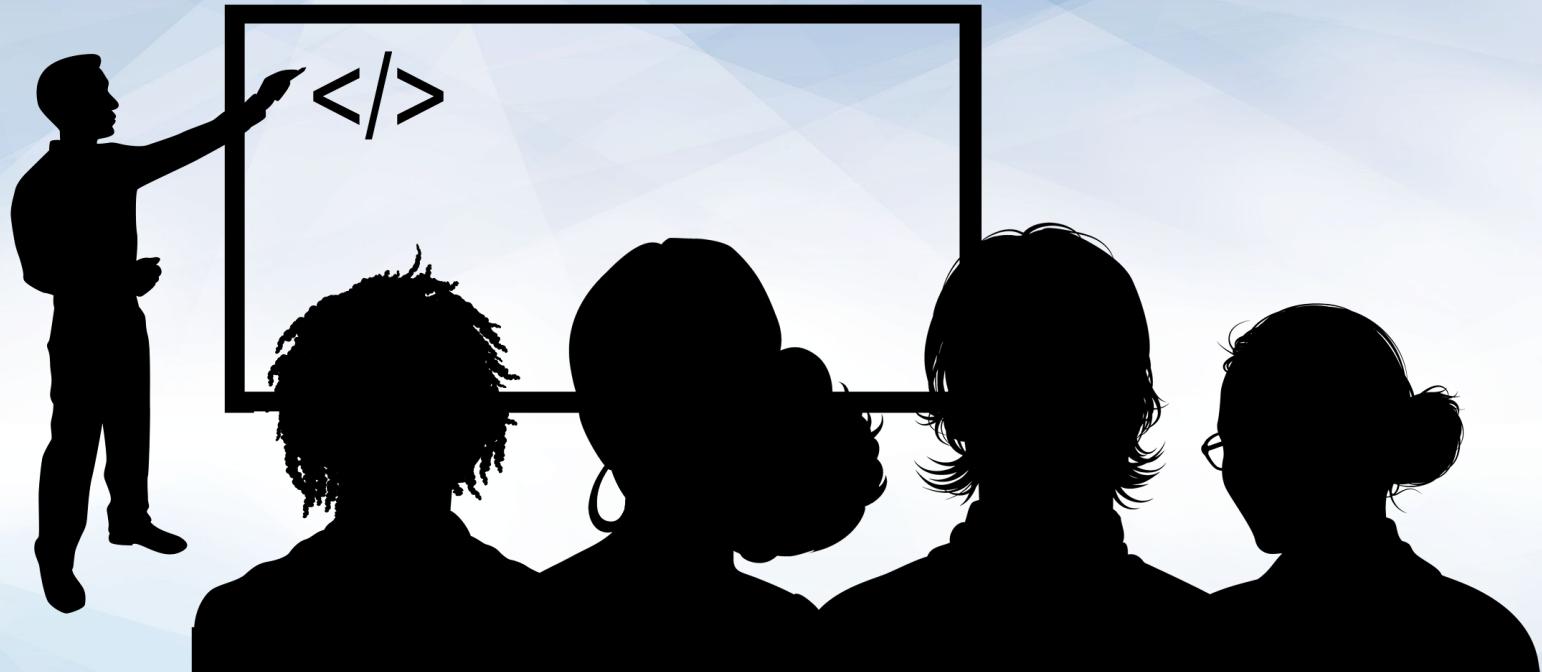
Interact with its interface.

03

Use the built-in help menu system.

04

Exploit a vulnerable Shellshock VM by loading modules and setting payloads.



## Instructor Demonstration Metasploit



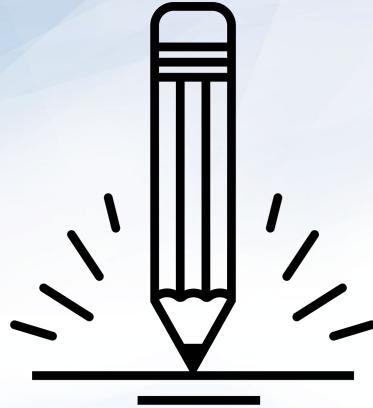
Countdown timer

15:00

(with alarm)

Break





## Activity:

### Attacking Shellshock with Metasploit

In this activity, you will use exploit modules from the Metasploit framework to establish a reverse shell on a target using a Shellshock exploit.

Suggested Time:  
25 Minutes





**Time's Up! Let's Review.**

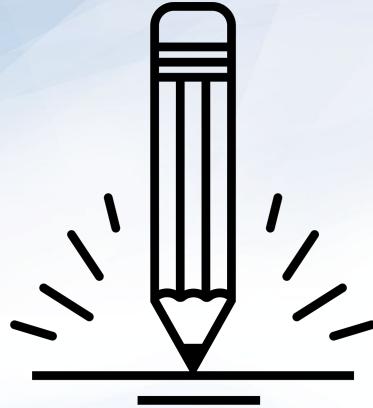
# Metasploit and Heartbleed



Now that we're familiar with Metasploit, we will use it to exploit other vulnerabilities.



## Instructor Demonstration Heartbleed, Metasploit, and MSFconsole



## Activity:

### Attacking Heartbleed with Metasploit

In this activity, you will act as a penetration tester tasked with gathering data leakage from the Heartbleed vulnerability.

**Suggested Time:**  
**15 Minutes**





**Time's Up! Let's Review.**

Next class, we'll use Metasploit to engage in post-exploitation tactics and set up backdoors using **Meterpreter**.

# Questions?

*The  
End*