2.1 RabbitMQ安装

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Ubuntu 环境安装

RabbitMQ已经包含在标准的Ubuntu仓库中, 然而,包含的版本通常比最新的RabbitMQ发行版落后很多,可能提供的RabbitMQ版本已经不支持. RabbitMQ团队制作了自己的软件包,并使用Cloudsmith进行分发

具体操作可以参考: Installing on Debian and Ubuntu | RabbitMQ

由于该种方法安装比较复杂,学习阶段,咱们使用Ubuntu仓库中的版本来安装

一. 安装Erlang

RabbitMq需要Erlang语言的支持,在安装rabbitMq之前需要安装erlang

```
1 #更新软件包
2 sudo apt-get update
3
4 #安装erlang
5 sudo apt-get install erlang
```

查看erlang版本

```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# erl
2 Erlang/OTP 22 [erts-10.6.4] [source] [64-bit] [smp:2:2] [ds:2:2:10] [async-threads:1]
3
4 Eshell V10.6.4 (abort with ^G)
5
```

退出命令:

```
1 halt().
```

二. 安装RabbitMQ

```
1 #更新软件包
2 sudo apt-get update
3
4 #安装rabbitmq
5 sudo apt-get install rabbitmq-server
6
7 #确认安装结果
8 systemctl status rabbitmq-server
```

确认安装结果

```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# systemctl status rabbitmq-server
```

```
2 • rabbitmq-server.service - RabbitMQ Messaging Server
        Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/rabbitmq-server.service; enabled;
 3
   vendor preset: enabled)
        Active: active (running) since Wed 2024-04-10 16:03:40 CST; 26min ago
 4
 5
      Main PID: 83173 (beam.smp)
        Status: "Initialized"
 6
         Tasks: 87 (limit: 2025)
 7
 8
        Memory: 84.5M
 9
        CGroup: /system.slice/rabbitmq-server.service
                 ─83169 /bin/sh /usr/sbin/rabbitmq-server
10
                ─83173 /usr/lib/erlang/erts-10.6.4/bin/beam.smp -W w -A 64 -MBas
11
   ageffcbf -MHas ageffcbf -MBlmbcs 512 -MHlmbcs 512 -MMmcs 30 -P 1048576 -t
   5000000 -stbt >
                 ─83431 erl_child_setup 65536
12
                 ├─83456 inet_gethost 4
13
                 └─83457 inet_gethost 4
14
15
16 Apr 10 16:03:37 hcss-ecs-0bb1 systemd[1]: Starting RabbitMQ Messaging Server...
17
```

三. 安装RabbitMQ管理界面

默认是不安装管理界面的

```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# rabbitmq-plugins enable rabbitmq_management
 2 Enabling plugins on node rabbit@hcss-ecs-0bb1:
 3 rabbitmq_management
 4 The following plugins have been configured:
     rabbitmq_management
     rabbitmq_management_agent
 6
     rabbitmq_web_dispatch
 7
 8 Applying plugin configuration to rabbit@hcss-ecs-0bb1...
 9 The following plugins have been enabled:
10
     rabbitmq_management
     rabbitmq_management_agent
11
     rabbitmq_web_dispatch
12
13
14 started 3 plugins.
15 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~#
16
```

四. 启动服务并访问

1. 启动服务

若服务已经启动了,此步省略

```
1 #启动rabbitmq
2 sudo service rabbitmq-server start
3
```

查看服务状态

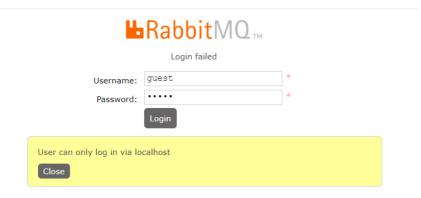
```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# systemctl status rabbitmq-server
 2 • rabbitmq-server.service - RabbitMQ Messaging Server
        Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/rabbitmq-server.service; enabled;
   vendor preset: enabled)
        Active: active (running) since Wed 2024-04-10 16:03:40 CST; 26min ago
 4
      Main PID: 83173 (beam.smp)
 5
        Status: "Initialized"
 6
         Tasks: 87 (limit: 2025)
 7
 8
        Memory: 84.5M
        CGroup: /system.slice/rabbitmq-server.service
 9
                ─83169 /bin/sh /usr/sbin/rabbitmq-server
10
11
                -83173 /usr/lib/erlang/erts-10.6.4/bin/beam.smp -W w -A 64 -MBas
   ageffcbf -MHas ageffcbf -MBlmbcs 512 -MHlmbcs 512 -MMmcs 30 -P 1048576 -t
   5000000 -stbt >
                 ─83431 erl_child_setup 65536
12
                 ├─83456 inet_gethost 4
13
                 └─83457 inet_gethost 4
14
15
16 Apr 10 16:03:37 hcss-ecs-0bb1 systemd[1]: Starting RabbitMQ Messaging Server...
17
```

2. 通过 IP:port 访问界面

http://110.41.51.65:15672/ (15672 为默认端口号, 云服务器需要开启端口))

默认用户名和密码都是: guest

rabbitmq从3.3.0开始禁止使用guest/guest权限通过除localhost外的访问,解除方法也有,此处不多说



3. 添加管理员用户

a) 添加用户admin, 密码:admin

```
1 # rabbitmqctl add_user ${账号} ${密码}
2 rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
```

执行成功

```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
2 Adding user "admin" ...
3 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~#
```

b) 给用户添加权限

```
1 #rabbitmqctl set_user_tags ${账号} ${角色名称}
2 rabbitmqctl set_user_tags admin administrator
3
```

以下角色可选

RabbitMQ用户角色分为Administrator、Monitoring、Policymaker、Management、Impersonator、None共六种角色

- 1. Administrator 超级管理员,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),可查看所有的信息,并且可以对用户,策略(policy)进行操作
- 2. Monitoring 监控者,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),同时可以查看 rabbitmg节点的相关信息(进程数,内存使用情况,磁盘使用情况等)。
- 3. Policymaker 策略制定者,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),同时可以对policy进行管理。但无法查看节点的相关信息.

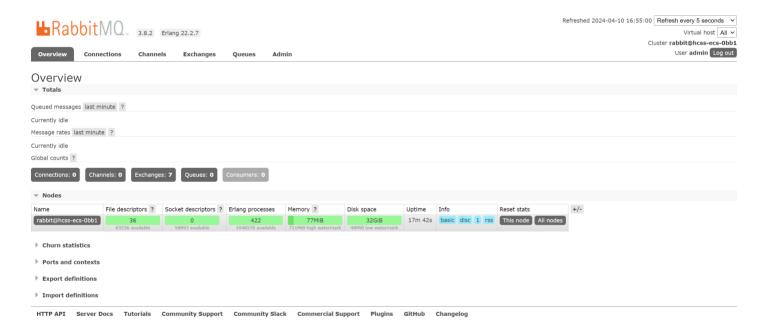
- 4. Management 普通管理者,仅可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),无法看到节点信息,也无法对策略进行管理.
- 5. Impersonator 模拟者,无法登录管理控制台。
- 6. None 其他用户,无法登陆管理控制台,通常就是普通的生产者和消费者。

执行成功

```
1 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~# rabbitmqctl set_user_tags admin administrator
2 Setting tags for user "admin" to [administrator] ...
3 root@hcss-ecs-0bb1:~#
```

c) 通过IP:port访问, 并使用刚才设置的用户名和密码登录

http://110.41.51.65:15672



CentOS 安装

一. 安装Erlang

1. 查看系统版本

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# cat /etc/redhat-release
2 CentOS Linux release 7.9.2009 (Core)
3 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
```

2. 下载 Erlang 的 rpm 包

可以直接把提前下载的安装包 erlang-XXX.rpm 上传到 Linux 服务器,也可以采用下面的方式直接下载到Linux服务器(下载比较慢)

从https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmg/erlang 选择希望安装的rpm包,进行下载

Erlang环境一定要与RabbitMQ版本匹配: https://www.rabbitmq.com/which-erlang.html

Erlang的rpm包: https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/erlang,注意看系统对应, el7为Centor7, el8为Centor8

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# wget --content-disposition
  "https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/erlang/packages/el/7/erlang-23.3.4.11-
  1.el7.x86_64.rpm/download.rpm?distro_version_id=140"
2 --2024-04-11 16:23:21--
  https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/erlang/packages/el/7/erlang-23.3.4.11-
  1.el7.x86_64.rpm/download.rpm?distro_version_id=140
3
4 //...
5
6 100%
  353KB/s in 27s
8 2024-04-11 16:24:58 (744 KB/s) - 'erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm.1' saved
  [20355564/20355564]
9
10 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
```

3. 安装 Erlang

1 [root@VM-24-3-centos ~]# yum localinstall erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm

执行结果如下:

中间执行暂停,输入 y

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# yum localinstall erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm
```

- 2 Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
- 3 Repository epel is listed more than once in the configuration
- 4 Examining erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm: erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64

```
5 Marking erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64.rpm to be installed
 6
 7 //...
 8
9
10 Total size: 34 M
11 Installed size: 34 M
12 Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
13 Downloading packages:
14 Running transaction check
15 Running transaction test
16 Transaction test succeeded
17 Running transaction
     Installing : erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64
18
                                    1/1
19
     Verifying : erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64
                                    1/1
20
21 Installed:
     erlang.x86_64 0:23.3.4.11-1.el7
22
23
24 Complete!
```

4. 确认Erlang安装成功

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# erl
2 Erlang/OTP 23 [erts-11.2.2.10] [source] [64-bit] [smp:2:2] [ds:2:2:10] [async-threads:1] [hipe]
3
4 Eshell V11.2.2.10 (abort with ^G)
```

二. 安装 RabbitMQ

1. 下载 RabbitMQ 客户端

可以直接把提前下载的安装包 rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch.rpm 上传到Linux服务器,也可以采用下面的方式,直接下载到Linux服务器上(下载会比较慢)

从https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/rabbitmq-server选择希望安装的rpm包,进行下载

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# wget --content-disposition
  "https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/rabbitmq-server/packages/el/7/rabbitmq-
  server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch.rpm/download.rpm?distro_version_id=140"
2 --2024-04-11 16:21:28-- https://packagecloud.io/rabbitmq/rabbitmq-
  server/packages/el/7/rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch.rpm/download.rpm?
  distro_version_id=140
3
4 //...
5
6 100%
  ==========|>| 15,933,287
  104KB/s in 51s
8 2024-04-11 16:22:06 (303 KB/s) - 'rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch.rpm.1'
  saved [15933287/15933287]
10 [root@VM-24-3-centos ~]#
```

2. 安装 RabbitMQ 客户端

导入签名秘钥(yum 会验证它安装的包的签名)

```
1 rpm --import https://www.rabbitmq.com/rabbitmq-release-signing-key.asc
```

使用 yum 进行安装

1 yum localinstall rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch.rpm

安装成功(中间输入 y)

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# yum localinstall rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-
1.el7.noarch.rpm
2 Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
3
4 //...
5
6 Total size: 16 M
7 Total download size: 290 k
```

```
8 Installed size: 17 M
9 Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
10 Downloading packages:
11
12 //...

13
14 Complete!
15 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
```

三. 安装 RabbitMQ 管理界面

默认是不安装管理界面的

```
1 rabbitmq-plugins enable rabbitmq_management
```

执行结果

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# rabbitmq-plugins enable rabbitmq_management
 2 Enabling plugins on node rabbit@VM-0-17-centos:
 3 rabbitmq_management
 4 The following plugins have been configured:
 5
     rabbitmq_management
     rabbitmq_management_agent
 6
 7
     rabbitmq_web_dispatch
 8 Applying plugin configuration to rabbit@VM-0-17-centos...
9 The following plugins have been enabled:
     rabbitmq_management
10
11
     rabbitmq_management_agent
     rabbitmq_web_dispatch
12
13
14 set 3 plugins.
15 Offline change; changes will take effect at broker restart.
16 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
17
```

四. 启动服务并访问

1. 启动服务

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# service rabbitmq-server start
2 Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start rabbitmq-server.service
3 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
```

查看服务状态

```
1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# service rabbitmq-server status
 2 Redirecting to /bin/systemctl status rabbitmq-server.service
 3 • rabbitmq-server.service - RabbitMQ broker
      Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/rabbitmq-server.service; disabled;
   vendor preset: disabled)
      Active: active (running) since Thu 2024-04-11 17:12:36 CST; 22s ago
  Main PID: 24298 (beam.smp)
 7
      Status: "Initialized"
 8
      CGroup: /system.slice/rabbitmq-server.service
               -24298 /usr/lib64/erlang/erts-11.2.2.10/bin/beam.smp -W w -MBas
   ageffcbf -MHas ageffcbf -MBlmbcs 512 -MHlmbcs 512 -MMmcs 30 -P 1048576 -t
   5000000 -stbt db -zdbbl 128000 -sbwt none...
              ├─24313 erl_child_setup 32768
10
               -24366 inet_gethost 4
11
               └─24367 inet_gethost 4
12
13
14 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: TLS Library: OpenSSL -
   OpenSSL 1.0.2k-fips 26 Jan 2017
15 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Doc guides:
   https://rabbitmq.com/documentation.html
16 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Support:
   https://rabbitmq.com/contact.html
17 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Tutorials:
   https://rabbitmq.com/getstarted.html
18 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Monitoring:
   https://rabbitmq.com/monitoring.html
19 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Logs:
   /var/log/rabbitmq/rabbit@VM-0-17-centos.log
20 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]:
   /var/log/rabbitmq/rabbit@VM-0-17-centos_upgrade.log
21 Apr 11 17:12:32 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Config file(s): (none)
22 Apr 11 17:12:36 VM-0-17-centos rabbitmq-server[24298]: Starting broker...
   completed with 3 plugins.
23 Apr 11 17:12:36 VM-0-17-centos systemd[1]: Started RabbitMQ broker.
24 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#
25
```

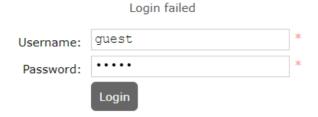
2. 通过 IP:port 访问界面

http://162.14.71.227:15672/(15672 为默认端口号, 云服务器需要开启端口)

默认用户名和密码都是: guest

rabbitmq从3.3.0开始禁止使用guest/guest权限通过除localhost外的访问,解除方法也有,此处不多说





User can only log in via localhost

Close

3. 添加管理员用户

a) 添加用户admin, 密码:admin

```
1 # rabbitmqctl add_user ${账号} ${密码}
2 rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
```

执行情况:

- 1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
- 2 Adding user "admin" ...
- 3 Done. Don't forget to grant the user permissions to some virtual hosts! See 'rabbitmqctl help set_permissions' to learn more.
- 4 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#

b) 给用户添加权限

```
1 #rabbitmqctl set_user_tags ${账号} ${角色名称}
```

以下角色可选

RabbitMQ用户角色分为Administrator、Monitoring、Policymaker、Management、Impersonator、None共六种角色

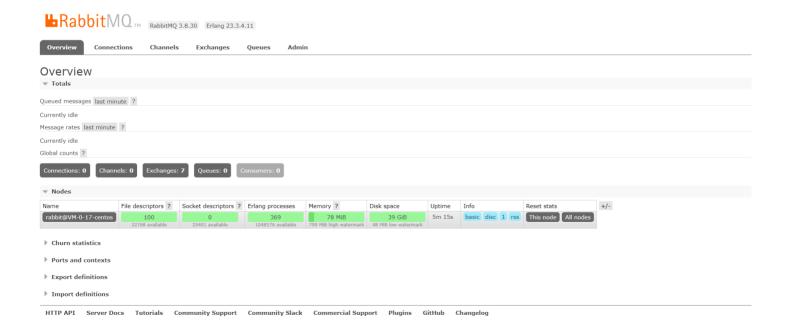
- 1. Administrator 超级管理员,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),可查看所有的信息,并且可以对用户,策略(policy)进行操作
- 2. Monitoring 监控者,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),同时可以查看 rabbitmg节点的相关信息(进程数,内存使用情况,磁盘使用情况等)。
- 3. Policymaker 策略制定者,可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),同时可以对policy进行管理。但无法查看节点的相关信息.
- 4. Management 普通管理者,仅可登陆管理控制台(启用management plugin的情况下),无法看到节点信息,也无法对策略进行管理.
- 5. Impersonator 模拟者,无法登录管理控制台。
- 6. None 其他用户,无法登陆管理控制台,通常就是普通的生产者和消费者。

执行成功

- 1 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]# rabbitmqctl set_user_tags admin administrator
- 2 Setting tags for user "admin" to [administrator] ...
- 3 [root@VM-0-17-centos ~]#

c) 通过IP:port访问, 并使用刚才设置的用户名和密码登录

http://162.14.71.227:15672/



Docker 安装

一. 采用docker安装

在这里获取镜像的时候, 我们获取management版本的, management版本的带有管理界面

```
1 #查询镜像
2 docker search rabbitmq:management
3
4 #获取镜像
5 docker pull rabbitmq:management
6
7 #运行镜像
8 docker run -d -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672 --name rabbitmq rabbitmq:management
9
10 #查看正在运行的容器
11 docker ps
12
13 #进入容器内部
14 docker exec -it 容器ID /bin/bash
```

docker run -d -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672 --name rabbitmq rabbitmq:management

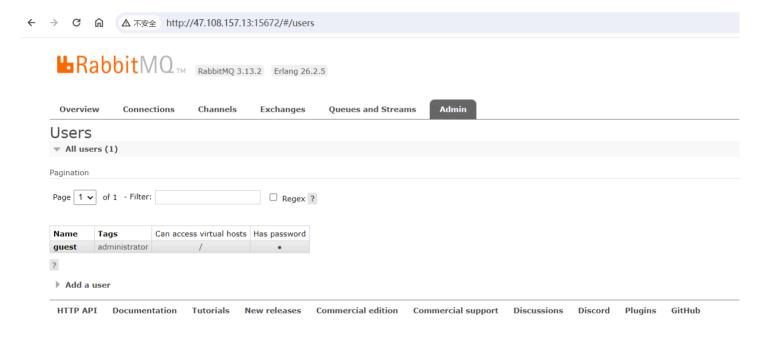
- -d 后台运行容器
- -p 指定服务运行的端口. 外网端口: docker内部端口
- --name 指定容器名

执行结果

```
1 root@iZ2vc7a1n9gvhfp589oav7Z:~# docker search rabbitmq:management
2 NAME
                                       DESCRIPTION
        STARS
                 OFFICIAL
3 macintoshplus/rabbitmq-management Based on rabbitmq:management whit python
4 transmitsms/rabbitmq-sharded
                                      Fork of rabbitmq:management with
   sharded_exc...
5 herostudy/rabbitmq
                                       Based on official rabbitmq:management
   image...
6 root@iZ2vc7a1n9gvhfp589oav7Z:~# docker pull rabbitmq:management
7 management: Pulling from library/rabbitmq
8 a8b1c5f80c2d: Pull complete
9 4dedb6d843e5: Pull complete
10 5c1196c9f92f: Pull complete
11 89aa66202de9: Pull complete
12 7482e2b5f1fd: Pull complete
13 cae0f9147f71: Pull complete
```

二. 访问管理界面

使用guest guest登录



三.添加用户

```
1 #查看正在运行的容器
2 docker ps
3
4 #进入容器内部
5 docker exec -it 容器ID /bin/bash
6
7 #添加用户admin
8 rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
9
10 #给用户授权
```

11 rabbitmqctl set_user_tags admin administrator

执行结果:

```
1 root@iZ2vc7aln9gvhfp589oav7Z:~# docker ps
2 CONTAINER ID
                 IMAGE
                                        COMMAND
                                                                 CREATED
   STATUS
                   PORTS
           NAMES
                 rabbitmq:management "docker-entrypoint.s..." 36 minutes ago
3 0de863077982
   Up 36 minutes 4369/tcp, 5671/tcp, 0.0.0.0:5672->5672/tcp, :::5672->5672/tcp,
   15671/tcp, 15691-15692/tcp, 25672/tcp, 0.0.0.0:15672->15672/tcp, :::15672-
   >15672/tcp
              rabbitmq
4 root@iZ2vc7a1n9gvhfp589oav7Z:~# docker exec -it 0de863077982 /bin/bash
5 root@0de863077982:/# rabbitmqctl add_user admin admin
6 Adding user "admin" ...
7 Done. Don't forget to grant the user permissions to some virtual hosts! See
   'rabbitmqctl help set_permissions' to learn more.
8 root@0de863077982:/# rabbitmqctl set_user_tags admin administrator
9 Setting tags for user "admin" to [administrator] ...
10 root@0de863077982:/#
```

其他操作

一. 修改端口号

1. 查找rabbitmq位置

```
1 [lucf@VM-8-12-centos ~]$ whereis rabbitmq
2 rabbitmq: /usr/lib/rabbitmq /etc/rabbitmq
```

2. 新增配置文件rabbitmq.conf

(在/etc/rabbitmg路径下创建rabbitmg.conf文件,并添加以下内容)

- 1 #修改client端口为8942(默认为5672)
- 2 listeners.tcp.default=8942
- 3 #修改管理界面端口为8943(默认为15672)
- 4 management.tcp.port=8943

3. 修改rabbitmq-defaults文件,添加配置文件路径

文件路径: /usr/lib/rabbitmq/lib/rabbitmq_server-3.8.30/sbin/rabbitmq-defaults编辑rabbitmq-defaults,在文本最后添加如下代码

- 1 #添加配置路径到文件中,保存退出
- 2 CONFIG_FILE=/etc/rabbitmq/rabbitmq.conf

4. 重启RabbitMQ

1. Ubuntu

1 sudo systemctl restart rabbitmg-server

2. CentOS

1 sudo service rabbitmq-server restart

二. 服务相关操作

1. CentOS

```
1 #启动服务
2 service rabbitmq-server start
3
4 #停止服务
5 sudo systemctl stop rabbitmq-server
6
```

```
7 #重启服务
8 service rabbitmq-server restart
9
10 #添加开机启动服务
11 chkconfig rabbitmq-server on
```

2. Ubuntu

```
1 #启动服务
2 sudo systemctl start rabbitmq-server
3
4 #停止服务
5 sudo systemctl stop rabbitmq-server
6
7 #重启服务
8 sudo systemctl restart rabbitmq-server
9
10 #添加开机启动服务
11 sudo systemctl enable rabbitmq-server
12
13 #检查服务状态
14 sudo systemctl status rabbitmq-server
```

三. 卸载RabbitMQ

1. Ubuntu

1.1 停止RabbitMQ服务

```
1 sudo systemctl stop rabbitmq-server
```

1.2 查找RabbitMQ安装情况

```
1 dpkg -l | grep rabbitmq
```

1.3 卸载rabbitmq已安装的相关内容

```
1 sudo apt-get purge --auto-remove rabbitmq-server
```

1.4 卸载Erlang

1. 查看erlang安装的相关列表

1 dpkg -l | grep erlang

2. 卸载erlang已安装的相关内容

1 sudo apt-get purge --auto-remove erlang

2. CentOS

2.1 停止RabbitMQ服务

1 service rabbitmq-server stop

2.2 查看RabbitMQ安装列表

1 yum list|grep rabbitmq

执行结果:

1 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]# yum list grep rabbitmq				
2 Repository epel is listed more than o	once in the configuration			
<pre>3 rabbitmq-server.noarch</pre>	3.8.30-1.el7	@/rabbitmq-		
server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch				
4 librabbitmq.i686	0.8.0-3.el7	os		
5 librabbitmq.x86_64	0.8.0-3.el7	os		
6 librabbitmq-devel.i686	0.8.0-3.el7	os		
7 librabbitmq-devel.x86_64	0.8.0-3.el7	os		

8 librabbitmq-examples.x86_64	0.8.0-3.el7	OS	
9 opensips-event_rabbitmq.x86_64	1.10.5-4.el7	epel	
10 rabbitmq-java-client.noarch	3.6.0-1.el7	epel	
11 rabbitmq-java-client-doc.noarch	3.6.0-1.el7	epel	
12 rabbitmq-java-client-javadoc.noarch	3.6.0-1.el7	epel	
13 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]#			

2.3 卸载rabbitmq已安装的相关内容

1 yum -y remove rabbitmq-server.noarch

执行结果

```
1 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]# yum -y remove rabbitmq-server.noarch
2 Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
3 Repository epel is listed more than once in the configuration
4 Resolving Dependencies
5 --> Running transaction check
6 ---> Package rabbitmq-server.noarch 0:3.8.30-1.el7 will be erased
7 --> Finished Dependency Resolution
 8 centos-sclo-rh/x86_64
                                 | 3.0 kB 00:00:00
 9 centos-sclo-sclo/x86_64
                                 | 3.0 kB 00:00:00
10 docker-ce-stable/7/x86_64
                                 | 3.5 kB 00:00:00
11 epel/7/x86_64
                                 | 4.7 kB 00:00:00
12 extras/7/x86_64
                                 | 2.9 kB 00:00:00
13 os/7/x86_64
                                 | 3.6 kB 00:00:00
14 updates/7/x86_64
                                 | 2.9 kB 00:00:00
15
16 Dependencies Resolved
17
```

```
19 Package
                    Arch
                                Version
  Repository
                                  Size
______
21 Removing:
  rabbitmq-server
                                3.8.30-1.el7
                    noarch
  @/rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch
                                  16 M
23
24 Transaction Summary
______
26 Remove 1 Package
27
28 Installed size: 16 M
29 Downloading packages:
30 Running transaction check
31 Running transaction test
32 Transaction test succeeded
33 Running transaction
         : rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch
   Erasing
34
                                 1/1
35
   Verifying : rabbitmq-server-3.8.30-1.el7.noarch
                                 1/1
36
37 Removed:
38
   rabbitmq-server.noarch 0:3.8.30-1.el7
39
40 Complete!
41 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]#
```

2.4 删除RabbitMQ相关文件

```
1 [root@VM-8-12-centos lib64]# rm -rf /var/lib/rabbitmq/
2 [root@VM-8-12-centos lib64]# rm -rf /usr/local/rabbitmq
```

2.5 卸载Erlang

1. 查看erlang安装的相关列表

```
1 yum list | grep erlang
```

执行结果

1 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]# yum list grep erlang					
	Repository epel is listed more than once i erlang.x86_64 23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64	n the configuration 23.3.4.11-1.el7	@/erlang-		
4	emacs-erlang.noarch	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
5	emacs-erlang-el.noarch	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
6	erlang-appmon.x86_64	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
7	erlang-asn1.x86_64	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
8	erlang-common_test.x86_64	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
9	erlang-compiler.x86_64	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
10	erlang-snappy.x86_64	1.0.3-0.4.git80db168.el7			
11	xemacs-erlang.noarch	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
12	xemacs-erlang-el.noarch	R16B-03.18.el7	epel		
13	[root@VM-8-12-centos ~]#				

注: yum list 显示已安装或者未安装的程序,@后面表示已安装,也可以使用 yum list installed | grep erlang 现在已安装的 erlang 相关程序

2. 卸载erlang已安装的相关内容

1 yum -y remove erlang.x86_64

执行结果:

- 1 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]# yum -y remove erlang.x86_64
- 2 Loaded plugins: fastestmirror, langpacks
- 3 Repository epel is listed more than once in the configuration
- 4 Resolving Dependencies
- 5 --> Running transaction check
- 6 ---> Package erlang.x86_64 0:23.3.4.11-1.el7 will be erased
- 7 --> Finished Dependency Resolution

```
9 Dependencies Resolved
10
______
12
 Package
                Arch
                              Version
  Repository
                                Size
14 Removing:
  erlang
                x86 64
                             23.3.4.11-1.el7
                                34 M
  @/erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64
16
17 Transaction Summary
______
19 Remove 1 Package
20
21 Installed size: 34 M
22 Downloading packages:
23 Running transaction check
24 Running transaction test
25 Transaction test succeeded
26 Running transaction
   Erasing
        : erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64
27
                                1/1
   Verifying : erlang-23.3.4.11-1.el7.x86_64
28
                                1/1
29
30 Removed:
31
   erlang.x86_64 0:23.3.4.11-1.el7
32
33 Complete!
34 [root@VM-8-12-centos ~]#
```

3. 删除Erlang相关文件

```
1 [root@VM-8-12-centos lib64]# rm -rf /usr/lib64/erlang/
2 [root@VM-8-12-centos lib64]# rm -rf /usr/local/erlang
```