

```
library(rstan); rstan_options(javascript=FALSE)
library(bayesplot)
library(dplyr)
options(mc.cores = parallel::detectCores())
rstan_options(auto_write = T)

dat <- read.csv('final_data.csv')
```

```
dat <- dat %>%
  filter(skew != 'control')
dat <- dat %>%
  mutate(cho = ifelse(true_response == 'f', 1, -1))
```

```
ids <- unique(dat$Prolific_ID)
for(j in 1:length(ids)){
  dat$tid[dat$Prolific_ID==ids[j]] <- j
}
tids <- unique(dat$tid)

dat$rt <- as.numeric(dat$rt/1000)

dat <- dat %>%
  filter(test_part == 'cc' | test_part == 'ss')

dat <- dat %>%
  mutate(con = ifelse(test_part == "cc", 1, -1))
```

```
dat$P_A1 <- dat$P_A1 / 100
dat$P_A2 <- dat$P_A2 / 100
dat$P_B1 <- dat$P_B1 / 100
dat$P_B2 <- dat$P_B2 / 100
```

```
oa = as.matrix(dat[, c("O_A1", "O_A2")])
ob = as.matrix(dat[, c("O_B1", "O_B2")])
pa = as.matrix(dat[, c("P_A1", "P_A2")])
pb = as.matrix(dat[, c("P_B1", "P_B2")])
```

```

dataList = list(cho = dat$cho,rt = dat$rt, participant = dat$tid,N=nrow(dat), L
= length(tids),starting_point=0.5,
                oa = as.matrix(dat[, c("O_A1", "O_A2")]),
                ob = as.matrix(dat[, c("O_B1", "O_B2")]),
                pa = as.matrix(dat[, c("P_A1", "P_A2")]),
                pb = as.matrix(dat[, c("P_B1", "P_B2")]),
                con = dat$con
                )

parameters = c("transf_mu_alpha","transf_mu_threshold","transf_mu_ndt", "transf_mu
_theta","transf_mu_delta_theta", 'sd_threshold',"sd_alpha","sd_ndt", 'sd_theta', '
sd_delta_theta', "alpha_sbj","threshold_sbj","ndt_sbj",'theta_sbj','delta_theta_sb
j', "log_lik")

```

```

initFunc <-function (i) {
  initList=list()
  for (ll in 1:i){
    initList[[ll]] = list(mu_alpha = runif(1,-1.4578,2.5413),
                          sd_alpha = runif(1,0,1),
                          mu_threshold = runif(1,-0.5, 2.5),
                          sd_threshold = runif(1,0,1),
                          mu_ndt = runif(1, -1.5, 0),
                          sd_ndt = runif(1, 0, 1),
                          mu_theta = runif(1,0, 6),
                          sd_theta = runif(1,0,1),
                          mu_delta_theta = runif(1, -1, 1),
                          sd_delta_theta = runif(1,0,1),
                          z_alpha = runif(length(tids),-0.1,0.1),
                          z_theta = runif(length(tids),-0.1,0.1),
                          z_threshold = runif(length(tids),-0.1,0.1),
                          z_ndt = runif(length(tids),-0.1,0.1),
                          z_delta_theta = runif(length(tids),-0.1,0.1)

    )
  }

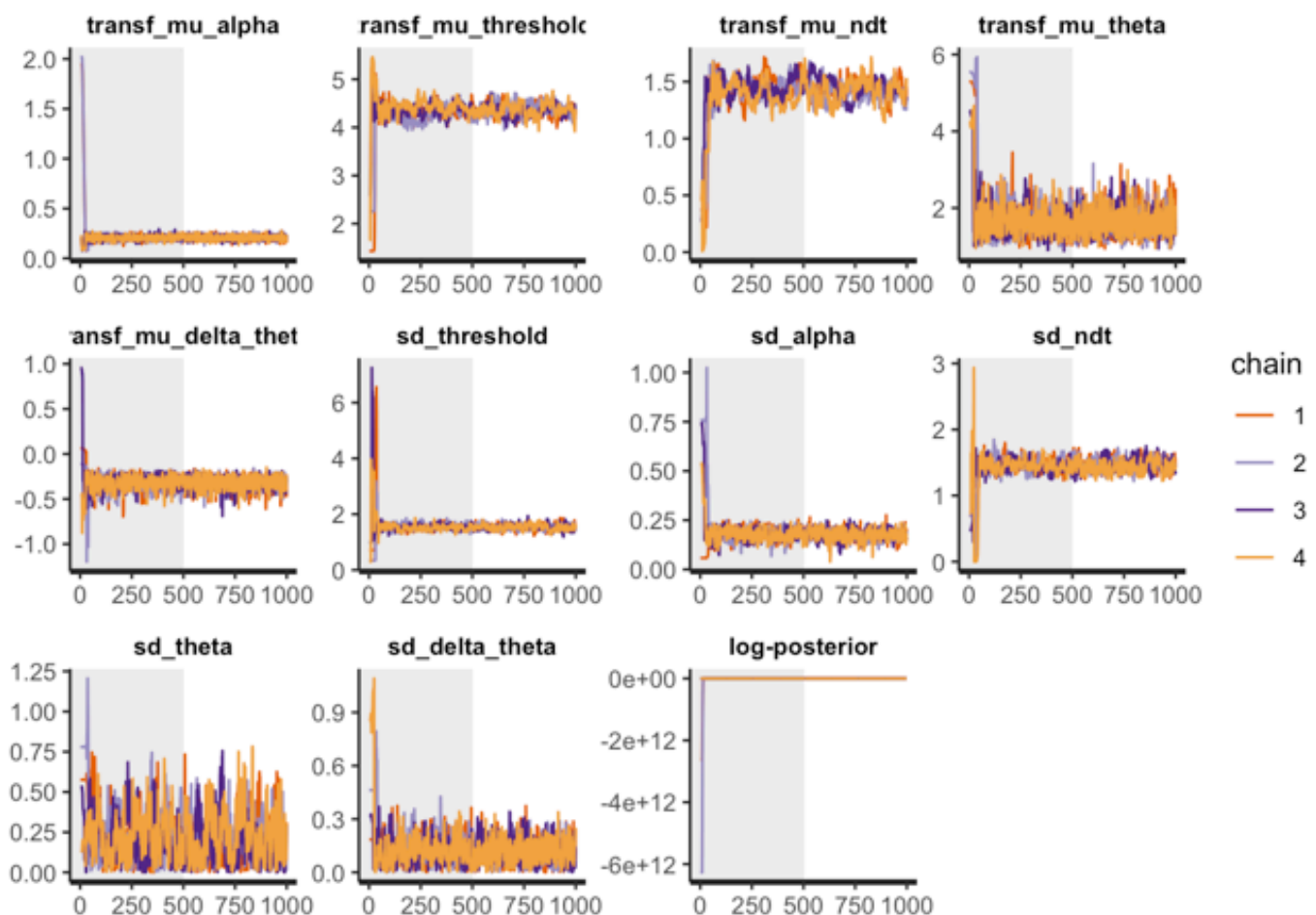
  return(initList)
}

```

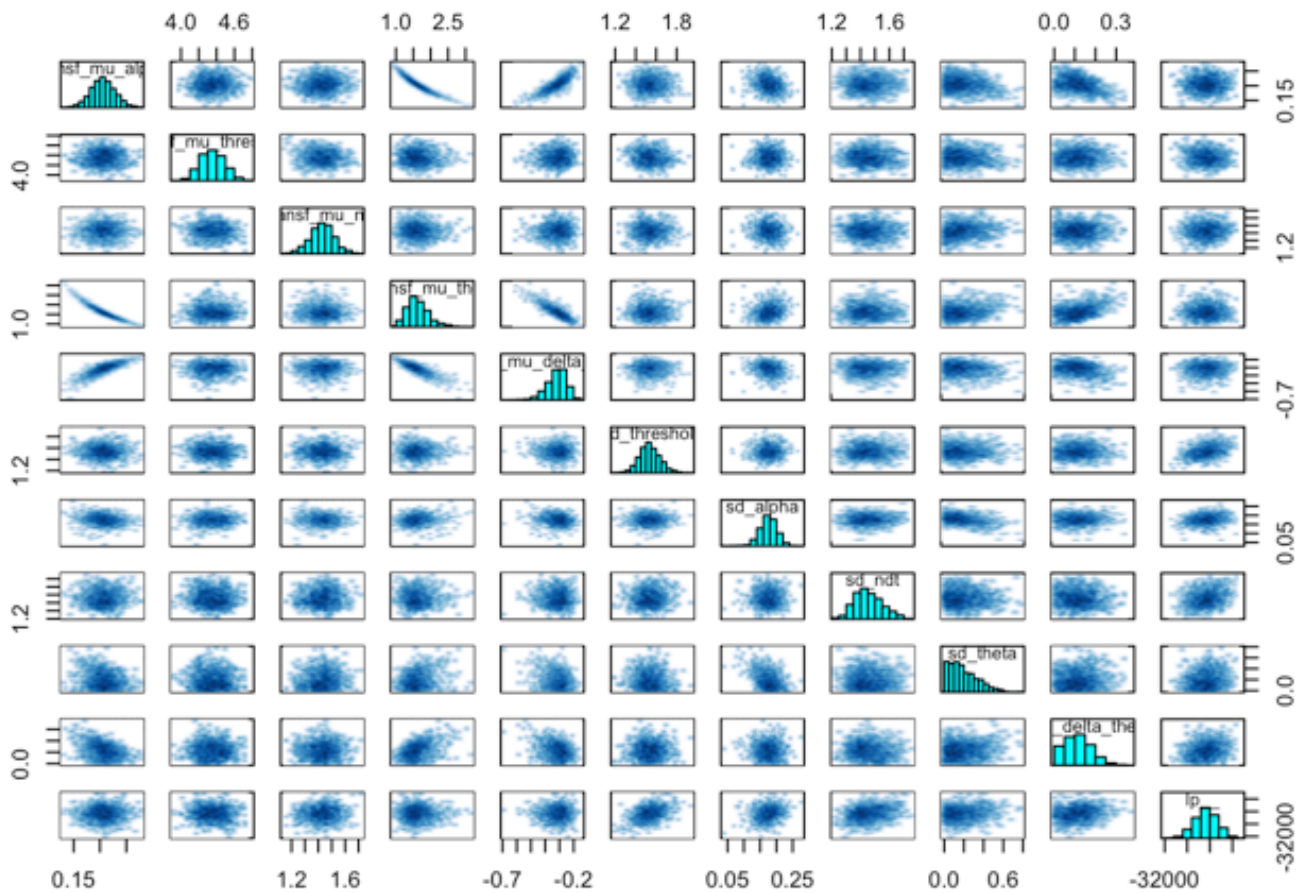
```
m <- stan_model("EU_Baseline.stan")
dsamples <- sampling(m,
  data=dataList,
  pars=parameters,
  iter=1000,
  chains=4, #If not specified, gives random inits
  init = initFunc(4),
  warmup = 500, # Stands for burn-in; Default = iter/2
  seed = 12
)
```

```
#"transf_mu_alpha", "transf_mu_threshold", "transf_mu_ndt", "transf_mu_theta", "transf_mu_delta_theta", 'sd_threshold', "sd_alpha", "sd_ndt", 'sd_theta', 'sd_delta_theta', "alpha_sbj", "threshold_sbj", "ndt_sbj", 'theta_sbj', 'delta_theta_sbj', "log_lik"

rstan::traceplot(dsamples, pars=c("transf_mu_alpha", "transf_mu_threshold", "transf_mu_ndt", "transf_mu_theta", "transf_mu_delta_theta", 'sd_threshold', "sd_alpha", "sd_ndt", 'sd_theta', 'sd_delta_theta', "lp__"), inc_warmup = TRUE, nrow = 3)
```



```
pairs(dsamples, pars = c("transf_mu_alpha", "transf_mu_threshold", "transf_mu_ndt",
"transf_mu_theta", "transf_mu_delta_theta", 'sd_threshold', "sd_alpha", "sd_ndt", 'sd
_theta', 'sd_delta_theta', "lp__"))
```



```
print(dsamples, pars = c("transf_mu_alpha", "transf_mu_threshold", "transf_mu_ndt",
"transf_mu_theta", "transf_mu_delta_theta", 'sd_threshold', "sd_alpha", "sd_ndt", 'sd
_theta', 'sd_delta_theta', "lp__"))
```

```
## Inference for Stan model: anon_model.
## 4 chains, each with iter=1000; warmup=500; thin=1;
## post-warmup draws per chain=500, total post-warmup draws=2000.
##
##
```

	mean	se_mean	sd	2.5%	25%	50%
transf_mu_alpha	0.21	0.00	0.02	0.16	0.19	0.21
transf_mu_threshold	4.35	0.01	0.13	4.11	4.26	4.35
transf_mu_ndt	1.43	0.01	0.09	1.25	1.37	1.43
transf_mu_theta	1.63	0.01	0.32	1.11	1.41	1.59
transf_mu_delta_theta	-0.32	0.00	0.07	-0.48	-0.36	-0.31
sd_threshold	1.54	0.01	0.10	1.34	1.47	1.53
sd_alpha	0.18	0.00	0.03	0.12	0.16	0.18
sd_ndt	1.46	0.01	0.10	1.29	1.39	1.45
sd_theta	0.20	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.09	0.17
sd_delta_theta	0.12	0.00	0.06	0.01	0.07	0.11
lp__	-31908.85	1.48	25.58	-31958.35	-31926.02	-31908.06

```
##
```

	75%	97.5%	n_eff	Rhat
transf_mu_alpha	0.22	0.25	1091	1.00
transf_mu_threshold	4.45	4.62	93	1.02
transf_mu_ndt	1.49	1.61	68	1.03
transf_mu_theta	1.81	2.41	944	1.00
transf_mu_delta_theta	-0.27	-0.20	1058	1.00
sd_threshold	1.60	1.75	209	1.00
sd_alpha	0.19	0.22	318	1.01
sd_ndt	1.52	1.66	171	1.03
sd_theta	0.29	0.54	130	1.04
sd_delta_theta	0.16	0.25	384	1.01
lp__	-31891.29	-31860.18	298	1.00

```
##
## Samples were drawn using NUTS(diag_e) at Thu Dec 21 05:29:49 2023.
## For each parameter, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size,
## and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at
## convergence, Rhat=1).
```

```
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse) # for the gather function

samples_matrix <- as.matrix(dsamples)
means <- colMeans(samples_matrix)
hpd_interval <- t(apply(samples_matrix, 2, function(x) quantile(x, probs=c(0.025,
0.975))))

parameters <- c("transf_mu_alpha", "transf_mu_threshold", "transf_mu_ndt", "transf_mu_theta", "transf_mu_delta_theta")

# Reshape data to a long format
df_long <- as.data.frame(samples_matrix) %>%
```

```

gather(key = "parameter", value = "value", parameters)

# Convert hpd_interval to a data frame and name the columns
hpd_interval_sub <- hpd_interval[parameters, ]
hpd_df <- as.data.frame(hpd_interval_sub)
colnames(hpd_df) <- c("lower", "upper")
rownames(hpd_df) <- parameters
hpd_df$parameter <- rownames(hpd_df)

# Aesthetic enhancements
theme_set(theme_minimal(base_size = 14)) # Set the default theme

custom_palette <- c("density_fill" = "lightgray",
                    "mean_line" = "blue",
                    "hpd_line" = "darkgreen")

# Add text labels for mean, lower, and upper HPD values
df_long <- df_long %>%
  group_by(parameter) %>%
  mutate(mean = means[parameter])

hpd_df <- hpd_df %>%
  mutate(mid = (lower + upper) / 2)

p <- ggplot(df_long, aes(x = value)) +
  geom_density(aes(fill = "density_fill")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = custom_palette, guide = FALSE) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = mean, color = "mean_line"), linetype = "dashed", size = 1, alpha = 0.7) +
  geom_text(data = df_long, aes(x = mean, y = 0, label = round(mean, 2)), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 0.5, size = 4, color = custom_palette["mean_line"]) +
  geom_vline(data = hpd_df, aes(xintercept = lower, color = "hpd_line"), linetype = "solid", size = 1, alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_text(data = hpd_df, aes(x = lower, y = 0, label = round(lower, 2)), vjust = -0.5, hjust = -0.5, size = 4, color = custom_palette["hpd_line"]) +
  geom_vline(data = hpd_df, aes(xintercept = upper, color = "hpd_line"), linetype = "solid", size = 1, alpha = 0.5) +
  geom_text(data = hpd_df, aes(x = upper, y = 0, label = round(upper, 2)), vjust = -0.5, hjust = 1.5, size = 4, color = custom_palette["hpd_line"]) +
  facet_wrap(~ parameter, scales = "free", ncol = 2) +
  scale_color_manual(values = custom_palette, guide = FALSE) +
  labs(title = "Posterior distributions")

print(p)

```

Posterior distributions

