b. 
$$\int_{\Theta}^{\infty} \frac{k\theta^{k}}{x^{k+1}} dsc$$
 (=1 is the goal)
$$= \frac{k\theta^{k}}{-k} \frac{x^{-k}}{x^{0}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{k\theta^{k}}{-k} \begin{bmatrix} 0 - \theta^{-k} \end{bmatrix}$$

C

$$P(x \leq b) = f(b)$$

$$= \int_{0}^{b} \frac{k \Theta^{k}}{x^{k+1}} dx$$

$$= \frac{k \Theta^{k}}{k} \left[ x^{-k} \right]_{0}^{b}$$

$$= -\theta^{k} \left[ b^{-k} - \theta^{-k} \right]$$

$$= 1 - \left( \frac{\theta}{b} \right)^{k}$$

d.  $p(a \in X \in b) = f(b) - f(a)$   $= \int_{a}^{b} \frac{k\theta^{k}}{x^{k+1}} dx$   $= -\theta^{k} \begin{bmatrix} b^{-k} - a^{-k} \end{bmatrix}$   $= (\theta)^{k} - (\theta)^{k}$ 

$$=\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{dx}{4}+\frac{x\log(4)-x\log(x)}{4}\right)$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}+\frac{\log(4)}{4}-\frac{x}{4}-\frac{1}{4}\log(x)$$

56.

$$X \sim N(M-12, \sigma^2 = 3.5^2)$$
  
We want  $P(X \leq (-1)) = 998$ 

$$=) P\left(\frac{x-12}{3.5} \le \frac{C-1-12}{3.5}\right) = 998$$

=> 
$$C = 3.5 \Phi^{-1}(0.99) + 13$$
  
 $qram(0.99) = 2.326348$