## Solution 1 - Formulate the following queries in SQL.

a) Find the details of all of reefs which have recorded a temperature-reading above 22 degrees.

```
FROM REEF
WHERE reefname IN (
SELECT reefname
FROM REEFTEMP
WHERE temperaturereading > 22)
```

b) Find the details of all reefs which have recorded a temperature-reading below the average temperature-reading across all reefs.

c) Find names of all reefs that do not have a sample of a coral with name including "Button".

d) Find the coral that has the highest thermal-threshold.

```
FROM CORAL
WHERE thermalthreshold >= ALL (
          SELECT thermalthreshold
          FROM CORAL)
```

## Solution 2 - Formulate the following queries in SQL.

a) Retrieve the names of corals which are in ALL reefs.

```
FROM CORAL AS A
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM REEF AS B
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM CORALSAMPLING AS C
WHERE A.coralcode = C.coralcode AND B.reefname = C.reefname))
```

b) List reef(s) that have at least all the corals that the reef "Wreck Is." has.

```
FROM REEF AS X
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM CORALSAMPLING
WHERE reefname = "Wreck Is" AND coralcode IN (
SELECT coralcode
FROM CORALSAMPLING AS Y
WHERE X.reefname = Y.reefname))
```

Alternate solution:

```
FROM REEF AS X
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM CORALSAMPLING AS Y
WHERE reefname = "Wreck Is." AND NOT EXISTS (
SELECT *
FROM CORALSAMPLING AS Z
WHERE Z.coralcode = Y.coralcode and Z.reefname = X.reefname))
```

(Solution continues onto next page.)

## Alternate solution:

FROM CORALSAMPLING
WHERE coral code IN (
 SELECT coralcode
 FROM CORALSAMPLING
 WHERE reefname= "Wreck Is.")
GROUP BY reefname
HAVING COUNT (\*) = (
 SELECT COUNT (distinct coralcode)
 FROM CORALSAMPLING
 WHERE reefname = "Wreck Is.")