

Methodology: Bright light Coffee Shop

Data Collection

Data was collected from the coffee shop's point-of-sale (POS) system over a defined period (01 January-31 June 2023). The dataset includes transaction id, transaction date, transaction time, transaction qty, store id, store location, product id, unit price, product category, product type and product detail.

Data Cleaning

Raw data was cleaned to remove duplicates, incomplete entries, and anomalies. And unit price values were formatted consistently for analysis. SQL functions were used for Counting, Grouping, creating buckets (e.g. time buckets)

1. Grouping product Category

```
3  --Group product category
4  select product_category
5  from bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
6  GROUP BY product_category;
```

	PRODUCT_CATEGORY
1	Tea
2	Loose Tea
3	Branded
4	Bakery
5	Coffee
6	Drinking Chocolate
7	Flavours
8	Coffee beans
9	Packaged Chocolate

2. Quantity sold by product category

```
14  --CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE qty_items_sold_by_category AS
15  --Quantity of items sold by product category
16  select
17      product_category,
18      SUM(transaction_qty) AS total_quantity_sold
19  from bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
20  group by product_category
21  order by total_quantity_sold DESC;
```

Results Chart

	PRODUCT_CATEGORY	TOTAL_QUANTITY_SOLD
1	Coffee	89250
2	Tea	69737
3	Bakery	23214
4	Drinking Chocolate	17457
5	Flavours	10511
6	Coffee beans	1828
7	Loose Tea	1210
8	Branded	776
9	Packaged Chocolate	487

3. Total Revenue

```
25  --total revenue
26  select sum(unit_price*transaction_qty) as total_sales
27  from bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales;
28
```

Results Chart

	TOTAL_SALES
1	698812.33

4. Total sales per Location

```

31  --total sales per locatio
32  select store_location,
33  sum(unit_price*transaction_qty) as total_sales
34  from bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
35  GROUP BY store_location;

```

Results Chart

	⌵ STORE_LOCATION	# TOTAL_SALES
1	Hell's Kitchen	236511.17
2	Lower Manhattan	230057.25
3	Astoria	232243.91

5.Date and Time buckets

```

38  --date & time buckets
39  select transaction_date,
40  transaction_time
41  FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales;
42
43  --day_bucket

```

Results Chart

	⌵ TRANSACTION_DATE	⌵ TRANSACTION_TIME
1	2023-01-01	07:06:11
2	2023-01-01	07:08:56
3	2023-01-01	07:14:04
4	2023-01-01	07:20:24
5	2023-01-01	07:22:41
6	2023-01-01	07:22:41
7	2023-01-01	07:25:49
8	2023-01-01	07:33:34
9	2023-01-01	07:39:13

6. Creating day buckets

```

43  --day bucket
44  SELECT
45      DATE_TRUNC('day', transaction_date) AS day_bucket,
46      sum(unit_price*transaction_qty) AS daily_sales
47  FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
48  GROUP BY day_bucket
49  ORDER BY day_bucket;
50

```

Results

Chart

	🕒 DAY_BUCKET	# DAILY_SALES
1	2023-01-01	2508.20
2	2023-01-02	2403.35
3	2023-01-03	2565.00
4	2023-01-04	2220.10
5	2023-01-05	2418.85
6	2023-01-06	2273.85
7	2023-01-07	2619.65
8	2023-01-08	2628.52

7. Weekly sales bucket

51--week bucket

52SELECT

53DATE_TRUNC('week', transaction_date) AS week_bucket,

54sum(unit_price*transaction_qty) AS weekly_sales

55FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales

56GROUP BY week_bucket

57ORDER BY week_bucket;

58

↶ Results

~ Chart

	🕒 WEEK_BUCKET	# WEEKLY_SALES
1	2022-12-26	2508.20
2	2023-01-02	17139.33
3	2023-01-09	19129.53
4	2023-01-16	19818.51
5	2023-01-23	18271.63
6	2023-01-30	17231.59
7	2023-02-06	18333.35
8	2023-02-13	19856.62
9	2023-02-20	20063.07
10	2023-02-27	20389.75

8. Monthly sales bucket

```

59  --monthly bucket
60  SELECT
61      DATE_TRUNC('month', transaction_date) AS month_bucket,
62      sum(unit_price*transaction_qty) AS monthly_sales
63  FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
64  GROUP BY month_bucket
65  ORDER BY month_bucket;

```

	🕒 MONTH_BUCKET	# MONTHLY_SALES
1	2023-01-01	81677.74
2	2023-02-01	76145.19
3	2023-03-01	98834.68
4	2023-04-01	118941.08
5	2023-05-01	156727.76
6	2023-06-01	166485.88

9.Extracting transaction time using CASE statement

```

77  SELECT DATE_TRUNC('hour', transaction_time) AS hour_bucket,
78  CASE
79      WHEN EXTRACT(HOUR FROM transaction_time) BETWEEN 6 AND 11 THEN 'Morning'
80      WHEN EXTRACT(HOUR FROM transaction_time) BETWEEN 12 AND 16 THEN 'Afternoon'
81      WHEN EXTRACT(HOUR FROM transaction_time) BETWEEN 17 AND 20 THEN 'Evening'
82      ELSE 'Night'
83  END AS time_of_day,
84  sum(unit_price * transaction_qty) AS hourly_sales
85  FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
86  GROUP BY hour_bucket, time_of_day
87  ORDER BY hourly_sales DESC;
88

```

	🕒 HOUR_BUCKET	🕒 TIME_OF_DAY	# HOURLY_SALES
9	13:00:00	Afternoon	40367.45
10	12:00:00	Afternoon	40192.79
11	17:00:00	Evening	40134.31
12	18:00:00	Evening	34286.20
13	19:00:00	Evening	28446.68
14	06:00:00	Morning	21900.27
15	20:00:00	Evening	2935.64

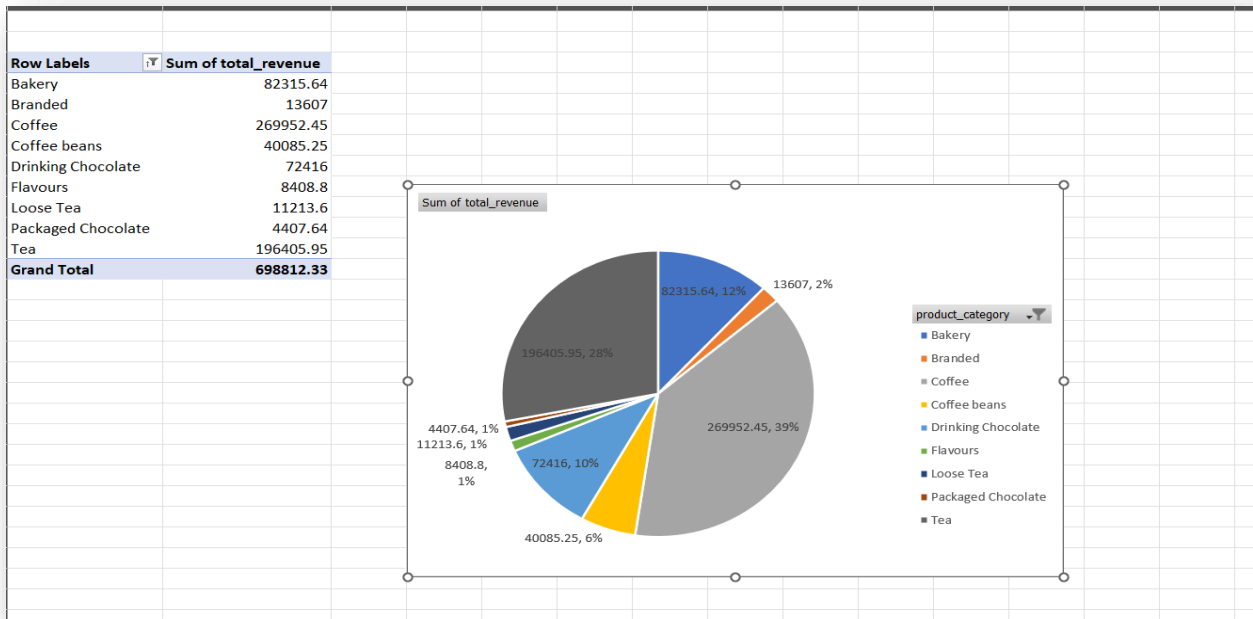
10.Most Selling products on peak hour

138	--most selling product on peak hour
139	SELECT
140	product_category,
141	EXTRACT(HOUR FROM transaction_time) AS peak_hour,
142	SUM(transaction_qty * unit_price) AS total_sale
143	FROM bright_coffee_shop.coffee_shop.coffee_shop_sales
144	WHERE EXTRACT(HOUR FROM transaction_time) = 10
145	GROUP BY product_category, peak_hour
146	ORDER BY total_sale DESC;

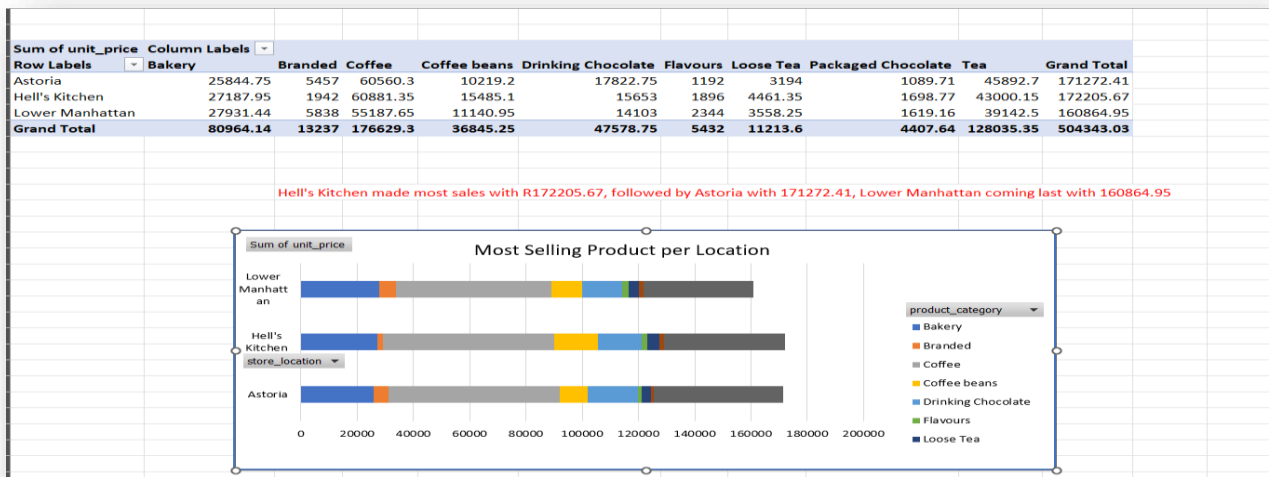
Results		Chart	
	PRODUCT_CATEGORY	PEAK_HOUR	TOTAL_SALE
1	Coffee	10	33297.10
2	Tea	10	23028.55
3	Bakery	10	10982.50
4	Drinking Chocolate	10	8070.50
5	Coffee beans	10	7608.70
6	Branded	10	1745.00
7	Loose Tea	10	1608.45
8	Flavours	10	1532.80

Excel pivot tables.

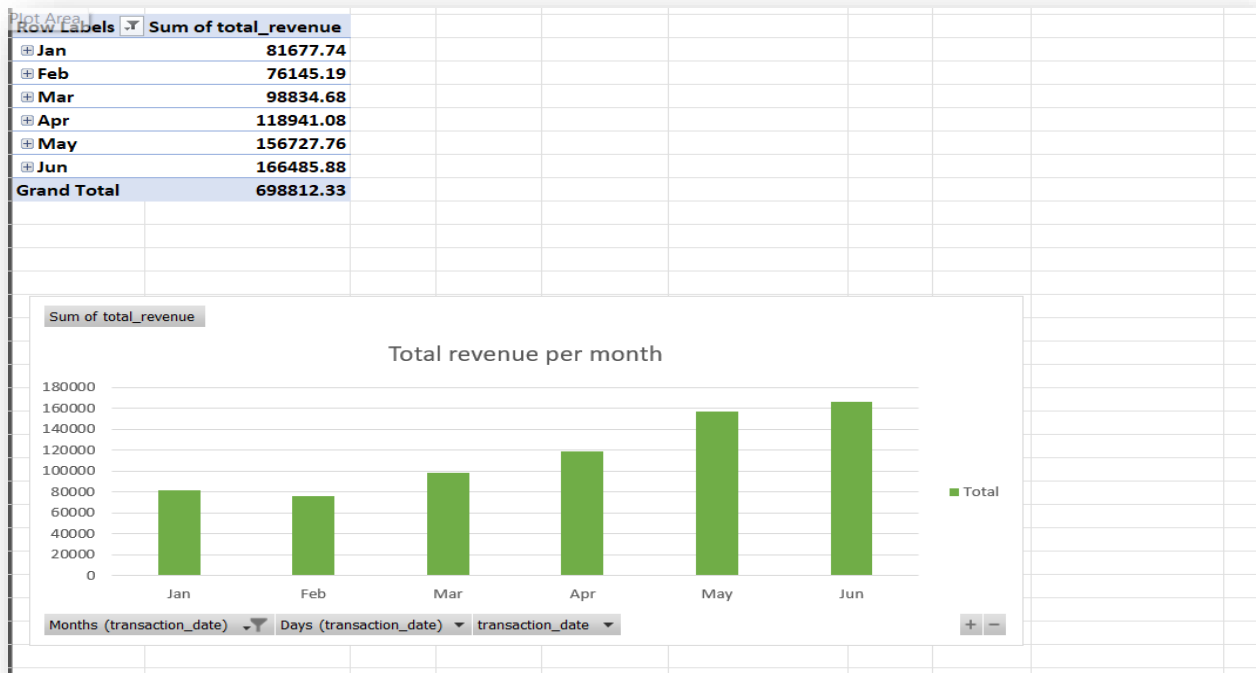
1.Sum of total revenue per category



2. Most selling product per category



3. Total Revenue per month



Dashboard using PowerBI.

