

Scrip-4.R

Usuario

2025-08-28

```
# Script 4  
# 28/08/5  
# Maria Ramirez
```

```
# Importar -----
```

```
calidad <- read.csv("calidad_plantulas.csv", header = T)
```

```
# Crear factor  
calidad$Tratamiento <- as.factor(calidad$Tratamiento)  
class(calidad$Tratamiento)
```

```
## [1] "factor"
```

```
summary(calidad)
```

```
##      planta      IE      Tratamiento  
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :0.5500   Ctrl:21  
## 1st Qu.:11.25   1st Qu.:0.7025   Fert:21  
## Median :21.50   Median :0.7950  
## Mean   :21.50   Mean   :0.8371  
## 3rd Qu.:31.75   3rd Qu.:0.9375  
## Max.   :42.00   Max.   :1.1600
```

```
# Media de Indice de esbeltez  
mean(calidad$IE)
```

```
## [1] 0.8371429
```

```
# Calculo de media, desviación estandar y variancia de IE Y T  
tapply(calidad$IE, calidad$Tratamiento, mean)
```

```
##      Ctrl      Fert  
## 0.7676190 0.9066667
```

```
tapply(calidad$IE, calidad$Tratamiento, sd)
```

```
##      Ctrl      Fert  
## 0.1153215 0.1799537
```

```
tapply(calidad$IE, calidad$Tratamiento, var)
```

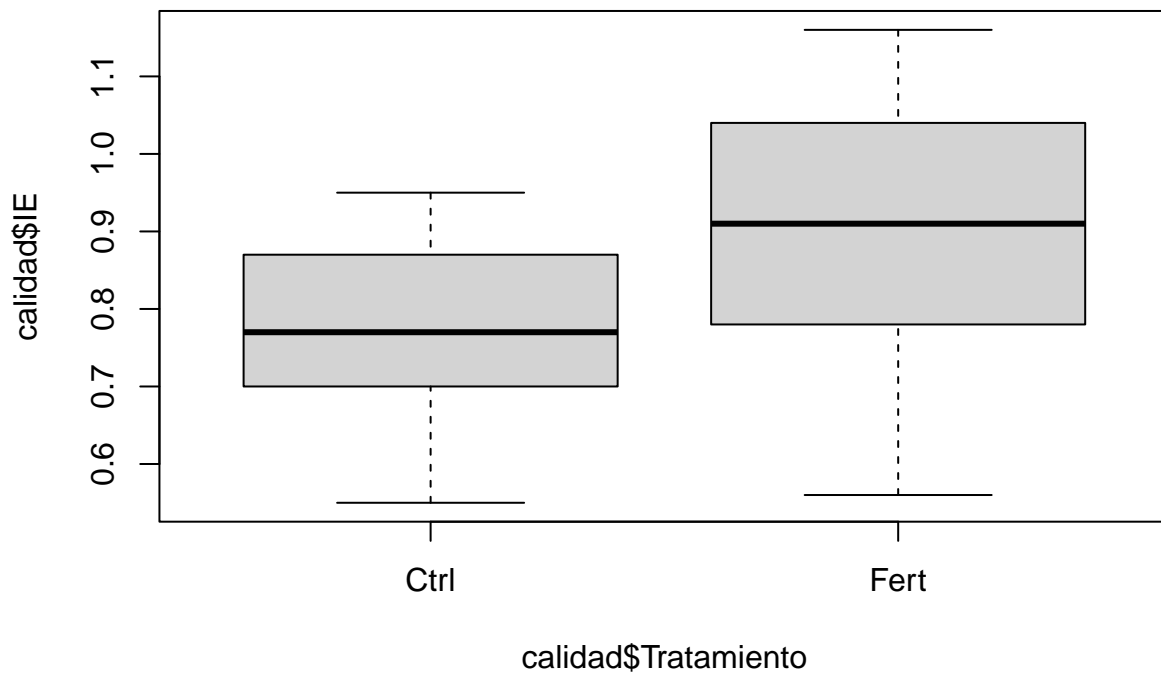
```
##          Ctrl          Fert  
## 0.01329905 0.03238333
```

```
# Craer objeto colores
```

```
colores <- c("navajowhite", "skyblue")
```

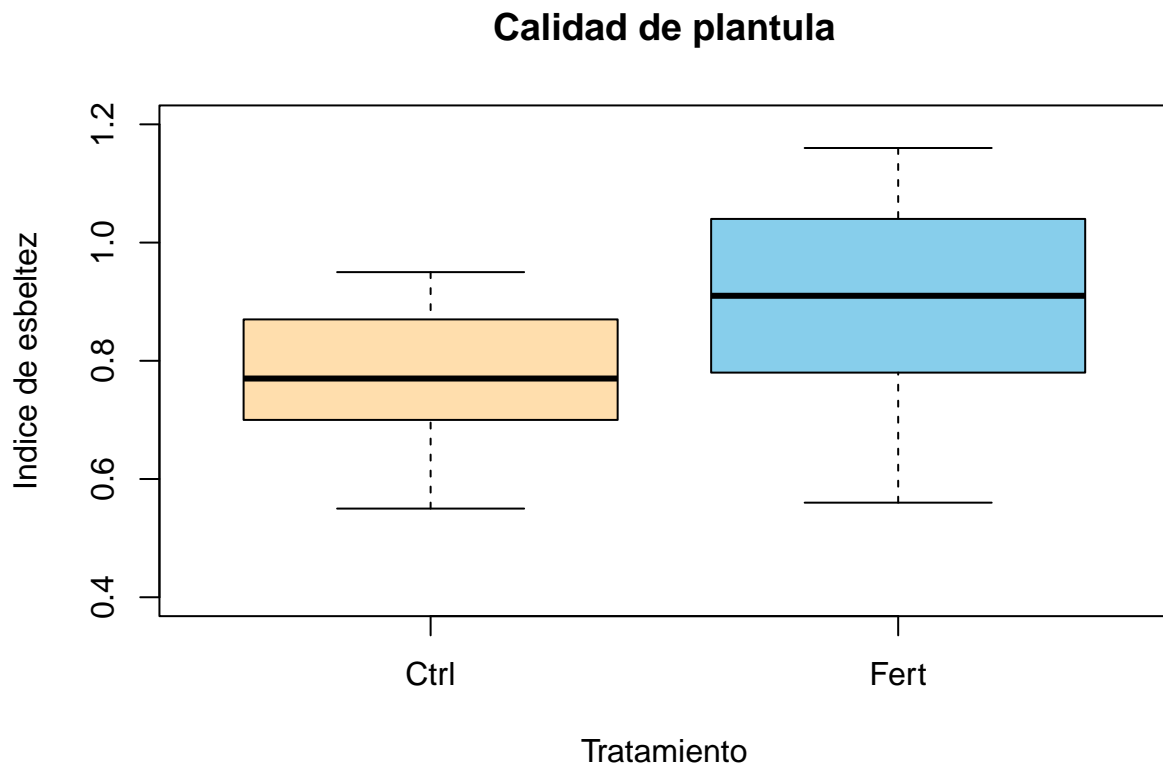
```
# Boxplot con datos de Indice de esbeltez y Tratamiento
```

```
boxplot(calidad$IE~ calidad$Tratamiento)
```



```
# Boxplot de Datos de Vivero (IE y T)
```

```
boxplot(calidad$IE~ calidad$Tratamiento, col = colores,  
        main = "Calidad de plantula", xlab = "Tratamiento",  
        ylab = "Indice de esbeltez", ylim = c(0.4,1.2))
```



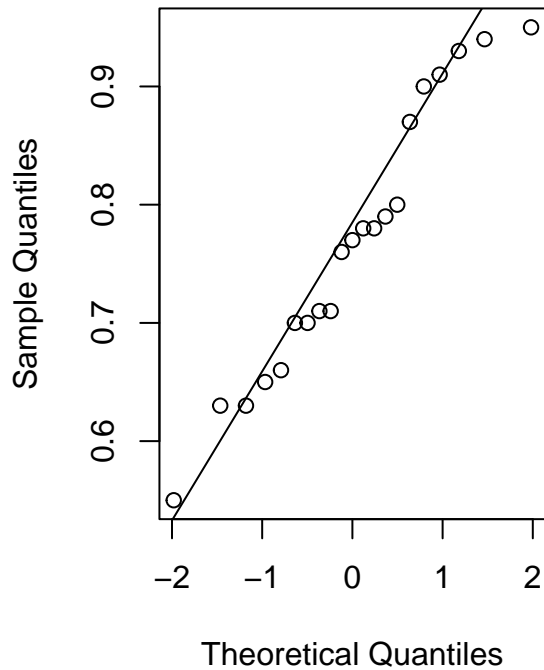
```
# Aplicar un subconjunto para cada tratamiento

df_ctrl <- subset(calidad$IE, calidad$Tratamiento == "Ctrl")
df_ctrl <- subset(calidad, Tratamiento == "Ctrl")
df_fer <- subset(calidad, Tratamiento != "Ctrl")

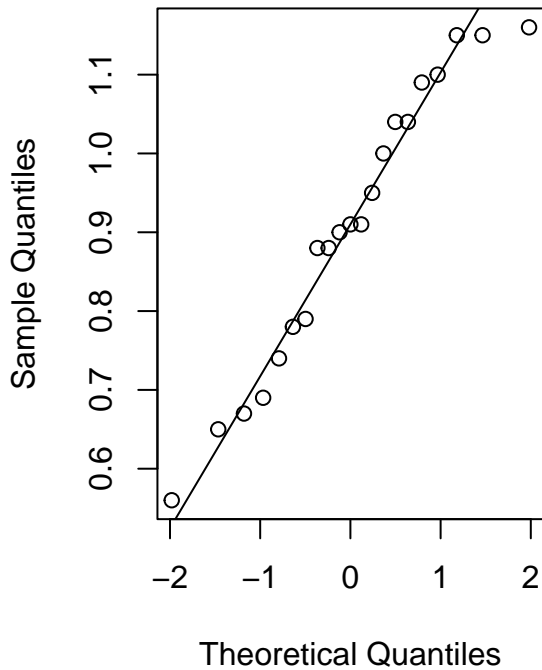
# Grafico de normalidad

par(mfrow=c(1,2)) # para ver graficos juntos
qqnorm(df_ctrl$IE); qqline(df_ctrl$IE)
qqnorm(df_fer$IE); qqline(df_fer$IE)
```

Normal Q-Q Plot



Normal Q-Q Plot



```
par(mfrow=c(1,1)) # Volver a ver solo una grafica
```

```
# Prueba de normalidad (Shapiro)
```

```
shapiro.test(df_ctrl$IE)
```

```
##
##  Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data:  df_ctrl$IE
## W = 0.9532, p-value = 0.3908
```

```
shapiro.test(df_fer$IE)
```

```
##
##  Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data:  df_fer$IE
## W = 0.95339, p-value = 0.3941
```

```
# Reavisar homogeneidad
```

```
var.test(calidad$IE ~ calidad$Tratamiento)
```

```
##
## F test to compare two variances
##
## data:  calidad$IE by calidad$Tratamiento
## F = 0.41068, num df = 20, denom df = 20, p-value = 0.05304
## alternative hypothesis: true ratio of variances is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.1666376 1.0121038
## sample estimates:
## ratio of variances
##      0.4106757
```

```
# Saber si la media que se esta comparando es 0, se elige la de dos colas
```

```
t.test(calidad$IE ~ calidad$Tratamiento, alternative = "two.sided",
       var.equal = T) # Prueba de dos colas (varianzas iguales)
```

```
##
## Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  calidad$IE by calidad$Tratamiento
## t = -2.9813, df = 40, p-value = 0.004868
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Ctrl and group Fert is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -0.23331192 -0.04478332
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Ctrl mean in group Fert
##      0.7676190      0.9066667
```

```
t.test(calidad$IE ~ calidad$Tratamiento, alternative = "two.sided",
       var.equal = F) # Prueba de Welch (varianzas diferentes)
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  calidad$IE by calidad$Tratamiento
## t = -2.9813, df = 34.056, p-value = 0.00527
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Ctrl and group Fert is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -0.23382707 -0.04426816
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Ctrl mean in group Fert
##      0.7676190      0.9066667
```

```
t.test(calidad$IE ~ calidad$Tratamiento, alternative = "greater",
       var.equal = T)
```

```
##
## Two Sample t-test
##
## data:  calidad$IE by calidad$Tratamiento
## t = -2.9813, df = 40, p-value = 0.9976
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Ctrl and group Fert is greater than 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.2175835      Inf
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Ctrl mean in group Fert
##      0.7676190      0.9066667
```

```
# Medir efecto
```

```
cohens_efecto <- function(x, y) {
  n1 <- length(x); n2 <- length(y)
  s1 <- sd(x);      s2 <- sd(y)
  sp <- sqrt(((n1 - 1) * s1^2 + (n2 - 1) * s2^2) / (n1 + n2 - 2))
  (mean(x) - mean(y)) / sp
}

d1_cal <- cohens_efecto(df_ctrl$IE, df_fer$IE)
d1_cal
```

```
## [1] -0.9200347
```

```
# Redondeo
```

```
round(d1_cal, 2)
```

```
## [1] -0.92
```