

ANIMAL AUXILIARIES Design Documentation

The following template provides the headings for your Design Documentation. As you edit each section make sure you remove these commentary 'blockquotes'; the lines that start with a > character and appear in the generated PDF in italics.

Team Information

- Team name: 2231-swen-261-05-2b-animal-auxiliaries
- Team members
 - Chase Balmer
 - Sarah Payne
 - Marisa Ortiz
 - Tyler Combs
 - Tszfai Choy

Executive Summary

This project is a U-Fund website that is to be used by a local animal shelter/humane society. This website provides tools for a welcoming and supportive community with the purpose of helping homeless animals. Managers run the needs page, indicating the current needs of the organization. This may include funding equipment purchases, purchasing food, etc. Helpers may view these needs and contribute through funding. We hope that our product will enable members of our community to help these innocent animals and provide them with the things they need, or even a home. The websites backend is built in Java-Spring, the frontend with Angular.

Purpose

[Sprint 2 & 4] *Provide a very brief statement about the project and the most important user group and user goals.*

The Animal Auxiliaries U-Fund website exists to allow an animal shelter to virtually fundraise for their non-profit by making the process of donating to the animal shelter simple and easy.

Glossary and Acronyms

[Sprint 2 & 4] *Provide a table of terms and acronyms.*

Term	Definition
Need	A single item or action that the non-profit needs to be funded. Needs are created by <i>Managers</i> and funded by <i>Helpers</i> .
Cupboard	Virtual storage for the many needs of the non-profit. The cupboard is edited by <i>Managers</i> and viewed by <i>Helpers</i> .
Funding Basket	Virtual shopping basket. Each <i>Helper</i> has a personal Funding Basket, they can add and remove <i>Needs</i> from their Funding Basket as well as Check-out or buy those <i>Needs</i> .

Term	Definition
Manager	A website User that represents a person who is responsible for the needs of a non-profit. The Manager has the ability to edit the <i>Cupboard</i> .
Helper	A website User that represents a person who is donating to the non-profit. The Helper has the ability to search the <i>Cupboard</i> and fund Needs.

Requirements

Webpage displaying and enabling all of the following things:

Authentication for Helper/U-fund Manager login & logout will enable necessary privledges for a user.

Helpers have the following abilities: Helper can see list of needs Helper can search for a need Helper can add/remove an need to their funding basket Helper can proceed to check-out and fund all needs they are supporting

Managers have the following abilities: Manager(s) can add, remove and edit the data of all their needs stored in their needs cupboard U-fund Manager cannot see contents of funding basket(s)

Data Persistence The system saves all information to files so that changes are reflected for all users.

Your 10% additional feature enchantment(s) Adoption Site Community Board

In this section you do not need to be exhaustive and list every story. Focus on top-level features from the Vision document and maybe Epics and critical Stories.

Definition of MVP

[Sprint 2 & 4] Provide a simple description of the Minimum Viable Product.

- **Minimal Authentication** --> Minimal Authentication allows any user to login to the website without creating an account. Any user attempting to login with the **admin** username will be logged in as a *Manager*. Any user attempting to login with any other username will be logged in as a *Helper*.
- **Helper Functionality** --> Minimal Helper Functionality allows the *Helper* to **search** for a *need*. As well as **Add** and **Remove** Needs from their *Funding Basket*.
- **U-fund Manager Functionality** --> Minimal Manager Functionality allows a *Manager* to **add**, **remove**, and **edit** the *needs* in the *cupboard*. And prevent the *Manager* from viewing the *funding baskets*.

MVP Features

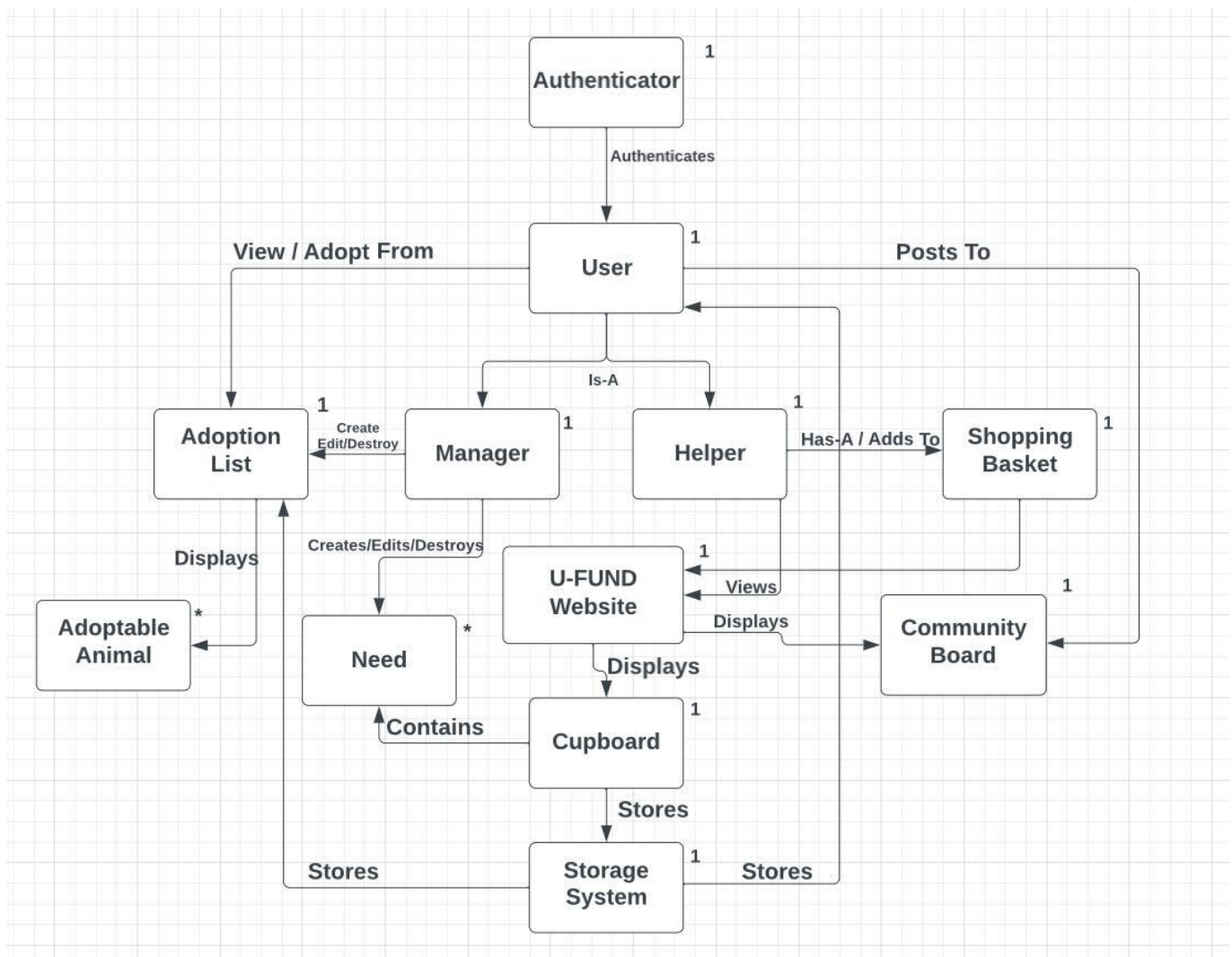
[Sprint 4] Provide a list of top-level Epics and/or Stories of the MVP.

Enhancements

[Sprint 4] Describe what enhancements you have implemented for the project.

Application Domain

This section describes the application domain.



[Sprint 2 & 4] Provide a high-level overview of the domain for this application. You can discuss the more important domain entities and their relationship to each other.

Architecture and Design

This section describes the application architecture.

Summary

The following Tiers/Layers model shows a high-level view of the webapp's architecture. **NOTE:** detailed diagrams are required in later sections of this document.

The Tiers & Layers of the Architecture

The web application, is built using the Model–View–ViewModel (MVVM) architecture pattern.

The Model stores the application data objects including any functionality to provide persistence.

The View is the client-side SPA built with Angular utilizing HTML, CSS and TypeScript. The ViewModel provides RESTful APIs to the client (View) as well as any logic required to manipulate the data objects from the Model.

Both the ViewModel and Model are built using Java and Spring Framework. Details of the components within these tiers are supplied below.

Overview of User Interface

This section describes the web interface flow; this is how the user views and interacts with the web application.

Provide a summary of the application's user interface. Describe, from the user's perspective, the flow of the pages in the web application.

The application opens on a login page 'http://localhost:4200/login', logging in as an admin will take the user to the manager page 'http://localhost:4200/manager'; logging in as a helper takes you to the helper page 'http://localhost:4200/helper'

TO DO update this line after bug fixes

Once on the manager page the user sees a 'logout' button at the top of the page was a create need textbox and a list of needs in the cupboard underneath the logout button and a heading 'My Needs'. A manager can create a need by entering a name into the 'Need name: ' labeled text box and clicking the 'Add need' button, this adds the need to the list of all needs underneath. The list of needs displays the need names which link to a 'Need detail' page as well as an 'x' button which will delete the need from the cupboard. The 'Need detail' page displays the name, description, type, price, quantity, and quantity funded properties of the need in editable text boxes. The manager can update the values of the need properties by editing the boxes and clicking the 'save' button, or discard their changes by clicking the 'go back' button.

Once on the helper page the user sees a 'logout' button above a search box with all of the cupboard needs listed below displaying yhe need name, description, price, and quantity propoerties as well as a '+' button that when clicked will add the need to the helper's funding-basket. Below the list of all needs in the cupboard is a list of all needs inside of the helpers funding-basket where the needs are displayed in the same way as they are in the cupboard except with a '-' button which will remove the need from the helper's funding-basket.

View Tier

[Sprint 4] *Provide a summary of the View Tier UI of your architecture. Describe the types of components in the tier and describe their responsibilities. This should be a narrative description, i.e. it has a flow or "story line" that the reader can follow.*

[Sprint 4] *You must provide at least **2 sequence diagrams** as is relevant to a particular aspects of the design that you are describing. (**For example**, in a shopping experience application you might create a sequence diagram of a customer searching for an item and adding to their cart.) As these can span multiple tiers, be sure to include an relevant HTTP requests from the client-side to the server-side to help illustrate the end-to-end flow.*

[Sprint 4] *To adequately show your system, you will need to present the **class diagrams** where relevant in your design. Some additional tips:*

- Class diagrams only apply to the **ViewModel** and **Model** Tier
- A single class diagram of the entire system will not be effective. You may start with one, but will be need to break it down into smaller sections to account for requirements of each of the Tier static models below.

- Correct labeling of relationships with proper notation for the relationship type, multiplicities, and navigation information will be important.
- Include other details such as attributes and method signatures that you think are needed to support the level of detail in your discussion.

ViewModel Tier

[Sprint 4] Provide a summary of this tier of your architecture. This section will follow the same instructions that are given for the View Tier above.

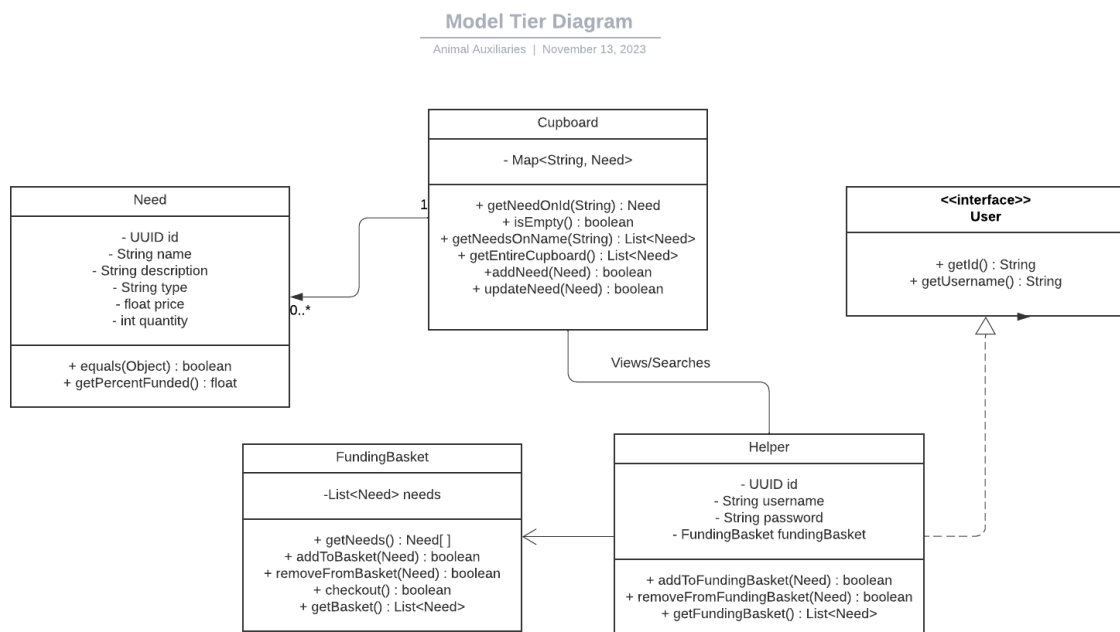
At appropriate places as part of this narrative provide **one** or more updated and **properly labeled** static models (UML class diagrams) with some details such as critical attributes and methods.

 Replace with your ViewModel Tier class diagram 1, etc.

Model Tier

[Sprint 2, 3 & 4] Provide a summary of this tier of your architecture. This section will follow the same instructions that are given for the View Tier above.

At appropriate places as part of this narrative provide **one** or more updated and **properly labeled** static models (UML class diagrams) with some details such as critical attributes and methods.



[Sprint 2, 3 & 4] Will eventually address upto **4 key OO Principles** in your final design. Follow guidance in augmenting those completed in previous Sprints as indicated to you by instructor. Be sure to include any diagrams (or clearly refer to ones elsewhere in your Tier sections above) to support your claims.

Sprint 1 Champion Principles

Single Responsibility

- During Sprint 1 our team focused on keeping our classes single responsibility. This means keeping classes as small as possible and ensuring that every class or object we create should only do one thing.
- Our cupboardController is a good implementation of a single responsibility class; its only job is manipulating the needs in the cupboard. It does not hold the logic for doing these things, its only responsibility is to call the correct methods to make the manipulations happen.

Controllers

- During Sprint 1 our team focused on the controllers design principle. Controllers handle user input/actions and interact with the models and views. They facilitate communication between the user interface and the underlying system components.
- The controller principle is applied in our design by separating the user interface from the business logic of the application.
- Our cupboardController is a good example of a controller class in our code; it handles adding/removing/editing needs in the cupboard

Sprint 2 OO Design Principles

Information Expert

- During Sprint 2, our team focused on making our Need and Cupboard classes 'information experts'. These classes have methods that can be called to find the states of their many properties.
- The Cupboard class has many methods that support searching functionality, so that our cupboardController class can call cupboard methods with search terms and only receive back needs that fit the search, rather than requesting the full cupboard and having to search through it itself every time.
- The Need class has many methods that describe the standing of the need in terms of quantity available and quantity funded. While they were not used during this sprint as we haven't yet completed our checkout basket functionality, these methods will be useful by allowing the Need object itself to state if it is available to be checked out rather than another class having to deal with the logic of deciding it.

Open/Closed

- During Sprint 2 our team focused on making our Users Open/Closed, meaning that they are 'open for extension, but closed for modification'.
- Our team wrote a User interface to be used when creating types of Users for our website. While at the moment our team has only implemented the User interface in the creation of the Helper class, in future sprints we see the possibility of including different types of users that will have different abilities and the User interface will be an ideal place to start in creating those new Users.

[Sprint 3 & 4] OO Design Principles should span across **all tiers**.

Static Code Analysis/Future Design Improvements

[Sprint 4] With the results from the Static Code Analysis exercise, **Identify 3-4** areas within your code that have been flagged by the Static Code Analysis Tool (SonarQube) and provide your analysis and recommendations.

Include any relevant screenshot(s) with each area.

[Sprint 4] Discuss **future** refactoring and other design improvements your team would explore if the team had additional time.

Testing

This section will provide information about the testing performed and the results of the testing.

Acceptance Testing

[Sprint 2 & 4] Report on the number of user stories that have passed all their acceptance criteria tests, the number that have some acceptance criteria tests failing, and the number of user stories that have not had any testing yet. Highlight the issues found during acceptance testing and if there are any concerns.

User Story	Acceptance Criterion	Sprint 2
As a helper I want to see a list of needs so that I choose what to contribute to.	Given that I am on the u-fund site when I am not on the Needs page then I must see a means to navigate to the Needs page.	Pass
	Given that I am not on the Needs page when I choose the Needs page then I am taken to the Needs page.	Pass
	Given that I am on the Needs page when there are no needs in the cupboard I see a message indicating that that there are no needs available to contribute.	Pass
	Given that I am on the Needs page when there are needs in the cupboard then I see each need and short description.	Pass
	Given that I am on the Needs page when there are needs in the cupboard then I see a means to add each need to my funding basket .	Pass
As a user I want to view all of the needs so that I can see what the organization needs.	Given I submit a request to the webpage when I view an organizations cupboard then I view all needs for a given organization	Pass
As a helper I want a shopping basket that holds needs so that I can store the things I will fund.	Given a user is a helper when they view needs then I expect them to have a basket to store things.	Pass
	Given that I am a helper on the cupboard page, then I must see a means to navigate to my basket	Pass
	Given that I am not in my basket, when I choose my basket then I am taken to my basket.	Pass
	Given that I am in my basket I expect to be able to view the needs that I have previously added to the basket	Pass
	Given that I am in my basket I expect to be able to remove needs from my basket	Pass
As a Helper I want to save Needs to my Basket so that I can later fund them	Given that I am a helper on the needs page, when I view a need then I expect to be able to add that need to my basket from the needs page.	Pass
	Given that I have added a need to my basket I expect it to remain in my basket until I remove it	Pass

	As a Helper I want to remove a need from my basket so someone else can fund it	Given that I am a helper viewing my basket then I expect to see a means of removing needs from my basket	Pass
		Given that I have requested to remove a need from my basket I expect it to no longer appear listed in my basket	Pass
		Given that I have removed a need from my basket I expect it to remain removed from my basket after I leave and return to the site.	Pass
	As a user I want to be able to login to the site so that I can save and view my previous actions	Given a user opens the site, they expect to view a prompt to enter login credentials.	Pass
		Given a user enters Manager login credentials, they expect to be taken to the u-fund manager home page.	Pass
		Given a user enters Helper login credentials, they expect to be taken to the u-fund helper home page.	Pass
		Given a user has been authenticated and taken to their respective homepage, they expect their associated data to be saved from their last interaction with the site.	Pass
	As a manager I want to be able to manage the contents of my organizations cupboard.	Given a Manager is viewing their u-fund home screen, they should see a means of navigating to their cupboard.	Pass
		Given a Manager chooses their cupboard, they expect to be taken to their cupboard.	Pass
		Given a Manager is viewing their cupboard, they should see a means of searching through their needs.	Fail
		Given a Manager is viewing their cupboard, they should see a means of selecting a need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has selected a need, they should see a means of editing the selected need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has edited a selected need, they expect the edited version of the need to appear in their cupboard.	Pass
		Given a Manager has edited a need, they expect that need to be removed from any Helper baskets that it was previously in.	Fail
		Given a Manager has selected a need, they should see a means of deleting the selected need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has requested to delete a need, they expect to be prompted with a confirmation that they want to permanently delete the need.	Fail
		Given a Manager confirms they want to delete a need, they expect that need to no longer be shown in their cupboard.	Pass
		Given a Manager confirms they want to delete a need, they expect that need to no longer be shown in any Helper baskets it was previously in.	Pass
		Given a Manager has selected a need, they expect to see a means of retiring the need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has requested to retire a need, they expect to still see the need listed in their cupboard with some indication that it has been retired.	Pass
		Given a Manager has selected a need that is retired, they expect to see a means of unretiring that need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has requested to unretire a need they expect to be able to view it in their cupboard with no indication that it is retired.	Pass
		Given a Manager has requested to unretire a need, they expect it to be visible in their cupboard to Helpers.	Pass
		Given a Manager is viewing their cupboard, they expect to see a means of creating a new need.	Pass
		Given a Manager has requested to create a new need, they expect to view a prompt where they can describe their new need.	Pass

	Given a Manager is viewing the request to create a need they expect to see a means of submitting the new need.	Pass
	Given a Manager submits a complete request to create a new need, they expect the new need to be shown in their cupboard.	Pass
	Given a Manager submits an incomplete request to create a new need, they expect to see a message saying their need could not be created.	Pass
As a Helper I want to fund needs so that I can help that organization	Given a user is logged in as a helper, they should see a means of viewing the cupboard.	Pass
	Given a user is logged in as a helper, they should see a means of viewing the cupboard.	Pass
	Given a helper is attempting to search the cupboard, they should see a means of searching by name, type, or price.	Pass
	Given a helper has submitted a search request, they expect to see a list of Needs from the cupboard that match their search.	Pass

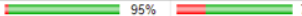

Unit Testing and Code Coverage

[Sprint 4] Discuss your unit testing strategy. Report on the code coverage achieved from unit testing of the code base. Discuss the team's coverage targets, why you selected those values, and how well your code coverage met your targets.

[Sprint 2 & 4] Include images of your code coverage report. If there are any anomalies, discuss those.

Controller Tier

com.ufund.api.ufundapi.controller


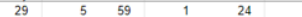


Element	Missed Instructions	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
CupboardController		95%		75%	4	16	1	27	0	8	0	1
Total	6 of 148	95%	4 of 16	75%	4	16	1	27	0	8	0	1

Analysis

Our controller tier is well-tested, though it might potentially benefit from a more thorough set of tests given that our tests overlooked 25% of the branching possibilities.

Model Tier

com.ufund.api.ufundapi.model



Element	Missed Instructions	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
Need		69%		50%	4	29	5	59	1	24	0	1
Cupboard		91%		75%	6	19	3	31	1	9	0	1
Total	78 of 355	78%	10 of 30	66%	10	48	8	90	2	33	0	2

Analysis

Our model tier could benefit from a more through set of tests, our team missed a significant amount of code in the Need class. Although it is important to note that a good number of the missed test cases were simple cases such as missing tests of the toString functions.

Persistence Tier

com.ufund.api.ufundapi.persistence

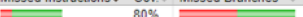
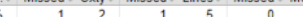
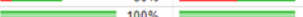

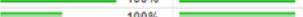



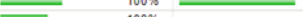
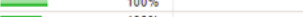


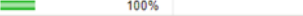
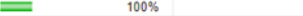
Element	Missed Instructions	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods	Missed	Classes
NeedFileDAO		97%		87%	1	14	1	36	0	10	0	1
Total	4 of 177	97%	1 of 8	87%	1	14	1	36	0	10	0	1

Analysis

The persistence tier was our most well-tested tier. Our team is happy with our test coverage of the persistence tier.

Well-tested Component

NeedFileDAO

















































Element	Missed Instructions	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods
createNeed(Need)		80%		50%	1	2	1	5	0	1
load()		100%		100%	0	2	0	5	0	1
updateNeed(Need)		100%		100%	0	2	0	5	0	1
deleteNeed(String)		100%		100%	0	2	0	5	0	1
findNeeds(String)		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
save()		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	3	0	1
NeedFileDAO(String, ObjectMapper)		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	5	0	1
getNeed(String)		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
getNeeds()		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
getNeedsArray()		100%	n/a	n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
Total	4 of 177	97%	1 of 8	87%	1	14	1	36	0	10

Analysis

The NeedFileDao was chosen as our example of a well-tested component, we reached a higher percentage of code coverage than we had in any other component. But we should still address the missing branch coverage of the createNeed method.

Poorly tested Component

Need

Element	Missed Instructions	Cov.	Missed Branches	Cov.	Missed	Cxty	Missed	Lines	Missed	Methods
• toString()		0%		n/a	1	1	1	1	1	1
• equals(Object)		21%		16%	3	4	4	6	0	1
• Need(String,String,String,float,int)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	10	0	1
• Need()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	10	0	1
• getPercentFunded()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getAllInBasket()		100%		100%	0	2	0	3	0	1
• getAllFunded()		100%		100%	0	2	0	3	0	1
• setPrice(float)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• static {...}		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• setId(String)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setName(String)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setDescription(String)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setType(String)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setQuantity(int)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setNumInBaskets(int)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• setQuantityFunded(int)		100%		n/a	0	1	0	2	0	1
• getId()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getName()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getDescription()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getType()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getPrice()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getQuantity()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getNumInBaskets()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
• getQuantityFunded()		100%		n/a	0	1	0	1	0	1
Total	67 of 219	69%	5 of 10	50%	4	29	5	59	1	24

Analysis

The Need class was chosen as our team's poorly tested class as we almost completely missed covering the equals method. Our team needs to return to these tests and ensure that our equals function is thoroughly tested.