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第十次作业.

第4章.

$$5. \begin{cases} \int_0^1 f(x) dx = 1 \\ \int_0^1 x f(x) dx = 0.5 \\ \int_0^1 x^2 f(x) dx = 0.4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 12 \\ b = -12 \\ c = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$16. (1). E \operatorname{sgn}(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \operatorname{sgn}(x) f(x) dx = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [I(x > 0) - I(x \leq 0)] \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot I(-2 \leq x \leq 1) dx = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$E \operatorname{sgn}(X)^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \operatorname{sgn}(x)^2 \cdot f(x) dx = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{Var}(\operatorname{sgn}(X)) = E \operatorname{sgn}(X)^2 - (E \operatorname{sgn}(X))^2 = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$(2) E[\operatorname{sgn}(X) \cdot X] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x \operatorname{sgn}(x) \cdot f(x) dx = \int_0^{+\infty} x f(x) dx - \int_{-\infty}^0 x f(x) dx = 2 \int_0^{+\infty} x f(x) dx = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}$$

$$20. (1). X_2 | X_1 = k \sim B(m-k, \frac{p_2}{1-p_1}) \Rightarrow E(X_2 | X_1 = k) = \frac{(m-k)p_2}{1-p_1}, \operatorname{Var}(X_2 | X_1 = k) = \frac{(m-k)p_2(1-p_1-p_2)}{(1-p_1)^2}$$

$$(2). X_i \sim B(m, p_i), E(X_1 + X_2) = m(p_1 + p_2)$$

$$X_1 + \dots + X_k \sim B(m, \sum_{i=1}^k p_i), \operatorname{Var}(X_1 + \dots + X_k) = m \sum_{i=1}^k p_i (1 - \sum_{i=1}^k p_i)$$

$$22. (1). f(y) = \sum_{z=0}^2 f(y|X=z) P(X=z) = \frac{1}{3} (N(0,1) + N(1,1) + N(2,1)) \quad (\text{不规范}), EY = 1$$

$$(2). F_{X+Y}(z) = P(X+Y \leq z) = \sum_{i=0}^2 P(Y \leq z-i | X=i) \cdot P(X=i) = \frac{1}{3} (F(z) + F(z-1) + F(z-2))$$

$$(3). \operatorname{Cov}(X, Y) = EXY - EXEY = E[XE(Y|X)] - 1 = EX^2 - 1 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$29. (1). P(Y \leq z) = P(\min\{X_1, X_2\} \leq z) = 1 - (1 - F_{X_1}(z))(1 - F_{X_2}(z))$$

$$f(z) = f_{X_1}(z) + f_{X_2}(z) - f_{X_1}(z)F_{X_2}(z) - f_{X_2}(z)F_{X_1}(z) = \frac{2}{3}e^{-\frac{3}{2}z}, EY = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(Z \leq z) = P(\max\{X_1, X_2\} \leq z) = F_{X_1}(z) \cdot F_{X_2}(z), f_Z(z) = e^{-z} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-\frac{1}{2}z} - \frac{3}{2}e^{-\frac{3}{2}z}, EZ = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$(2). \operatorname{Var}(Y) = \frac{4}{9}, \operatorname{Var}(Z) = EZ^2 - (EZ)^2 = \frac{82}{9} - (\frac{7}{3})^2 = \frac{11}{3}$$

$$34. (1). f(x, y) = \frac{1}{2}, EXY = \iint xy \cdot \frac{1}{2} dx dy = 0 \Rightarrow \operatorname{Cov}(X, Y) = 0$$

$$(2). f(x) = \int_{|y| \leq 1-|x|} f(x, y) dy = \begin{cases} 1-x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 1+x, & -1 \leq x < 0 \end{cases}, f(y) \text{ 同理, 不独立.}$$

$$40. (1). EN(T) = E[E(N(T)|T)] = E(\lambda T) = a\lambda, E(TN(T)) = E[E(TN(T)|T)] = E(\lambda \cdot T^2) = \lambda(b + a^2)$$

$$\operatorname{Cov}(T, N(T)) = E(T \cdot N(T)) - ET \cdot EN(T) = \lambda b$$

$$(2). \operatorname{Var}(N(T)) = EN(T)^2 - (EN(T))^2$$

$$EN(T)^2 = E[E(N(T)^2|T)] = E(\lambda T + (\lambda T)^2) = a\lambda + (b + a^2)\lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow \operatorname{Var}(N(T)) = a\lambda + b\lambda^2$$