# 2020 期末考

### 单选题

**CAACB** 

**CBDBC** 

**ADAAB** 

**CDCAC** 

**DBCBB** 

## 多选题

AD

**BCD** 

ABE

**ABCE** 

**ACDE** 

CDE

#### 填空

10. s

```
1. n % 100 / 10 或 n / 10 % 10
2. s[j] = s[i]
3. j++
4. abclo
5. abc
6. a[i] == x
7. i
8. -1
9. (double)t / (2 * i + 1)
```

#### 阅读程序

- 1. 10
- 2. 13
- 3. bbbccc
- 4. acekills
- 5. k=14

#### 编程应用

1

```
int fact(int n) {
    int product = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        product *= i;
    return product;
}

int *coef(int n) {
    if (n < 0)
        return NULL;
    int *result = (int *)malloc(sizeof (int) * (n + 1));
    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
        result[i] = fact(n) / (fact(i) * fact(n - i));
    return result;
}</pre>
```

2

```
int readdata(char *fname, int d[]) {
   FILE *fp = fopen(fname, "w");
   if (fp == NULL)
       return 0;
   int n = 0;
   for (; n < 100 && fscanf(fp, "%d", d + n) == 1; n++);
   fclose(fp);</pre>
```

```
return n;
}
int median(int d[], int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n - 1 - i; j++) {
            if (d[j] > d[j + 1]) {
                int tmp = d[j];
                 d[j] = d[j + 1];
                 d[j + 1] = tmp;
            }
        }
    }
    return n % 2 ? d[n / 2] : (d[n / 2 - 1] + d[n / 2]) / 2;
}
```

3

```
while (slen = strlen(str)) {
    struct dict *new node = malloc(sizeof(struct dict));
   new node->entry = malloc(sizeof (char) * (slen + 1));
   new_node->next = NULL;
    strcpy(new_node->entry, str);
    head = sortdict(head, new node);
    gets(str);
}
struct dict *sortdict(struct dict *head, struct dict *ps) {
    struct dict *previous = NULL;
    struct dict *current = head;
    for (; current != NULL && strcmp(current->entry, ps->entry) < 0;)
{
        previous = current;
        current = current->next;
    }
    if (previous == NULL)
        return ps;
    ps->next = current;
    previous->next = ps;
```

```
return head;
}

void printdict(struct dict *head) {
    for (; head != NULL; head = head->next) {
        printf("%s\n", head->entry);
    }
    /* 严格来讲,这里还要释放整个链表的内存,因为 printdict 函数是最后调用的函数
    for (; head != NULL;) {
        struct dict *tmp = head;
        head = head->next;
        free(tmp);
    }
    */
}
```