

Ejercicios SQL Bootcamp Data Engineer - EDVAI

Consignas:

- A) Escribir las queries/consultas necesarias para llegar al resultado (print), usando Windows functions.
- B) Las consultas deben ser subidas a un proyecto público de github y compartir el link al instructor.

Nota: el proyecto de github debe tener al menos dos commits (puede ser uno por el punto B y otro subir un archivo .sql con las consultas) y deberá ser compartido con el instructor.

AVG

1. Obtener el promedio de precios por cada categoría de producto. La cláusula OVER(PARTITION BY CategoryID) especifica que se debe calcular el promedio de precios por cada valor único de CategoryID en la tabla.

```
--#1
select c.category_name , p.product_name , p.unit_price ,
avg(p.unit_price )over (partition By c.category_id) as avgpricebycategory
from products p left join categories c
on p.category_id = c.category_id
order by c.category_name asc
```

Print:

category_name	product_name	unit_price	avgpricebycategory
Beverages	Guaraná Fantástica	4.5	37.9791666667
Beverages	Ipoh Coffee	46	37.9791666667
Beverages	Chartreuse verte	18	37.9791666667
Beverages	Côte de Blaye	263.5	37.9791666667
Beverages	Steeleye Stout	18	37.9791666667
Beverages	Sasquatch Ale	14	37.9791666667
Beverages	Lakkalikööri	18	37.9791666667
Beverages	Rhönbräu Klosterbier	7.75	37.9791666667
Beverages	Outback Lager	15	37.9791666667
Beverages	Chai	18	37.9791666667
Beverages	Laughing Lumberjack Lager	14	37.9791666667
Beverages	Chang	19	37.9791666667
Condiments	Gula Malacca	19.450000763	22.8541668256
Condiments	Original Frankfurter grüne Soße	13	22.8541668256

2. Obtener el promedio de venta de cada cliente

```
--#2
select avg(od.unit_price * od.quantity) over (partition by o.customer_id) as
avgorderamount , *
from orders o left join order_details od
on o.order_id = od.order_id
```

Print:

	avgorderamount	order_id	customer_id	employee_id	order_date	required_date	shipped
1	383.0166670481	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24	19
2	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
3	383.0166670481	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27	19
4	383.0166670481	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07	19
5	383.0166670481	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07	19
6	383.0166670481	10,692	ALFKI	4	1997-10-03	1997-10-31	19
7	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
8	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
9	383.0166670481	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12	19
10	383.0166670481	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27	19
11	383.0166670481	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24	19
12	383.0166670481	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12	19
13	140.2949990273	10,308	ANATR	7	1996-09-18	1996-10-16	19

3. Obtener el promedio de cantidad de productos vendidos por categoría (product_name, quantity_per_unit, unit_price, quantity, avgquantity) y ordenarlo por nombre de la categoría y nombre del producto

```
--#3
select p.product_name , c.category_name , p.quantity_per_unit , od.unit_price
, od.quantity,
avg(od.quantity) over (partition by c.category_name) as avgquantity
from products p
left join categories c on p.category_id = c.category_id
left join order_details od on p.product_id = od.product_id
order by c.category_name, p.product_name asc
```

Print:

	avgorderamount	order_id	customer_id	employee_id	order_date	required_date	shipped
1	383.0166670481	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24	19
2	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
3	383.0166670481	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27	19
4	383.0166670481	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07	19
5	383.0166670481	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07	19
6	383.0166670481	10,692	ALFKI	4	1997-10-03	1997-10-31	19
7	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
8	383.0166670481	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22	19
9	383.0166670481	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12	19
10	383.0166670481	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27	19
11	383.0166670481	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24	19
12	383.0166670481	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12	19
13	140.2949990273	10,308	ANATR	7	1996-09-18	1996-10-16	19

MIN

4. Selecciona el ID del cliente, la fecha de la orden y la fecha más antigua de la orden para cada cliente de la tabla 'Orders'.

```
--#4
select customer_id , order_date ,
min(order_date) over (partition by customer_id ) as earliestorderdate
from orders o
```

RBC customer_id ▼	🕒 order_date ▼	🕒 earliestorderdate ▼
🔗 ALFKI	1998-01-15	1997-08-25
🔗 ALFKI	1997-10-03	1997-08-25
🔗 ALFKI	1998-04-09	1997-08-25
🔗 ALFKI	1997-10-13	1997-08-25
🔗 ALFKI	1997-08-25	1997-08-25
🔗 ALFKI	1998-03-16	1997-08-25
🔗 ANATR	1997-08-08	1996-09-18
🔗 ANATR	1998-03-04	1996-09-18
🔗 ANATR	1996-09-18	1996-09-18
🔗 ANATR	1997-11-28	1996-09-18
🔗 ANTON	1997-09-22	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1997-05-13	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1998-01-28	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1997-09-25	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1997-04-15	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1997-06-19	1996-11-27
🔗 ANTON	1996-11-27	1996-11-27

MAX

5. Seleccione el id de producto, el nombre de producto, el precio unitario, el id de categoría y el precio unitario máximo para cada categoría de la tabla Products.

```
--#5
select product_id ,product_name , unit_price , category_id ,
max(unit_price) over (partition by category_id)
from products p
```

Print:

123 product_id ▼	RBC product_name ▼	123 unit_price ▼	123 category_id ▼	123 maxunitprice ▼
24	Guaraná Fantástica	4.5	1 🔗	263.5
43	Ipoh Coffee	46	1 🔗	263.5
39	Chartreuse verte	18	1 🔗	263.5
38	Côte de Blaye	263.5	1 🔗	263.5
35	Steeleye Stout	18	1 🔗	263.5
34	Sasquatch Ale	14	1 🔗	263.5
76	Lakkalikööri	18	1 🔗	263.5
75	Rhönbräu Klosterbier	7.75	1 🔗	263.5
70	Outback Lager	15	1 🔗	263.5
1	Chai	18	1 🔗	263.5
67	Laughing Lumberjack Lager	14	1 🔗	263.5
2	Chang	19	1 🔗	263.5
44	Gula Malacca	19.450000763	2 🔗	43.90000153
77	Original Frankfurter grüne Soße	13	2 🔗	43.90000153
9	Northwind Cranberry Sauce	40	2 🔗	43.90000153

Row_number

6. Obtener el ranking de los productos más vendidos

```
--#6
select rank() over(order by sum(quantity) desc ) as ranking, p.product_name,
sum(od.quantity) as totalquantity
from order_details od left join products p
on od.product_id = p.product_id
group by p.product_name
```

Print:

ranking	product_name	totalquantity
1	Camembert Pierrot	1,577
2	Raclette Courdavault	1,496
3	Gorgonzola Telino	1,397
4	Gnocchi di nonna Alice	1,263
5	Pavlova	1,158
6	Rhönbräu Klosterbier	1,155
7	Guaraná Fantástica	1,125
8	Boston Crab Meat	1,103
9	Tarte au sucre	1,083
10	Chang	1,057

7. Asignar numeros de fila para cada cliente, ordenados por customer_id

```
--#7
select row_number() over(order by customer_id asc) as rownumber , *
from customers c
```

Print:

rownumber	customer_id	company_name	contact_name	contact_title	address
1	ALFKI	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Sales Representative	Obere Str. 57
2	ANATR	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Owner	Avda. de la Constituc
3	ANTON	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Owner	Mataderos 2312
4	AROUT	Around the Horn	Thomas Hardy	Sales Representative	120 Hanover Sq.
5	BERGS	Berglunds snabbköp	Christina Berglund	Order Administrator	Berguvsvägen 8
6	BLAUS	Blauer See Delikatessen	Hanna Moos	Sales Representative	Forsterstr. 57
7	BLONP	Blondesddsl père et fils	Frédérique Citeaux	Marketing Manager	24, place Kléber
8	BOLID	Bólido Comidas preparadas	Martín Sommer	Owner	C/ Araquil, 67
9	BONAP	Bon app'	Laurence Lebihan	Owner	12, rue des Bouchers
10	BOTTM	Bottom-Dollar Markets	Elizabeth Lincoln	Accounting Manager	23 Tsawassen Blvd.
11	BSBEV	B's Beverages	Victoria Ashworth	Sales Representative	Fauntleroy Circus
12	CACTU	Cactus Comidas para llevar	Patricio Simpson	Sales Agent	Cerrito 333
13	CENTC	Centro comercial Moctezuma	Francisco Chang	Marketing Manager	Sierras de Granada 9
14	CHOPS	Chop-suey Chinese	Yang Wang	Owner	Hauptstr. 29

8. Obtener el ranking de los empleados más jóvenes () ranking, nombre y apellido del empleado, fecha de nacimiento)

```
--#8
select rank() over(order by birth_date desc) as ranking ,
concat(first_name,'', last_name) as employeename, birth_date
from employees e
```

Print:

123 ranking	ABC employeename	🕒 birth_date
1	Anne Dodsworth	1966-01-27
2	Janet Leverling	1963-08-30
3	Michael Suyama	1963-07-02
4	Robert King	1960-05-29
5	Laura Callahan	1958-01-09
6	Steven Buchanan	1955-03-04
7	Andrew Fuller	1952-02-19
8	Nancy Davolio	1948-12-08
9	Margaret Peacock	1937-09-19

SUM

9. Obtener la suma de venta de cada cliente

```
--#9
select sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity) over(partition by customer_id), *
from orders o left join order_details od
on o.order_id = od.order_id
```

Print:

1 sumorderamount	123 order_id	ABC customer_id	123 employee_id	🕒 order_date	🕒 required_date
4,596.2000045776	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24
4,596.2000045776	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22
4,596.2000045776	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27
4,596.2000045776	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07
4,596.2000045776	11,011	ALFKI	3	1998-04-09	1998-05-07
4,596.2000045776	10,692	ALFKI	4	1997-10-03	1997-10-31
4,596.2000045776	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22
4,596.2000045776	10,643	ALFKI	6	1997-08-25	1997-09-22
4,596.2000045776	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12
4,596.2000045776	10,952	ALFKI	1	1998-03-16	1998-04-27
4,596.2000045776	10,702	ALFKI	4	1997-10-13	1997-11-24
4,596.2000045776	10,835	ALFKI	1	1998-01-15	1998-02-12
1,402.9499902725	10,308	ANATR	7	1996-09-18	1996-10-16
1,402.9499902725	10,926	ANATR	4	1998-03-04	1998-04-01

10. Obtener la suma total de ventas por categoría de producto

```
--#10
select c.category_name , p.product_name , od.unit_price , od.quantity,
sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity) over(partition by c.category_name) as
totalsales
from products p
left join order_details od on od.product_id = p.product_id
left join categories c on p.category_id = c.category_id
order by c.category_name , p.product_name
```

Print:

Ctrl+click to open SQL console	product_name	123 unit_price	123 quantity	123 totalsales
Beverages	Chai	14.3999999619	10	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	25	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	21	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	60	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	20	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	4	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	10	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	8	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	10	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	40	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	6	286,526.9500956535
Beverages	Chai	18	3	286,526.9500956535

11. Calcular la suma total de gastos de envío por país de destino, luego ordenarlo por país y por orden de manera ascendente

```
--#11
select ship_country as country , order_id , shipped_date , freight ,
sum(freight) over(partition by ship_country) as totalshippingcosts
from orders o
order by ship_country, order_id as
```

Print:

ABC country	123 order_id	shipped_date	123 freight	123 totalshippingcosts
Argentina	10,409	1997-01-14	29.829999924	595.08007812
Argentina	10,448	1997-02-24	38.819999695	595.08007812
Argentina	10,521	1997-05-02	17.219999313	595.08007812
Argentina	10,531	1997-05-19	8.119999886	595.08007812
Argentina	10,716	1997-10-27	22.569999695	595.08007812
Argentina	10,782	1997-12-22	1.100000024	595.08007812
Argentina	10,819	1998-01-16	19.760000229	595.08007812
Argentina	10,828	1998-02-04	90.849998474	595.08007812
Argentina	10,881	1998-02-18	2.839999914	595.08007812
Argentina	10,898	1998-03-06	1.269999981	595.08007812
Argentina	10,916	1998-03-09	63.770000458	595.08007812
Argentina	10,937	1998-03-13	31.510000229	595.08007812
Argentina	10,958	1998-03-27	49.560001373	595.08007812
Argentina	10,986	1998-04-21	217.860000061	595.08007812
Austria	10,258	1996-07-23	140.509994507	7,053.40039062
Austria	10,263	1996-07-31	146.059997559	7,053.40039062
Austria	10,351	1996-11-20	162.330001831	7,053.40039062
Austria	10,353	1996-11-25	360.630004883	7,053.40039062

RANK

12. Ranking de ventas por cliente

```
--#12
select c.customer_id , c.company_name , sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity) as
totalsales,
RANK() over (order by sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity) desc)
from orders o
left join customers c on c.customer_id = o.customer_id
left join order_details od on o.order_id = od.order_id
group by c.customer_id
```

Print:

customer_id	company_name	Total Sales	Rank
QUICK	QUICK-Stop	117,483.390147686	1
SAVEA	Save-a-lot Markets	115,673.3896427155	2
ERNSH	Ernst Handel	113,236.6797819138	3
HUNGO	Hungry Owl All-Night Grocers	57,317.390162468	4
RATTC	Rattlesnake Canyon Grocery	52,245.900346756	5
HANAR	Hanari Carnes	34,101.1499738693	6
FOLKO	Folk och fä HB	32,555.5500192642	7
MEREP	Mère Paillard	32,203.9002342224	8
KOENIG	Königlich Essen	31,745.7498931885	9

13. Ranking de empleados por fecha de contratacion

```
--#13
select employee_id , first_name , last_name ,hire_date ,
rank() over ( order by hire_date asc)
from employees e
```

Print:

employee_id	first_name	last_name	hire_date	Rank
3	Janet	Leverling	1992-04-01	1
1	Nancy	Davolio	1992-05-01	2
2	Andrew	Fuller	1992-08-14	3
4	Margaret	Peacock	1993-05-03	4
5	Steven	Buchanan	1993-10-17	5
6	Michael	Suyama	1993-10-17	5
7	Robert	King	1994-01-02	7
8	Laura	Callahan	1994-03-05	8
9	Anne	Dodsworth	1994-11-15	9

14. Ranking de productos por precio unitario

```
--#14
select product_id , product_name , unit_price ,
rank() over(order by unit_price desc)
from products p
```

Print:

product_id	product_name	unit_price	Rank
38	Côte de Blaye	263.5	1
29	Thüringer Rostbratwurst	123.790000916	2
9	Mishi Kobe Niku	97	3
20	Sir Rodney's Marmalade	81	4
18	Carnarvon Tigers	62.5	5
59	Raclette Courdavault	55	6
51	Manjimup Dried Apples	53	7
62	Tarte au sucre	49.299999237	8
43	Ipoh Coffee	46	9
28	Rössle Sauerkraut	45.599998474	10

LAG

15. Mostrar por cada producto de una orden, la cantidad vendida y la cantidad vendida del producto previo.

```
--#15
select order_id , product_id , quantity ,
lag(quantity,1) over(order by order_id ) as prevquantity
from order_details od
```

Print:

123 order_id	123 product_id	123 quantity	123 prevquantity
10,248	11	12	[NULL]
10,248	42	10	12
10,248	72	5	10
10,249	14	9	5
10,249	51	40	9
10,250	41	10	40
10,250	51	35	10
10,250	65	15	35
10,251	22	6	15
10,251	57	15	6
10,251	65	20	15

16. Obtener un listado de ordenes mostrando el id de la orden, fecha de orden, id del cliente y última fecha de orden.

```
--#16
select order_id , order_date , customer_id ,
lag(order_date,1) over( partition by customer_id order by customer_id,
order_date asc) as lastorderdate
from orders o
```

Print:

123 order_id	order_date	ABC customer_id	lastorderdate
10,643	1997-08-25	ALFKI	[NULL]
10,692	1997-10-03	ALFKI	1997-08-25
10,702	1997-10-13	ALFKI	1997-10-03
10,835	1998-01-15	ALFKI	1997-10-13
10,952	1998-03-16	ALFKI	1998-01-15
11,011	1998-04-09	ALFKI	1998-03-16
10,308	1996-09-18	ANATR	[NULL]
10,305	1997-08-28	ANATR	1996-09-18

17. Obtener un listado de productos que contengan: id de producto, nombre del producto, precio unitario, precio del producto anterior, diferencia entre el precio del producto y precio del producto anterior.

```
--#17
select product_id ,product_name , unit_price ,
lag(unit_price,1) over(order by product_id) as lastunitprice,
(unit_price - lag(unit_price,1) over()) as pricedifference
from products p
```

Print:

product_id	product_name	unit_price	lastunitprice	pricedifference
1	Chai	18	[NULL]	[NULL]
2	Chang	19	18	1
3	Aniseed Syrup	10	19	-9
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	22	10	12
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	21.350000381	22	-0.64999962
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	25	21.35000038	3.64999962
7	Uncle Bob's Organic Dried Pears	30	25	5

LEAD

18. Obtener un listado que muestra el precio de un producto junto con el precio del producto siguiente:

```
--#18
select product_name , unit_price ,
lead(unit_price,1) over() as nextprice
from products p
```

Print:

	Ctrl+click to open SQL console	unit_price	nextprice
1	Chai	18	19
2	Chang	19	10
3	Aniseed Syrup	10	22
4	Chef Anton's Cajun Seasoning	22	21.35000038
5	Chef Anton's Gumbo Mix	21.350000381	25
6	Grandma's Boysenberry Spread	25	30
7	Uncle Bob's Organic Dried Pears	30	40
8	Northwoods Cranberry Sauce	40	97
9	Mishi Kobe Niku	97	31
10	Ikura	31	21
11	Queso Cabrales	21	38
12	Queso Manchego La Pastora	38	6
13	Konbu	6	23.25
14	Tofu	23.25	13
15	Genen Shouyu	13	17.45000076
16	Pavlova	17.450000763	39
17	Alice Mutton	39	62.5

19. Obtener un listado que muestra el total de ventas por categoría de producto junto con el total de ventas de la categoría siguiente

```
--#19
select c.category_name , sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity) totalsales ,
lead(sum(od.unit_price * od.quantity),1) over(order by c.category_name asc)
as nexttotalsales
from products p
left join categories c on p.category_id = c.category_id
left join order_details od on p.product_id = od.product_id
group by c.category_name
```

Print:

category_name	totalsales	nexttotalsales
Beverages	286,526.9500956535	113,694.7496814728
Condiments	113,694.7496814728	177,099.1006007195
Confections	177,099.1006007195	251,330.4997959137
Dairy Products	251,330.4997959137	100,726.7999253273
Grains/Cereals	100,726.7999253273	178,188.8009858131
Meat/Poultry	178,188.8009858131	105,268.6001739502
Produce	105,268.6001739502	141,623.0891823769
Seafood	141,623.0891823769	[NULL]