



**JSC “Kazakh British Technical University”  
School of Mathematic and Cybernetics**

Analysis of Data Bases

**Laboratory Work #10  
(Python)**

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**Almaty 2021**

## SHORT DESCRIPTION:

The task of the Laboratory Work is to create queries using 5 Stored Procedures, 7 Triggers, 8 Functions. Then it is required to compile the queries using Python and show as well as write the results in console and file respectively.

The whole exercises were compiled in Sublime with Python (Version 3) extension. As long as we needed to use python we had to connect it to the sql server (especially to our server with the corresponded driver). The whole procedure is done here:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')
```

“import pyodbc” means that we import the already installed (manually) library in order to connect to our SQL Server (For MySQL we use another different library). Then we connect to server by ‘connect’ function where we fill the Driver, Server as well as connection by ourselves. Congratulations ! We have connected to our Database.

The next step:

```
conn.autocommit = True
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('exec Market.dbo.spShowRegularOrNotCustomers')
```

Here we also use internal variable ‘autocommit’ and assign the True value that means we want to commit all the queries automatically (without it won’t work). As we finished let’s keep moving on, we create variable, here ‘cursor’ and assign the value of the function ‘cursor’ which means if we change ‘cursor’ variable we change ‘conn’ and we can use the built in function by calling ‘cursor’ for the further work! It is very convenient than call each time ‘conn.cursor()’ instead of just ‘cursor’. The Last row is responsible for queries executions. We just type above created variable, here it is ‘cursor’ and use function ‘execute’ in brackets of which we need to write our query that we want to execute. Here it is exec spShowRegularOrNotCustomers. By the way, we have to use prefix ‘Name of the database’ and ‘dbo’ before the names of the tables , functions, procedures and so on since we did not type which database we want to use (I did not manage to handle this problem). Then the whole result of the query is written into cursor variable which we then just show or write into the file. However, there is one problem with type casting. So, let’s overcome it by using map casting it into the list! Then we just use loop ‘for’ to go through the list ‘var\_fix’ and then just show each variable under each index casting it into the string.

```
50, Decimal('2.71'), 'Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it',
200, Decimal('3.49'), 'Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included', 'Doll House Inc.
140, Decimal('3.49'), 'Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots', 'Doll House Inc.
100, Decimal('5.99'), '8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket', 'Bears R Us
```

## Queries with 5 Procedures:

1. Create a stored procedure that shows the customers and regularities of their visits to the market. The customer is said to be 'REGULAR CUSTOMER' if he/she bought at least 2 things, otherwise 'SELDOM CUSTOMER'. Show all the info with this description.

**SQL code with expected and needed output:**

```
CREATE PROCEDURE spShowRegularOrNotCustomers
AS
BEGIN
    select o.cust_id,c.cust_name,c.cust_address,c.cust_city,c.cust_email,count(*) amount_orders,
    CASE WHEN COUNT(*) >=2 THEN 'REGULAR CUSTOMER'
    ELSE 'SELDOM CUSTOMER'
    END AS customer_description
    from Customers c join Orders o on c.cust_id = o.cust_id group by o.cust_id,c.cust_name,c.cust_address,c.cust_city,c.cust_email;
END

exec spShowRegularOrNotCustomers;
```

	cust_id	cust_name	cust_address	cust_city	cust_email	amount_orders	customer_description
1	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Detroit	mailto:sales@villagetoys.com	2	REGULAR CUSTOMER
2	1000000003	Fun4All	1 Sunny Place	Muncie	<mailto:jjones@fun4all.com	1	SELDOM CUSTOMER
3	1000000004	Fun4All	829 Riverside Drive	Phoenix	<mailto:dstephens@fun4all.com	1	SELDOM CUSTOMER
4	1000000005	The Toy Store	4545 53rd Street	Chicago	NULL	1	SELDOM CUSTOMER

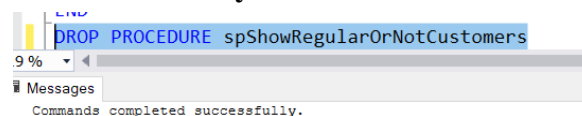
**The python code for creation the Procedure:**

```
import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AMS;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('''
CREATE PROCEDURE spShowRegularOrNotCustomers
AS
BEGIN
    select o.cust_id,c.cust_name,c.cust_address,c.cust_city,c.cust_email,count(*) amount_orders,
    CASE WHEN COUNT(*) >=2 THEN 'REGULAR CUSTOMER'
    ELSE 'SELDOM CUSTOMER'
    END AS customer_description
    from Customers c join Orders o on c.cust_id = o.cust_id
    group by o.cust_id,c.cust_name,c.cust_address,c.cust_city,c.cust_email;
END
''')

conn.commit()
```

**Be aware that we have already deleted the Procedure in advance:**



**The python code with appropriate output in console and in txt file which is also created during the compilation of the Python code:**

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

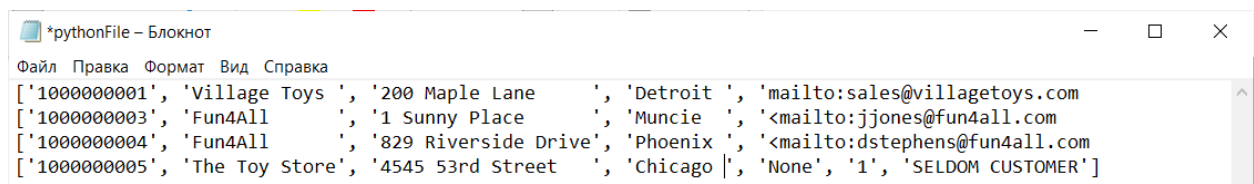
conn.autocommit = True
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('exec Market.dbo.spShowRegularOrNotCustomers')
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str, List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    f.write(str(k))
    print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

The result in console which is the same but not beautiful:

```
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Detroit || mailto:sales@villagetoys.com || 2 || REGULAR CUSTOMER ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 1 Sunny Place || Muncie || <mailto:jjones@fun4all.com || 1 || SELDOM CUSTOMER ||
1000000004 || Fun4All || 829 Riverside Drive || Phoenix || <mailto:dstephens@fun4all.com || 1 || SELDOM CUSTOMER ||
1000000005 || The Toy Store || 4545 53rd Street || Chicago || None || 1 || SELDOM CUSTOMER ||
```

The same result in txt file although looks more structured



```
*pythonFile - Блокнот
Файл Правка Формат Вид Справка
['1000000001', 'Village Toys ', '200 Maple Lane ', 'Detroit ', 'mailto:sales@villagetoys.com
['1000000003', 'Fun4All ', '1 Sunny Place ', 'Muncie ', '<mailto:jjones@fun4all.com
['1000000004', 'Fun4All ', '829 Riverside Drive', 'Phoenix ', '<mailto:dstephens@fun4all.com
['1000000005', 'The Toy Store', '4545 53rd Street ', 'Chicago |', 'None', '1', 'SELDOM CUSTOMER']
```

- Investigate a stored procedure that illustrates the most popular seller among all of the them.  
Use two procedures if it is necessary then show all the info about this vendor  
SQL code with expected and needed output:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE spGetPopularVendor
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @avgNumb INT = (select (max(numb_goods) + min(numb_goods))/2
    from (select count(*) as numb_goods from products group by vend_id)a);
    DECLARE @vendor_id varchar(10) = (select TOP(1) vend_id
    from Products group by vend_id having count(*) = @avgNumb);
    exec spGetVendorInfo @ven_id = @vendor_id;
END

CREATE PROCEDURE spGetVendorInfo
@ven_id varchar(10)
AS
BEGIN
    select * from Vendors where vend_id = @ven_id;
END

exec spGetPopularVendor;
```

	vend_id	vend_name	vend_address	vend_city	vend_state	vend_zip	vend_country
1	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	555 High Street	Dollsville	CA	99999	USA

The python code to create the procedures:

```

import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE PROCEDURE spGetPopularVendor
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @avgNumb INT = (select (max(numb_goods) + min(numb_goods))/2
    from (select count(*) as numb_goods from products group by vend_id)a);
    DECLARE @vendor_id varchar(10) = (select TOP(1) vend_id
    from Products group by vend_id having count(*) = @avgNumb);
    exec spGetVendorInfo @ven_id = @vendor_id;
END
''')

conn.commit()

```

```

import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE PROCEDURE spGetVendorInfo
@ven_id varchar(10)
AS
BEGIN
    select * from Vendors where vend_id = @ven_id;
END
''')

conn.commit()

```

**Be aware that we have already deleted the Procedures in advance:**

```

DROP PROCEDURE spGetPopularVendor

```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

```

DROP PROCEDURE spGetVendorInfo

```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

The python code with appropriate output in console and in txt file which is also created during the compilation of the Python code:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

conn.autocommit = True
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('exec Market.dbo.spGetPopularVendor')

var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
    #print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

The result in console:

```
DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 555 High Street || Dollsville || CA || 99999 || USA
```

The result in txt file:

3. Provide a stored procedure that shows all the products whose price is located between average price and second higher average price of the products. The second higher average price is located exactly in the middle of the mean value and max value price of the products.

**SQL code with expected and needed output:**

```
CREATE PROCEDURE spGetThreFourthProducts
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @avgPrice real = (select avg(prod_price) from Products);
    DECLARE @maxPrice real = (select max(prod_price) from Products);
    DECLARE @secAveragePrice real = (select avg(prod_price) from Products where prod_price BETWEEN @avgPrice and @maxPrice)
    select * from Products where prod_price between @avgPrice and @secAveragePrice
END

exec spGetThreFourthProducts;
```

	prod_id	vend_id	prod_name	amount	prod_price	prod_desc
1	BR01	BRS01	8 inch teddy bear	100	5.99	8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
2	BR02	BRS01	12 inch teddy bear	18	8.99	12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket

The Python code for creation stored Procedure:

```

import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('''
CREATE PROCEDURE spGetThreFourthProducts
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @avgPrice real = (select avg(prod_price) from Products);
    DECLARE @maxPrice real = (select max(prod_price) from Products);
    DECLARE @secAveragePrice real = (select avg(prod_price) from Products where prod_price
    BETWEEN @avgPrice and @maxPrice)
    select * from Products where prod_price between @avgPrice and @secAveragePrice
END
''')
conn.commit()

```

Be aware that we have already deleted the Procedure in advance:

```

DROP PROCEDURE spGetThreFourthProducts
%
Messages
Commands completed successfully.

```

The python code with appropriate output in console and in txt file which is also created during the compilation of the Python code:

```

import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

conn.autocommit = True
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('exec Market.dbo.spGetThreFourthProducts')

var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
    #print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()

```

The Console output:

```

BR01 || BRS01 || 8 inch teddy bear || 100 || 5.99 || 8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR02 || BRS01 || 12 inch teddy bear || 18 || 8.99 || 12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||

```

The file txt output:

```

*pythonFile - Блокнот
Файл  Правка  Формат  Вид  Справка
['BR01', ' ', 'BRS01', ' ', '8 inch teddy bear', ' ', '100', ' ', '5.99', ' ', '8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket']
['BR02', ' ', 'BRS01', ' ', '12 inch teddy bear', ' ', '18', ' ', '8.99', ' ', '12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket']

```

4. Create a stored procedure that shows all the id, name, zip as well as description of all the vendors. The description must indicate whether or not the length of the zip ODD or Even.



### SQL code with expected and needed output:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE spShowLenVendEvenOddZip
AS
BEGIN
    select vend_id,vend_name,vend_zip,
    CASE WHEN LEN(vend_zip)%2 =0 THEN 'Even Zip'
    ELSE 'Odd Zip'
    END AS zip_description
    from Vendors;
END

execute spShowLenVendEvenOddZip;
```

	vend_id	vend_name	vend_zip	zip_description
1	BRE02	Bear Emporium	44333	Odd Zip
2	BRS01	Bears R Us	44444	Odd Zip
3	BTW01	Temirlan Serikov	123123	Even Zip
4	BTW02	Temirlan Serikov	123123	Even Zip
5	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	99999	Odd Zip
6	FNG01	Fun and Games	N16 6PS	Odd Zip
7	FRB01	Furball Inc.	11111	Odd Zip
8	JTS01	Jouets et ours	45678	Odd Zip

### The Python code for creation:

```
import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''

CREATE PROCEDURE spShowLenVendEvenOddZip
AS
BEGIN
    select vend_id,vend_name,vend_zip,
    CASE WHEN LEN(vend_zip)%2 =0 THEN 'Even Zip'
    ELSE 'Odd Zip'
    END AS zip_description
    from Vendors;
END

''')

conn.commit()
```

### Be sure that we deleted the Procedure in advance:

```
DROP PROCEDURE spShowLenVendEvenOddZip
```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

### The Python code:



```

import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

conn.autocommit = True
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('exec Market.dbo.spShowLenVendEvenOddZip')

var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
    #print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()

```

The console output:

```

BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 44333 || Odd Zip ||
BRS01 || Bears R Us || 44444 || Odd Zip ||
BTW01 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || Even Zip ||
BTW02 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || Even Zip ||
DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 99999 || Odd Zip ||
FNG01 || Fun and Games || N16 6PS || Odd Zip ||
FRB01 || Furball Inc. || 11111 || Odd Zip ||
JTS01 || Jouets et ours || 45678 || Odd Zip ||

```

The txt file output:

```

['BRE02', 'Bear Emporium', '44333', 'Odd Zip']
['BRS01', 'Bears R Us', '44444', 'Odd Zip']
['BTW01', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', 'Even Zip']
['BTW02', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', 'Even Zip']
['DLL01', 'Doll House Inc.', '99999', 'Odd Zip']
['FNG01', 'Fun and Games', 'N16 6PS', 'Odd Zip']
['FRB01', 'Furball Inc.', '11111', 'Odd Zip']
['JTS01', 'Jouets et ours', '45678', 'Odd Zip']

```

5. Create a stored procedure which takes any integer number and selects the sum of the whole items + given number less, equal or higher than the total sum of the whole quantities of the items. See solution below:

**SQL part with expected and required output:**

```

CREATE PROCEDURE spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison
    @number int
AS
BEGIN
    SET NOCOUNT ON
    DECLARE @orderItemSum int = (select sum(order_item) from OrderItems);
    DECLARE @sumQuantity int = (select sum(OrderItems.quantity) from OrderItems);
    select
        CASE WHEN @orderItemSum + @number < @sumQuantity THEN CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' < ', @sumQuantity, ' (is less than)')
        WHEN @orderItemSum + @number > @sumQuantity THEN CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' > ', @sumQuantity, ' (is higher than)')
        ELSE CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' = ', @sumQuantity, ' (is equal to) ')
        END;
END
DROP PROCEDURE spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison
execute spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison 1400;

```

	(No column name)
1	1445 > 1430 (is higher than)

## The python code for creation PROCEDURE:

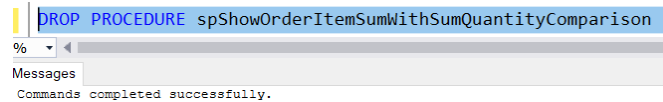
```
import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE PROCEDURE spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison
@number int
AS
BEGIN
SET NOCOUNT ON
DECLARE @orderItemSum int = (select sum(order_item) from OrderItems);
DECLARE @sumQuantity int = (select sum(OrderItems.quantity) from OrderItems);
select
CASE WHEN @orderItemSum + @number < @sumQuantity THEN CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' < ', @sumQuantity, ' (is less than)')
WHEN @orderItemSum + @number > @sumQuantity THEN CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' > ', @sumQuantity, ' (is higher than)')
ELSE CONCAT(@orderItemSum + @number, ' = ', @sumQuantity, ' (is equal to) ')
END;
END
''')

conn.commit()
```

## Be aware that we deleted the PROCEDURE IN ADVANCE:



## The python code to execute the procedure:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("exec Market.dbo.spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison 1400")

var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
    #print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

## The result in console:

```
1445 > 1430 (is higher than)
```

## The result in txt file:



## 7 queries for Triggers (Very Interesting)

6. Create a new table and call it tbCustomersAudit with 2 columns: id int with identity starting from 1 as well having step 1 and auditData varchar(max). As you finished, create a trigger that would

add the information about Customer who was inserted into the Customers table with his/her id and time when he was added.

**SQL code with appropriate output:**

```
CREATE TABLE tbCustomersAudit(
    id int IDENTITY(1,1),
    auditData varchar(max)
);

CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerForInsert
ON Customers
FOR INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @id int
    Select @id = cust_id from inserted

    insert into tbCustomersAudit(auditData) values
    ('New Employee with ID = ' +
    CAST(@id as varchar) + ' is added at ' +
    cast(GetDate() as varchar))
END

insert into Customers values (1000000006, 'Temirbolat Maratuly', 'Erzhanova 39A', 'Karagandy', 'HZ', '100009', 'KAZ', 'Bred Pit', 't_maratuly@kbtu.kz');
insert into Customers values (1000000007, 'Tamerlan Kuankush', 'Erzhanova 39A', 'Karagandy', 'HZ', '100009', 'KAZ', 'Bred Pit', 't_kuankash@kbtu.kz');
```

	id	auditData
1	1	New Employee with ID = 1000000006 is added at Apr 20 2021 12:45PM
2	2	New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 20 2021 1:00PM

**The Python code for creation TABLE and Trigger:**

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TABLE tbCustomersAudit(
    id int IDENTITY(1,1),
    auditData varchar(max)
);
''')
```

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerForInsert
ON Customers
FOR INSERT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @id int
    Select @id = cust_id from inserted

    insert into tbCustomersAudit(auditData) values
    ('New Employee with ID = ' +
    CAST(@id as varchar) + ' is added at ' +
    cast(GetDate() as varchar))
END
''')
```

**Be aware that we have already deleted TABLE as well as Trigger in advance:**

```
DROP TABLE tbCustomersAudit
```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

```
DROP TRIGGER tr_CustomerForInsert
```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

**The Python code to insert data:**

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9V7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

cursor = conn.cursor()
#cursor.execute("exec Market.dbo.spShowOrderItemSumWithSumQuantityComparison 1400")
cursor.execute("insert into Market.dbo.Customers values (1000000007, 'Temirbolat Maratuly', 'Erzhanova 39A', 'Karagandy', 'HZ', '100009', 'KAZ', 'Bred Pit', 't_maratuly@kbtu.kz');")
```

**The Python code to see Audit:**

```
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.tbCustomersAudit")
```

**The code output:**

```
['3', 'New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 24 2021 8:29PM']
```

7. Do about the same procedure as in 6-th exercise. However, you have to do it with DELETE Part and write the information down about activities into recently created table. Type “An existing customer with ID = ... is deleted at ... (TODAYS DATE)”

**SQL code with appropriate output:**

```
CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerForDelete
ON Customers
FOR DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @id int
    select @id = cust_id from deleted

    insert into tbCustomersAudit values
    ('An existing customer with ID = ' +
    CAST(@id as varchar) + ' is deleted at ' +
    cast(GetDate() as varchar))
END
delete from Customers where cust_id = 1000000007;
```

	id	auditData
1	1	New Employee with ID = 1000000006 is added at Apr 20 2021 12:45PM
2	2	New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 20 2021 1:00PM
3	3	An existing customer with ID = 1000000007 is deleted at Apr 20 2021 1:07PM

**The Python code to create the trigger:**

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerForDelete
ON Customers
FOR DELETE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @id int
    select @id = cust_id from deleted

    insert into tbCustomersAudit values
    ('An existing customer with ID = ' +
    CAST(@id as varchar) + ' is deleted at ' +
    cast(GetDate() as varchar))
END
''')
```

**Be aware that we had already removed Trigger in advance:**

```
DROP TRIGGER tr_CustomerForDelete
%
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

**The Python code to show the working principle:**

```
cursor.execute("delete from Market.dbo.Customers where cust_id = 1000000007;")
```

```
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.tbCustomersAudit")
```

**The console output:**

```
['3', 'New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 24 2021 8:29PM']
['6', 'An existing customer with ID = 1000000007 is deleted at Apr 24 2021 8:42PM']
```

8. Again. Create a Trigger that is responsible for indicating the information that customers changed about themselves and add this notification into the table that was create in 6-th exercise. The information would be too long because of the number of given attributes in the CUSTOMERS table.

**The SQL code with corresponded output:**

```
CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerUpdate
on Customers
FOR UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @Id int
    DECLARE @oldName varchar(40), @newName varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldAddress varchar(40), @newAddress varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldCity varchar(20), @newCity varchar(20)
    DECLARE @oldState varchar(4), @newState varchar(4)
    DECLARE @oldZip varchar(10), @newZip varchar(10)
    DECLARE @oldCountry varchar(5), @newCountry varchar(5)
    DECLARE @oldContact varchar(40), @newContact varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldEmail varchar(40), @newEmail varchar(40)

    DECLARE @finalString varchar(max)

    select * into #TempTable from inserted

    WHILE(EXISTS(select cust_id from #TempTable))
    BEGIN
        SET @finalString = ''
        SELECT TOP 1 @Id = cust_id, @newName = cust_name, @newAddress = cust_address, @newCity = cust_city, @newState = cust_state,
        @newZip = cust_zip, @newCountry = cust_country, @newContact = cust_contact, @newEmail = cust_email from #TempTable

        SELECT @oldName = cust_name, @oldAddress = cust_address, @oldCity = cust_city, @oldState = cust_state,
        @oldZip = cust_zip, @oldCountry = cust_country, @oldContact = cust_contact, @oldEmail = cust_email from deleted where cust_id = @Id

        SET @finalString = 'Customer With ID = ' + CAST(@Id as varchar) + ' changed'
        if (@oldName <> @newName)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' NAME from ' + @oldName + ' to ' + @newName
        if (@oldAddress <> @newAddress)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' ADDRESS from ' + @oldAddress + ' to ' + @newAddress
        if (@oldCity <> @newCity)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' CITY from ' + @oldCity + ' to ' + @newCity
        if (@oldState <> @newState)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' STATE from ' + @oldState + ' to ' + @newState
        if (@oldZip <> @newZip)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' ZIP from ' + @oldZip + ' to ' + @newZip
        if (@oldCountry <> @newCountry)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' COUNTRY from ' + @oldCountry + ' to ' + @newCountry
        if (@oldContact <> @newContact)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' CONTACT from ' + @oldContact + ' to ' + @newContact
        if (@oldEmail <> @newEmail)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' E-MAIL from ' + @oldEmail + ' to ' + @newEmail

        insert into tbCustomersAudit values (@finalString)

        Delete from #TempTable where cust_id = @Id
    END
END

UPDATE Customers SET cust_name = 'Tamerlan Kuankush', cust_city = 'Almaty', cust_state = 'KZ', cust_zip = '100005', cust_email = 't_ku@kbtu.kz' where cust_id = 1000000006;
```

	id	auditData
1	3	New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 24 2021 8:29PM
2	6	An existing customer with ID = 1000000007 is deleted at Apr 24 2021 8:42PM
3	8	Customer With ID = 1000000006 changed

**The Python code to create the Trigger:**

```

cursor.execute('''
    CREATE TRIGGER tr_CustomerUpdate
on Customers
FOR UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @Id int
    DECLARE @oldName varchar(40), @newName varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldAddress varchar(40), @newAddress varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldCity varchar(20), @newCity varchar(20)
    DECLARE @oldState varchar(4), @newState varchar(4)
    DECLARE @oldZip varchar(10), @newZip varchar(10)
    DECLARE @oldCountry varchar(5), @newCountry varchar(5)
    DECLARE @oldContact varchar(40), @newContact varchar(40)
    DECLARE @oldEmail varchar(40), @newEmail varchar(40)

    DECLARE @finalString varchar(max)

    select * into #TempTable from inserted

    WHILE(EXISTS(select cust_id from #TempTable))
    BEGIN
        SET @finalString = ''
        SELECT TOP 1 @Id = cust_id, @newName = cust_name, @newAddress = cust_address, @newCity = cust_city, @newState = cust_state,
        @newZip = cust_zip, @newCountry = cust_country, @newContact = cust_contact, @newEmail = cust_email from #TempTable

        SELECT @oldName = cust_name, @oldAddress = cust_address, @oldCity = cust_city, @oldState = cust_state,
        @oldZip = cust_zip, @oldCountry = cust_country, @oldContact = cust_contact, @oldEmail = cust_email from deleted where cust_id = @Id

        SET @finalString = 'Customer With ID = ' + CAST(@Id as varchar) + ' changed'
        if (@oldName <> @newName )
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' NAME from ' + @oldName + ' to ' + @newName
        if (@oldAddress <> @newAddress)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' ADDRESS from ' + @oldAddress + ' to ' + @newAddress
        if (@oldCity <> @newCity)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' CITY from ' + @oldCity + ' to ' + @newCity
        if (@oldState <> @newState)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' STATE from ' + @oldState + ' to ' + @newState
        if (@oldZip <> @newZip)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' ZIP from ' + @oldZip + ' to ' + @newZip
        if (@oldCountry <> @newCountry)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' COUNTRY from ' + @oldCountry + ' to ' + @newCountry
        if (@oldContact <> @newContact)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' CONTACT from ' + @oldContact + ' to ' + @newContact
        if (@oldEmail <> @newEmail)
            SET @finalString = @finalString + ' E-MAIL from ' + @oldEmail + ' to ' + @newEmail

        insert into tbCustomersAudit values (@finalString)

        Delete from #TempTable where cust_id = @Id
    END
END
''')

```

Be sure That we had deleted the Trigger:

```

DROP TRIGGER tr_CustomerUpdate

```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

The Python code to see the working principle of Trigger:

```

cursor.execute("UPDATE Market.dbo.Customers SET cust_name = 'Tamerlan Kuankush', cust_city = 'Almaty', cust_state = 'KZ', cust_zip = '100005', cust_email = 't_ku@kbtu.kz' where cust_id = 1000000006;")
#cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.tbCustomersAudit")

```

```

cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.tbCustomersAudit")

```

The Python output in console:

```

['3', 'New Employee with ID = 1000000007 is added at Apr 24 2021 8:29PM']
['6', 'An existing customer with ID = 1000000007 is deleted at Apr 24 2021 8:42PM']
['8', 'Customer With ID = 1000000006 changed']

```

- Wow, the previous task was quite unexpected but what if we additionally create a VIEW (virtual table) which contains the join(combination) of products and vendors. We need to use this combination as one table make some manipulations for it. If we write insert into nameOfTheView values we would obtain a mistake because it consists of the multiple



tables. So, for this purpose we use TRIGGER. However, we create it with INSTEAD of Insert to imitate the insert procedure.

**The SQL code with corresponded output:**  
**CREATED VIEW:**

```
CREATE VIEW vwVendorsProductsDetails
AS
select p.prod_id,p.prod_name,p.amount,
p.prod_price,p.prod_desc,v.vend_name
from Products p join Vendors v on v.vend_id = p.vend_id;
```

	prod_id	prod_name	amount	prod_price	prod_desc	vend_name
1	BNBG01	Fish bean bag toy	50	3.29	Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms ...	Doll House Inc.
2	BNBG02	Bird bean bag toy	200	3.49	Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included	Doll House Inc.
3	BNBG03	Rabbit bean bag toy	140	3.49	Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots	Doll House Inc.
4	BR01	8 inch teddy bear	100	5.99	8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
5	BR02	12 inch teddy bear	18	8.99	12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
6	BR03	18 inch teddy bear	35	11.99	18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
7	RGAN01	Raggedy Ann	45	4.99	18 inch Raggedy Ann doll	Doll House Inc.
8	RYL01	King doll	120	9.49	12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown	Fun and Games
9	RYL02	Queen doll	18	9.49	12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown	Fun and Games

**Create a TRIGGER FOR INSERT:**

```
CREATE TRIGGER trVwVendordProductsDetailsInsteadOfInsert
on vwVendorsProductsDetails
Instead Of Insert
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @vendId varchar(10)

    SELECT @vendId = vend_id
    from Vendors
    join inserted
    on inserted.vend_name = Vendors.vend_name

    if (@vendId is NULL)
    BEGIN
        Raiserror('Invalid VENDOR NAME. TRE AGAIN PLEASE!',16,1)
        return
    END

    INSERT INTO Products(prod_id,vend_id,prod_name,amount,prod_price,prod_desc)
    SELECT prod_id,@vendId,prod_name,amount,prod price,prod desc
    from inserted
END

insert into vwVendorsProductsDetails values('Burg1','Burger',20,'3.49','Very tasty burger','Bears R Us');
```

	prod_id	prod_name	amount	prod_price	prod_desc	vend_name
1	BNBG01	Fish bean bag toy	50	2.71	Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms ...	Doll House Inc.
2	BNBG02	Bird bean bag toy	200	3.49	Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included	Doll House Inc.
3	BNBG03	Rabbit bean bag toy	140	3.49	Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots	Doll House Inc.
4	BR01	8 inch teddy bear	100	5.99	8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
5	BR02	12 inch teddy bear	18	8.99	12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
6	BR03	18 inch teddy bear	35	11.99	18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket	Bears R Us
7	Burg1	Burger	20	3.49	Very tasty burger	Bears R Us
8	Burg2	Burger2	20	3.49	Very tasty burger again	Bears R Us
9	Burg3	Burger2	20	3.49	Very tasty burger again	Bears R Us
10	Burg4	Burger	20	3.49	Very tasty burger	Bears R Us
11	RGAN01	Raggedy Ann	45	4.99	18 inch Raggedy Ann doll	Doll House Inc.
12	RYL01	King doll	120	9.49	12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown	Fun and Games
13	RYL02	Queen doll	18	9.49	12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown	Fun and Games

**The Python code to create View and Trigger:**



```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE VIEW vwVendorsProductsDetails
AS
select p.prod_id,p.prod_name,p.amount,
p.prod_price,p.prod_desc,v.vend_name
from Products p join Vendors v on v.vend_id = p.vend_id;
''')
```

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER trVwVendordProductsDetailsInsteadOfInsert
on vwVendorsProductsDetails
Instead Of Insert
AS
BEGIN
DECLARE @vendId varchar(10)

SELECT @vendId = vend_id
from Vendors
join inserted
on inserted.vend_name = Vendors.vend_name

if (@vendId is NULL)
BEGIN
Raiserror('Invalid VENDOR NAME. TRY AGAIN PLEASE!','16,1)
return
END

INSERT INTO Products(prod_id,vend_id,prod_name,amount,prod_price,prod_desc)
SELECT prod_id,@vendId,prod_name,amount,prod_price,prod_desc
from inserted
END
''')
```

Be aware that we deleted Trigger and View in advance:

```
DROP TRIGGER trVwVendordProductsDetailsInsteadOfInsert
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

```
DROP VIEW vwVendorsProductsDetails
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

The Python code to execute and see the result:

```
cursor.execute("insert into vwVendorsProductsDetails values('Burg4','Burger',20,'3.49','Very tasty burger','Bears R Us');")
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.tbCustomersAudit")
```

The result in Console:

```
BNBG01 || Fish bean bag toy || 50 || 2.71 || Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it || Doll House Inc. ||
BNBG02 || Bird bean bag toy || 200 || 3.49 || Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included || Doll House Inc. ||
BNBG03 || Rabbit bean bag toy || 140 || 3.49 || Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots || Doll House Inc. ||
BR01 || 8 inch teddy bear || 100 || 5.99 || 8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket || Bears R Us ||
BR02 || 12 inch teddy bear || 18 || 8.99 || 12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket || Bears R Us ||
BR03 || 18 inch teddy bear || 35 || 11.99 || 18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket || Bears R Us ||
Burg1 || Burger || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger || Bears R Us ||
Burg2 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again || Bears R Us ||
Burg3 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again || Bears R Us ||
Burg4 || Burger || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger || Bears R Us ||
RGAN01 || Raggedy Ann || 45 || 4.99 || 18 inch Raggedy Ann doll || Doll House Inc. ||
RYL01 || King doll || 120 || 9.49 || 12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown || Fun and Games ||
RYL02 || Queen doll || 18 || 9.49 || 12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown || Fun and Games ||
```

10. Create a Trigger that works if we update the PRICE of the PRODUCTS otherwise mistake appears. We need to assign the difference between new and old prices as new price for those products that were influenced by changes.

The SQL code with output:

```

CREATE TRIGGER trChangePriceOfTheNewItemsWithDifferenceAfterUpdate
on PRODUCTS
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @oldPrice real
    DECLARE @newPrice real

    select @oldPrice = prod_price from deleted
    select @newPrice = prod_price from inserted
    DECLARE @difPrice real = ABS(@newPrice - @oldPrice)

    IF(@difPrice = 0)
    BEGIN
        Raiserror('YOU HAVE TO CHANGE THE PRICE. TRY AGAIN PLEASE!',16,1)
        return
    END
    UPDATE Products
    set prod_price = @difPrice
    where prod_id = (select prod_id from inserted)
END

UPDATE Products
SET prod_price = 6
where prod_id = 'BNBG01';
select * from Products

```

prod_id	vend_id	prod_name	amount	prod_price	prod_desc
BNBG01	DLL01	Fish bean bag toy	50	2.71	Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms ...
BNBG02	DLL01	Bird bean bag toy	200	3.49	Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included
BNBG03	DLL01	Rabbit bean bag toy	140	3.49	Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots
BR01	BR01	8 inch teddy bear	100	5.99	8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
BR02	BR01	12 inch teddy bear	18	8.99	12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
BR03	BR01	18 inch teddy bear	35	11.99	18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
Burg1	BR01	Burger	20	3.49	Very tasty burger
RGAN01	DLL01	Raggedy Ann	45	4.99	18 inch Raggedy Ann doll
RYL01	FNG01	King doll	120	9.49	12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown
RYL02	FNG01	Queen doll	18	9.49	12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown

## The Python code to create Trigger:

```

cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER trChangePriceOfTheNewItemsWithDifferenceAfterUpdate
on PRODUCTS
AFTER UPDATE
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @oldPrice real
    DECLARE @newPrice real

    select @oldPrice = prod_price from deleted
    select @newPrice = prod_price from inserted
    DECLARE @difPrice real = ABS(@newPrice - @oldPrice)

    IF(@difPrice = 0)
    BEGIN
        Raiserror('YOU HAVE TO CHANGE THE PRICE. TRY AGAIN PLEASE!',16,1)
        return
    END
    UPDATE Products
    set prod_price = @difPrice
    where prod_id = (select prod_id from inserted)
END
''')

```

## Be confident that deleted the trigger before:

```

DROP TRIGGER trChangePriceOfTheNewItemsWithDifferenceAfterUpdate

```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

## Execute the working code:

```

cursor.execute("UPDATE Market.dbo.Products SET prod_price = 6 where prod_id = 'BNBG01';")

```

```
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.Products")
```

The output in console:

```
BNBG01 || DLL01 || Fish bean bag toy || 50 || 3.29 || Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it ||
BNBG02 || DLL01 || Bird bean bag toy || 200 || 3.49 || Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included ||
BNBG03 || DLL01 || Rabbit bean bag toy || 140 || 3.49 || Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots ||
BR01 || BRS01 || 8 inch teddy bear || 100 || 5.99 || 8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR02 || BRS01 || 12 inch teddy bear || 18 || 8.99 || 12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR03 || BRS01 || 18 inch teddy bear || 35 || 11.99 || 18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
Burg1 || BRS01 || Burger || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger ||
Burg2 || BRS01 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again ||
Burg3 || BRS01 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again ||
Burg4 || BRS01 || Burger || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger ||
RGAN01 || DLL01 || Raggedy Ann || 45 || 4.99 || 18 inch Raggedy Ann doll ||
RYL01 || FNG01 || King doll || 120 || 9.49 || 12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown ||
RYL02 || FNG01 || Queen doll || 18 || 9.49 || 12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown ||
```

- Oh, since there are no efforts and imagination to produce a cool query let's create something basic. Write a Trigger that would show 'The vendor is inserted successfully!' if there was inserted a new Seller into the table.

The SQL code with corresponded output:

```
CREATE TRIGGER trShowMessageVendorAfterInsert
on VENDORS
after insert
AS
BEGIN
    select 'The vendor is inserted successfully!'
END
```

	(No column name)
1	The vendor is inserted successfully!

The Python to create Trigger:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER trShowMessageVendorAfterInsert
on VENDORS
after insert
AS
BEGIN
    select 'The vendor is inserted successfully!'
END
''')
```

Be sure that we deleted Trigger before:

```
DROP TRIGGER trShowMessageVendorAfterInsert
```

Messages

Commands completed successfully.

The python code to execute the Trigger:

```
cursor.execute("insert into Vendors values('BTW03','Temirlan Serikov','Tole Bi 59','Almaty','HZ','123123','KAZ')")
```

The Output:

	(No column name)
1	The vendor is inserted successfully!

12. Well, you need to use the created previously VIEW and this time investigate a TRIGGER that would imitate the working principle of DELETE for the VIEW since mistakes appears if we try to do it. We will delete recently inserted burger product.

```
select * from vwVendorsProductsDetails ;

]CREATE TRIGGER trvwVendorsProductsDetailsInsteadDelete
on vwVendorsProductsDetails
instead of DELETE
as
]BEGIN
]DELETE from Products
where prod_id in (select prod_id from deleted)
END

delete from vwVendorsProductsDetails where prod_id LIKE 'Burg1';
```

The creation in Python:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE TRIGGER trvwVendorsProductsDetailsInsteadDelete
on vwVendorsProductsDetails
instead of DELETE
as
BEGIN
DELETE from Products
where prod_id in (select prod_id from deleted)
END
''')
conn.commit()
```

Be confident that we deleted the Trigger in SQL before:

```
DROP TRIGGER trvwVendorsProductsDetailsInsteadDelete
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

The Python code execution:

```
cursor.execute("delete from Market.dbo.vwVendorsProductsDetails where prod_id LIKE 'Burg1';")
```

```
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.Products")
```

The output with no 'Burg1':

```
BNBG01 || DLL01 || Fish bean bag toy || 50 || 3.29 || Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it ||
BNBG02 || DLL01 || Bird bean bag toy || 200 || 3.49 || Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included ||
BNBG03 || DLL01 || Rabbit bean bag toy || 140 || 3.49 || Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots ||
BR01 || BRS01 || 8 inch teddy bear || 100 || 5.99 || 8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR02 || BRS01 || 12 inch teddy bear || 18 || 8.99 || 12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR03 || BRS01 || 18 inch teddy bear || 35 || 11.99 || 18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
Burg2 || BRS01 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again ||
Burg3 || BRS01 || Burger2 || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger again ||
Burg4 || BRS01 || Burger || 20 || 3.49 || Very tasty burger ||
RGAN01 || DLL01 || Raggedy Ann || 45 || 4.99 || 18 inch Raggedy Ann doll ||
RYL01 || FNG01 || King doll || 120 || 9.49 || 12 inch king doll with royal garments and crown ||
RYL02 || FNG01 || Queen doll || 18 || 9.49 || 12 inch queen doll with royal garments and crown ||
```

**8 QUERIES FOR FUNCTIONS**  
(Also very interesting)

13. Create a function that would replace the real sum for the prices of the products and return this value.

The SQL code with appropriate output:

```
create function ownSumById
(@productId varchar(20))
returns numeric (9,2)
BEGIN
DECLARE @totalSumProductItem numeric (9,2);
select @totalSumProductItem = sum(item_price) from OrderItems where prod_id = @productId;
return @totalSumProductItem;
END

select prod_id, dbo.ownSumById(Products.prod_id) as totalSoldPrice, prod_desc
from products where dbo.ownSumById(prod_id) IS NOT NULL;
```

	prod_id	totalSoldPrice	prod_desc
1	BNBG01	8.97	Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms ...
2	BNBG02	8.97	Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included
3	BNBG03	8.97	Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots
4	BR01	11.48	8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
5	BR02	8.99	12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
6	BR03	46.46	18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket
7	RGAN01	9.48	18 inch Raggedy Ann doll

The Python Code to create the Function:

```
cursor.execute('''
create function ownSumById
(@productId varchar(20))
returns numeric (9,2)
BEGIN
DECLARE @totalSumProductItem numeric (9,2);
select @totalSumProductItem = sum(item_price) from OrderItems where prod_id = @productId;
return @totalSumProductItem;
END
''')
conn.commit()
```

Be sure that we deleted the function previously:

```
|| DROP function ownSumById
%
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

The Python code to execute the Function and get the result:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

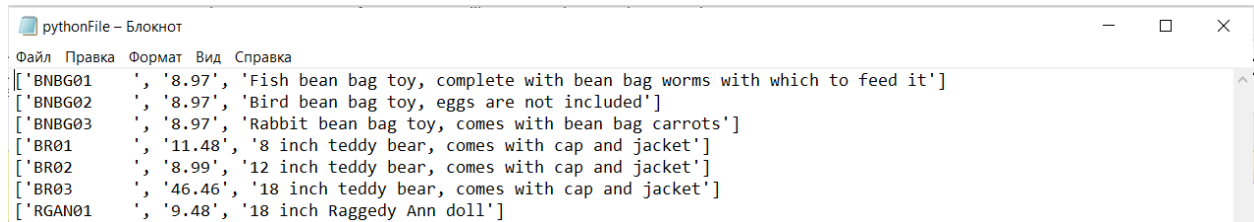
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("select prod_id, Market.dbo.ownSumById(Products.prod_id) as totalSoldPrice, prod_desc from Market.dbo.products where Market.dbo.ownSumById(prod_id) IS NOT NULL;")
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

The output in console:

```
BNBG01 || 8.97 || Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it ||
BNBG02 || 8.97 || Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included ||
BNBG03 || 8.97 || Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots ||
BR01 || 11.48 || 8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR02 || 8.99 || 12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
BR03 || 46.46 || 18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket ||
RGAN01 || 9.48 || 18 inch Raggedy Ann doll ||
```

The output in txt file:



```
pythonFile - Блокнот
Файл Правка Формат Вид Справка
['BNBG01', '8.97', 'Fish bean bag toy, complete with bean bag worms with which to feed it']
['BNBG02', '8.97', 'Bird bean bag toy, eggs are not included']
['BNBG03', '8.97', 'Rabbit bean bag toy, comes with bean bag carrots']
['BR01', '11.48', '8 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket']
['BR02', '8.99', '12 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket']
['BR03', '46.46', '18 inch teddy bear, comes with cap and jacket']
['RGAN01', '9.48', '18 inch Raggedy Ann doll']
```

14. Write the function that would increase a price of the products by 50 percent and returns this new price.

The SQL Part with code and output:

```
CREATE FUNCTION getIncreasedPriceByFiftyPercent
(@productId varchar(20))
returns numeric(9,2)
BEGIN
DECLARE @newPrice numeric(9,2);
select @newPrice = prod_price*1.5 from Products where prod_id = @productId;
return @newPrice;
END

select prod_id,prod_price as oldPrice,dbo.getIncreasedPriceByFiftyPercent(prod_id) as increasedCostByFiftyPercen from Products;
```

	prod_id	oldPrice	increasedCostByFiftyPercen
1	BNBG01	3.29	4.94
2	BNBG02	3.49	5.24
3	BNBG03	3.49	5.24
4	BR01	5.99	8.99
5	BR02	8.99	13.49
6	BR03	11.99	17.99
7	Burg2	3.49	5.24
8	Burg3	3.49	5.24
9	Burg4	3.49	5.24
10	RGAN01	4.99	7.49
11	RYL01	9.49	14.24
12	RYL02	9.49	14.24

The Python code to create the Function:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getIncreasedPriceByFiftyPercent
(@productId varchar(20))
returns numeric(9,2)
BEGIN
DECLARE @newPrice numeric(9,2);
select @newPrice = prod_price*1.5 from Products where prod_id = @productId;
return @newPrice;
END
''')
conn.commit()
```

Be aware that we deleted the function in advance:

```
DROP FUNCTION getIncreasedPriceByFiftyPercent
```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

## Python file with Function Execution:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

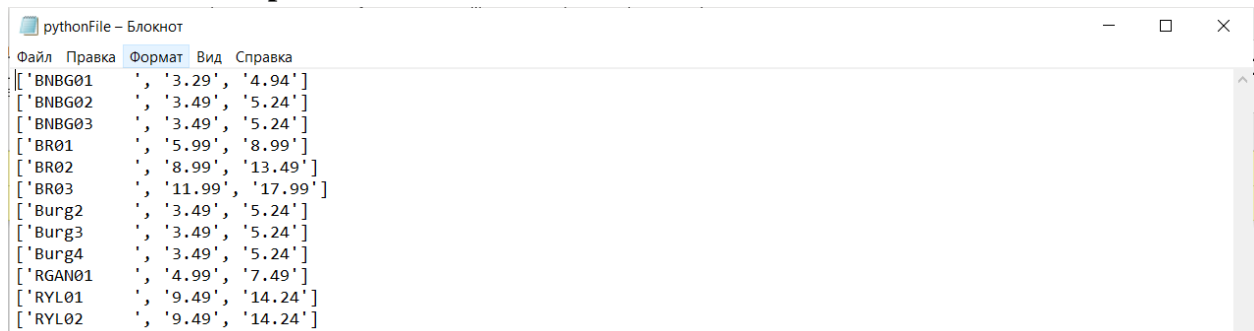
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("select prod_id,prod_price as oldPrice,Market.dbo.getIncreasedPriceByFiftyPercent(prod_id) as increasedCostByFiftyPerce from Market.dbo.Products;")
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str,list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt","a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j,end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

## The Python output in console:

```
BNBG01 || 3.29 || 4.94 ||
BNBG02 || 3.49 || 5.24 ||
BNBG03 || 3.49 || 5.24 ||
BR01 || 5.99 || 8.99 ||
BR02 || 8.99 || 13.49 ||
BR03 || 11.99 || 17.99 ||
Burg2 || 3.49 || 5.24 ||
Burg3 || 3.49 || 5.24 ||
Burg4 || 3.49 || 5.24 ||
RGAN01 || 4.99 || 7.49 ||
RYL01 || 9.49 || 14.24 ||
RYL02 || 9.49 || 14.24 ||
```

## The output in txt File:



```
pythonFile - Блокнот
Файл Правка Формат Вид Справка
['BNBG01', '3.29', '4.94']
['BNBG02', '3.49', '5.24']
['BNBG03', '3.49', '5.24']
['BR01', '5.99', '8.99']
['BR02', '8.99', '13.49']
['BR03', '11.99', '17.99']
['Burg2', '3.49', '5.24']
['Burg3', '3.49', '5.24']
['Burg4', '3.49', '5.24']
['RGAN01', '4.99', '7.49']
['RYL01', '9.49', '14.24']
['RYL02', '9.49', '14.24']
```

15. Write to functions where the first is responsible for the union of customers and vendors and it is returned as a table while the second function needs to take this new table from the first function. The second function has to return the most popular country among people. Show the people who live in the most popular Country.

```
CREATE FUNCTION getCustomerVendorsCombination()
returns TABLE
AS
RETURN
(
select cust_id as person_id,cust_name as person_name,cust_address as person_address,cust_country as person_country from Customers
UNION
select vend_id as person_id,vend_name as person_name,vend_address as person_address,vend_country as person_country from Vendors
);

CREATE FUNCTION getPopularCountryAmongPeople()
returns varchar(5)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @popularCountry varchar(5) =
    (select person_country from dbo.getCustomerVendorsCombination() group by person_country having count(*) =
    (select max (totalNumberCitizens) as maxPeopleNumber from
    (select count(*) as totalNumberCitizens from dbo.getCustomerVendorsCombination() group by person_country)a));
    return @popularCountry
END

select * from getCustomerVendorsCombination() where person_country = dbo.getPopularCountryAmongPeople()
```



	person_id	person_name	person_address	person_country
1	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	USA
2	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	USA
3	1000000003	Fun4All	1 Sunny Place	USA
4	1000000004	Fun4All	829 Riverside Drive	USA
5	1000000005	The Toy Store	4545 53rd Street	USA
6	BRE02	Bear Emporium	500 Park Street	USA
7	BRS01	Bears R Us	123 Main Street	USA
8	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	555 High Street	USA
9	FRB01	Furball Inc.	1000 5th Avenue	USA

## The Python Functions Creation:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getCustomerVendorsCombination()
returns TABLE
AS
RETURN
(
select cust_id as person_id,cust_name as person_name,cust_address as person_address,cust_country as person_country from Customers
UNION
select vend_id as person_id,vend_name as person_name,vend_address as person_address,vend_country as person_country from Vendors
);
''')

conn.commit()
```

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getPopularCountryAmongPeople()
returns varchar(5)
BEGIN
DECLARE @popularCountry varchar(5) =
(select person_country from dbo.getCustomerVendorsCombination() group by person_country having count(*) =
(select max (totalNumberCitizens) as maxPeopleNumber from
(select count(*) as totalNumberCitizens from dbo.getCustomerVendorsCombination() group by person_country)a));
return @popularCountry
END
''')

conn.commit()
```

## Be aware that we deleted the functions:

```
DROP FUNCTION getPopularCountryAmongPeople
```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

```
DROP FUNCTION getCustomerVendorsCombination
```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

## The Python File to execute the functions:

```
import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

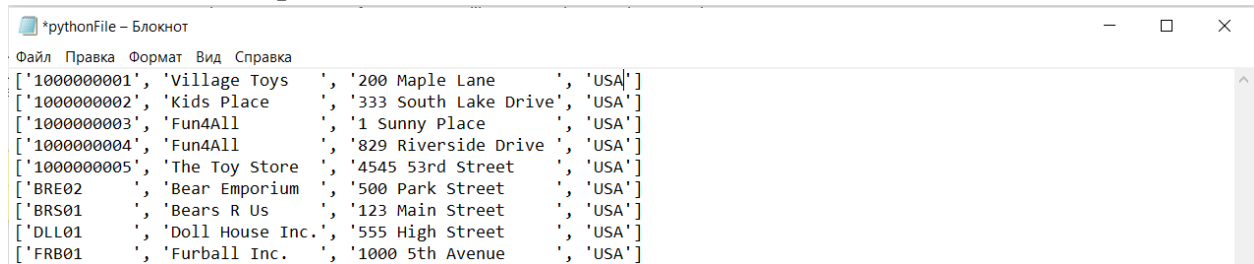
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.getCustomerVendorsCombination() where person_country = Market.dbo.getPopularCountryAmongPeople()")
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(list(map(str, list(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

### The output in the Console:

```
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || USA ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || USA ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 1 Sunny Place || USA ||
1000000004 || Fun4All || 829 Riverside Drive || USA ||
1000000005 || The Toy Store || 4545 53rd Street || USA ||
BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 500 Park Street || USA ||
BRS01 || Bears R Us || 123 Main Street || USA ||
DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 555 High Street || USA ||
FRB01 || Furball Inc. || 1000 5th Avenue || USA ||
```

### The Output in the txt File:



```
['1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'USA']
['1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'USA']
['1000000003', 'Fun4All', '1 Sunny Place', 'USA']
['1000000004', 'Fun4All', '829 Riverside Drive', 'USA']
['1000000005', 'The Toy Store', '4545 53rd Street', 'USA']
['BRE02', 'Bear Emporium', '500 Park Street', 'USA']
['BRS01', 'Bears R Us', '123 Main Street', 'USA']
['DLL01', 'Doll House Inc.', '555 High Street', 'USA']
['FRB01', 'Furball Inc.', '1000 5th Avenue', 'USA']
```

16. Write the functions that finally return a table with those people whose names consists of 3 words. Then show the whole information of these people.

### The SQL Code with corresponded output:

```
CREATE FUNCTION getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(@name varchar(50),@sign varchar(5))
returns int
BEGIN
    DECLARE @signNumber int;
    select @signNumber = LEN(@name) - LEN(REPLACE(@name,@sign,'')) from getCustomerVendorsCombination()
    return @signNumber
END

CREATE FUNCTION getPeopleWithThreeWordsInName()
returns TABLE
AS
RETURN
(
    select person_id,person_name,person_address,person_country,
    dbo.getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(person_name,' ') + 1 as numberOfWords
    from getCustomerVendorsCombination() where dbo.getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(person_name,' ') = 2
);

select * from getPeopleWithThreeWordsInName();
```

	person_id	person_name	person_address	person_country	numberOfWords
1	1000000005	The Toy Store	4545 53rd Street	USA	3
2	BRS01	Bears R Us	123 Main Street	USA	3
3	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	555 High Street	USA	3
4	FNG01	Fun and Games	42 Galaxy Road	England	3
5	JTS01	Jouets et ours	1 Rue Amusement	France	3

### The Python Creation of Functions:

```

import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(@name varchar (50),@sign varchar(5))
returns int
BEGIN
    DECLARE @signNumber int;
    select @signNumber = LEN(@name) - LEN(REPLACE(@name,@sign,'')) from getCustomerVendorsCombination()
    return @signNumber
END
''')

conn.commit()

import pyodbc
conn = pyodbc.connect('Driver={SQL Server};'
                      'Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;'
                      'Database=Market;'
                      'Trusted_Connection=yes;')

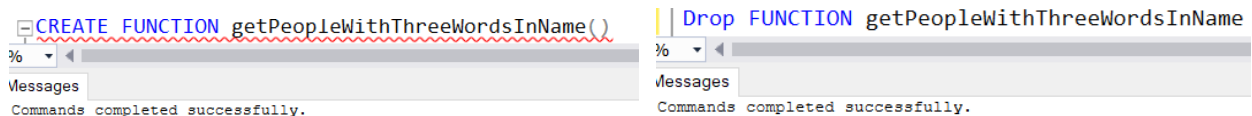
cursor = conn.cursor()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getPeopleWithThreeWordsInName()
returns TABLE
AS
RETURN
(
    select person_id,person_name,person_address,person_country,
    dbo.getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(person_name,' ') + 1 as numberOfWords
    from getCustomerVendorsCombination() where dbo.getNumberOfSignInPeopleTable(person_name,' ') = 2
);
''')

conn.commit()

```

Be sure that we deleted the Function in advance:



The Python code with Functions Execution:

```

import pyodbc

conn = pyodbc.connect("Driver={SQL Server Native Client 11.0};"
                      "Server=DESKTOP-9VV7AM5;"
                      "Trusted_Connection=yes;")

cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("select * from Market.dbo.getPeopleWithThreeWordsInName();")
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str,List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt","a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j,end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
# f.write('\n')
f.close()

```

The output of the code in Console:

```
1000000005 || The Toy Store || 4545 53rd Street || USA || 3 ||
BRS01 || Bears R Us || 123 Main Street || USA || 3 ||
DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 555 High Street || USA || 3 ||
FNG01 || Fun and Games || 42 Galaxy Road || England || 3 ||
JTS01 || Jouets et ours || 1 Rue Amusement || France || 3 ||
```

### The output in txt File:

```
*pythonFile – Блокнот
Файл Правка Формат Вид Справка
['1000000005', 'The Toy Store ', '4545 53rd Street ', 'USA ', '3']
['BRS01 ', 'Bears R Us ', '123 Main Street ', 'USA ', '3']
['DLL01 ', 'Doll House Inc.', '555 High Street ', 'USA ', '3']
['FNG01 ', 'Fun and Games ', '42 Galaxy Road ', 'England', '3']
['JTS01 ', 'Jouets et ours ', '1 Rue Amusement ', 'France ', '3']
```

- Write a function that would return the total price that person needs to pay. Just multiply the quantity of items by cost of one. Use the type MONEY with dollars sign to make it more realistic.

### The SQL code with needed output:

```
CREATE FUNCTION getTotalPrice(@orderId int,@itemId varchar(10))
returns MONEY
BEGIN
    DECLARE @money as MONEY;
    SELECT @money = quantity * item_price
    from OrderItems where order_num = @orderId and prod_id = @itemId;
    return @money
END
```

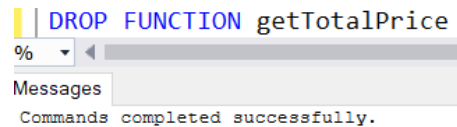
```
select *,CONCAT(dbo.getTotalPrice(order_num,prod_id),' $')as total_price from OrderItems
```

	order_num	order_item	prod_id	quantity	item_price	total_price
1	20005	1	BR01	100	5.49	549.00 \$
2	20005	2	BR03	100	10.99	1099.00 \$
3	20006	1	BR01	20	5.99	119.80 \$
4	20006	2	BR02	10	8.99	89.90 \$
5	20006	3	BR03	10	11.99	119.90 \$
6	20007	1	BR03	50	11.49	574.50 \$
7	20007	2	BNBG01	100	2.99	299.00 \$
8	20007	3	BNBG02	100	2.99	299.00 \$
9	20007	4	BNBG03	100	2.99	299.00 \$
10	20007	5	RGAN01	50	4.49	224.50 \$
11	20008	1	RGAN01	5	4.99	24.95 \$
12	20008	2	BR03	5	11.99	59.95 \$
13	20008	3	BNBG01	10	3.49	34.90 \$
14	20008	4	BNBG02	10	3.49	34.90 \$
15	20008	5	BNBG03	10	3.49	34.90 \$
16	20009	1	BNBG01	250	2.49	622.50 \$
17	20009	2	BNBG02	250	2.49	622.50 \$
18	20009	3	BNBG03	250	2.49	622.50 \$

### The Python Creation of the Function:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getTotalPrice(@orderId int,@itemId varchar(10))
returns MONEY
BEGIN
    DECLARE @money as MONEY;
    SELECT @money = quantity * item_price
    from OrderItems where order_num = @orderId and prod_id = @itemId;
    return @money
END
''')
conn.commit()
```

Be certain that we deleted the Function:



The Python code to execute the query:

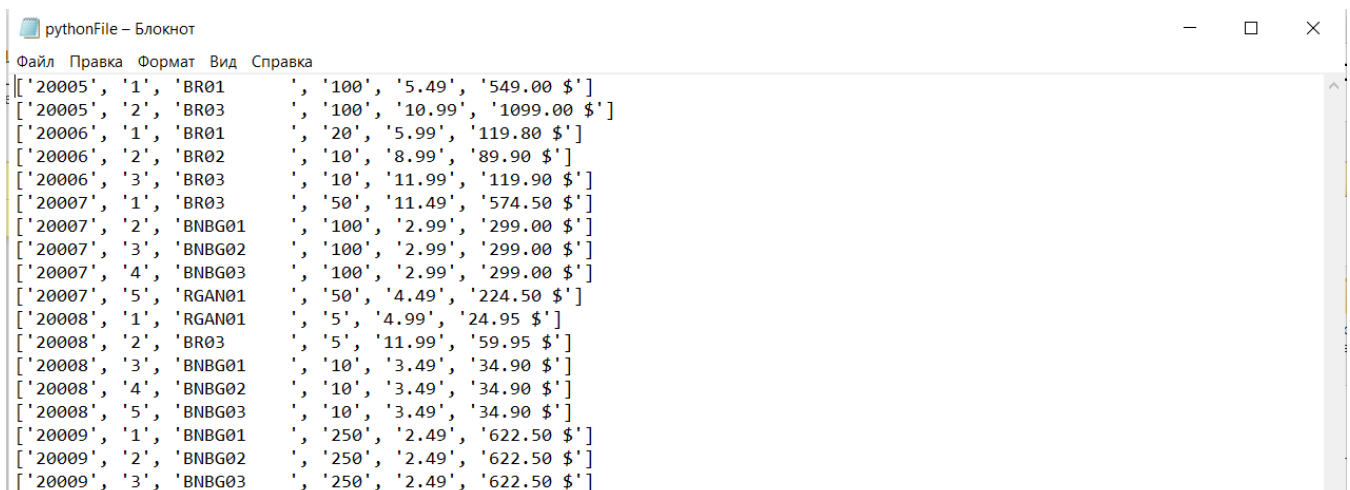
```
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("select *,CONCAT(Market.dbo.getTotalPrice(order_num,prod_id),' $')as total_price from Market.dbo.OrderItems")
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str,List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt","a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j,end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

The output of the query in console:

```
20005 || 1 || BR01 || 100 || 5.49 || 549.00 $ ||
20005 || 2 || BR03 || 100 || 10.99 || 1099.00 $ ||
20006 || 1 || BR01 || 20 || 5.99 || 119.80 $ ||
20006 || 2 || BR02 || 10 || 8.99 || 89.90 $ ||
20006 || 3 || BR03 || 10 || 11.99 || 119.90 $ ||
20007 || 1 || BR03 || 50 || 11.49 || 574.50 $ ||
20007 || 2 || BNBG01 || 100 || 2.99 || 299.00 $ ||
20007 || 3 || BNBG02 || 100 || 2.99 || 299.00 $ ||
20007 || 4 || BNBG03 || 100 || 2.99 || 299.00 $ ||
20007 || 5 || RGAN01 || 50 || 4.49 || 224.50 $ ||
20008 || 1 || RGAN01 || 5 || 4.99 || 24.95 $ ||
20008 || 2 || BR03 || 5 || 11.99 || 59.95 $ ||
20008 || 3 || BNBG01 || 10 || 3.49 || 34.90 $ ||
20008 || 4 || BNBG02 || 10 || 3.49 || 34.90 $ ||
20008 || 5 || BNBG03 || 10 || 3.49 || 34.90 $ ||
20009 || 1 || BNBG01 || 250 || 2.49 || 622.50 $ ||
20009 || 2 || BNBG02 || 250 || 2.49 || 622.50 $ ||
20009 || 3 || BNBG03 || 250 || 2.49 || 622.50 $ ||
```

The output in txt file:



18. Write two functions where one will return the address for the supplied person without any figures while the second function would use it and compare the lengths of the addresses between customers and vendors and **SHOWS The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer** if the length of the customer's address without numbers is longer than vendor's , **The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer** if vendor's is bigger or **EQUAL ADDRESSES** if they are the same. Compare all the customers to the vendors using CARTESIAN PRODUCT.

```

CREATE FUNCTION getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@address varchar(50))
returns varchar(50)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @newAddress varchar(50) = '';
    DECLARE @size int = len(@address);
    DECLARE @cnt int = 1;
    WHILE (@cnt<=@size)
    BEGIN
        if(SUBSTRING(@address,@cnt,1) NOT LIKE '[0123456789]%') AND @cnt <= @size)
            SET @newAddress = CONCAT(@newAddress,SUBSTRING(@address,@cnt,1))
            SET @cnt = @cnt + 1
        END
    return @newAddress;
END

CREATE FUNCTION compareCustomersVendorsAddresses(@custAddress varchar(50),@vendAddress varchar(50))
returns varchar(70)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @description varchar(70);
    select @description =
    CASE WHEN LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@custAddress)) > LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@vendAddress))
    THEN 'The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer'
    WHEN LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@custAddress)) < LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@vendAddress))
    THEN 'The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer'
    ELSE 'EQUAL ADDRESSES'
    END;
    return @description;
END

select CUSTOMERS.cust_id,CUSTOMERS.cust_name,CUSTOMERS.cust_address,dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(cust_address) as addressWithoutNumbersCust,
LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(cust_address)) as lengthWithoutNumbersCust
,VENDORS.vend_id,VENDORS.vend_name,VENDORS.vend_address,dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(vend_address) as addressWithoutNumbersVend,
LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(vend_address)) as lengthWithoutNumbersVend,
dbo.compareCustomersVendorsAddresses(cust_address,vend_address) as CustomerVSVendorSummary from Customers,Vendors;

```

	cust_id	cust_name	cust_address	addressWithoutNumbersCust	lengthWithoutNumbersCust	vend_id	vend_name	vend_address	addressWithoutNumbersVend	lengthWithoutNumbersVend	CustomerVSVendorSummary
1	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BRE02	Bear Emporium	500 Park Street	Park Street	12	The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer
2	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BR501	Bears R Us	123 Main Street	Main Street	12	The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer
3	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BTW01	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
4	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BTW02	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
5	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BTW03	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
6	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BTW04	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
7	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	BTW05	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
8	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	555 High Street	High Street	12	The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer
9	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	FNG01	Fun and Games	42 Galaxy Road	Galaxy Road	12	The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer
10	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	FRB01	Furball Inc.	1000 5th Avenue	th Avenue	10	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
11	1000000001	Village Toys	200 Maple Lane	Maple Lane	11	JTS01	Jouets et ours	1 Rue Amusement	Rue Amusement	14	The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer
12	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BRE02	Bear Emporium	500 Park Street	Park Street	12	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
13	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BR501	Bears R Us	123 Main Street	Main Street	12	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
14	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BTW01	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
15	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BTW02	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
16	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BTW03	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
17	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BTW04	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
18	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	BTW05	Temirlan Serikov	Tole Bi 59	Tole Bi	7	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
19	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	555 High Street	High Street	12	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
20	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	FNG01	Fun and Games	42 Galaxy Road	Galaxy Road	12	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
21	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	FRB01	Furball Inc.	1000 5th Avenue	th Avenue	10	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
22	1000000002	Kids Place	333 South Lake Drive	South Lake Drive	17	JTS01	Jouets et ours	1 Rue Amusement	Rue Amusement	14	The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer
23	1000000003	Fun4All	1 Sunny Place	Sunny Place	12	BRE02	Bear Emporium	500 Park Street	Park Street	12	EQUAL ADDRESSES
24	1000000003	Fun4All	1 Sunny Place	Sunny Place	12	BR501	Bears R Us	123 Main Street	Main Street	12	EQUAL ADDRESSES

## The Python Functions creation:

```

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION compareCustomersVendorsAddresses(@custAddress varchar(50),@vendAddress varchar(50))
returns varchar(70)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @description varchar(70);
    select @description =
    CASE WHEN LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@custAddress)) > LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@vendAddress))
    THEN 'The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer'
    WHEN LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@custAddress)) < LEN(dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@vendAddress))
    THEN 'The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer'
    ELSE 'EQUAL ADDRESSES'
    END;
    return @description;
END
''')

conn.commit()

```



```

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getAddressesWithoutNumbers(@address varchar(50))
returns varchar(50)
BEGIN
DECLARE @newAddress varchar(50) = '';
DECLARE @size int = len(@address);
DECLARE @cnt int = 1;
WHILE (@cnt<=@size)
BEGIN
    if(SUBSTRING(@address,@cnt,1) NOT LIKE '[0123456789]%' AND @cnt <= @size)
        SET @newAddress = CONCAT(@newAddress,SUBSTRING(@address,@cnt,1))
        SET @cnt = @cnt + 1
    END
return @newAddress;
END
''')

```

Be sure that we deleted the function in advance:

```

DROP FUNCTION getAddressesWithoutNumbers

```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

```

DROP FUNCTION compareCustomersVendorsAddresses

```

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

The Python code to execute the queries with functions:

```

cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('''
select CUSTOMERS.cust_id,CUSTOMERS.cust_name,CUSTOMERS.cust_address,Market.dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(cust_address) as addressWithoutNumbersCust,
LEN(Market.dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(cust_address)) as lengthWithoutNumbersCust
,VENDORS.vend_id,VENDORS.vend_name,VENDORS.vend_address,Market.dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(vend_address) as addressWithoutNumbersVend,
LEN(Market.dbo.getAddressesWithoutNumbers(vend_address)) as lengthWithoutNumbersVend,
Market.dbo.compareCustomersVendorsAddresses(cust_address,vend_address) as CustomerVSVendorSummary from Market.dbo.Customers,Market.dbo.Vendors;''')
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str,List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt","a")
for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j,end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()

```

The output in console:

```

1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 500 Park Street || Park Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BRS01 || Bears R Us || 123 Main Street || Main Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BTW01 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BTW02 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BTW03 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BTW04 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || BTW05 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 555 High Street || High Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || FNG01 || Fun and Games || 42 Galaxy Road || Galaxy Road || 12 || The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || FRB01 || Furball Inc. || 1000 5th Avenue || th Avenue || 10 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000001 || Village Toys || 200 Maple Lane || Maple Lane || 11 || JTS01 || Jouets et ours || 1 Rue Amusement || Rue Amusement || 14 || The ADDRESS of VENDOR is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 500 Park Street || Park Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BRS01 || Bears R Us || 123 Main Street || Main Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BTW01 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BTW02 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BTW03 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BTW04 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || BTW05 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 555 High Street || High Street || 12 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || FNG01 || Fun and Games || 42 Galaxy Road || Galaxy Road || 12 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || FRB01 || Furball Inc. || 1000 5th Avenue || th Avenue || 10 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 333 South Lake Drive || South Lake Drive || 17 || JTS01 || Jouets et ours || 1 Rue Amusement || Rue Amusement || 14 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 1 Sunny Place || Sunny Place || 12 || BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 500 Park Street || Park Street || 12 || EQUAL ADDRESSES ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 1 Sunny Place || Sunny Place || 12 || BRS01 || Bears R Us || 123 Main Street || Main Street || 12 || EQUAL ADDRESSES ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 1 Sunny Place || Sunny Place || 12 || BTW01 || Temirlan Serikov || Tole Bi 59 || Tole Bi || 7 || The ADDRESS of CUSTOMER is longer ||

```

The output in txt File:



pythonFile - Блокнот

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```
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BRE02', 'Bear Emporium'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BRS01', 'Bears R Us'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BTW01', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BTW02', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BTW03', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BTW04', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'BTW05', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'DLL01', 'Doll House Inc.'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'FNG01', 'Fun and Games'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'FRB01', 'Furball Inc.'
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '200 Maple Lane', 'Maple Lane', '11', 'JTS01', 'Jouets et ours'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BRE02', 'Bear Emporium'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BRS01', 'Bears R Us'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BTW01', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BTW02', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BTW03', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BTW04', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'BTW05', 'Temirlan Serikov'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'DLL01', 'Doll House Inc.'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'FNG01', 'Fun and Games'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'FRB01', 'Furball Inc.'
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '333 South Lake Drive', 'South Lake Drive', '17', 'JTS01', 'Jouets et ours'
[ '1000000003', 'Fun4All', '1 Sunny Place', 'Sunny Place', '12', 'BRE02', 'Bear Emporium'
[ '1000000003', 'Fun4All', '1 Sunny Place', 'Sunny Place', '12', 'BRS01', 'Bears R Us'
[ '1000000003', 'Fun4All', '1 Sunny Place', 'Sunny Place', '12', 'BTW01', 'Temirlan Serikov'
```

## 19. Write a function that would check the taken year and return 'LEAP YEAR' or 'NOT LEAP YEAR'.

```
CREATE FUNCTION isItLeapYear(@curYear int)
returns varchar(40)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @year varchar(40);
    select @year = CASE
        WHEN (@curYear % 4 = 0 AND @curYear % 100 <> 0) OR (@curYear % 400 = 0 ) THEN 'LEAP YEAR '
        ELSE 'NOT LEAP YEAR'
    END;
    return @year;
END

select order_num,order_date,dbo.isItLeapYear(CAST(SUBSTRING(cast(order_date AS varchar),1,4) AS int)) as year_description,cust_id from orders;
```

	order_num	order_date	year_description	cust_id
1	20005	2019-05-01	NOT LEAP YEAR	1000000001
2	20006	2019-01-12	NOT LEAP YEAR	1000000003
3	20007	2019-01-30	NOT LEAP YEAR	1000000004
4	20008	2019-02-03	NOT LEAP YEAR	1000000005
5	20009	2019-02-08	NOT LEAP YEAR	1000000001

## The Python Creation Function code:

```
cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION isItLeapYear(@curYear int)
returns varchar(40)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @year varchar(40);
    select @year = CASE
        WHEN (@curYear % 4 = 0 AND @curYear % 100 <> 0) OR (@curYear % 400 = 0 ) THEN 'LEAP YEAR '
        ELSE 'NOT LEAP YEAR'
    END;
    return @year;
END
''')

conn.commit()
```

## Be sure that we deleted the Function in advance:

```
|| DROP FUNCTION isItLeapYear
%
Messages
Commands completed successfully.
```

## Python code to execute the query with function calling:

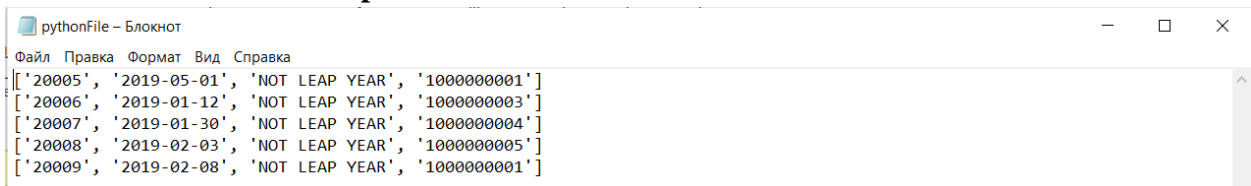
```
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('''select order_num,order_date,Market.dbo.isItLeapYear(CAST(SUBSTRING(cast(order_date AS varchar),1,4) AS int))
as year_description,cust_id from Market.dbo.orders;
''')
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str,List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt","a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ','')
        print(j,end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

## The console output of the query:

```
20005 || 2019-05-01 || NOT LEAP YEAR || 1000000001 ||
20006 || 2019-01-12 || NOT LEAP YEAR || 1000000003 ||
20007 || 2019-01-30 || NOT LEAP YEAR || 1000000004 ||
20008 || 2019-02-03 || NOT LEAP YEAR || 1000000005 ||
20009 || 2019-02-08 || NOT LEAP YEAR || 1000000001 ||
```

## The txt file output:



```
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['20005', '2019-05-01', 'NOT LEAP YEAR', '1000000001']
['20006', '2019-01-12', 'NOT LEAP YEAR', '1000000003']
['20007', '2019-01-30', 'NOT LEAP YEAR', '1000000004']
['20008', '2019-02-03', 'NOT LEAP YEAR', '1000000005']
['20009', '2019-02-08', 'NOT LEAP YEAR', '1000000001']
```

20. Write functions that together would produce the sum of the figures that are inside of the ZIP column but there problem can appear since there are some rows which have not only numbers but letters too. For example, the zip = N16 6PS would produce 13 (1 + 6 + 6). Produce the solution for all the Zip numbers among the whole people. You can create a view where you would store al the people (Customers + Vendors).

```
CREATE FUNCTION getCorrectZipNumbers(@oldZip varchar(20))
returns varchar(20)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @sizeZip int = len(@oldZip);
    DECLARE @cnt int = 1;
    DECLARE @newZip varchar(20) = '';
    WHILE (@cnt <= @sizeZip)
    BEGIN
        if(SUBSTRING(@oldZip,@cnt,1) LIKE '[0123456789]%')
            SET @newZip = CONCAT(@newZip,SUBSTRING(@oldZip,@cnt,1))
            SET @cnt = @cnt + 1
        END
    return @newZip;
END

CREATE FUNCTION sumOfZipNumbers(@curZip varchar(20))
returns int
BEGIN
    DECLARE @sumNumbers int = 0;
    DECLARE @newZip varchar(20) = dbo.getCorrectZipNumbers(@curZip);
    DECLARE @counter int = 1;
    DECLARE @newZipSize int = len(@newZip);
    while (@counter <= @newZipSize)
    BEGIN
        SET @sumNumbers = @sumNumbers + CAST(SUBSTRING(@newZip,@counter,1) AS tinyint)
        SET @counter = @counter + 1;
    END
    return @sumNumbers;
END

CREATE VIEW people AS
select cust_id as person_id,cust_name as person_name,cust_zip as person_zip from Customers
union
select vend_id as person_id,vend_name as person_name,vend_zip as person_zip from Vendors;

select *, dbo.sumOfZipNumbers(CAST(people.person_zip as varchar)) from people;
```

	person_id	person_name	person_zip	(No column name)
1	1000000001	Village Toys	44444	20
2	1000000002	Kids Place	43333	16
3	1000000003	Fun4All	42222	12
4	1000000004	Fun4All	88888	40
5	1000000005	The Toy Store	54545	23
6	1000000006	Tamerlan Kuankush	100005	6
7	BRE02	Bear Emporium	44333	17
8	BRS01	Bears R Us	44444	20
9	BTW01	Temirlan Serikov	123123	12
10	BTW02	Temirlan Serikov	123123	12
11	BTW03	Temirlan Serikov	123123	12
12	BTW04	Temirlan Serikov	123123	12
13	BTW05	Temirlan Serikov	123123	12
14	DLL01	Doll House Inc.	99999	45
15	FNG01	Fun and Games	N16 6PS	13
16	FRB01	Furball Inc.	11111	5
17	JTS01	Jouets et ours	45678	30

## The Python code to create Functions:

```

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION getCorrectZipNumbers(@oldZip varchar(20))
returns varchar(20)
BEGIN
    DECLARE @sizeZip int = len(@oldZip);
    DECLARE @cnt int = 1;
    DECLARE @newZip varchar(20) = '';
    WHILE (@cnt <= @sizeZip)
    BEGIN
        if(SUBSTRING(@oldZip,@cnt,1) LIKE '[0123456789]%')
            SET @newZip = CONCAT(@newZip,SUBSTRING(@oldZip,@cnt,1))
        SET @cnt = @cnt + 1
    END
    return @newZip;
END
''')

conn.commit()

```

```

cursor.execute('''
CREATE FUNCTION sumOfZipNumbers(@curZip varchar(20))
returns int
BEGIN
    DECLARE @sumNumbers int = 0;
    DECLARE @newZip varchar(20) = dbo.getCorrectZipNumbers(@curZip);
    DECLARE @counter int = 1;
    DECLARE @newZipSize int = len(@newZip);
    while (@counter <= @newZipSize)
    BEGIN
        SET @sumNumbers = @sumNumbers + CAST(SUBSTRING(@newZip,@counter,1) AS tinyint)
        SET @counter = @counter + 1;
    END
    return @sumNumbers;
END
''')

conn.commit()

cursor.execute('''
CREATE VIEW people AS
select cust_id as person_id,cust_name as person_name,cust_zip as person_zip from Customers
union
select vend_id as person_id,vend_name as person_name,vend_zip as person_zip from Vendors;
''')

conn.commit()

```

Be sure that we deleted all the functions and view in advance:

DROP FUNCTION getCorrectZipNumbers

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

DROP FUNCTION sumOfZipNumbers

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

DROP VIEW people

Messages  
Commands completed successfully.

### The Python code to execute final query:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute('select *, Market.dbo.sumOfZipNumbers(CAST(Market.dbo.people.person_zip as varchar)) from Market.dbo.people;')
var_fix = []
for row in cursor:
    var_fix.append(List(map(str, List(row))))
f = open("C:/Users/temir/OneDrive/Рабочий стол/KBTU/Database/Practice/Exercises/Lab10/pythonFile.txt", "a")

for k in var_fix:
    for j in k:
        j = j.replace(' ', '')
        print(j, end = ' || ')
    print()
    f.write(str(k))
# print(k)
    f.write('\n')
f.close()
```

### The Python output of the query in console:

```
1000000001 || Village Toys || 44444 || 20 ||
1000000002 || Kids Place || 43333 || 16 ||
1000000003 || Fun4All || 42222 || 12 ||
1000000004 || Fun4All || 88888 || 40 ||
1000000005 || The Toy Store || 54545 || 23 ||
1000000006 || Tamerlan Kuankush || 100005 || 6 ||
BRE02 || Bear Emporium || 44333 || 17 ||
BRS01 || Bears R Us || 44444 || 20 ||
BTW01 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || 12 ||
BTW02 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || 12 ||
BTW03 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || 12 ||
BTW04 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || 12 ||
BTW05 || Temirlan Serikov || 123123 || 12 ||
DLL01 || Doll House Inc. || 99999 || 45 ||
FNG01 || Fun and Games || N16 6PS || 13 ||
FRB01 || Furball Inc. || 11111 || 5 ||
JTS01 || Jouets et ours || 45678 || 30 ||
```

### The Output in txt File:

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```
[ '1000000001', 'Village Toys', '44444', '20' ]
[ '1000000002', 'Kids Place', '43333', '16' ]
[ '1000000003', 'Fun4All', '42222', '12' ]
[ '1000000004', 'Fun4All', '88888', '40' ]
[ '1000000005', 'The Toy Store', '54545', '23' ]
[ '1000000006', 'Tamerlan Kuankush', '100005', '6' ]
[ 'BRE02', 'Bear Emporium', '44333', '17' ]
[ 'BRS01', 'Bears R Us', '44444', '20' ]
[ 'BTW01', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', '12' ]
[ 'BTW02', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', '12' ]
[ 'BTW03', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', '12' ]
[ 'BTW04', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', '12' ]
[ 'BTW05', 'Temirlan Serikov', '123123', '12' ]
[ 'DLL01', 'Doll House Inc.', '99999', '45' ]
[ 'FNG01', 'Fun and Games', 'N16 6PS', '13' ]
[ 'FRB01', 'Furball Inc.', '11111', '5' ]
[ 'JTS01', 'Jouets et ours', '45678', '30' ]
```