



www.casus.science

Plasma-PEPSC Workshop 23 October 2024

The Open Standard for Particle-Mesh Data











SPONSORED BY THE



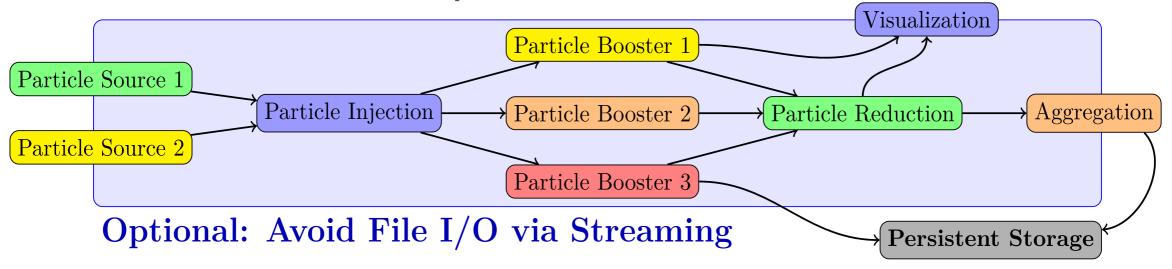




Heterogeneity through Standardized Data



Scientific workflows are complex:



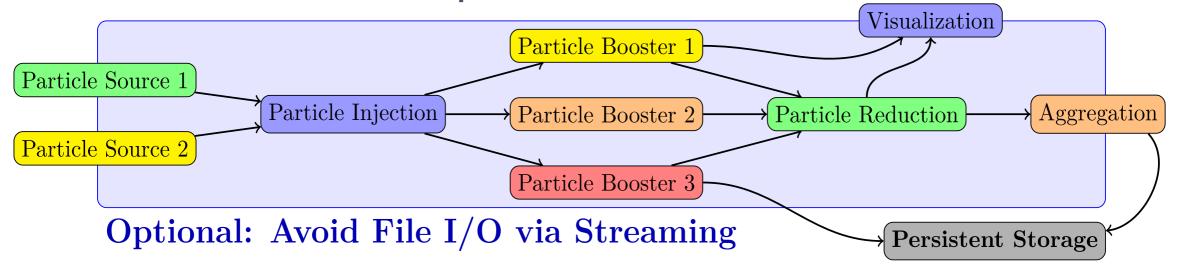
- need to span different time and length scales
- scientific modeling requires multiple codes,
 collaborating in a data processing pipeline
- → **bridge heterogeneous models** by standardization of data

Axel Huebl et al. "openPMD: A meta data standard for particle and mesh based data". 2015. doi: 10.5281/zenodo.591699. url: https://openPMD.org Franz Poeschel et al. "Transitioning from file-based HPC workflows to streaming data pipelines with openPMD and ADIOS2". 2021. doi:10.1007/978-3-030-96498-6_6

Heterogeneity through Standardized Data



Scientific workflows are complex:



openPMD standard

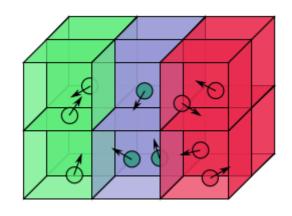
→ for particle-mesh data as communication layer



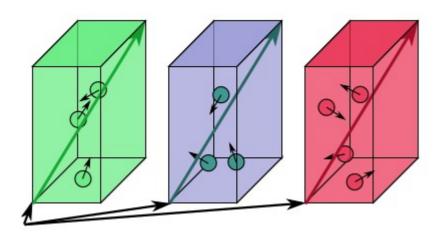
Axel Huebl et al. "openPMD: A meta data standard for particle and mesh based data". 2015. doi: 10.5281/zenodo.591699. url: https://openPMD.org Franz Poeschel et al. "Transitioning from file-based HPC workflows to streaming data pipelines with openPMD and ADIOS2". 2021. doi:10.1007/978-3-030-96498-6_6

What is particle-mesh data?





[0:3] particles [3:6] particles [6:10] particles



Mesh

n-dimensional space, divided into discrete cells

- e.g. temperature: store a scalar number per cell
- e.g. electrical fields: store a 3D vector per cell

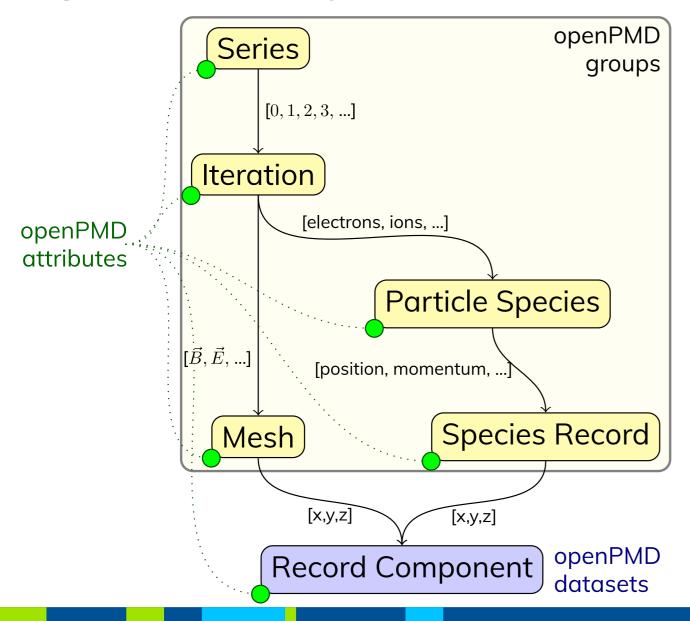
Particles

A list of discrete objects, located on the mesh

- for each particle: list its position
- optionally: list charge, weight, ...

openPMD hierarchy

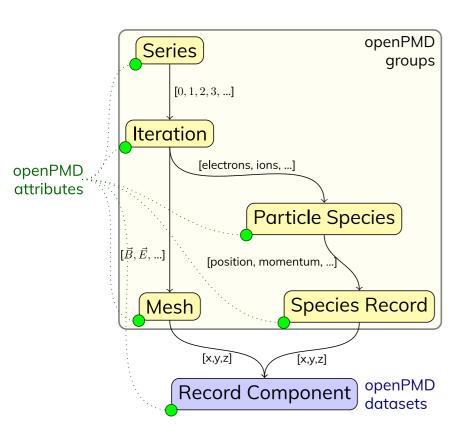




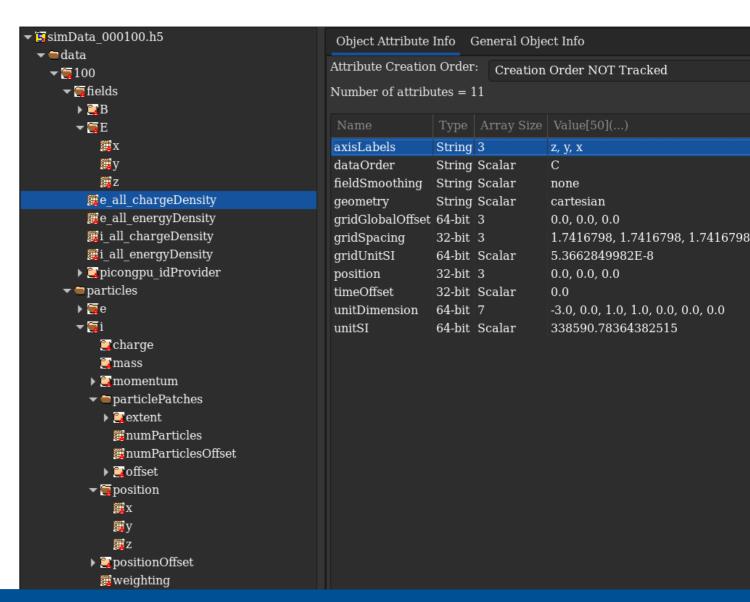
- **Structure** for series & snapshots encoded as either:
 - **files** (one file per iteration)
 - **groups** (reuse files)
 - **variables** (reuse files & variables in ADIOS2)
- Records for physical observables constants, mixed precision, complex numbers
- Attributes: unit conversion, description, relations, mesh geometry, authors, env. info, ...

Example dataset: HDF5 backend





Sample data created with PIConGPU



Example dataset: ADIOS2 backend



```
float
          /data/50/fields/E/x
                                                     {128, 128, 128}
                                   Hierarchical
                                                                                      n-dim. datasets
float
          /data/50/fields/E/y
                                                     {128, 128, 128}
                                 data organization
float
          /data/50/fields/E/z
                                                     {128, 128, 128}
                                                                                   for heavyweight data
float
          /data/50/particles/e/position/x
                                                     {50053105}
float
          /data/50/particles/e/position/y
                                                     {50053105}
float
          /data/50/particles/e/position/z
                                                     {50053105}
          /data/50/particles/e/positionOffset/x
int32 t
                                                     {50053105}
          /data/50/particles/e/positionOffset/y
int32 t
                                                     {50053105}
int32 t
          /data/50/particles/e/positionOffset/z
                                                     {50053105}
                                                            = {"z", "y", "x"}
string
          /data/50/fields/E/axisLabels
                                                     attr
                                                            = "C"
                                                     attr
string
          /data/50/fields/E/dataOrder
                                                                                       Attributes
                                                            = "none"
string
          /data/50/fields/E/fieldSmoothing
                                                    attr
                                                                                  for self-description
string
          /data/50/fields/E/geometry
                                                    attr
                                                            = "cartesian"
          /data/50/fields/E/gridGlobalOffset
double
                                                     attr
                                                            = \{0, 0, 0\}
                                                            = \{1.74168, 1.74168, 1.74168\}
float
          /data/50/fields/E/gridSpacing
                                                    attr
double
          /data/50/fields/E/gridUnitSI
                                                            = 5.36628e-08
                                                    attr
float
          /data/50/fields/E/timeOffset
                                                    attr
                                                            = 0
          /data/50/fields/E/unitDimension
double
                                                            = \{1, 1, -3, -1, 0, 0, 0\}
                                                     attr
float
          /data/50/fields/E/x/position
                                                            = \{0.5, 0, 0\}
                                                    attr
double
                                                            = 9.5224e+12
          /data/50/fields/E/x/unitSI
                                                     attr
          /data/50/fields/E/y/position
float
                                                    attr
                                                            = \{0, 0.5, 0\}
double
          /data/50/fields/E/y/unitSI
                                                    attr
                                                            = 9.5224e+12
float
          /data/50/fields/E/z/position
                                                    attr
                                                            = \{0, 0, 0.5\}
double
          /data/50/fields/E/z/unitSI
                                                            = 9.5224e+12
                                                     attr
```

Example dataset: JSON/TOML backend



```
"attributes": {
  "author": {
    "datatype": "STRING",
    "value": "franz"
  "date": {
    "datatype": "STRING",
    "value": "2020-10-08 19:29:13 +0200"
  "some more...": null
"data": {
  "0": {
    "attributes": {
      "cell depth": {
        "datatype": "DOUBLE",
        "value": 4.252342224121094
      "cell height": {
        "datatype": "DOUBLE",
        "value": 1.0630855560302734
      "cell width": {
        "datatype": "DOUBLE",
        "value": 4.252342224121094
      "many many more": null
    "fields": {
      "B": {
          "attributes": {
              "axisLabels": {
                "datatype": "VEC_STRING",
```

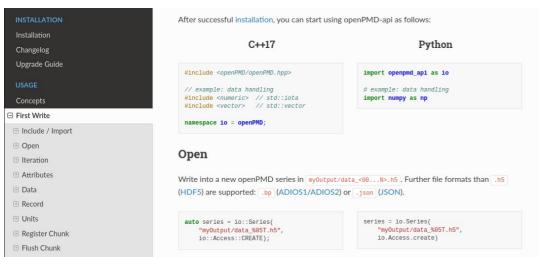
```
"datatype": "VEC STRING",
  "value": [
    "z".
"attributes": {
  "position": {
    "datatype": "VEC DOUBLE",
    "value": [
      0.
      0.5,
      0.5
  "unitSI": {
    "datatype": "DOUBLE",
    "value": 40903.82224060171
"data": [
      "multidimensional dataset here"
```

- Part of the package: No need to install 3rd-party dependencies
- Useful for debugging and prototyping
- Limited parallel support
- Courtesy to Nils Lohmann's
 JSON library for C++
- With recent release:
 Convert output to TOML
 Idea: openPMD formatted
 configuration files

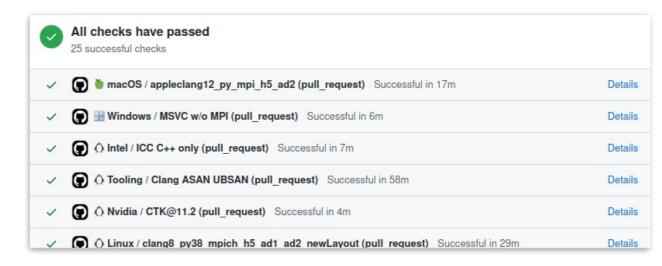
Reference Implementation in C++ & Bindings: Python and Julia



Online Documentation: openpmd-api.readthedocs.io



Open-Source Development & Tests: github.com/openPMD/openPMD-api



Rapid and easy installation on any platform:





brew tap openpmd/openpmd
brew install openpmd-api



cmake -S . -B build
cmake --build build
 --target install



conda install
 -c conda-forge
 openpmd-api



spack install
 openpmd-api



module load openpmd-api

A Huebl, F Poeschel, F Koller, J Gu, et al.

"openPMD-api: C++ & Python API for Scientific I/O with openPMD" (2018) DOI:10.14278/rodare.27



Hands-On:

openPMD-api: basic object model

Module environment at /project/project_465001310/workshop_software/env.sh
Materials at https://github.com/alpaka-group/alpaka-workshop-slides/tree/oct2024_workshop

Read the TODO comments inside src/openPMDOutput.hpp:

Unit System



unitDimension

automated description of physical dimension only powers of base dimensions

length **L**, mass **M**, time **T**, electric current **I**, thermodynamic temperature **theta**, amount of substance **N**, luminous intensity **J**

Magnetic field: [B] = M / (I * T²)

$$\rightarrow$$
 (0, 1, -2, -1, 0, 0, 0)

unitSI (recommended)

relation to an absolute unit system



openPMD - a FAIR standard



Findable: Standardized metadata to identify the data producer

```
string /author attr = "franz"
string /software attr = "PIConGPU"
string /softwareVersion attr = "0.5.0-dev"
```

Accessible: Open standard, implementable in various formats







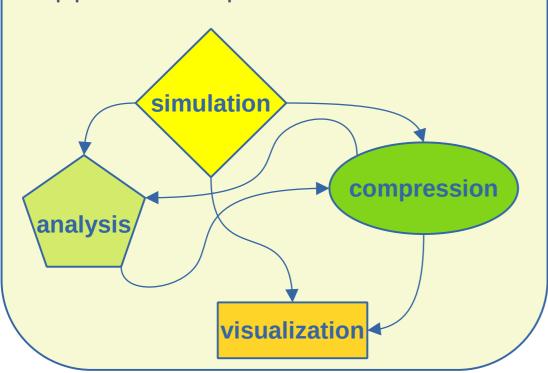
*currently implemented, but not limited to

openPMD - a FAIR standard



Interoperable:

Data exchange spans applications, platforms and teams



Reusable:

Rich and standardized description for physical quantities

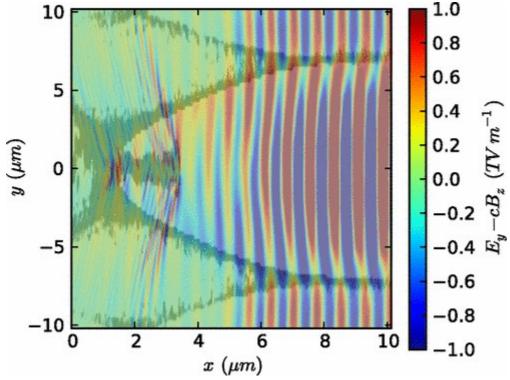
Name	Value
axisLabels	[b'z' b'y' b'x']
dataOrder	b'C'
fieldSmoothing	b'none'
geometry	b'cartesian'
gridGlobalOffset	[0. 0. 0.]
gridSpacing	[4.252342 1.0630856 4.252342]
gridUnitSI	4.1671151662e-08
position	[0. 0. 0.]
timeOffset	0.0
unitDimension	[-3. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
unitSI	15399437.98944343

"The FAIR Guiding Principles for scientific data management and stewardship" (Mark D. Wilkinson et al.)

Extensions: e.g. ED-PIC



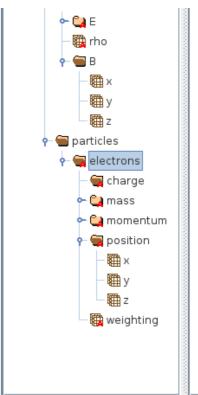




similar:

Emittance → particle push, field solver, shape

Image CC-BY 3.0: R. Lehe et al., RRSTAB 16, 021301 (2013), DOI:10.1103/PhysRevSTAB.16.021301



```
electrons (63328, 4)

Group size = 5

Number of attributes = 6

currentDeposition = Esirkepov

longName = My first electron species
particleInterpolation = Trilinear
particlePush = Boris
particleShape = 3.0
particleSmoothing = none
```



Hands-On:

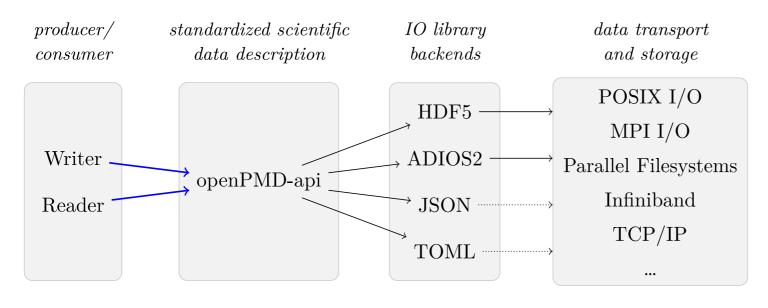
openPMD-api: metadata

Module environment at /project/project_465001310/workshop_software/env.sh
Materials at https://github.com/alpaka-group/alpaka-workshop-slides/tree/oct2024_workshop

Read the TODO comments inside src/openPMDOutput.hpp:

openPMD-api – open stack for scientific I/O





- MPI support at all levels
- Implemented in C++17
- Bindings in C++17, Python and (dev version only) Julia
- Specify backend at runtime:
 I/O library, transport, compression,
 streaming, aggregation, ...



Hands-On:

openPMD-api: visualization, backend configuration

Read the instructions inside src/next_steps.md:

I/O Performance lags behind Compute Performance









Titan

Peak Performance: 27 Pflop/s
FS Throughput: 1 TiByte/s
FS Capacity: 27 PiByte

Summit

200 Pflop/s
2.5 TiByte/s
250 PiByte

Frontier

1.6 Eflop/s 5~10 TiByte/s 500~1000 PiByte

Growth Factor

~60 5~10 18~37

- → parallel bandwidth insufficient for HPC at full scale
- → **filesystem capacity** insufficient for HPC at full scale

Same trend in **experiments**?

→ Increasing camera resolutions and data rates

Franz Poeschel et al. "Transitioning from file-based HPC workflows to streaming data pipelines with openPMD and ADIOS2". 2022. doi: 10.1007/978-3-030-96498-6_6.

Compute Performance Outpaces Storage Performance









Titan

Peak Performance: 27 Pflop/s
FS Throughput: 1 TiByte/s
FS Capacity: 27 PiByte

Summit

200 Pflop/s
2.5 TiByte/s
250 PiByte

Frontier

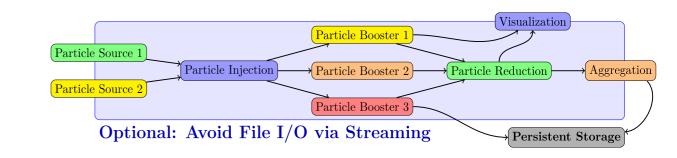
1.6 Eflop/s 5~10 TiByte/s 500~1000 PiByte

Growth Factor

~60 5~10 18~37

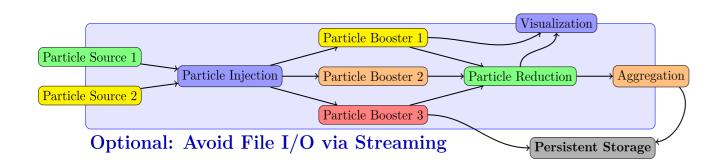
Why does this concern us?

- → Heterogeneous data processing pipelines traditionally have large I/O usage
- → Scalable alternative: Streaming

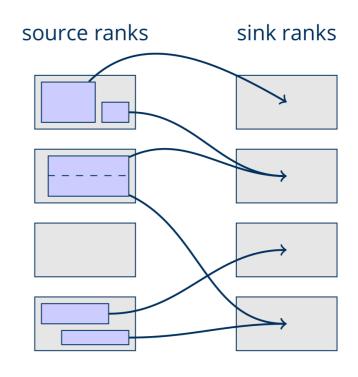


Streaming: Don't touch the Filesystem at all





- → Data processing pipelines and increasingly experiments setups have large I/O usage
- → Scalable alternative: Streaming
 e.g. via Infiniband (on HPC systems)
 or wide area networks (in lab settings)

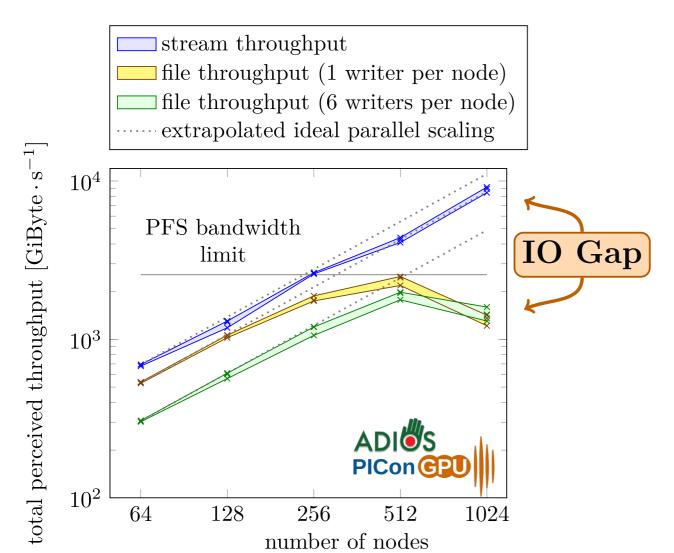


Challenge:

Compute a balanced, aligned, local mapping between two applications that remains useful in the problem domain

Break through Filesystem Bandwidth with Streaming





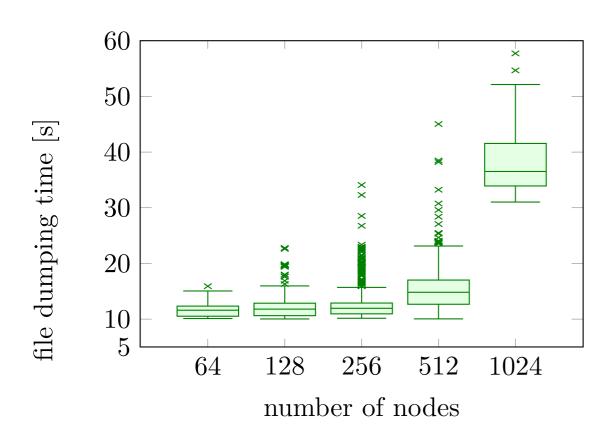
Memory-bound simulations reach the I/O system limits at a fraction of full scale

- → Summit FS bandwidth (2.5TiByte/s) reached at 512 nodes (~11% of system size)
- Streaming workflows unaffected by filesystem bandwidth, use Infiniband hardware to scale beyond it

(benchmarks at 1024 nodes done after Summit system upgrade)

Summit: Performance fluctuations on single ranks





Same results, different display:

- Plot every single measurement
- Visualize reproducibility
- Box: 50% of measurement points
- Whiskers: "normal" measurements
- Others: outliers

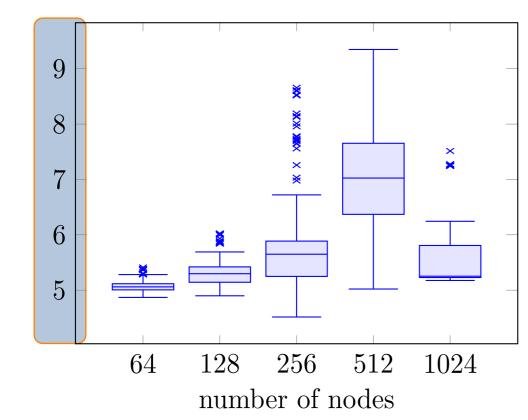
Evaluation for file-only setup:

- Median time slightly raised at 512 nodes
 Scaling stops due to PFS limit after that
- Outliers increasing with scale
- Outliers fatal in parallel contexts

Summit: Well-reproducible performance of Infiniband Streaming







Same results, different display:

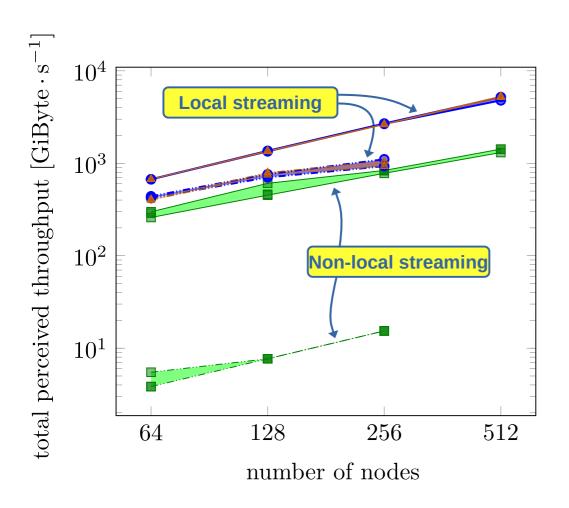
- Plot every single measurement
- Visualize reproducibility
- Box: 50% of measurement points
- Whiskers: "normal" measurements
- Others: outliers

stream+file setup (stream part):

- Overall times are lower
- Median between 5 and 7 seconds
- Outliers less dominating by far

For good throughput: Local streaming patterns, Infiniband/RDMA





Local streaming:

Distribute data chunks only within a node

Non-local streaming:

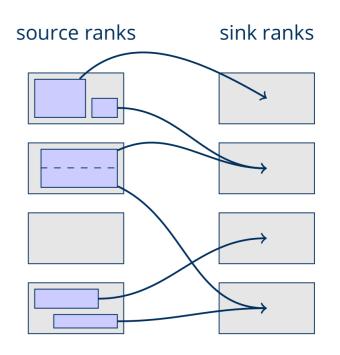
Distribute data chunks globally, optimize for balance and alignment

Straight lines:

Infiniband/RDMA

Dashed lines:

TCP/sockets



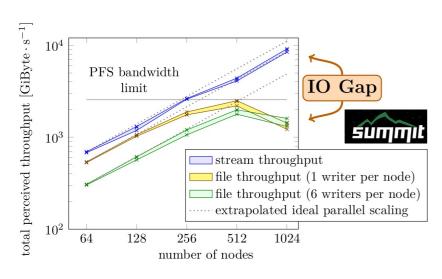
Setup: Couple PIConGPU with a scattering code (GAPD) exchange particle data only

J. C. E, L. Wang, S. Chen, Y. Y. Zhang and S. N. Luo. "GAPD: a GPU- accelerated atom-based polychromatic diffraction simulation code". In: Journal of Synchrotron Radiation 25.2 (Mar. 2018), pp. 604–

24

Performance: Data Layouts and no-file I/O



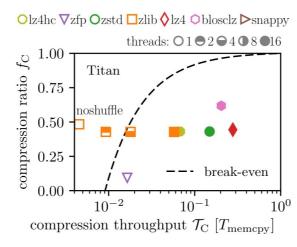


Streaming Data Pipelines:

DOI:10.1007/978-3-030-96498-6 6
by F Poeschel, A Huebl et al., SMC21 (2022)

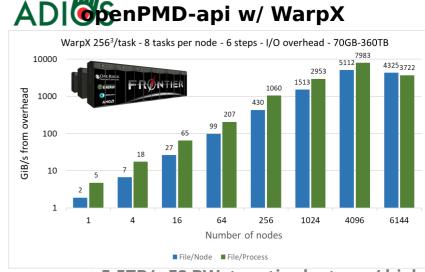
Online Data Layout Reorganization:

DOI:10.1109/TPDS.2021.3100784 by L Wan, A Huebl et al., TPDS (2021)

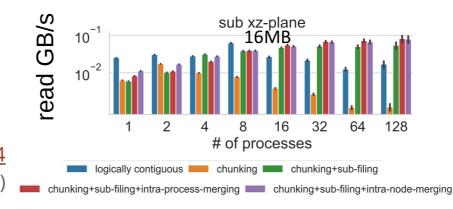


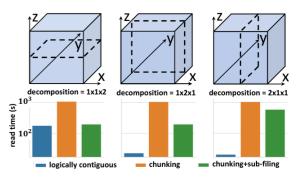
Fast Compressors Needed:

DOI:10.1007/978-3-319-67630-2 2 by A Huebl et al., ISC DRBSD-1 (2017)



>5.5TB/s FS BW: two-tier lustre w/ highperformance storage & progressive files





Impact of decomposition schemes when reading



Hands-On:

openPMD-api: streaming I/O

Module environment at /project/project_465001310/workshop_software/env.sh
Materials at https://github.com/alpaka-group/alpaka-workshop-slides/tree/oct2024_workshop
Launch Notebook at https://www.lumi.csc.fi/

Read the instructions inside src/visualize.py (open as a Jupyter Notebook):

openPMD powered Projects and Users



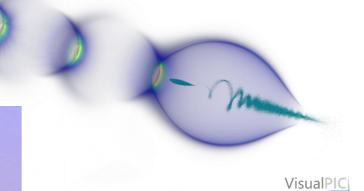
Documents:

• openPMD standard (1.0.0, 1.0.1, 1.1.0) the underlying file markup and definition A Huebl et al., doi: 10.5281/zenodo.33624

Language Binding:

 openPMD-api (HZDR, CASUS, LBNL) reference API for openPMD data handling maintainers: A Huebl, J Gu, F Poeschel et al.





Wake-T (DESY)

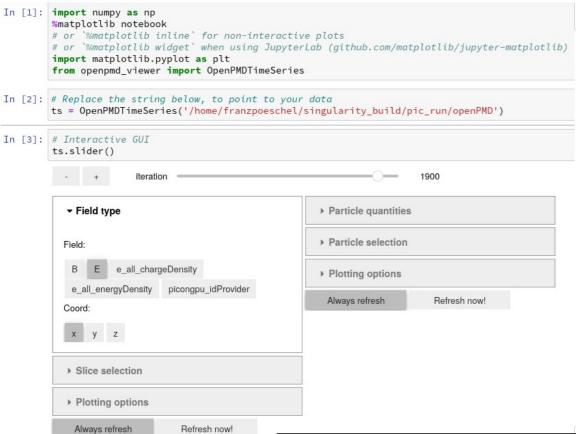
fast particle-tracking code for plasma-based accelerators maintainer: A Ferran Pousa

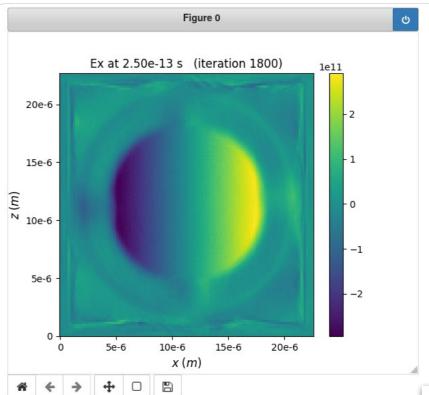
- HiPACE++ (DESY, LBNL) 3D GPU-capable quasi-static PIC code for plasma accel. maintainers: M Thevenet, S Diederichs, A Huebl
- Bmad (Cornell) library for charged-particle dynamics simulations maintainers: D Sagan et al.
- MALA (CASUS, SNL) ML models that replace DFT calculations in materials science maintainers: Attila Cangi & Sivasankaran Rajamanickam
- and more...

MALA → ParaView Credit: A. Cangi (CASUS)

Analysis and Visualization









openPMD/openPMD-viewer



Contour Var: Fields/E/x Units: m.kg.s^-3.A^-1 Var: Fields/E/y Units: m.kg.s^-3.A^-1



→ integration into modern scientific compute workflows









RAPIDS



Hands-On:

openPMD-viewer:

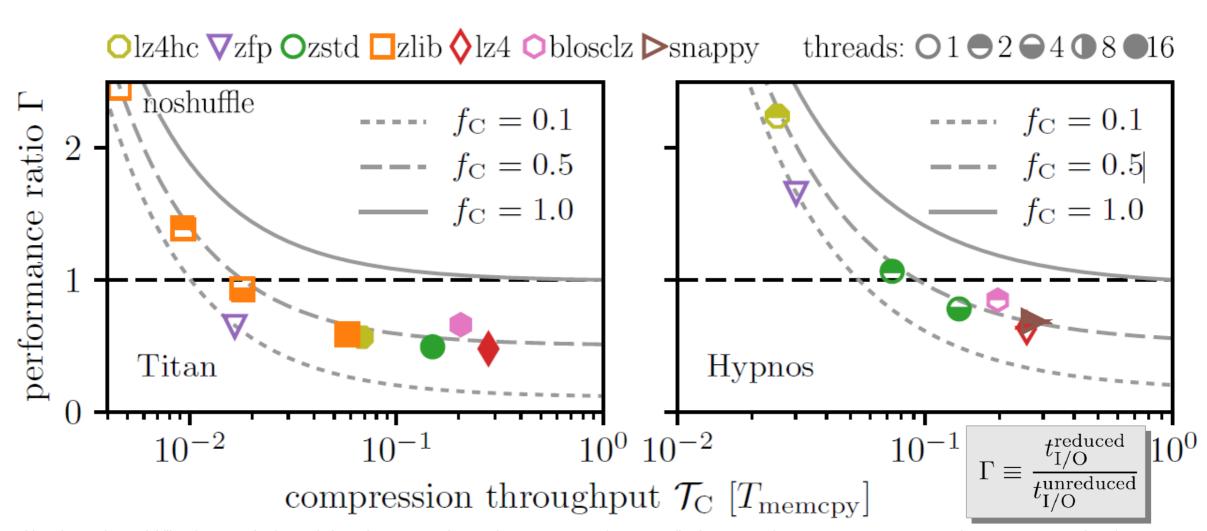
visualizing data written by a PIConGPU LaserWakefield simulation

Read the instructions inside next_steps.md:

Data-driven Science



Just compress the data and everything will be fine ...?



A. Huebl et al., "On the Scalability of Data Reduction Techniques in Current and Upcoming HPC Systems from an Application Perspective", In: Lect. Notes Comput. Sci. 10524.4, pp.15-20 (2017)



Hands-On: compression

Continue with the instructions in the openPMD-viewer Notebook

TBD: Data workflow in a realistic application





Advanced Hands-On:

openPMD-api: Span API

Read the instructions inside src/openPMDOutput.hpp

TBD: Recap constant components





Advanced Hands-On:

openPMD-api:

Python API: constant components

Read the TODO comments inside write_parallel.py

TBD: Parallel I/O, parallel file systems





Advanced Hands-On:

openPMD-api:

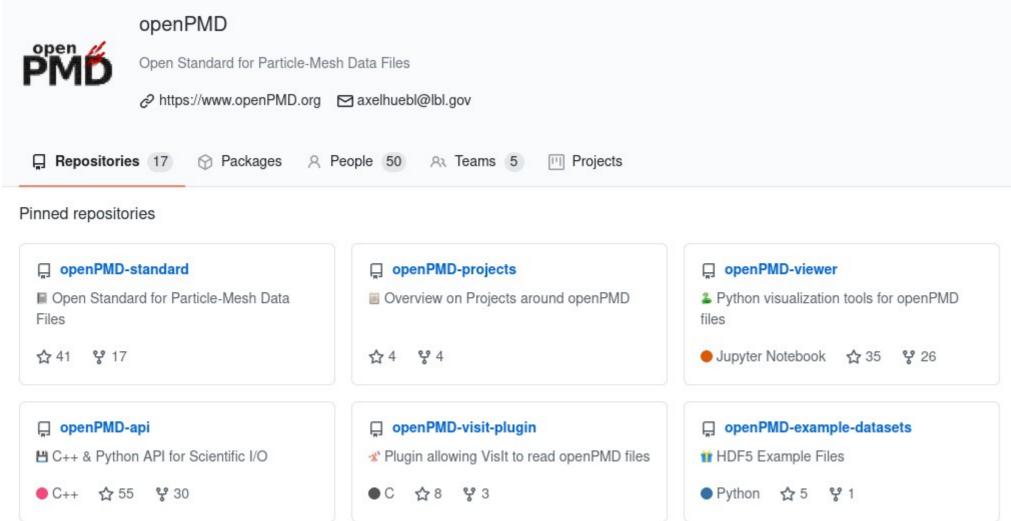
Python API: Parallel Writing

Read the TODO comments inside write_parallel.py

Where to find us

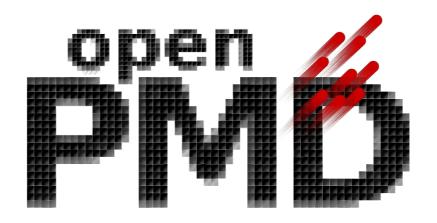
→ head to https://github.com/openPMD/





...and of course https://openpmd-api.readthedocs.io/

Community



The **openPMD standard** is co-authored by <u>Axel Huebl</u>, <u>Rémi Lehe</u>, Jean-Luc Vay, David P. Grote, Ivo F. Sbalzarini, Stephan Kuschel, David Sagan, Frédéric Pérez, Fabian Koller, <u>Franz Poeschel</u>, Carsten Fortmann-Grote, Ángel Ferran Pousa, Juncheng E, <u>Maxence Thévenet</u>, and Michael Bussmann.

The authors are thankful for the **community contributions** to libraries, software ecosystem, user support, review and integrations. Particularly, thank you to Yaser Afshar, Lígia Diana Amorim, James Amundson, Weiming An, Igor Andriyash, Ksenia Bastrakova, Jean Luca Bez, Richard Briggs, Heiko Burau, Jong Choi, Ray Donnelly, Dmitry Ganyushin, Marco Garten, Lixin Ge, Berk Geveci, Daniel Grassinger, Alexander Grund, Junmin Gu, Marc W. Guetg, Ulrik Günther, Sören Jalas, Manuel Kirchen, John Kirkham, Scott Klasky, Noah Klemm, Fabian Koller, Mathieu Lobet, Christopher Mayes, Ritiek Malhotra, Paweł Ordyna, Richard Pausch, Norbert Podhorszki, David Pugmire, Felix Schmitt, Erik Schnetter, Dominik Stańczak, Klaus Steiniger, Michael Sippel, Frank Tsung, Lipeng Wan, René Widera, and Erik Zenker!