# Assignment 2: Integrating Structured and Unstructured Data in Healthcare Analytics

#### Background

Healthcare organizations generate a variety of data. Patient records (structured data) contain fields such as patient demographics, diagnoses, medications, and lab results. Medical imaging (unstructured data), such as X-rays, MRIs, or CT scans, holds rich diagnostic information that is not readily captured in tables.

This assignment challenges students to combine structured and unstructured data to derive meaningful insights and propose clinical decision-support applications.

## **Datasets Provided (Sample for Case Study)**

#### **Structured Data: Patient Records (CSV/Tabular format)**

Patient_I	Ag	Gende	Diagnosis	Medicatio	Lab_Result	Outcome
D	e	r		n		
P001	56	M	Diabetes	Metformin	HbA1c=8.1	Stable
P002	44	F	Hypertensio	Lisinopril	BP=150/95	Unstable
			n			
P003	68	M	Stroke	Aspirin	CT=Lesion	Recovere
				_		d
P004	39	F	Asthma	Salbutamo	Spirometry=60	Stable
				1	%	

#### **Unstructured Data: Medical Imaging (Descriptions / Metadata)**

P001 – Chest X-ray: Mild cardiac enlargement, no pulmonary edema.

P002 – MRI Brain: Small ischemic changes, possibly linked to hypertension.

P003 – CT Brain Scan: Left hemisphere ischemic lesion, consistent with stroke.

P004 – Spirometry Graph: Reduced lung capacity, matches asthma symptoms.

#### **Assignment Tasks**

### **Data Understanding**

- Differentiate structured (patient records) vs. unstructured (imaging data) formats.
- Identify the challenges of analyzing each type of data.

## **Data Integration**

- Link structured records with corresponding imaging findings (by Patient\_ID).
- Propose a framework to combine both datasets for clinical decision support.

## **Analysis**

- From structured data: Identify correlations (e.g., lab results vs. outcomes).
- From unstructured data: Extract diagnostic insights (e.g., lesions in CT scans).
- Discuss how combining both could improve diagnostic accuracy.