Q&A Model with PyTorch

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Introduction

In this activity, we will deploy a question-answering model using a pre-trained model from HuggingFace, FastAPI and Docker (Credits to Andre Ribeiro for the <u>documentation</u>).

This will make use of a given context and extracts the best answer from that input. Here, we will use the Stanford QA Dataset 2.0 which can be downloaded <u>here</u>.

From the said data, we will focus on the question and answer fields where the topic is "Premier League". This will provide us with the exact answers to a specific number of questions.

Step 1: Cloning the repository

The first step is to clone the following <u>repository</u> to your local machine. Make sure that you review and understand each file.

There are four main files required to create the Q&A API:

- 1. **app/main.py** Main app file and docker entrypoint. This defines the FastAPI logic.
- 2. **app/utils.py** Utility file for the model logic.
- 3. **download_model.sh** Shell file that defines the model and required steps.
- 4. **Dockerfile** Defines the steps to install all the required libraries, download the pretrained model and run the FastAPI app.
- 5. **test/test_app.ipynb** Test the app set_context and get_answer endpoints.

Step 2: Download and Install Docker

Download Docker Desktop so that you can build and run the container. Since I am using Windows, I first installed and configured my Linux Subsystem to do the task.

After installation make sure that Docker will complete the setup with no errors. Otherwise, make sure that your Linux Subsystem is updated and WSL version is set to 2.0.

Step 3: Build the Docker Container

For someone using a Linux Subsystem, here are the steps that I did to complete the task using the Command Prompt:

- 1. Navigate to your local Windows directory using the cd /mnt/c/Users command.
- 2. Go to the folder where you cloned the repository and type **docker build** . -t **gamodel**. It should look like this:

Step 3: Build the Docker Container

It is important to note that the process will pass or fail depending on your Dockerfile.

For this task, I encountered many errors (specifically 404) because of the **download_model.sh** shell file.

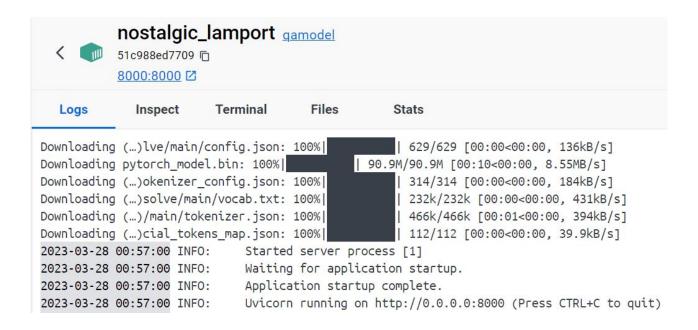
The model directory used way back in 2020 was

"https://huggingface.co/sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2/resolve/main used

"https://huggingface.co/sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2/blob/main"instead and finally the docker container was built.

Step 3: Run the Docker Image

To run the docker image, type **docker run -p 8000:8000 qamodel**. A successful run looks like this:



Step 4: Other requirements and fixes

Make sure to download and install the necessary packages you need for the testing procedure (transformers, torch and requests).

Review the **model_name** parameter if it is consistent with the HuggingFace links. In our case, the model name should be

"sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2".

To test the model locally, run first the shell file using the command **bash download_model.sh**. This will ensure that you have the model files in your local machine.

Step 5: Test the running app

To demonstrate the use of the Q&A model, I created a file called **test_file.py** instead of using the **test_app.ipynb** file that the author provided (see <u>Code Snippets</u> section).

Run the command **python3 test_file.py** and the output should look like this:

```
Type: <class 'dict'>
Length: 2
 'question': 'When did Beyonce start becoming popular?', 'id': '56be85543aeaaa14008c9063', 'answers': [{'text': 'in the late 1990s',
'answer_start': 269}], 'is_impossible': False}
Number of available questions: 357
Embeddings shape: torch.Size([3, 384])
tensor([71.4029, 59.8726, 23.9430])
Testing the set context and get answer endpoints
 'message': 'Search context set'}
Q&A Demo:
orig_q : How many teams compete in the Premier League ?
best a : How many clubs are currently in the Premier League?
best a : 20
orig_q : When does the Premier League starts and finishes ?
best a : When does the Premier League have its playing season?
best a : During the course of a season (from August to May)
orig q : Who has the highest number of goals in the Premier League ?
best_q : Who has the record for most goals in the Premier League?
best a : Newcastle United striker Alan Shearer holds the record for most Premier League goals with 260
```

Step 6: Hosting on AWS EC2

You can sign up and use Amazon's AWS EC2 virtual machines. However, if you do it for free you can only launch the eligible instance t3.micro.

- 1. Create an EC2 instance. In my case, I chose the free tier eligible one.
- 2. Install Docker using the command **sudo yum install docker -y**.
- Start the docker service using sudo service docker start.
- 4. Add ec2-user to the docker-group using **sudo usermod -a -G docker ec2-user.**
- 5. In your local machine, push the Docker image to the Docker Hub. Login with your credentials through the command **docker login**, tag your image using the command **docker tag qamodel docker-username/qamodel** and then type **docker push docker-username/qamodel**.
- 6. I used **sudo growpart /dev/nvme0n1 1** to resize my partition and then extended the partition size using the command **sudo xfs_grow -d /**.
- 7. Pull the Docker image in EC2 using docker pull docker-username/qamodel:latest.
- 8. Launch the Docker image using **docker run -d -p 80:80 docker-username/qamodel**.

Step 6: Hosting on AWS EC2

```
aws
                     Q Search
                                                                               [Alt+S]
            Services
                     Amazon Linux 2023
                     https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023
Last login: Tue Mar 28 16:20:10 2023 from 13.48.4.202
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-10-73 ~]$ docker login
```

Step 6: Hosting on AWS EC2

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-10-73 ~]$ docker pull marcatanante/gamodel
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from marcatanante/gamodel
15115158dd02: Pull complete
4d445d10bda3: Pull complete
7801333f6f71: Pull complete
f740bae08aac: Pull complete
1611ec958526: Pull complete
db75ed0c461a: Pull complete
8712ee46917f: Pull complete
b02f9958c64c: Pull complete
e2c95804422b: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:eed58a7f11bce4d5b8855bd62fb26e769907b2a7a7cd75c90a9b136d1d44a519
Status: Downloaded newer image for marcatanante/gamodel:latest
docker.io/marcatanante/gamodel:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-10-73 ~]$ docker images
REPOSTTORY
                      TAG IMAGE ID
                                              CREATED
                                                              SIZE
marcatanante/gamodel latest c9bd1692c988 42 hours ago
                                                              4.71GB
hello-world
                      latest feb5d9fea6a5 18 months ago
                                                              13.3kB
```

Code Snippets: test_file.py

```
test_file.py > ...
     import json
      import transformers
     from transformers import AutoTokenizer
      from transformers import AutoModel
      import torch
      import requests
      with open("train-v2.0.json", 'r') as f:
       data = json.load(f)
     print("Type:", type(data))
     print("Length:", len(data))
     print(data['data'][0]['paragraphs'][0]['qas'][0])
      def get qa(topic, data):
         q = []
         a = []
         for d in data['data']:
             if d['title']==topic:
                  for paragraph in d['paragraphs']:
                      for qa in paragraph['qas']:
                          if not qa['is impossible']:
                              q.append(qa['question'])
                              a.append(qa['answers'][0]['text'])
                  return q,a
      questions, answers = get_qa(topic='Premier_League', data=data)
     print("Number of available questions: {}".format(len(questions))
```

```
test_file.py > ...
      def get model(model name):
          model = AutoModel.from_pretrained(model_name)
          tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from pretrained(model name)
          return model, tokenizer
      model, tokenizer = get model(model name="sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2")
      # Mean Pooling - Take attention mask into account for correct averaging
      # source: https://huggingface.co/sentence-transformers/paraphrase-MiniLM-L6-v2
      def mean pooling(model output, attention mask):
          token embeddings = model output[0]
          input mask expanded = (
            attention_mask
            .unsqueeze(-1)
            .expand(token embeddings.size())
            .float()
          pool emb = (
            torch.sum(token_embeddings * input_mask_expanded, 1)
            / torch.clamp(input_mask_expanded.sum(1), min=1e-9)
          return pool_emb
```

Code Snippets: test_file.py

```
57 ∨ def get embeddings(questions, tokenizer, model):
       # Tokenize sentences
       encoded input = tokenizer(questions, padding=True, truncation=True, return tensors='pt')
       # Compute token embeddings
       with torch.no grad():
           model output = model(**encoded input)
       # Average pooling
       embeddings = mean pooling(model output, encoded input['attention mask'])
       return embeddings
     embeddings = get embeddings(questions[:3], tokenizer, model)
     print("Embeddings shape: {}".format(embeddings.shape))
     new question = 'Which days have the most events played at?'
     new embedding = get embeddings([new question], tokenizer, model)
     # squared Euclidean distance between sample questions and new question
     print(((embeddings - new embedding)**2).sum(axis=1))
```

```
ison data = {
   'questions':questions,
  'answers':answers,
response = requests.post(
  'http://0.0.0.0:8000/set context',
 json=json data
print(response.json())
# Input new questions and expect the best answer
new questions = [
    'How many teams compete in the Premier League ?',
    'When does the Premier League starts and finishes?',
    'Who has the highest number of goals in the Premier League ?',
ison data = {
  'questions':new_questions,
response = requests.post(
  'http://0.0.0.0:8000/get_answer',
 json=json data
print("Q&A Demo:")
for d in response.json():
 print('\n'.join(["{} : {}".format(k, v) for k,v in d.items()])+'\n')
```