

User Manual: Data Indexing into Elasticsearch

Introduction

This guide provides instructions on using the Python script (exported from a Jupyter notebook) to index a processed dataset into Elasticsearch. The script reads data from a CSV file, preprocesses it, and uploads it to an Elasticsearch index in bulk.

1. Prerequisites

Requirements

1. Elasticsearch:

- Ensure Elasticsearch is running and accessible.
- Provide connection details (host, port, credentials, and certificate path) in the script.

2. CSV Dataset:

- The dataset to index should be stored in a file named `final_features_flows.csv` within the `csv_files` directory.
- Columns like `bidirectional_first_seen_ms`, `bidirectional_last_seen_ms`, `src_port`, `dst_port`, `src_ip`, and `dst_ip` will be dropped during preprocessing.

3. Dependencies:

- Install required Python packages:

```
pip install pandas elasticsearch
```

2. How to Use the Script

Step 1: Setup Elasticsearch Connection

- Update the connection parameters:
 - `elastic_host`: Elasticsearch server address.
 - `elastic_port`: Server port.
 - `elastic_user` and `elastic_password`: Credentials.
 - `elastic_ca_path`: Path to the CA certificate for secure HTTPS connections.

Step 2: Specify Dataset and Index

- Modify the following variables:
 - `csv_file_name`: Path to the CSV file (default is `csv_files/final_features_flows.csv`).
 - `index_name`: Elasticsearch index name where data will be uploaded (default is `network_flows_fan_encoded_final`).

Step 3: Run the Script

- Run the notebook in colab or jupyter :

```
2b_data_indexing.ipynb
```

- The script will:
 - Load and preprocess the dataset.
 - Delete the specified index in Elasticsearch (if it exists) and create a new one.
 - Batch index the data into Elasticsearch.
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3. Detailed Workflow

3.1 Establish Elasticsearch Connection

- The script connects to Elasticsearch using the provided credentials and certificate.
- Connection is verified, and details are printed to confirm successful initialization.

3.2 Load and Preprocess Data

- The dataset is read from the specified CSV file (`final_features_flows.csv`).
- Columns like `bidirectional_first_seen_ms`, `bidirectional_last_seen_ms`, `src_port`, `dst_port`, `src_ip`, and `dst_ip` are removed before indexing to reduce redundancy.

3.3 Manage Elasticsearch Index

- The script checks if the specified index (`network_flows_fan_encoded_final`) exists:
 - If it exists, it is deleted.
 - A new index is created.

3.4 Index Data in Batches

- Data is prepared as a list of documents (`actions`), each representing a row in the dataset.
 - Batches of 50 documents are indexed into Elasticsearch using `helpers.bulk()`.
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4. Outputs

Console Logs

- Connection details and status:
 - Verification of Elasticsearch connection.
 - Successful deletion and creation of the index.
 - Progress of data indexing:
 - Confirmation of completed indexing with the total documents indexed.
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5. Customization Options

5.1 Change CSV File

- To index a different dataset, update `csv_file_name` with the new file path.

5.2 Modify Index Name

- Change `index_name` to specify a new Elasticsearch index.

5.3 Adjust Batch Size

- Modify the `batch_size` variable to change the number of documents indexed in each batch.

5.4 Add/Remove Preprocessing Steps

- Update the `drop` operation in the `df.drop(columns=...)` step to include or exclude more columns before indexing.

6. Troubleshooting

Common Issues

1. Connection Errors:

- Verify Elasticsearch credentials, host, port, and certificate path.
- Ensure the Elasticsearch server is running.

2. Missing Dataset:

- Confirm the CSV file exists in the specified path.

3. Indexing Errors:

- Check if the dataset contains unsupported data types or missing values that might cause issues during indexing.

7. Example Execution

Expected Console Output

```
Connected to Elasticsearch
Index network_flows_fan_encoded_final deleted.
Index network_flows_fan_encoded_final created with specified mapping.
Indexing in 'network_flows_fan_encoded_final' finished.
```

The index will be populated with data from the specified CSV file and ready for querying. For further customization or troubleshooting, refer to the inline comments in the script.