# Data qubes from Workbook

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## Setup

First load the package.

library(rrdfqbcrnd0)

# Generating RDF data cube from specification in a spreadsheet and export as turtle file

The generation of RDF data cube can be specified in a spreadsheet. The outputs below shows the meta data for generation of the DM RDF data cube.

$\overline{\mathrm{codeType}}$	compName	nciDomainValue	compLabel
DATA	trt01a	NA	Treatment Arm
SDTM	sex	C66731	Sex (Gender)
DATA	saffl	NA	Safety Population Flag

codeType	compName	nciDomainValue	compLabel
DATA	procedure	NA	Statistical Procedure
DATA	factor	NA	Type of procedure (quantity, proportion)
SDTM	race	C74457	Race
NA	measure	NA	Value of the statistical measure
NA	unit	NA	Unit of measure
NA	denominator	NA	Denominator for a proportion (oskr) subset on which a statistic is based

#### knitr::kable(cubeMetadata[ cubeMetadata\$compType=="metadata",c("compName","compLabel")])

	compName	compLabel
10	obsURL	https://phuse-scripts.googlecode.com/svn/trunk/scriptathon 2014/data/adsl.xpt
11	obs File Name	dm.AR.csv
12	${\bf data Cube File Name}$	DC-DM-R-V
13	cubeVersion	0.5.2
14	createdBy	Tim Williams
15	description	Cube with 6 Dimensions (factor, procedure, race, saffl, sex, trt01a), 2 Attributes (denominate
16	$\operatorname{providedBy}$	PhUSE Results Metadata Working Group
17	comment	Example Demographics data supplied by Ian Fleming via R All dimensions have a Codelist
18	title	Demographics Analysis Results
19	label	Demographics results data set.
20	was Derived From	demog.AR.csv
21	${\rm domainName}$	DM
22	obs File Name Directory	!example
23	${\bf data Cube Out Directory}$	!temporary

The next statements demonstrates how to create two RDF data cubes according to the specifications in the excel spreadsheet. Note the contents of the RDF data cube is read from the csv file given by obsFileName in directory given by obsFileNameDirectory. The value "'!example ''' specifies that the file should be read from sample data in the package. The dataCubeOutDirectory give the directory name for the generated RDF data cube.

```
dm.cube.fn<- BuildCubeFromWorkbook(RDFCubeWorkbook, "DM" )
cat("DM cube stored as ", dm.cube.fn, "\n")</pre>
```

## DM cube stored as /tmp/RtmpiHiTyi/DC-DM-R-V-0-5-2.TTL

```
ae.cube.fn<- BuildCubeFromWorkbook(RDFCubeWorkbook, "AE" )
cat("AE cube stored as ", ae.cube.fn, "\n")</pre>
```

## AE cube stored as /tmp/RtmpiHiTyi/DC-AE-R-V-0-5-2.TTL

#### Notes

In the read.xlsx, if all cells in a column is missing, then the input fails.

Future version may replace the use of the DomainName, eg. DM and AE in the examples above, with another way of deriving identification of the table

The attribute denominator may be changed to a dimension to handle more complex situations. For example if there are percentages for TRT01A and SEX using respectively TRT01A and SEX as denominator. This will be represented by two observations with by definition the same dimensions but different value for the attribute denominator. However, this will violate the intergrity constraints for a RDF Data Cube (TODO: Add IC name).

## Input the generated turtle file

Now look at the generated cubes by loading the turle files. Note: by specifying prefix the output contains is shown using the prefixes. Note for future: This may be a disadvantage if the value of the prefix, say ds, changes.

The rest of the code only depends on the value of dataCubeFile.

## [1] "Number of triples: 1039"

First set values for accessing the cube.

The next statement shows the first 10 triples in the cube.

s	p	0
dccs:saffl	qb:dimension	prop:saffl
dccs:saffl	rdfs:label	Safety Population Flag
dccs:saffl	rdf:type	qb:ComponentSpecification
ds:obs2	prop:saffl	code:saffl-Y
ds:obs2	prop:unit	NULL
ds:obs2	rdfs:label	2

The next statement shows the first 10 triples in the cube, where the subject is a qb:Observation.

s	p	0
ds:obs35	rdfs:label	35
ds:obs35	prop:race	${\it code:} {\it race-AMERICAN\_INDIAN\_OR\_ALASKA\_NATIVE}$
ds:obs35	rdf:type	qb:Observation
ds:obs35	prop:denominator	RACE
ds:obs35	prop:measure	0
ds:obs35	prop:procedure	code:procedure-percent

S	p	0
ds:obs35	prop:factor	code:factor-proportion
$ds\!:\!obs35$	prop:trt01a	code:trt01a-Placebo
$ds\!:\!obs35$	prop:saffl	code:saffl-Y
ds:obs35	qb:dataSet	ds:dataset-DM

The cube components are shown in the next output.

```
##
                                                      label
        factor Type of procedure (quantity, proportion...)
## 1
## 2 procedure
                                     Statistical Procedure
## 3
          race
                                                       Race
                                    Safety Population Flag
## 4
         saffl
## 5
                                               Sex (Gender)
           sex
## 6
                                              Treatment Arm
        trt01a
```

vn	label
factor	Type of procedure (quantity, proportion)
procedure	Statistical Procedure
race	Race
saffl	Safety Population Flag
sex	Sex (Gender)
trt01a	Treatment Arm

The codelists are shown in the next output.

##		vn	clc
##	1	factor	factor-AGE
##	2	factor	factor-proportion
##	3	factor	factor-quantity
##	4	procedure	procedure-count
##	5	procedure	procedure-max
##	6	${\tt procedure}$	procedure-mean
##	7	${\tt procedure}$	procedure-median
##	8	${\tt procedure}$	procedure-min
##	9	${\tt procedure}$	procedure-percent
##	10	${\tt procedure}$	procedure-stdev
##	11	race	race-AMERICAN_INDIAN_OR_ALASKA_NATIVE
##	12	race	race-ASIAN
##	13	race	race-BLACK_OR_AFRICAN_AMERICAN
##	14	race	race-NATIVE_HAWAIIAN_OR_OTHER_PACIFIC_ISLANDER
##	15	race	race-WHITE
##	16	race	raceALL_
##	17	saffl	saffl-Y
##	18	sex	sex-F

```
## 19
            sex
                                                            sex-M
## 20
                                                            sex-U
            sex
## 21
                                                           sex-UN
            sex
## 22
                                                        sex-_ALL_
            sex
## 23
                                                  trt01a-Placebo
         trt01a
## 24
         trt01a
                                    trt01a-Xanomeline_High_Dose
## 25
         trt01a
                                     trt01a-Xanomeline_Low_Dose
## 26
         trt01a
                                                     trt01a-_ALL_
##
                                        prefLabel
## 1
                                              AGE
## 2
                                       proportion
## 3
                                         quantity
## 4
                                            count
## 5
                                              max
## 6
                                             mean
## 7
                                           median
## 8
                                              min
## 9
                                          percent
## 10
                                            stdev
## 11
               AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE
## 12
                                            ASIAN
## 13
                       BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN
## 14 NATIVE HAWAIIAN OR OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER
## 15
                                            WHITE
## 16
                                            _ALL_
## 17
                                                Y
                                                F
## 18
## 19
                                                М
## 20
                                                U
## 21
                                               UN
## 22
                                            _ALL_
## 23
                                          Placebo
## 24
                            Xanomeline High Dose
## 25
                             Xanomeline Low Dose
## 26
                                            _ALL_
```

vn	clc	prefLabel
factor	factor-AGE	AGE
factor	factor-proportion	proportion
factor	factor-quantity	quantity
procedure	procedure-count	count
procedure	procedure-max	max
procedure	procedure-mean	mean
procedure	procedure-median	median
procedure	procedure-min	min
procedure	procedure-percent	percent
procedure	procedure-stdev	stdev
race	${\it race-AMERICAN\_INDIAN\_OR\_ALASKA\_NATIVE}$	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NA

vn	clc	prefLabel
race	race-ASIAN	ASIAN
race	${\tt race-BLACK\_OR\_AFRICAN\_AMERICAN}$	BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN
race	${\tt race-NATIVE\_HAWAIIAN\_OR\_OTHER\_PACIFIC\_ISLANDER}$	NATIVE HAWAIIAN OR OTHER PAC
race	race-WHITE	WHITE
race	$\operatorname{race-}ALL$	ALL
saffl	saffl-Y	Y
sex	sex-F	$\mathbf{F}$
sex	sex-M	M
sex	sex-U	U
sex	sex-UN	UN
sex	$\operatorname{sex-}ALL$	ALL
trt01a	trt01a-Placebo	Placebo
trt01a	$trt01a$ -Xanomeline_High_Dose	Xanomeline High Dose
trt01a	$trt01a$ -Xanomeline_Low_Dose	Xanomeline Low Dose
trt01a	${ m trt}01$ a- $ALL$	ALL

#### Notes

instead of using gsub the codelist values should be obtained in a more straightforward way this involves a new version of the ph.recode function the rrdf package could be extended to expand the URI using the Jena expandPrefix method

The dimensions are shown in the next output.

#### $\mathbf{p}$

prop:trt01a prop:race prop:factor prop:procedure prop:sex prop:saffl

Then the attributes as shown in the next output.

#### $\mathbf{p}$

prop:unit prop:denominator

And finally the SPARQL query for observations, showing only the first 10 observations.

```
## prefix rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns</a>
## prefix skos: <http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#>
## prefix prov: <a href="http://www.w3.org/ns/prov">http://www.w3.org/ns/prov">
## prefix rdfs: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema">
## prefix dcat: <http://www.w3.org/ns/dcat#>
## prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
## prefix xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
## prefix qb: <http://purl.org/linked-data/cube#>
## prefix pav: <http://purl.org/pav>
## prefix dct: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/>
## prefix mms: <http://rdf.cdisc.org/mms#>
## prefix cts: <http://rdf.cdisc.org/ct/schema#>
## prefix rrdfqbcrnd0: <http://www.example.org/rrdfqbcrnd0/>
## prefix code: <http://www.example.org/dc/code/>
## prefix prop: <http://www.example.org/dc/dm/prop/>
## prefix dccs: <http://www.example.org/dc/dm/dccs/>
## prefix ds: <http://www.example.org/dc/dm/ds/>
## select * where { ?s a qb:Observation ;
            qb:dataSet ds:dataset-DM ;
## prop:trt01a ?trt01a;
## prop:race ?race;
## prop:factor ?factor;
## prop:procedure ?procedure;
## prop:sex ?sex;
## prop:saffl ?saffl; prop:unit ?unit;
## prop:denominator ?denominator; prop:measure
                                                         ?measure ;
## optional{ ?trt01a skos:prefLabel ?trt01avalue . }
## optional{ ?race skos:prefLabel ?racevalue . }
## optional{ ?factor skos:prefLabel ?factorvalue . }
## optional{ ?procedure skos:prefLabel ?procedurevalue . }
## optional{ ?sex skos:prefLabel ?sexvalue . }
## optional{ ?saffl skos:prefLabel ?safflvalue . }
## }
```

trt01avalue	racevalue	factorvalue	procedurevalue	sexvalue	safflval
Placebo	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE	proportion	percent	ALL	Y
Xanomeline High Dose	AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE	proportion	percent	ALL	Y
Xanomeline High Dose	BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN	proportion	percent	ALL	Y
Placebo	ALL	quantity	count	F	Y
Placebo	ALL	quantity	count	ALL	Y
Xanomeline Low Dose	ALL	AGE	stdev	ALL	Y
Xanomeline High Dose	ALL	AGE	mean	ALL	Y
Xanomeline Low Dose	ALL	proportion	percent	M	Y
Placebo	ALL	AGE	mean	ALL	Y
Placebo	WHITE	quantity	count	ALL	Y

Here is how to re-produce the metadata for the workbook. First get the dimensions, measure and attribute

$\overline{\text{compType}}$	compName	codeType	nciDomainValue
dimension	prop:trt01a	NA	NA
dimension	prop:race	NA	C74457
dimension	prop:factor	NA	NA
dimension	prop:procedure	NA	NA
dimension	prop:sex	NA	C66731
dimension	prop:saffl	NA	NA
attribute	prop:unit	NA	NA
attribute	prop:denominator	NA	NA
measure prop:measure		NA	NA

Secondly, get the metadata for the workbook. To get the metadata element "cubeVersion" a workaround is needed. The cubeversion is not directly available but from dcat:distribution derived as the result of paste0("DC-", domainName,"-R-V-",cubeVersion, ".TTL").

	compType	compName	compLabel
	metadata	title	Demographics Analysis Results
	metadata	$\operatorname{distribution}$	DC-DM-R-V-0-5-2.TTL
	metadata	comment	Example Demographics data supplied by Ian Fleming via R All dimensions have
	metadata	label	Demographics results data set.
	metadata	description	Cube with 6 Dimensions (factor, procedure, race, saffl, sex, $\operatorname{trt01a}$ ), 2 Attributes
	metadata	${\bf obsFileName}$	dm.AR.csv
${\rm compLabel}$	metadata	${\it cube Version}$	0.5.2

For comparison, see the meta data from the excel workbook in the beginning of the document.