

Proofs with Sample Mean and Variance Equations

Givens: Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be n observations of a variable of interest. Given that the sample mean \bar{x}_n and sample variance s_n^2 are expressed as:

$$\bar{x}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k \quad \text{and} \quad s_n^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{k=1}^n (x_k - \bar{x}_n)^2$$

where here the subscript n 's indicate the number of observations in the sample.

Proof: I will show, algebraically, that the following relation holds between the mean of the first $n-1$ observations and the mean of all n observations:

$$\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1} + \frac{x_n - \bar{x}_{n-1}}{n}$$

$$\bar{x}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k$$

$$(n)\bar{x}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k(n)$$

$$(n)\bar{x}_n = \sum_{k=1}^n x_k$$

$$(n)\bar{x}_n = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} x_k + x_n$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{n-1}\right)(n)\bar{x}_n = \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} x_k + x_n\left(\frac{1}{n-1}\right)$$

$$\frac{n}{n-1}\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1} + x_n \frac{1}{n-1}$$

$$(n-1)\frac{n}{n-1}\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1} + x_n \frac{1}{n-1}(n-1)$$

$$(n)\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1}(n-1) + x_n$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)(n)\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1}(n-1) + x_n\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$$

$$\bar{x}_n = \bar{x}_{n-1} + \frac{x_n - \bar{x}_{n-1}}{n}$$