

Managing Memory with Arrays



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Array

A container that houses elements of a single type within a contiguous block of memory.



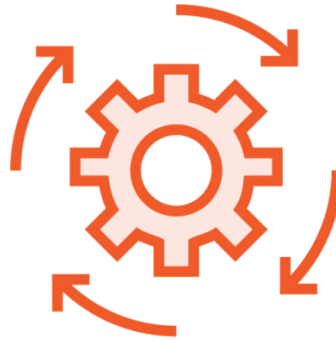
Array Benefits

Arrays are essential for operating on sequential elements of the same type.



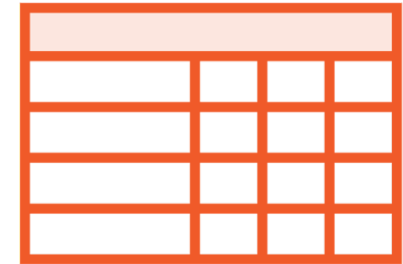
Fast Access

Quick read and write operations



Memory Efficient

Elements are contiguous within memory



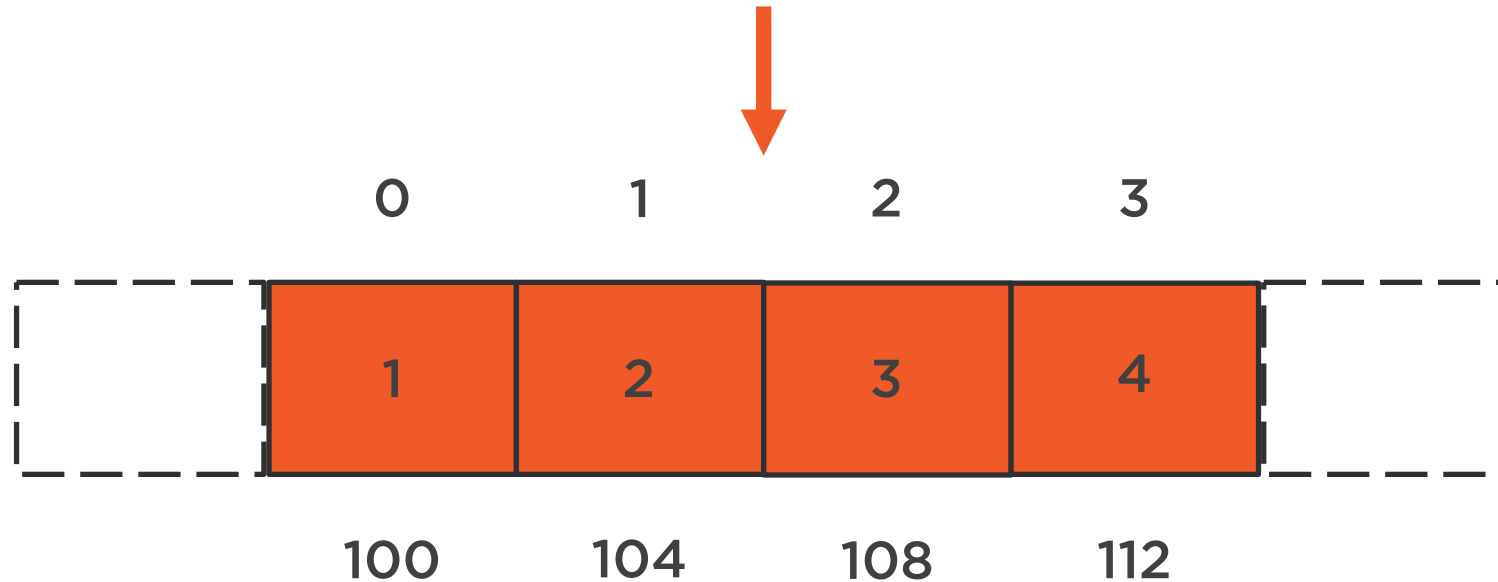
Multidimensional

You can use them to model matrix/record operations



Contiguous Blocks of Memory

```
int arr[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 };
```



Arrays vs. Pointers

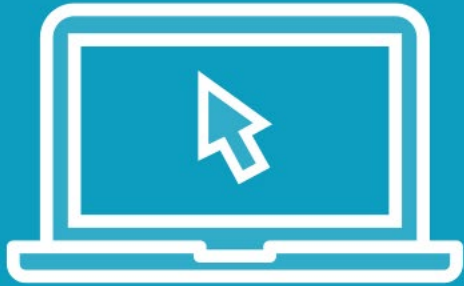
```
void iterateThroughArray(int *arr, size_t size);  
int my_array[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4 };  
iterateThroughArray(my_array, 4);
```

Arrays *decay* to pointers

my_array == &my_array[0]



Demo



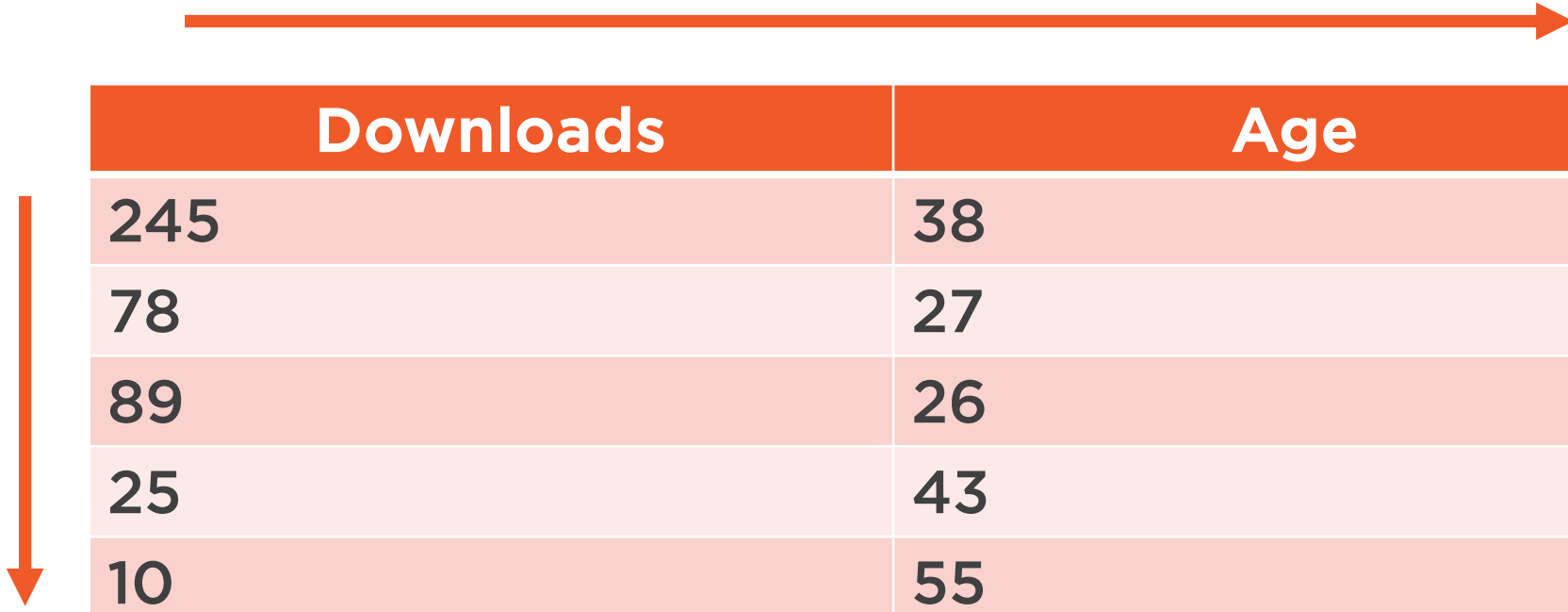
Declare and initialize one-dimensional arrays

Array notation for reading and writing

Array names decay to pointers



Multidimensional Arrays

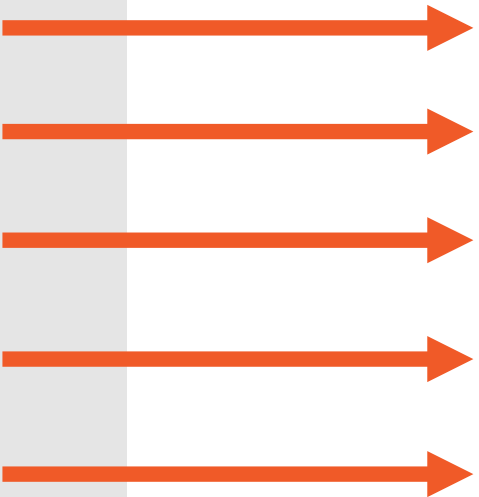


Downloads	Age
245	38
78	27
89	26
25	43
10	55



Multidimensional Arrays

```
int arr[][2] = {  
    { 245, 38 },  
    { 78, 27 },  
    { 89, 26 },  
    { 25, 43 },  
    { 10, 55 }  
};
```



Downloads	Age
245	38
78	27
89	26
25	43
10	55

`arr[0][0] == 245`

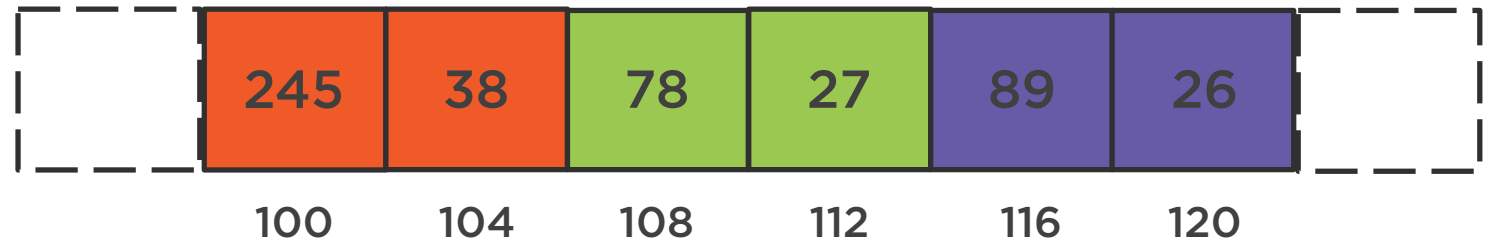
`arr[0][1] == 38`



Multidimensional Array Memory Layout

```
int arr[][2] = {  
    { 245, 38 },  
    { 78, 27 },  
    { 89, 26 }  
};
```

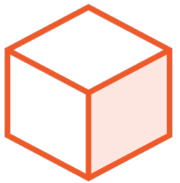
Row Major Layout



When to Use Multidimensional Arrays



Tabular data



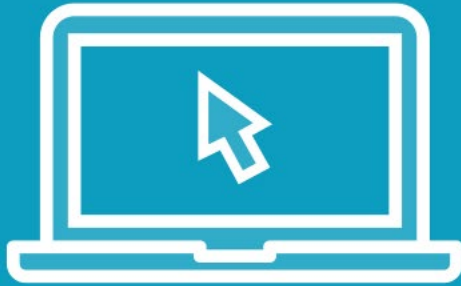
Efficient in-memory storage



Matrix calculations



Demo



Declare and initialize a 2-D array

Iterate over the multi-dimensional array

Read and write values



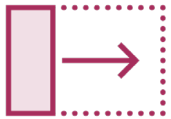
Dynamically Allocated Arrays



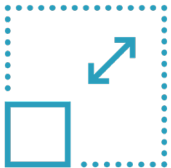
Stored on the heap



Size is determined at runtime



Resizing is possible

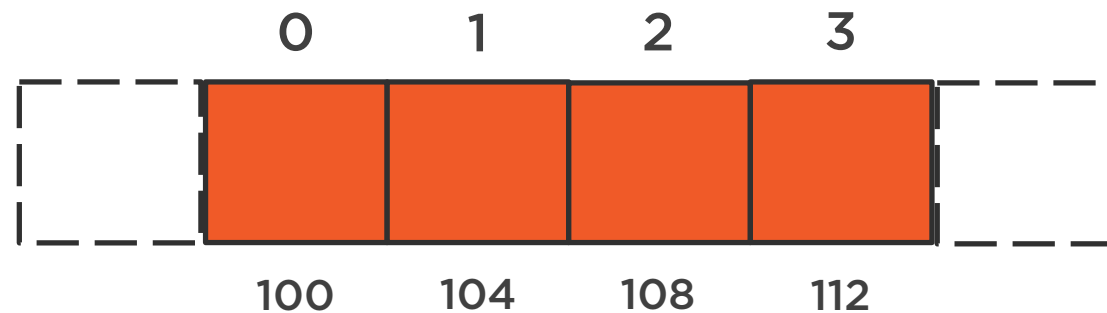


No need to over-allocate memory – useful for large arrays



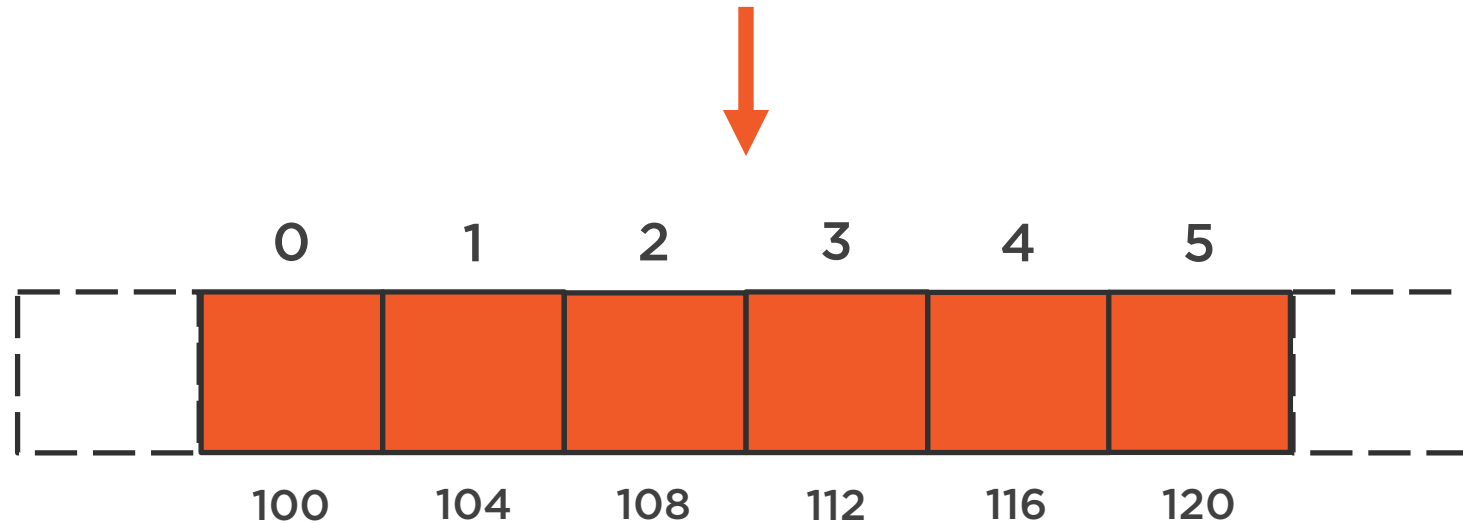
Dynamically Allocated Array Syntax

```
int *arr = (int*)malloc(4 * sizeof(int));
```



Resizing Arrays

```
int *arr = (int*)realloc(arr, 6 * sizeof(int));
```



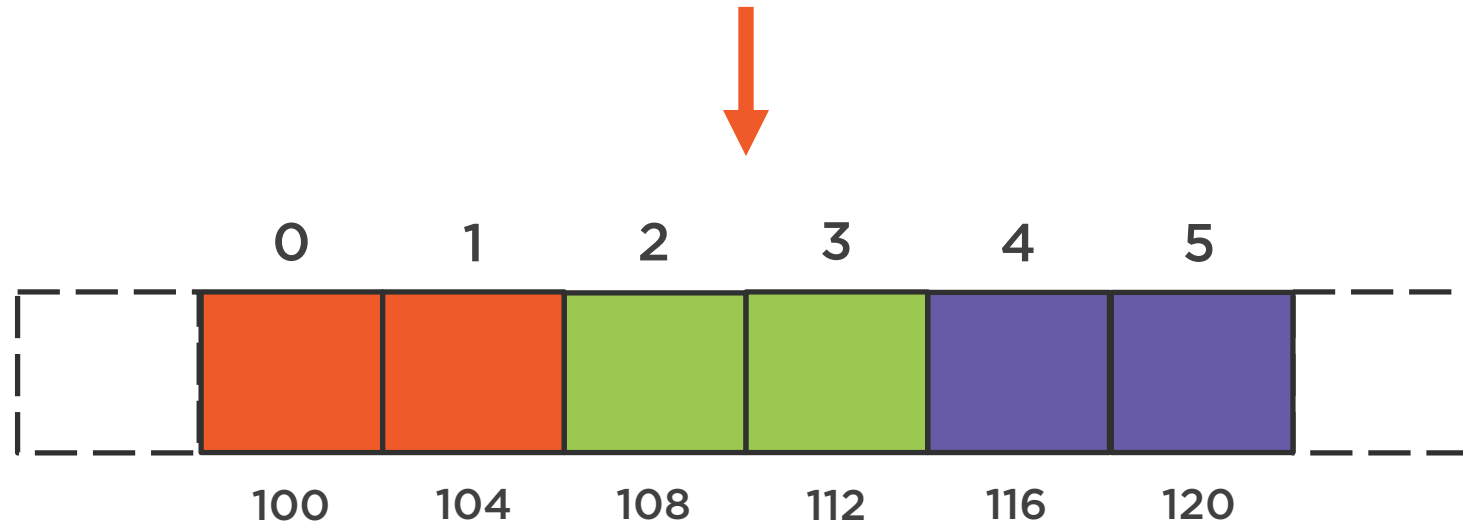
A Quick Note: Variable-length Arrays

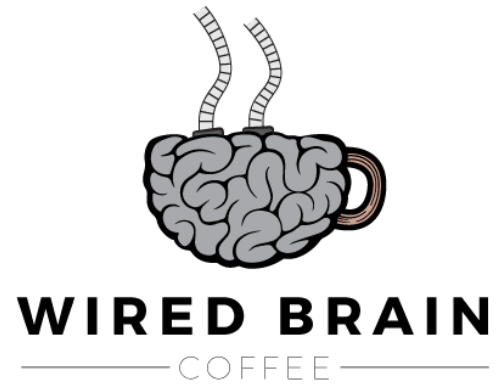
```
void create_vla_example(size_t size) {  
    double my_array[size];  
    ...  
}
```



Dynamic Multidimensional Arrays

```
int (*arr)[rows][columns] = malloc( sizeof(int[rows][columns]) );
```



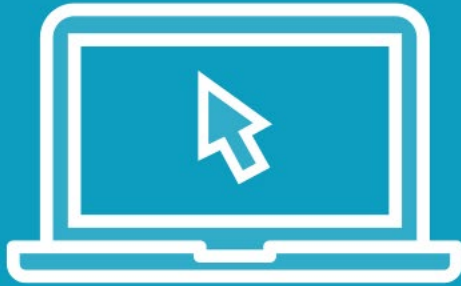


Wired Brain Coffee

Stack Overflow!



Demo



Diagnose problematic variable-length arrays

Replace with dynamically allocated arrays

Provide safe fallbacks

Managing pointers with an array



Overview/ Summary



Sequential elements of a single type:

- Character/Integer/Double/etc.
- Custom types

Indexed

Contiguous in memory

Multidimensional

Statically vs. dynamically allocated

