# multiple stressor

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## Introduction

This markdown contains the full-length 16S rRNA amplicon sequencing analysis of 240 micro-ecosystems, which were treated with 4 drivers in all possible combinations at three different temperatures. The analysis is related to the manuscript "Predicting the effects of multiple global change drivers on microbial communities remains challenging" by Suleiman et al.

# Dependencies, data and functions

### **Dependencies**

Check whether all are needed

```
### BIOCONDUCTOR
library(Biostrings)
library(ShortRead)
library(phyloseq)
library(dada2)
library(microbiome)
library(DESeq2)
library(apeglm)
### CRAN
library(pracma)
library(MASS)
library(reshape2)
library(gridExtra)
library(boot)
library(tidyverse)
options(dplyr.summarise.inform = FALSE)
library(lubridate)
library(googlesheets)
library(here) # probably not needed if you open the R-project
library(scales)
library(grid)
library(readxl)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
library(ggfortify)
library(ggpubr)
library(aod)
```

```
library(Rcpp)
library(vegan)
library(ggpubr)
library(patchwork)
library(broom)
library(rstatix)
library(plyr)
library(permute)
library(tattice)
library(tm)
library(stringr)
library(viridis)
```

#### Data

Load phyloseq data, remove chloroplast sequences, remove samples that did not work

#### **Functions**

```
# Function for ggplot theme
marcel_theme <- function(){</pre>
  theme_bw() %+replace%
    theme(
      panel.grid = element_blank(),
      axis.text=element_text(size=12),
      axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold")
    )
}
# Standard error function
stderr <- function(x, na.rm=FALSE) {</pre>
  if (na.rm) x <- na.omit(x)</pre>
  sqrt(var(x)/length(x))
}
# Function to extract t- anf F-values
extract_test_values <- function(model,variable){</pre>
  tidy_tibble_t <- tidy(model)</pre>
  names(tidy_tibble_t)[names(tidy_tibble_t) == "statistic"] <- "t_statistic"</pre>
  names(tidy_tibble_t)[names(tidy_tibble_t) == "p.value"] <- "t_p.value"</pre>
  names(tidy_tibble_t) [names(tidy_tibble_t) == "term"] <- "treatment_combination"</pre>
```

```
tidy_tibble_t <- tidy_tibble_t %>%
    mutate(term = removeNumbers(treatment_combination))
  tidy tibble f <- tidy(anova(model))</pre>
  names(tidy_tibble_f)[names(tidy_tibble_f) == "statistic"] <- "f_statistic"</pre>
  names(tidy_tibble_f)[names(tidy_tibble_f) == "p.value"] <- "f_p.value"</pre>
  tidy tibble <- full join(tidy tibble t, tidy tibble f, by="term") %>%
    mutate(color = ifelse(f p.value < 0.05, estimate/max(abs(coef(model))), NA),</pre>
            variable=variable) %>%
    filter(term != "(Intercept)", term!="Residuals") %>%
    reorder_levels(treatment_combination,
                    order = c("T24", "T28", "F", "G", "M", "A", "F:T24", "G:T24",
                               "M:T24", "A:T24", "F:T28", "G:T28", "M:T28", "A:T28",
                               "F:G", "F:M", "G:M", "F:A", "G:A", "M:A", "F:G:T24",
                               "F:M:T24", "G:M:T24", "F:A:T24", "G:A:T24", "M:A:T24",
                               "F:G:T28", "F:M:T28", "G:M:T28", "F:A:T28", "G:A:T28",
                               "M:A:T28", "F:G:M", "F:G:A", "F:M:A", "G:M:A",
                               "F:G:M:T24", "F:G:A:T24", "F:M:A:T24", "G:M:A:T24",
                               "F:G:M:T28", "F:G:A:T28", "F:M:A:T28", "G:M:A:T28",
                               "F:G:M:A", "F:G:M:A:T24", "F:G:M:A:T28"))
  # print(c(max(coef(model)), max(abs(coef(model)))))
  return(tidy tibble)
7
```

#### Relative abundances

#### Calculation

The relative abundance is calculated only for sequences that appear > 0.01 %, making dataframes for each column position

```
## [1] "The orginal dataset has 20319 taxa, while the new one (relative abundances) has 5830 taxa"
ps_relative <- transform_sample_counts(ps_relab, function(x) x / sum(x))</pre>
```

#### Figures at family level

Visualizations of relative abundance at family level

Figure: relative abundance as boxplot across treatment combinations and temperatures

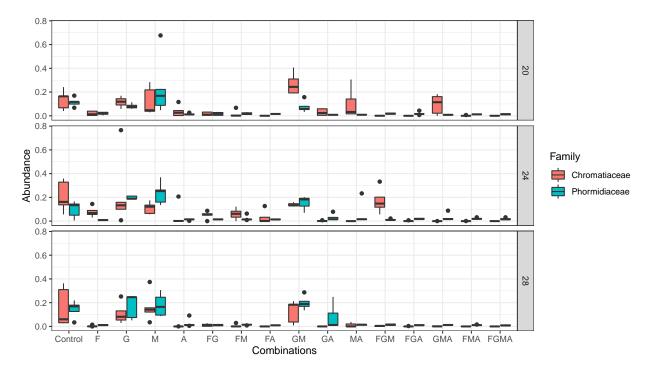


Figure: relative abundance as heatmap across all treatment combinations and temperatures

```
df_family<- df_family %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Family_filter,Combinations,Temperature_factor) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(Abundance_sum = sum(Abundance_mean),
                   Abundance sum SE = sum (Abundance SE))
df family <- df family %>%
  reorder_levels(Combinations, order = c("Control","F","G","M","A","FG","FM","FA","GM",
                                          "GA", "MA", "FGM", "FGA", "GMA", "FMA", "FGMA"))
cols <- c("Azospirillaceae"="bisque1", "Bacteroidetes_vadinHA17" = "yellow",</pre>
          "Chlorobiaceae"="black", "Comamonadaceae" = "green4",
          "Hungateiclostridiaceae" ="maroon1", "Lentimicrobiaceae" ="royalblue1",
          "Marinifilaceae"="lightcyan1", "Nocardiaceae" = "thistle1",
          "Phormidiaceae"= "firebrick1", "Prolixibacteraceae" = "magenta4",
          "Pseudomonadaceae" = "grey", "Rhodocyclaceae"="green",
          "Rhodospillaceae"="grey38", "Rubritaleaceae"="brown",
          "Xanthobacteraceae"="cornflowerblue", "Xanthomonadaceae"="lightskyblue1",
          "Cyanobiaceae"="lavender", "Chromatiaceae" = "lightsalmon")
community_plot <- df_family %>%
  filter (Combinations != "ori", Family filter !="Mitochondria", Family filter !="other") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Combinations, y = Abundance_sum, fill=Family_filter)) +
  geom col() +
  facet_wrap("Temperature_factor")+
  theme bw()+
  theme(axis.text.x = element text(angle = 50, hjust = 1, size=14),
        axis.title=element text(size=16,face="bold"),
        legend.text = element_text(size=11)) +
  scale_fill_manual("Family", values = cols) +
  labs(y="rel. abundance family level", x="Driver(s) applied ")
df_family %>%
  filter(Combinations != "ori", Family_filter != "other",
         Family_filter !="Pirellulaceae", Family_filter !="Cyanobiaceae",
         Family_filter !="Mitochondria")%>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Combinations, y = Family_filter, fill=Abundance_sum)) +
  geom tile() +
  scale fill gradient2(low="red", mid="white", high="navy", midpoint=0.15, na.value="lightblue",
                       breaks=c(0.05,0.1,0.15,0.2,0.25), limits=c(0.05,0.25)) +
  facet wrap("Temperature factor")+
  theme bw()+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 50, hjust = 1))
```

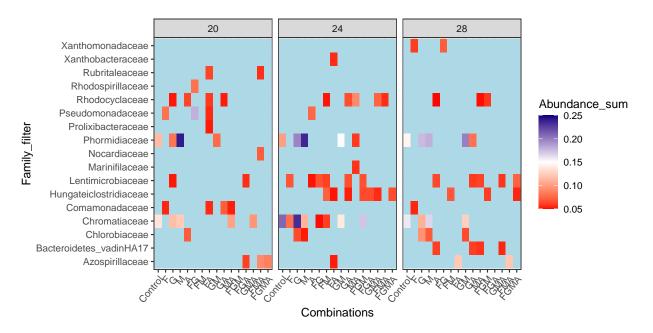
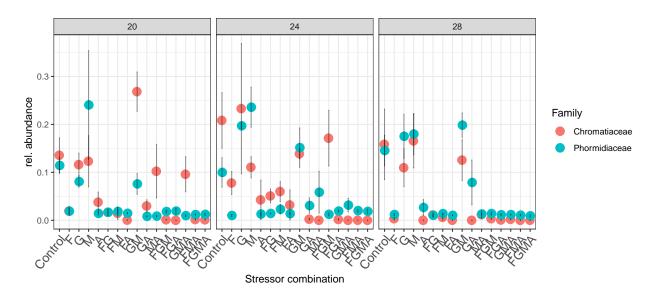


Figure: relative abundance of just Phormidiaceae and chromatiaceae as scatter plot across treatment combinations and temperatures. For supplementary information



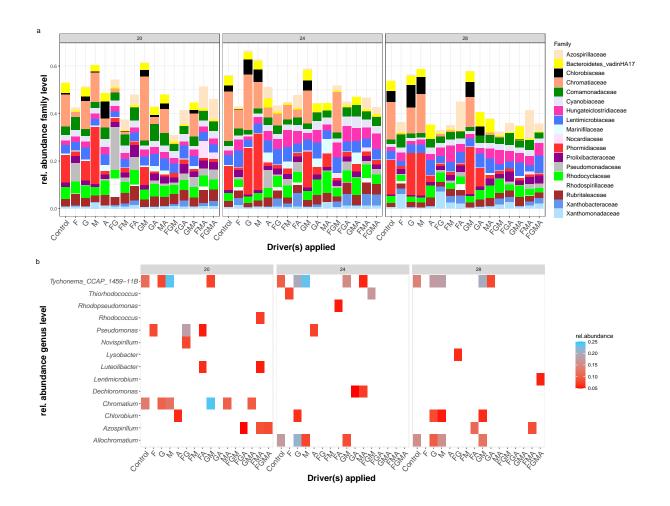
## Fig 1: Combined figure at family and genus level

In the next code chunk the figure at genus level is created

```
df_genus<- df_rel %>%
  group_by(Genus, Lable, Combinations, Temperature_factor) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(Abundance=sum(Abundance))
df_genus <- df_genus %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Genus,Combinations,Temperature_factor) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(Abundance = mean(Abundance))
index <- which(df_genus$Abundance>=0.05)
genus to keep <- unique(df genus[index, "Genus"])</pre>
genus_to_keep <- unname(unlist(genus_to_keep))</pre>
df_genus $Genus_filter <- ifelse(df_genus $Genus \\"in\" genus_to_keep, df_genus $Genus, "other")
#make other to one
df_genus<- df_genus %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Genus_filter,Combinations,Temperature_factor) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(Abundance = sum(Abundance))
df_genus <- df_genus %>%
  reorder_levels(Combinations, order = c("Control", "F", "G", "M", "A", "FG", "FM", "FA", "GM",
                                          "GA", "MA", "FGM", "FGA", "GMA", "FMA", "FGMA"))
genus_plot <- df_genus %>%
  filter (Combinations != "ori", Genus filter != "other", Genus filter != "Pirellulaceae",
         Genus_filter !="Cyanobium_PCC-6307", Genus_filter !="HN-HF0106") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Combinations, y = Genus_filter, fill=Abundance)) +
  geom_tile() +
  scale_fill_continuous(name = "rel.abundance", low = "#FF0000", high = "#00CCFF",
                        na.value="white", breaks=c(0.05,0.1,0.15,0.2,0.25),
                        limits=c(0.05,0.25)) +
  facet_wrap("Temperature_factor") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 50, hjust = 1, size=14),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size=12,face="italic"),
        axis.title=element_text(size=16,face="bold")) +
  labs(x="Driver(s) applied ", y="rel. abundance genus level")
```

The combined figure (Fig. 1 in manuscript):

```
(plot_spacer() + community_plot + plot_layout(widths=c(1,100))) /
  (plot_spacer() + genus_plot + plot_layout(widths=c(1,100))) +
   plot_layout(ncol=1,heights=c(1,1)) + plot_annotation(tag_levels = "a")
```



# Alpha diversity

Here the alpha diversity is calculated and then used in a regression.

div\_raw <- left\_join(diversity\_test,sample\_data(ps\_new\_11))</pre>

#### Calculation

```
diversity_test <- estimate_richness(ps_new_11, split=TRUE, measures=NULL)

## Warning in estimate_richness(ps_new_11, split = TRUE, measures = NULL): The data you have provided d
## any singletons. This is highly suspicious. Results of richness
## estimates (for example) are probably unreliable, or wrong, if you have already
## trimmed low-abundance taxa from the data.
##
## We recommended that you find the un-trimmed data and retry.

diversity_test$File <- rownames(diversity_test)
diversity_test$File <- gsub("\\.\.", "--", diversity_test$File)</pre>
```

```
## Warning in class(x) <- c(setdiff(subclass, tibble_class), tibble_class): Setting ## class(x) to multiple strings ("tbl_df", "tbl", ...); result will no longer be an ## S4 object
```

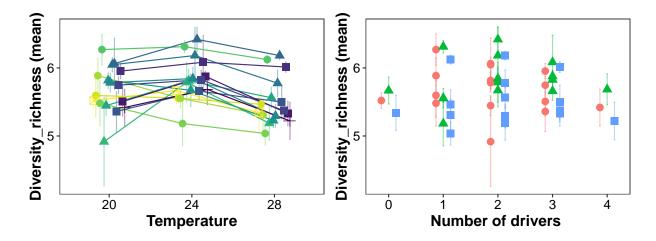
#### **Figures**

Figures for the Shannon index (diversity)

```
# plots
plot_diversity_all <- div_raw %>%
  filter(T!="19")%>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_point(aes(x=Combinations, y=Shannon, shape=Stressor,col=Combinations),
             size = 3,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  facet_wrap("T")+
  marcel_theme() +
  ylab ("Shannon index") +
  xlab("Driver(s) applied ") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1)+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 50, hjust = 1))
plot_diversity_means <- div_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=T, y=Shannon_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Shannon_mean-Shannon_SE, ymax=Shannon_mean+Shannon_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1) +
  labs(x="Temperature", y="Diversity_richness (mean)")
plot_diversity_means_numeric <- div_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=Shannon_mean, col=T)) +
  geom point(aes(shape= T), size = 3, position = position dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=Shannon_mean-Shannon_SE, ymax=Shannon_mean+Shannon_SE),
```

```
width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
marcel_theme() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
labs(x="Number of drivers ", y="Diversity_richness (mean)")

#final plot
(plot_diversity_means + plot_diversity_means_numeric)
```



#### Anova

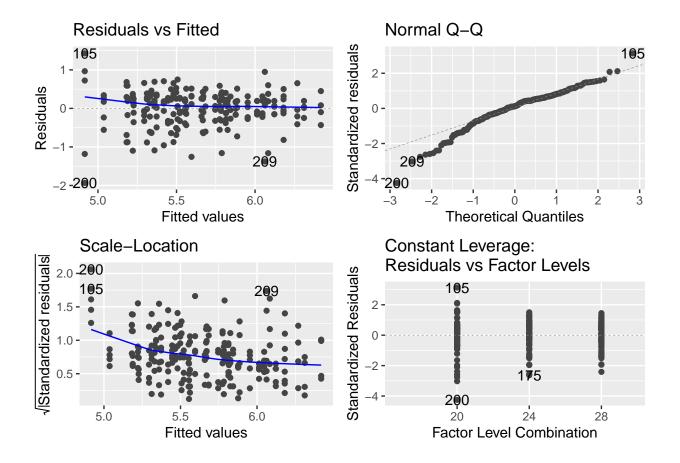
Regression with alpha diversity as response variable.

```
#shannon on combinations
anova_diversity <- lm(Shannon ~F*G*M*A*T, data = div_raw)
# anova(anova_diversity)
# summary(anova_diversity)</pre>
```

Model diagnostics

```
autoplot(anova_diversity)
```

```
## Warning: 'arrange_()' was deprecated in dplyr 0.7.0.
## Please use 'arrange()' instead.
## See vignette('programming') for more help
```



## **NMDS**

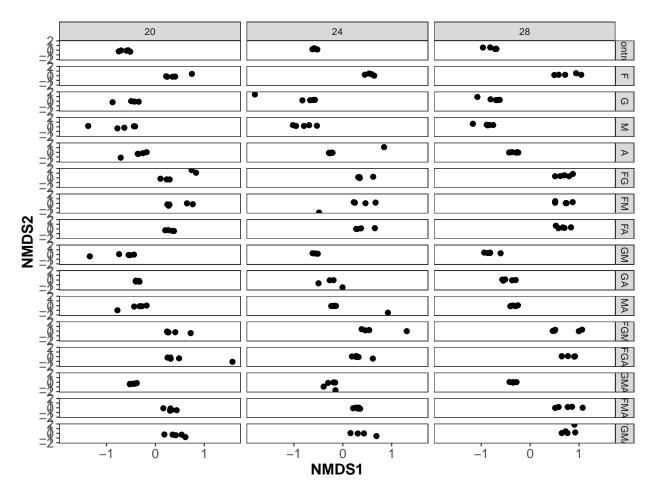
## Calculation

```
mds_whole <- ps_relative@otu_table %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  metaMDS(.,
          distance = "bray", trace=F, # trace = F silences the output
          k = 3, ## number of dimensions to reduce to
          try = 100, ## number of random starts to try
          autotransform = FALSE ## best not to use
  )
## 0.11
mds_whole
##
## Call:
## metaMDS(comm = ., distance = "bray", k = 3, try = 100, autotransform = FALSE, trace = F)
## global Multidimensional Scaling using monoMDS
##
## Data:
## Distance: bray
```

```
##
## Dimensions: 3
## Stress:
               0.1147547
## Stress type 1, weak ties
## Two convergent solutions found after 100 tries
## Scaling: centring, PC rotation, halfchange scaling
## Species: expanded scores based on '.'
mds_whole_res <- ps_relative@sam_data %>%
  as tibble() %>%
  select(Treatment, Stressor,Stressor_numeric, Temperature, Combinations, Temperature_factor, Lable, Na
  bind_cols(as_tibble(scores(mds_whole, display = "sites"))) %>%
  mutate(T2=Temperature^2,T=Temperature_factor) %>%
  select(-Temperature) %>%
  filter(Temperature_factor != "19") %>%
  reorder_levels(Combinations, order = c("Control", "F", "G", "M", "A", "FG", "FM", "FA", "GM",
                                         "GA", "MA", "FGM", "FGA", "GMA", "FMA", "FGMA"))
## Warning in class(x) <- c(setdiff(subclass, tibble_class), tibble_class): Setting
## class(x) to multiple strings ("tbl_df", "tbl", ...); result will no longer be an
## S4 object
#means of NMDS
means_NMDS <- mds_whole_res %>%
  filter(Temperature factor %in% c("20", "24", "28")) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(Treatment,Combinations, Stressor, Stressor_numeric, Temperature_factor,F,G,M,A) %>%
  dplyr::summarize(NMDS1_mean = mean(NMDS1),
                   NMDS2_mean = mean(NMDS2),
                   NMDS3 mean = mean(NMDS3),
                   NMDS1_SE = stderr(NMDS1),
                   NMDS2_SE = stderr(NMDS2),
                   NMDS3_SE= stderr(NMDS3))
```

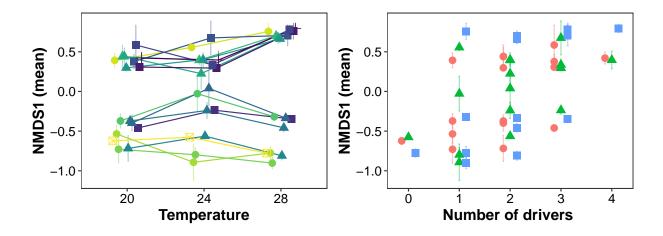
#### **Figures**

NMDS figure (1 & 2)

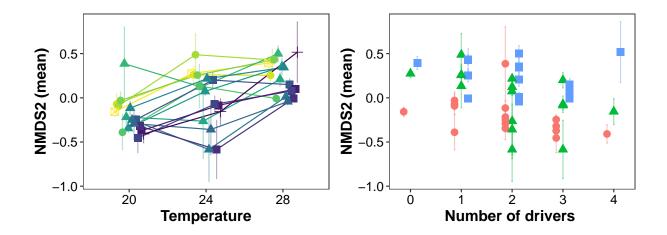


Plots of NMDS (1 and 2) distances that show high significance

```
#NMDS1 supplement plot
nmds1_plot_temperature <- means_NMDS %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Temperature_factor, y=NMDS1_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = NMDS1_mean-NMDS1_SE, ymax = NMDS1_mean+NMDS1_SE),
                width=0.1, alpha=0.4, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
 theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale colour viridis d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="NMDS1 (mean)")
plot_NMDS1_means_numeric <- means_NMDS %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=NMDS1_mean, col=Temperature_factor)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Temperature_factor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS1_mean-NMDS1_SE, ymax=NMDS1_mean+NMDS1_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(x="Number of drivers ", y="NMDS1 (mean)")
# plot NMDS1
```



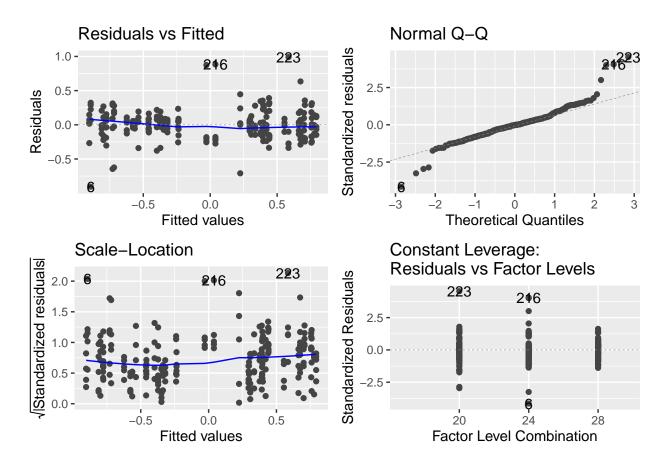
```
#NMDS2 supplement plot
NMDS2_plot_temperature <- means_NMDS %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Temperature_factor, y=NMDS2_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS2_mean-NMDS2_SE, ymax=NMDS2_mean+NMDS2_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale colour viridis d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="NMDS2 (mean)")
plot_NMDS2_means_numeric <- means_NMDS %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=NMDS2_mean, col=Temperature_factor)) +
  geom point(aes(shape=Temperature factor), size = 3, position = position dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS2_mean-NMDS2_SE, ymax=NMDS2_mean+NMDS2_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(x="Number of drivers ", y="NMDS2 (mean)")
# plot NMDS2
NMDS2_plot_temperature + plot_NMDS2_means_numeric
```



### Anova

## NMDS1

anova\_NMDS1 <- lm(NMDS1 ~F\*G\*M\*A\*T, data = mds\_whole\_res)
autoplot(anova\_NMDS1)</pre>



```
# anova(anova_NMDS1)
# summary(anova_NMDS1)
```

#### NMDS2

```
anova_NMDS2 <- lm(NMDS2 ~F*G*M*A*T, data = mds_whole_res)
autoplot(anova_NMDS2)</pre>
```

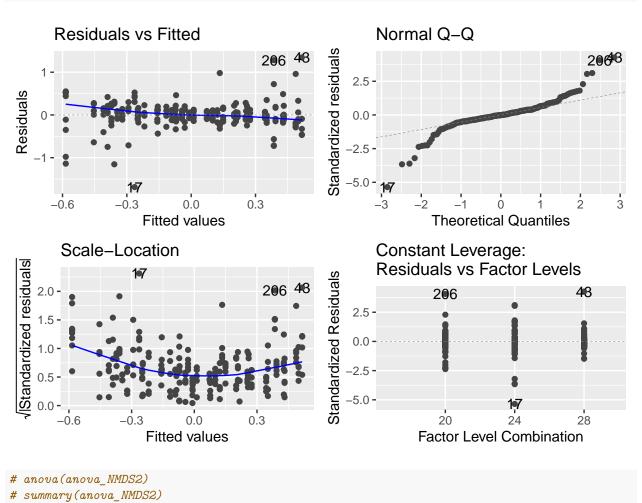
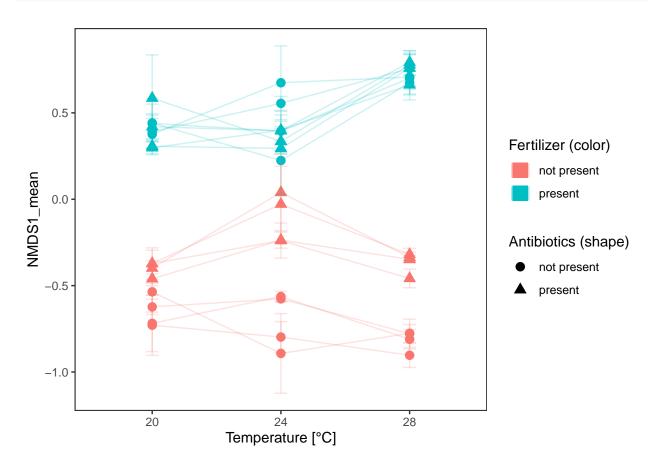


Fig 5: NMDS1 anova figure

Manuscript Fig. 5

```
theme_bw() + theme(panel.grid = element_blank())+
xlab("Temperature [°C]") +
scale_color_discrete(name="Fertilizer (color)",labels=c("not present", "present")) +
scale_shape_discrete(name="Antibiotics (shape)",labels=c("not present", "present")) +
guides(colour = guide_legend(override.aes = list(shape = 15,size=5)))
```



# Subpopulation analysis

#### Subpopulation calculation

Here, the data is filtered to only included some orders. Then, the NMDS analysis is repreated for this subpopulation

```
ps_rel <- transform_sample_counts(ps_new_11, function(x) x / sum(x) )
relab_threshold <- 0.001
ps_relab <- filter_taxa(ps_rel, function(x) !(sum(x < relab_threshold) == length(x)), TRUE)
ps_interest <- subset_taxa(ps_relab, Order %in% c("Cyanobacteriales", "Chromatiales", "Synechococcales",
paste("The subpopulation consists of",ntaxa(ps_interest), "taxa")</pre>
```

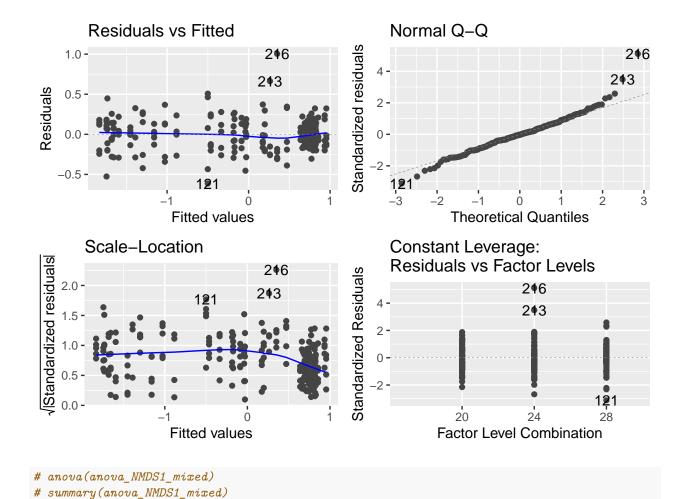
```
ps_relative_interest <- transform_sample_counts(ps_interest, function(x) x / sum(x))
interest <-psmelt(ps_relative_interest)</pre>
ps_nmds <- subset_samples(ps_relative_interest, Treatment != "ori")
mds_whole_subset <- ps_nmds@otu_table %>%
 as.data.frame() %>%
  metaMDS(..
          distance = "bray", trace =F,
          k = 3, ## number of dimensions to reduce to
          try = 300, ## number of random starts to try
          autotransform = FALSE ## best not to use
  )
## 0.1
mds_whole_subset
##
## Call:
## metaMDS(comm = ., distance = "bray", k = 3, try = 300, autotransform = FALSE,
                                                                                        trace = F)
## global Multidimensional Scaling using monoMDS
## Data:
## Distance: bray
##
## Dimensions: 3
## Stress:
               0.1036809
## Stress type 1, weak ties
## Two convergent solutions found after 300 tries
## Scaling: centring, PC rotation, halfchange scaling
## Species: expanded scores based on '.'
mds_whole_res_subset <- ps_nmds@sam_data %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  select(Treatment, Temperature, Temperature_factor, Stressor, Stressor_numeric, Combinations, Temperatur
  bind_cols(as_tibble(scores(mds_whole_subset, display = "sites"))) %>%
  mutate(T2=Temperature^2,T=Temperature_factor) %>%
  select(-Temperature)
## Warning in class(x) <- c(setdiff(subclass, tibble_class), tibble_class): Setting
## class(x) to multiple strings ("tbl_df", "tbl", ...); result will no longer be an
## S4 object
mds_whole_res_subset <- mds_whole_res_subset %>%
 reorder_levels(Combinations, order = c("Control", "F", "G", "M", "A", "FG", "FM", "FA", "GM",
                                          "GA", "MA", "FGM", "FGA", "GMA", "FMA", "FGMA"))
#means of NMDS
```

## [1] "The subpopulation consists of 493 taxa"

## Anova (subpopulation)

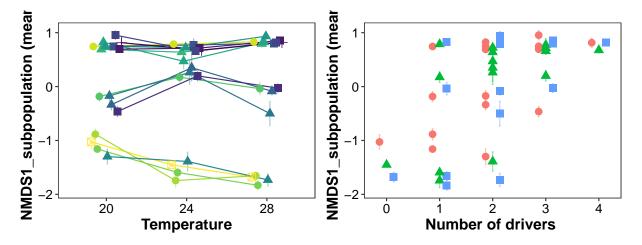
#### NMDS1 (subpopulation)

```
#NMDS1 anova combination
anova_NMDS1_mixed <- lm(NMDS1 ~F*G*M*A*T, data = mds_whole_res_subset)
autoplot(anova_NMDS1_mixed)</pre>
```



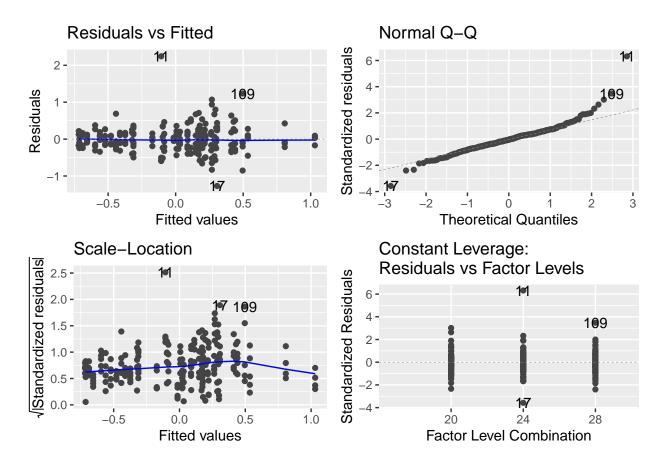
NMDS1 anova figure

```
#NMDS1 subpopulation
nmds1_plot_temperature_subset <- means_NMDS_subset %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Temperature factor, y=NMDS1 mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS1_mean-NMDS1_SE, ymax=NMDS1_mean+NMDS1_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4, position = position dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1) +
  labs(x="Temperature", y="NMDS1_subpopulation (mean)")
plot_NMDS1_means_numeric_subset<- means_NMDS_subset %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=NMDS1_mean, col=Temperature_factor)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = Temperature_factor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS1_mean-NMDS1_SE, ymax=NMDS1_mean+NMDS1_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(x="Number of drivers ", y="NMDS1_subpopulation (mean)")
nmds1_plot_temperature_subset + plot_NMDS1_means_numeric_subset
```



### NMDS2 (subpopulation)

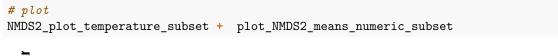
```
#NMDS2 anova combination
anova_NMDS2_mixed <- lm(NMDS2 ~F*G*M*A*T, data = mds_whole_res_subset)
autoplot(anova_NMDS2_mixed)</pre>
```

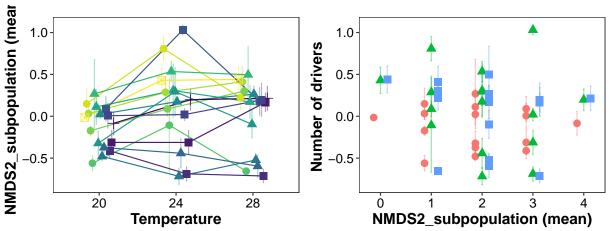


```
# anova(anova_NMDS2_mixed)
# summary(anova_NMDS2_mixed)
```

NMDS2 anova figure

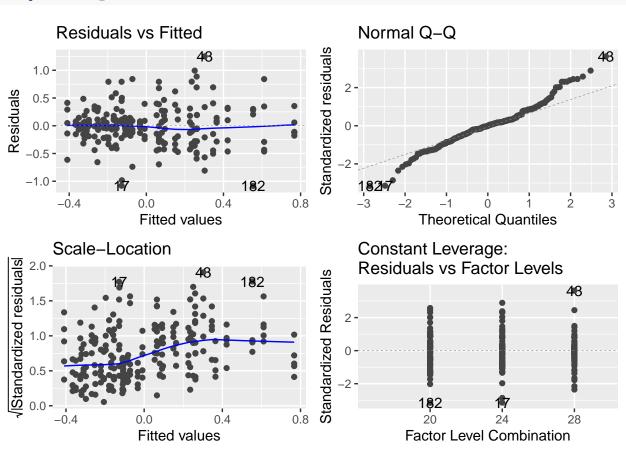
```
#NMDS2 subpopulation
NMDS2_plot_temperature_subset <- means_NMDS_subset %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Temperature_factor, y=NMDS2_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS2_mean-NMDS2_SE, ymax=NMDS2_mean+NMDS2_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1) +
  labs(x="Temperature", y="NMDS2_subpopulation (mean)")
plot_NMDS2_means_numeric_subset <- means_NMDS_subset %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=NMDS2_mean, col=Temperature_factor)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape = Temperature_factor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom errorbar(aes(ymin=NMDS2 mean-NMDS2 SE, ymax=NMDS2 mean+NMDS2 SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  marcel_theme() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  labs(x="NMDS2_subpopulation (mean)", y="Number of drivers ")
```





## NMDS3 (subpopulation)

#NMDS3 anova combination
anova\_NMDS3 <- lm(NMDS3 ~F\*G\*M\*A\*T, data = mds\_whole\_res\_subset)
autoplot(anova\_NMDS3)</pre>



```
# anova(anova_NMDS3)
# summary(anova_NMDS3)
```

# Analysis of single genera

Dataset of single genera, namely Tychonema\_CCAP\_1459-11B and Sulfuricurvum, calculating NMDS for all, respectively.

## $Tychonema\_CCAP\_1459-11B$

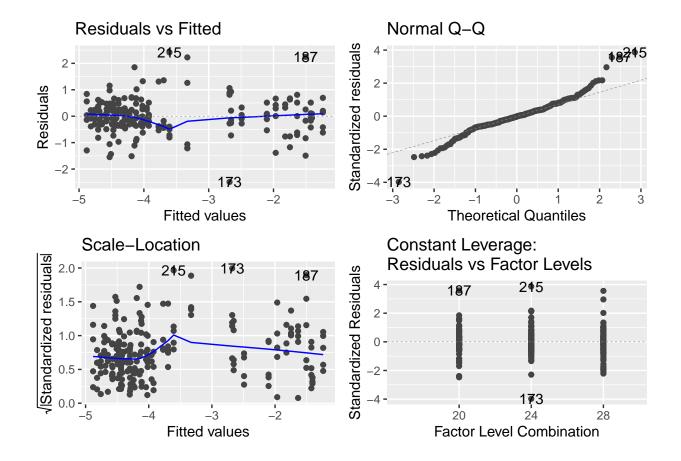
#### Calculation

#### Anova

```
anova_tychonea <- lm(logit(Abundance) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = df_cyano)
# anova(anova_tychonea)
# summary(anova_tychonea)</pre>
```

Model diagnostics

```
autoplot(anova_tychonea)
```



#### Sulfuricurvum

#### Calculation

```
ps_sulfuri <- subset_taxa(ps_relative, Genus == "Sulfuricurvum")

df_sulfuri <- psmelt(ps_sulfuri)

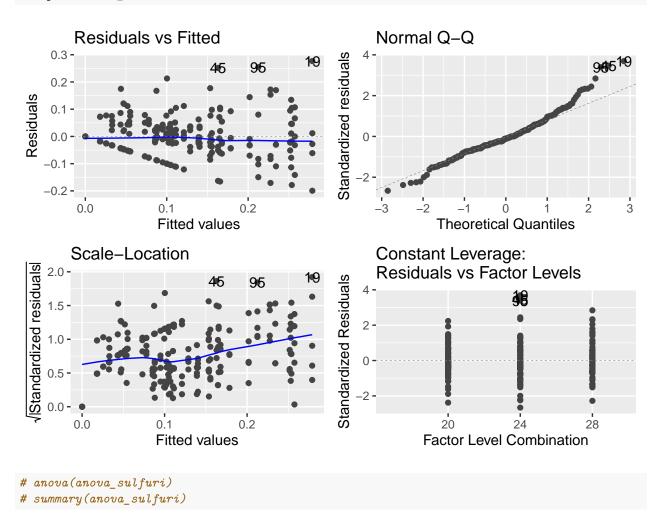
df_sulfuri <- df_sulfuri %>%
    mutate(T2=Temperature^2,T=Temperature_factor) %>%
    select(-Temperature)

df_sulfuri <- df_sulfuri %>%
    filter(Treatment!="ori") %>%
    dplyr::group_by(Treatment,Stressor_numeric,Combinations, Lable,T,F,G,M,A) %>%
    dplyr::summarize(Abundance = sum(Abundance))
```

#### Anova

```
# anova_sulfuri <- lm(asin(sqrt(Abundance)) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = df_sulfuri)
anova_sulfuri <- lm((Abundance)^(1/3) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = df_sulfuri)</pre>
```

autoplot(anova\_sulfuri)



# Abiotic factors and oxygen

#### Calculation

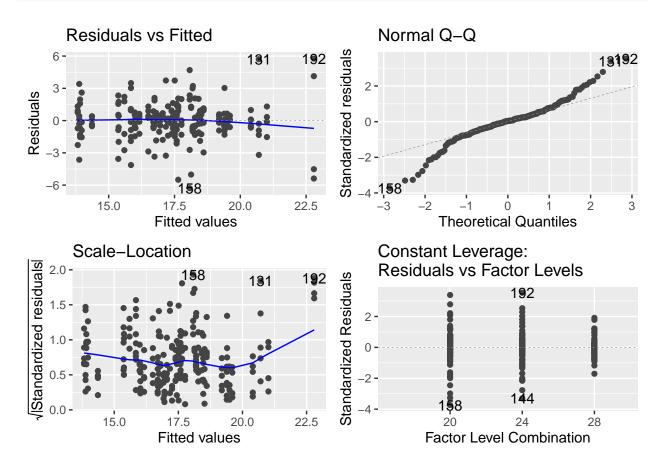
## Warning in class(x) <- c(setdiff(subclass, tibble\_class), tibble\_class): Setting</pre>

## class(x) to multiple strings ("tbl\_df", "tbl",  $\dots$ ); result will no longer be an ## S4 object

### Oxygen (anova)

Anova

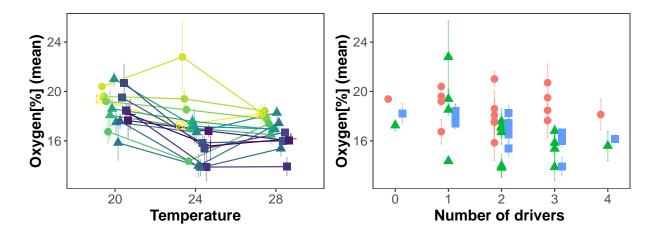
```
oxygen_anova <- lm(Oxygen ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)
autoplot(oxygen_anova)</pre>
```



```
# anova(oxygen_anova)
# summary(oxygen_anova)
```

#### Figure

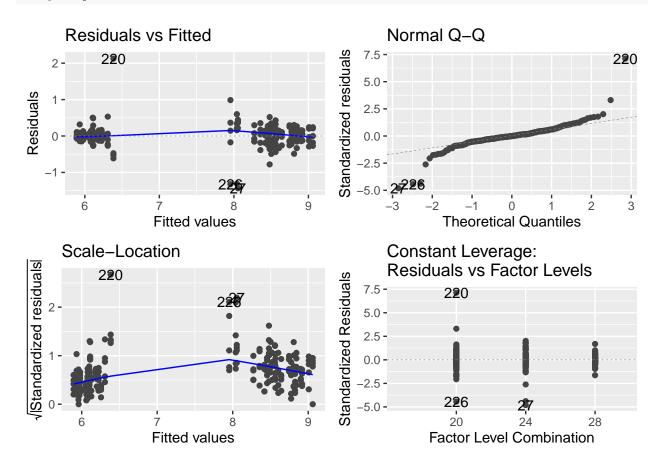
```
plot oxygen means <- abiotic means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=T, y=0xygen_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=0xygen_mean-0xygen_SE, ymax=0xygen_mean+0xygen_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  theme bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element_text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="Oxygen[%] (mean)")
plot_oxygen_numeric_means <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=Oxygen_mean, col=T)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape= T), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom errorbar(aes(ymin=0xygen mean-0xygen SE, ymax=0xygen mean+0xygen SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  theme bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element_text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  labs(y="Oxygen[%] (mean)",x="Number of drivers ")
#plot oxygen
plot_oxygen_means + plot_oxygen_numeric_means
```



## pH (anova)

Anova

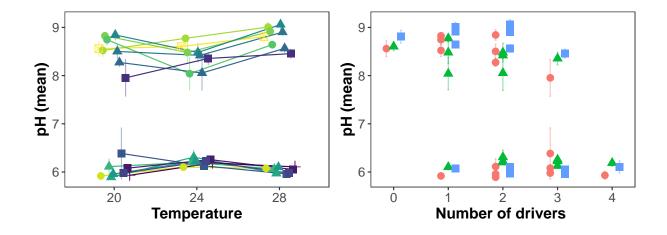
```
pH_anova <- lm(pH ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)
autoplot(pH_anova)</pre>
```



```
# anova(pH_anova)
# summary(pH_anova)
```

#### Figure

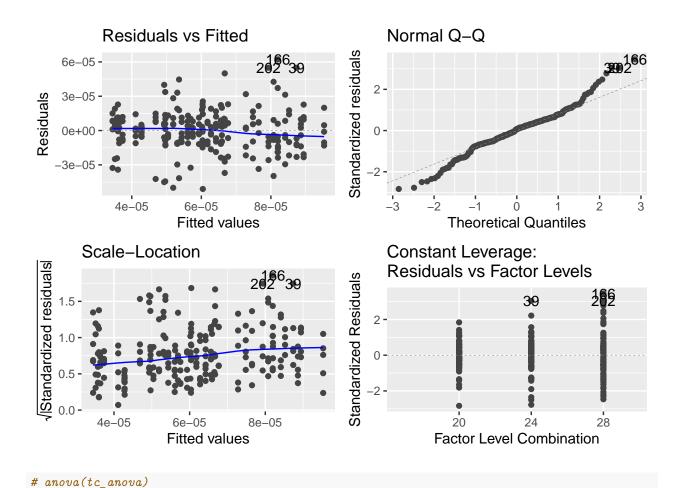
```
#pH
plot_pH_means <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=T, y=pH_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=pH_mean-pH_SE, ymax=pH_mean+pH_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element_text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="pH (mean)")
plot pH means numeric <- abiotic means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=pH_mean, col=T)) +
```



# TC (anova)

Anova

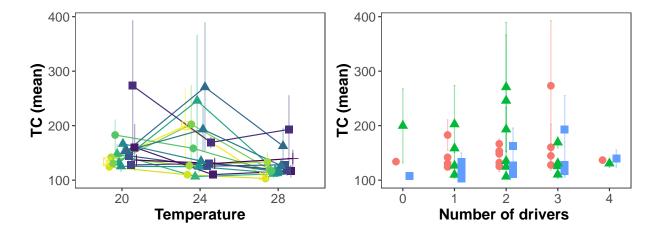
```
tc_anova <- lm((1/TC^2) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)
# tc_anova1 <- lm(log10(TC) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)
# tc_anova2 <- lm((TC)^(1/4) ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)
autoplot(tc_anova)</pre>
```



#### Figure

# summary(tc\_anova)

```
#total carbon
plot_TC_means <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=T, y=TC_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=TC_mean-TC_SE, ymax=TC_mean+TC_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="TC (mean)")
plot_TC_means_numeric <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=TC_mean, col=T)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=T), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=TC_mean-TC_SE, ymax=TC_mean+TC_SE),
```



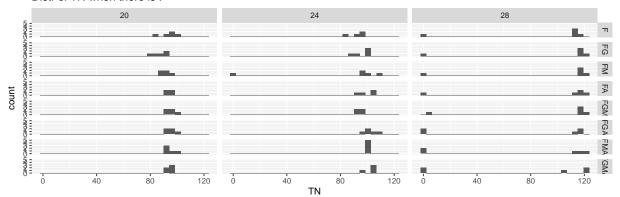
# TN (anova)

Data

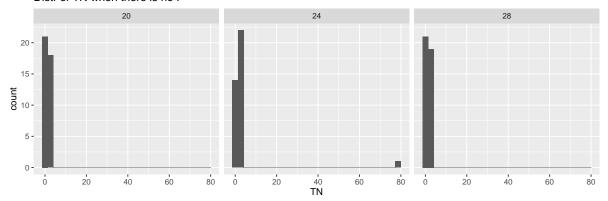
```
abiotic.F <- abiotic %>% dplyr::filter(F==1)
abiotic.noF <- abiotic %>% dplyr::filter(F==0)

abiotic.F %>% ggplot(aes(TN)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title = "Distr of TN when there is F") + facet_
abiotic.noF %>% ggplot(aes(TN)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title = "Distr of TN when there is no F") + f
   plot_layout(ncol = 1)
```

#### Distr of TN when there is F



#### Distr of TN when there is no F

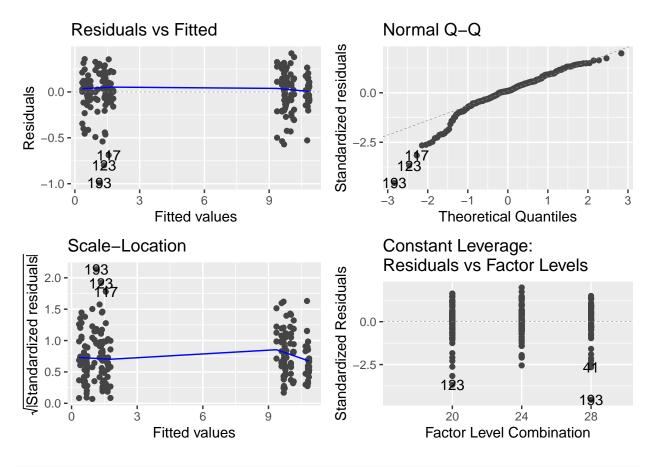


#### Anova

```
# tn_anova <- lm(TN ~F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic)

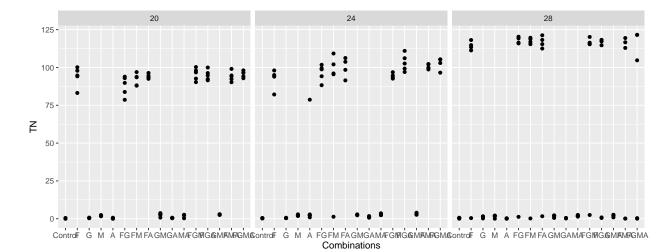
# tn_anova.no.outliers <- lm(TN.no.outliers+0.001 ~ F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic.outliers.excluded)
# autoplot(tn_anova.no.outliers)
# b <- boxcox(tn_anova.no.outliers, plotit = TRUE, lambda = seq(-1, 2, by = 0.05))

tn_anova.no.outliers <- lm(sqrt(TN.no.outliers) ~ F*G*M*A*T, data = abiotic.outliers.excluded)
autoplot(tn_anova.no.outliers)</pre>
```



```
# anova(tn_anova.no.outliers)
# summary(tn_anova.no.outliers)
```

```
abiotic %>%
  dplyr::filter(Stressor!="ori") %>%
  ggplot(aes(Combinations, TN)) +
  geom_point() +
  facet_wrap(~Temperature_factor)
```



#### Figure

```
#total nitrogen
plot_TN_means <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=T, y=TN_mean, col=Combinations, group=Combinations)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=TN_mean-TN_SE, ymax=TN_mean+TN_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  geom_line(position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=Stressor), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  scale_colour_viridis_d(direction = -1)+
  labs(x="Temperature", y="TN (mean)")
plot_TN_means_numeric <- abiotic_means %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=Stressor_numeric, y=TN_mean, col=T)) +
  geom_point(aes(shape=T), size = 3, position = position_dodge(width = 0.4)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=TN_mean-TN_SE, ymax=TN_mean+TN_SE),
                width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.4))+
  theme_bw() +
  theme(panel.grid = element_blank(),
        axis.text=element_text(size=12),
        axis.title=element_text(size=14,face="bold"),
        legend.position = "none")+
  labs(y="TN (mean)", x="Number of drivers ")
#plot nitrogen
plot_TN_means +theme(legend.position = "bottom",
                     legend.box = "vertical") + plot_TN_means_numeric + theme(legend.position = "bottom")
                                                                                legend.box = "vertical")
```

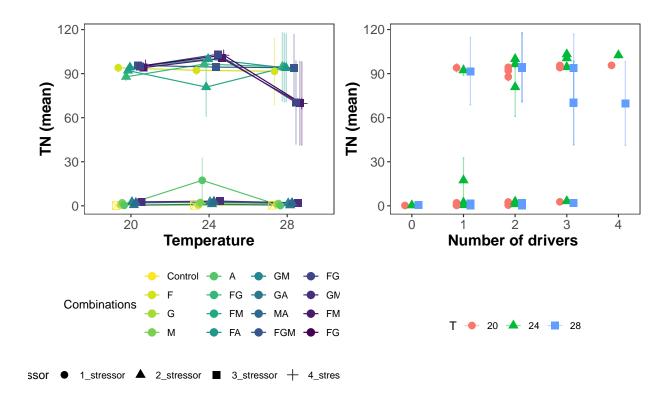
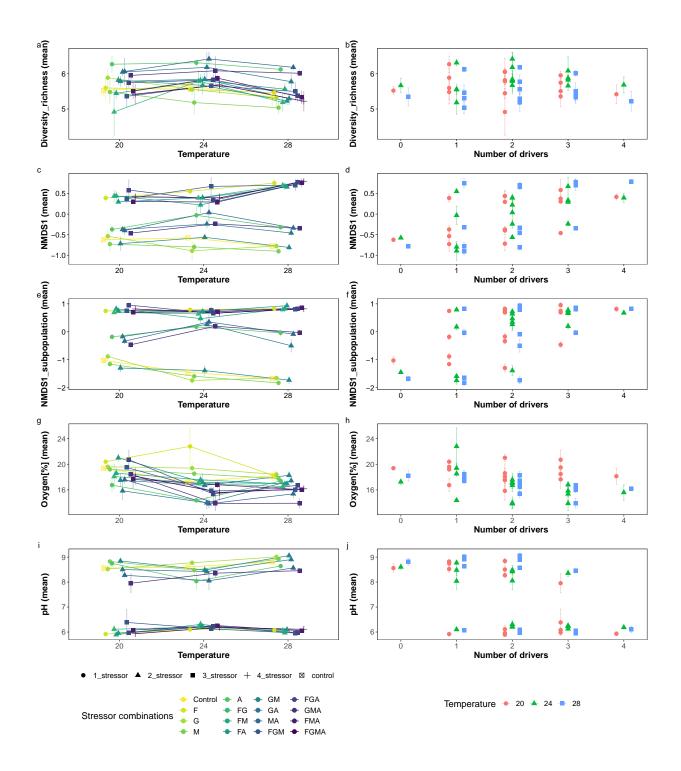


Fig 2: Response variables as a function of stressors, their combinations and temperature

## Manuscript Fig 2

```
plot_pH_means <- plot_pH_means +</pre>
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.box = "vertical",
        legend.text = element_text(size=12),
        legend.title = element_text(size=15)) +
  labs(col = "Stressor combinations", shape= "")
plot_pH_means_numeric <- plot_pH_means_numeric +</pre>
  theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.box = "vertical",
        legend.text = element_text(size=12),
        legend.title = element_text(size=15)) +
  labs(col = "Temperature", shape= "Temperature")
plot_diversity_means + plot_diversity_means_numeric + nmds1_plot_temperature +
  plot_NMDS1_means_numeric + nmds1_plot_temperature_subset + plot_NMDS1_means_numeric_subset +
  plot_oxygen_means + plot_oxygen_numeric_means + plot_pH_means + plot_pH_means_numeric +
  plot_annotation(tag_levels = "a") + plot_layout(ncol = 2)
```



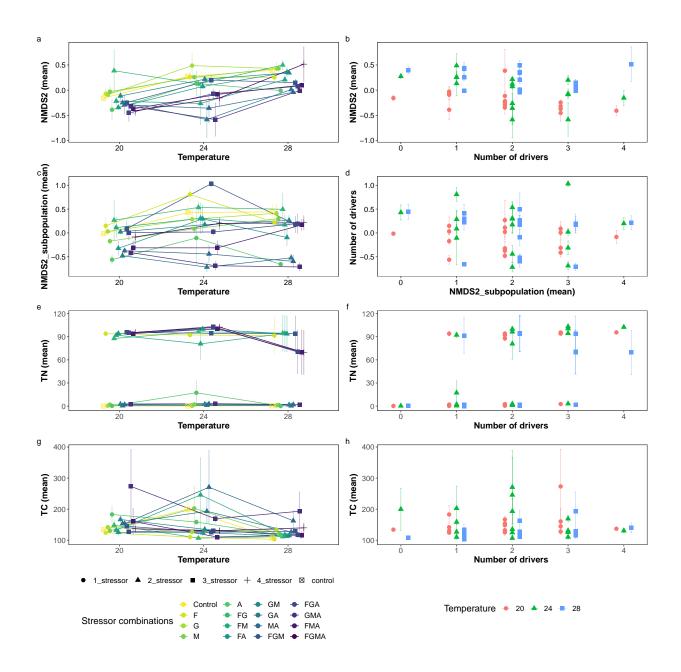
## Supplementary fig with remaining variables

```
plot_TC_means <- plot_TC_means +
    theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.box = "vertical",
        legend.text = element_text(size=12),</pre>
```

```
legend.title = element_text(size=15)) +
labs(col = "Stressor combinations", shape = "")

plot_TC_means_numeric <- plot_TC_means_numeric +
    theme(legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.box = "vertical",
        legend.text = element_text(size=12),
        legend.title = element_text(size=15))+
labs(col = "Temperature", shape = "Temperature")

NMDS2_plot_temperature + plot_NMDS2_means_numeric + NMDS2_plot_temperature_subset +
    plot_NMDS2_means_numeric_subset + plot_TN_means + plot_TN_means_numeric +
    plot_TC_means + plot_TC_means_numeric +
    plot_annotation(tag_levels = "a") + plot_layout(ncol = 2)</pre>
```



# Combined analysis of all response variables (heatmap)

Calculation: extraction of F- and t-values from fitted models

```
#NMDS1
nmds1 <- extract_test_values(anova_NMDS1, "NMDS1")
#NMDS2
nmds2 <- extract_test_values(anova_NMDS2, "NMDS2")
#NMDS1_CB_SB /1.8
nmds1_mixed <- extract_test_values(anova_NMDS1_mixed, "NMDS1_CB_SB")
#NMDS2_CB_SB</pre>
```

```
nmds2_mixed <- extract_test_values(anova_NMDS2_mixed, "NMDS2_CB_SB")
#Richness Shannon
richness <- extract_test_values(anova_diversity, "Shannon_richness")
#Tychonema Cyanobacteria /2.2
tyochonea <- extract_test_values(anova_tychonea, "Tychonema")</pre>
#Sulfuricurvum /1.27
sulfuri <- extract_test_values(anova_sulfuri, "Sulfuricurvum")</pre>
#0xygen /9.26
oxygen <- extract_test_values(oxygen_anova, "oxygen")</pre>
#pH /2.62
pH <- extract_test_values(pH_anova, "pH")
#TN /93.77
tn <- extract_test_values(tn_anova.no.outliers, "tn")</pre>
#TC /65
tc <- extract_test_values(tc_anova, "tc")</pre>
# all abiotic and all heat
all_abiotic <- rbind(oxygen, pH, tn, tc)</pre>
all_heat <- rbind(tyochonea, sulfuri, nmds1, nmds2, nmds1_mixed,
                   nmds2_mixed,richness,oxygen,pH,tn,tc) %>%
  reorder_levels(variable,order=c("Tychonema","Sulfuricurvum","NMDS1","NMDS2",
                                    "NMDS1_CB_SB", "NMDS2_CB_SB", "Shannon_richness",
                                    "oxygen", "pH", "tn", "tc"))
```

## Fig 3: heat map of all factors

Manuscript figure 3

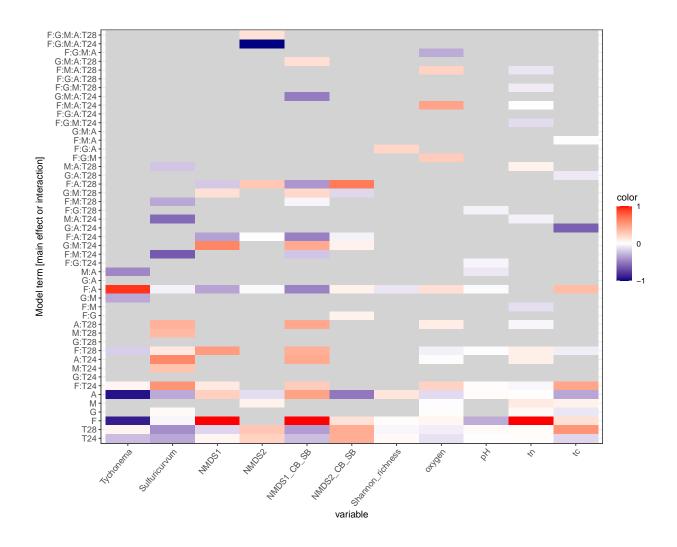
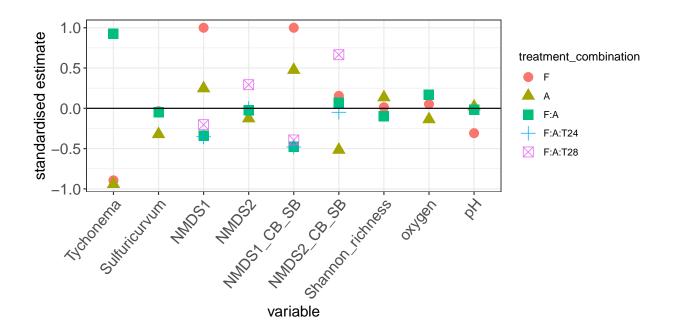


Fig 6: visualization of F:A with all factors

Manuscript figure 6



## Effect of Number of drivers

The analysis is repeated with the Number of drivers included as a continuous variable

#### **Calculations**

```
abiotic <- ps_relative@sam_data %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  select(Treatment, Temperature, Combinations, Temperature_factor,
         Lable, Name, F, G, M, A, Oxygen, TN, TC, pH,
         Stressor_numeric, Stressor) %>%
  filter(Treatment!="ori") %>%
  mutate(T2=Temperature^2, T=as.factor(Temperature)) %>%
  select(-Temperature)
## Warning in class(x) <- c(setdiff(subclass, tibble_class), tibble_class): Setting
## class(x) to multiple strings ("tbl_df", "tbl", ...); result will no longer be an
## S4 object
# abiotic$Oxygen <- (abiotic$Oxygen-mean(abiotic$Oxygen))/sd(abiotic$Oxygen)
# abiotic$pH <- (abiotic$pH-mean(abiotic$pH))/sd(abiotic$pH)
# abiotic$TN <- (abiotic$TN-mean(abiotic$TN))/sd(abiotic$TN)
# abiotic$TC <- (abiotic$TC-mean(abiotic$TC))/sd(abiotic$TC)
# mds_whole_res$NMDS1 <- (mds_whole_res$NMDS1-mean(mds_whole_res$NMDS1))/sd(mds_whole_res$NMDS1)
# mds_whole_res$NMDS2 <- (mds_whole_res$NMDS2-mean(mds_whole_res$NMDS2))/sd(mds_whole_res$NMDS2)
\# mds_whole_res_subset\$NMDS1 < - (mds_whole_res_subset\$NMDS1 - mean(mds_whole_res_subset\$NMDS1))/
    sd(mds whole res subset$NMDS1)
\# mds_whole_res_subset\$NMDS2 < - (mds_whole_res_subset\$NMDS2 - mean(mds_whole_res_subset<math>\$NMDS2))/
   sd(mds whole res subset$NMDS2)
```

```
# div_raw$Shannon <- (div_raw$Shannon-mean(div_raw$Shannon))/sd(div_raw$Shannon)
# df_cyano$Abundance <- (df_cyano$Abundance-mean(df_cyano$Abundance))/sd(df_cyano$Abundance)
# df_sulfuri$Abundance <- (df_sulfuri$Abundance-mean(df_sulfuri$Abundance))/sd(df_sulfuri$Abundance)
# real.rt <- function(x, root=3) {
# sign(x) * abs(x)^(1/root)
# }</pre>
```

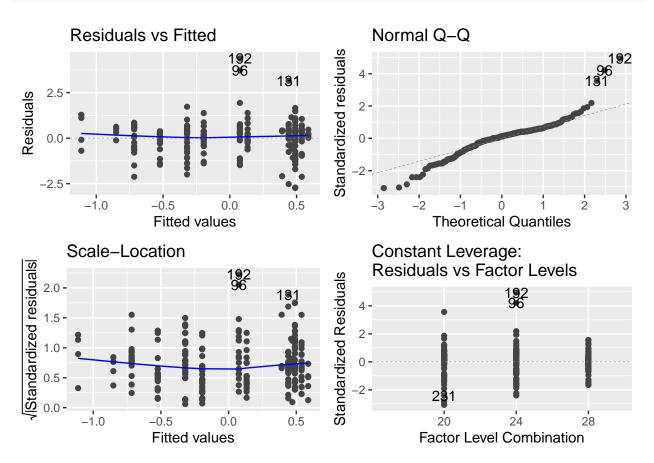
## Oxygen

```
#oxygen
oxygen_anova_numeric <- lm(scale(Oxygen) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)

oxy_slope<- tidy(oxygen_anova_numeric ,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
   filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

oxy_slope$organisation="ecosystem"
oxy_slope$variable="oxygen"
oxy_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"

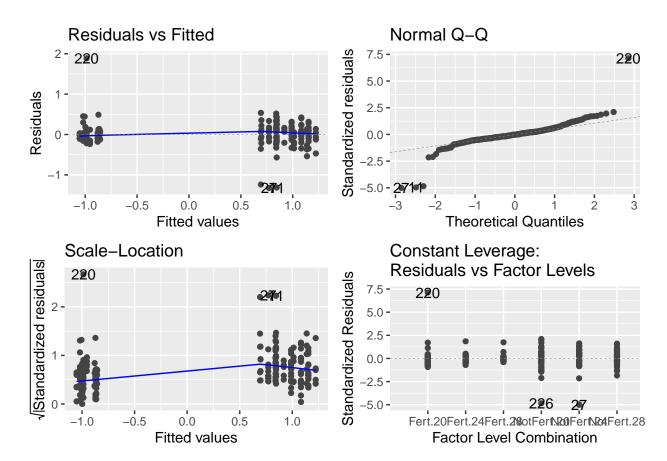
autoplot(oxygen_anova_numeric)</pre>
```



```
## getting f test parameters
oxygen_anova2_numeric <- lm(scale(Oxygen) ~T*Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)</pre>
anova(oxygen anova2 numeric)
## Analysis of Variance Table
## Response: scale(Oxygen)
##
                      Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                    Pr(>F)
## T
                       2 28.708 14.3542 17.8538 6.357e-08 ***
                      1 15.147 15.1473 18.8402 2.148e-05 ***
## Stressor_numeric
## T:Stressor_numeric 2
                          5.247 2.6237 3.2634 0.04008 *
                     225 180.897 0.8040
## Residuals
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
summary(oxygen_anova2_numeric)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(Oxygen) ~ T * Stressor_numeric, data = abiotic)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
                               30
##
               1Q Median
                                      Max
## -2.7439 -0.4290 0.1063 0.4152 4.3762
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        0.5880 0.2270 2.590 0.0102 *
                                    0.3238 -0.360 0.7190
## T24
                        -0.1167
## T28
                        -0.1263
                                    0.3191 -0.396
                                                     0.6925
## Stressor_numeric
                        -0.0490
                                   0.1009 -0.486
                                                     0.6277
                                    0.1451 -2.390
## T24:Stressor_numeric -0.3468
                                                     0.0177 *
## T28:Stressor_numeric -0.2793
                                    0.1422 -1.964 0.0508 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.8967 on 225 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2135, Adjusted R-squared: 0.196
## F-statistic: 12.21 on 5 and 225 DF, p-value: 1.746e-10
Comment UD: diagnostics are ok
pH
#pH
# pH_anova_numeric_old <- lm(pH ~T + T:Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)</pre>
# b \leftarrow boxcox(pH_anova_numeric_old, plotit = TRUE, lambda = seq(-3, 3, by = 0.1))
```

#

```
# abiotic$pH_stand <- scale(abiotic$pH)</pre>
# abiotic$pH_stand_transformed <- abiotic$pH_stand^(1/3)</pre>
# abiotic$pH_stand_transformed2 <- nthroot(abiotic$pH_stand,3)</pre>
# abiotic$pH transformed <- abiotic$pH^(1/3)</pre>
# abiotic$pH_transformed_stand <- scale(abiotic$pH_transformed)</pre>
# abiotic %>% ggplot(aes(pH)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title="original") +
# abiotic %>% ggplot(aes(pH_stand)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title="standardized") +
# abiotic %>% ggplot(aes(pH_stand_transformed)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title="standardized then tran
\# abiotic %>% ggplot(aes(pH_transformed)) + geom_histogram() + labs(title="transformed") +
\# abiotic \%\% ggplot(aes(pH\_transformed\_stand)) + geom\_histogram() + labs(title="transformed then stand)
abiotic$Fertilizer <- ifelse(abiotic$F==1, "Fert", "NotFert")</pre>
abiotic$F_and_T <- with(abiotic, interaction(Fertilizer,T))</pre>
pH_anova_numeric <- lm(scale(pH) ~-1+F_and_T + F_and_T:Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)
# pH_anova_numeric1 <- lm(pH_stand ~-1+F_and_T*Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)</pre>
# all.equal(predict(pH_anova_numeric), predict(pH_anova_numeric1))
pH_slope <- tidy(pH_anova_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
 slice tail(n = 6)
pH_slope$term <- rep(c("T20:Stressor_numeric", "T24:Stressor_numeric", "T28:Stressor_numeric"), each=2)
pH_slope$organisation="ecosystem"
pH_slope$variable="pH"
pH_slope$Fertilizer <- rep(c("Yes","No"),3)</pre>
autoplot(pH_anova_numeric)
```



```
## getting f test parameters
pH_anova2_numeric <- lm(scale(pH) ~ F*T*Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)
anova(pH_anova2_numeric)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: scale(pH)
                             Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                                          Pr(>F)
##
                         Df
                                               F value
                          1 210.837 210.837 2913.5480 < 2.2e-16 ***
## F
## T
                              0.498
                                      0.249
                                                3.4406 0.033788 *
## Stressor_numeric
                          1
                              0.318
                                      0.318
                                               4.3913 0.037271 *
## F:T
                          2
                              1.840
                                      0.920
                                               12.7111 5.987e-06 ***
## F:Stressor_numeric
                          1
                              0.524
                                      0.524
                                                       0.007649 **
                                               7.2475
## T:Stressor_numeric
                          2
                              0.022
                                      0.011
                                               0.1493
                                                        0.861380
                          2
                                      0.057
                                                       0.457709
## F:T:Stressor numeric
                              0.114
                                                0.7843
## Residuals
                        219
                             15.848
                                      0.072
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
```

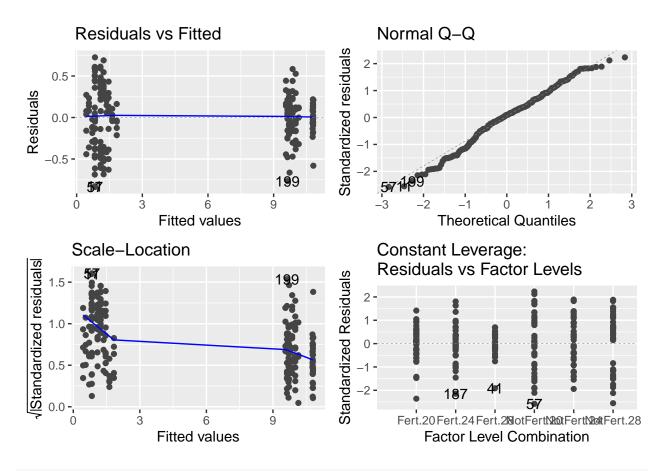
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(pH) ~ F * T * Stressor_numeric, data = abiotic)
```

summary(pH\_anova2\_numeric)

```
##
## Residuals:
                1Q Median
## -1.32390 -0.09996 -0.00422 0.08922 1.88545
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                       1.137097 0.086160 13.197
## (Intercept)
                                                  <2e-16 ***
## F
                       ## T24
                       -0.217964 0.121079 -1.800
                                                   0.0732 .
## T28
                       0.085857 0.121079
                                          0.709
                                                   0.4790
                       -0.148028 0.049325 -3.001
                                                   0.0030 **
## Stressor_numeric
## F:T24
                        0.415202 0.227989
                                           1.821 0.0699 .
## F:T28
                        0.008239 0.220823 0.037 0.9703
                        0.180765 0.069756 2.591
## F:Stressor_numeric
                                                   0.0102 *
## T24:Stressor_numeric
                        0.074226 0.070086 1.059
                                                   0.2907
## T28:Stressor_numeric
                        0.077850 0.069607 1.118
                                                   0.2646
## F:T24:Stressor_numeric -0.099286 0.101191 -0.981
                                                   0.3276
## F:T28:Stressor_numeric -0.114043 0.098439 -1.159
                                                   0.2479
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.269 on 219 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9311, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9276
## F-statistic: 269 on 11 and 219 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Comment UD: diagnostics are now ok. I changed the model (see above)

#### TN



#### ## getting f test parameters

## ## Call:

tn\_anova2\_numeric <- lm(scale(sqrt(TN.no.outliers)) ~ F\*T\*Stressor\_numeric, data=abiotic.outliers.excluanova(tn\_anova2\_numeric)

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: scale(sqrt(TN.no.outliers))
                             Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                                F value
                                                           Pr(>F)
                         Df
                          1 214.175 214.175 40286.4249 < 2.2e-16 ***
## F
                              0.381
                                      0.191
                                                35.8392 4.400e-14 ***
## Stressor_numeric
                          1
                              0.361
                                      0.361
                                                67.8431 2.028e-14 ***
## F:T
                          2
                              0.822
                                      0.411
                                                77.2893 < 2.2e-16 ***
## F:Stressor_numeric
                          1
                              0.144
                                      0.144
                                                27.0250 4.825e-07 ***
                          2
                              0.019
                                      0.010
                                                 1.8247
## T:Stressor_numeric
                                                           0.1639
                          2
                                                           0.7397
## F:T:Stressor_numeric
                              0.003
                                      0.002
                                                 0.3020
                                      0.005
## Residuals
                        206
                              1.095
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
summary(tn_anova2_numeric)
```

## lm(formula = scale(sqrt(TN.no.outliers)) ~ F \* T \* Stressor\_numeric,

```
##
      data = abiotic.outliers.excluded)
##
## Residuals:
##
                      Median
                                  3Q
       Min
                 1Q
                                         Max
## -0.184781 -0.040651 0.006366 0.046991 0.160000
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                      ## F
                      1.997951 0.042548 46.958 < 2e-16 ***
## T24
                       0.060305 0.033027
                                         1.826 0.069305 .
                       0.026150 0.032818 0.797 0.426464
## T28
## Stressor_numeric
                       ## F:T24
                      -0.039651 0.062176 -0.638 0.524359
## F:T28
                      -0.071900 0.018907 -3.803 0.000188 ***
## F:Stressor_numeric
                      -0.005034 0.019032 -0.265 0.791657
## T24:Stressor_numeric
## T28:Stressor numeric
                      -0.027919 0.018867 -1.480 0.140457
## F:T24:Stressor_numeric 0.020593 0.027492 0.749 0.454689
## F:T28:Stressor numeric 0.014892 0.028061
                                         0.531 0.596188
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.07291 on 206 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.995, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9947
## F-statistic: 3692 on 11 and 206 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

TC

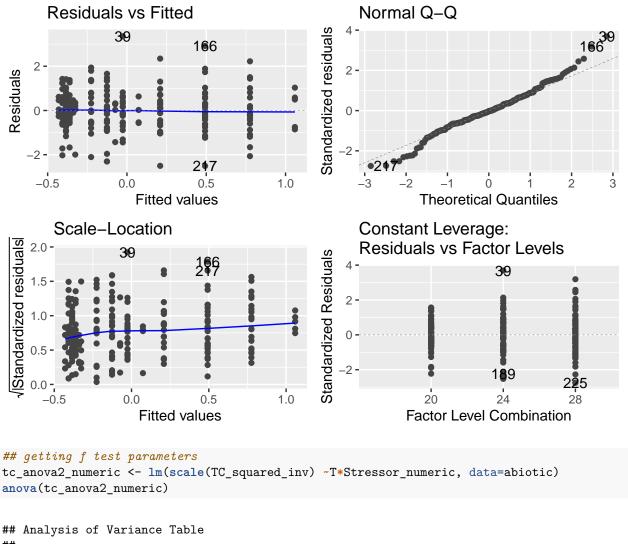
```
#tc
# tc_anova_numeric <- lm(TC ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)
# b <- boxcox(tc_anova_numeric, plotit = TRUE, lambda = seq(-8, 1.5, by = 0.1))
# lambda <- round(b$x[which.max(b$y)],1)

abiotic$TC_squared_inv <- scale(1/(abiotic$TC^2))

tc_anova_numeric <- lm(TC_squared_inv ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=abiotic)

tc_slope <- tidy(tc_anova_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
    filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

tc_slope$organisation="ecosystem"
tc_slope$variable="total carbon"
tc_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(tc_anova_numeric)</pre>
```



```
## Response: scale(TC_squared_inv)
##
                          Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                    Pr(>F)
## T
                          32.154 16.0770 18.9735 2.429e-08 ***
                           1.250 1.2503 1.4756
                                                   0.22574
## Stressor_numeric
                       1
## T:Stressor numeric
                       2
                           5.944 2.9718
                                          3.5072
                                                   0.03163 *
## Residuals
                      225 190.652 0.8473
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

summary(tc\_anova2\_numeric)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = scale(TC_squared_inv) ~ T * Stressor_numeric, data = abiotic)
##
## Residuals:
## Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
## -2.5080 -0.5335 -0.0203 0.5233 3.3508
##
```

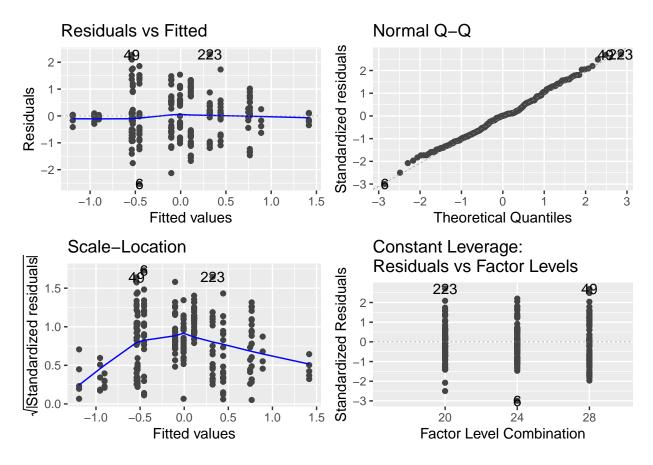
```
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                      -0.33878 0.23308 -1.454
## T24
                       0.01293
                                  0.33245 0.039
                                                   0.9690
## T28
                       1.39765
                                  0.32754
                                          4.267 2.92e-05 ***
## Stressor_numeric
                      -0.02276
                                  0.10357 -0.220 0.8263
## T24:Stressor numeric 0.12265
                                  0.14895 0.823
                                                   0.4111
## T28:Stressor_numeric -0.26042
                                  0.14601 -1.784 0.0758 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9205 on 225 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1711, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1527
## F-statistic: 9.287 on 5 and 225 DF, p-value: 4.681e-08
```

#### NMDS1

```
#NMDS1
anova_NMDS1_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS1) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res)

nmds1_slope <- tidy(anova_NMDS1_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
  filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

nmds1_slope$organisation="community"
nmds1_slope$variable="NMDS1"
nmds1_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_NMDS1_numeric)</pre>
```



```
## getting f test parameters
anova2_NMDS1_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS1) ~T*Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res)
anova(anova2_NMDS1_numeric)</pre>
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: scale(NMDS1)
##
                           Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                       Df
## T
                            1.786
                                    0.893 1.2170 0.2981
                           60.674 60.674 82.6972 <2e-16 ***
## Stressor_numeric
                        1
## T:Stressor numeric
                        2
                            2.462
                                    1.231
                                           1.6778 0.1891
## Residuals
                      225 165.079
                                    0.734
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

#### summary(anova2\_NMDS1\_numeric)

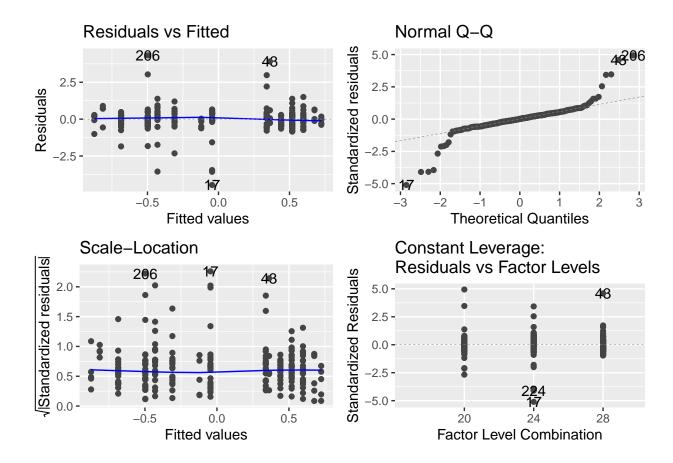
```
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                     ## T24
                      0.05042
                                0.30935 0.163 0.8707
## T28
                     -0.23768
                                0.30478 -0.780
                                                0.4363
## Stressor_numeric
                      0.42520
                               0.09638 4.412 1.59e-05 ***
## T24:Stressor numeric 0.02299
                                0.13860 0.166 0.8684
## T28:Stressor_numeric 0.22673
                                0.13587 1.669 0.0966 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.8566 on 225 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2823, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2663
## F-statistic: 17.7 on 5 and 225 DF, p-value: 8.844e-15
```

#### NMDS2

```
#NMDS2
anova_NMDS2_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS2) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res)

nmds2_slope <- tidy(anova_NMDS2_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
  filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

nmds2_slope$organisation="community"
nmds2_slope$variable="NMDS2"
nmds2_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_NMDS2_numeric)</pre>
```



```
## getting f test parameters
anova2_NMDS2_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS2) ~T*Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res)
anova(anova2_NMDS2_numeric)</pre>
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: scale(NMDS2)
##
                           Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                     Pr(>F)
## T
                           41.164 20.5818 26.521 4.549e-11 ***
                           10.554 10.5535
## Stressor_numeric
                                          13.599 0.0002837 ***
## T:Stressor numeric
                        2
                            3.674
                                  1.8369
                                            2.367 0.0960950 .
## Residuals
                      225 174.609
                                   0.7760
                  0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

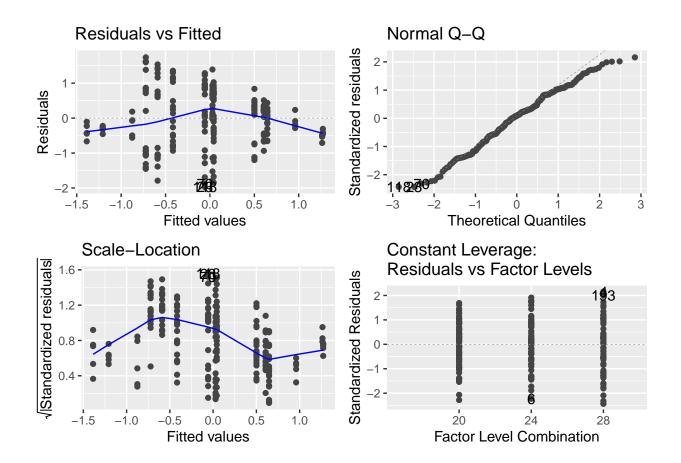
```
summary(anova2_NMDS2_numeric)
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                      -0.12132 0.22306 -0.544 0.58705
## T24
                       0.84548
                                  0.31815 2.657 0.00844 **
                                  0.31346 2.544 0.01164 *
## T28
                       0.79734
## Stressor numeric
                      -0.18824
                                  0.09912 -1.899 0.05883 .
## T24:Stressor numeric -0.19634
                                  0.14255 -1.377 0.16977
## T28:Stressor_numeric 0.10980
                                  0.13973 0.786 0.43283
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.8809 on 225 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2408, Adjusted R-squared: 0.224
## F-statistic: 14.28 on 5 and 225 DF, p-value: 3.881e-12
```

#### NMDS1 subset

```
#NMDS1_subset
anova_NMDS1_mixed_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS1) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res_subset)
nmds1_subset_slope <- tidy(anova_NMDS1_mixed_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
    filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

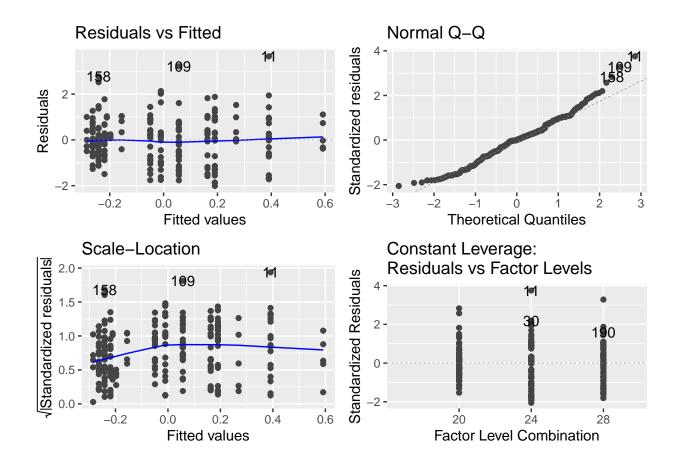
nmds1_subset_slope$organisation="community"
nmds1_subset_slope$variable="NMDS1_subpopulation"
nmds1_subset_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_NMDS1_mixed_numeric)</pre>
```



#### $NMDS2\_subset$

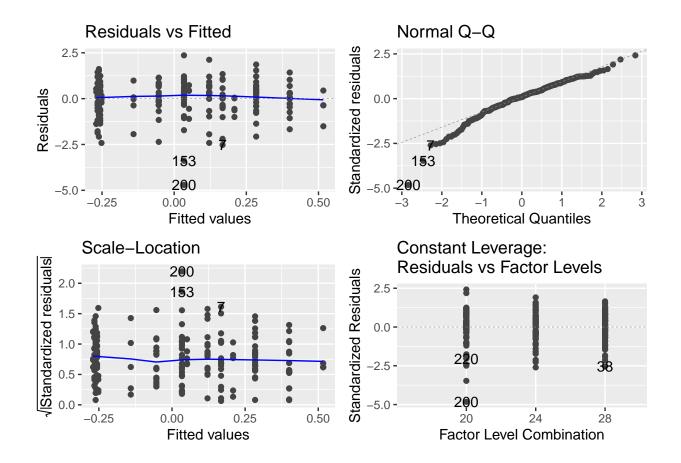
```
#NMDS2_subset
anova_NMDS2_mixed_numeric <- lm(scale(NMDS2) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=mds_whole_res_subset)
nmds2_subset_slope <- tidy(anova_NMDS2_mixed_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
  filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

nmds2_subset_slope$organisation="community"
nmds2_subset_slope$variable="NMDS2_subpopulation"
nmds2_subset_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_NMDS2_mixed_numeric)</pre>
```



#### Shannon index

```
#Shannon
anova_diversity_numeric <- lm(scale(Shannon) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=div_raw)
shannon_slope <- tidy(anova_diversity_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
  filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")
shannon_slope$organisation="community"
shannon_slope$variable="species_richness"
shannon_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_diversity_numeric)</pre>
```

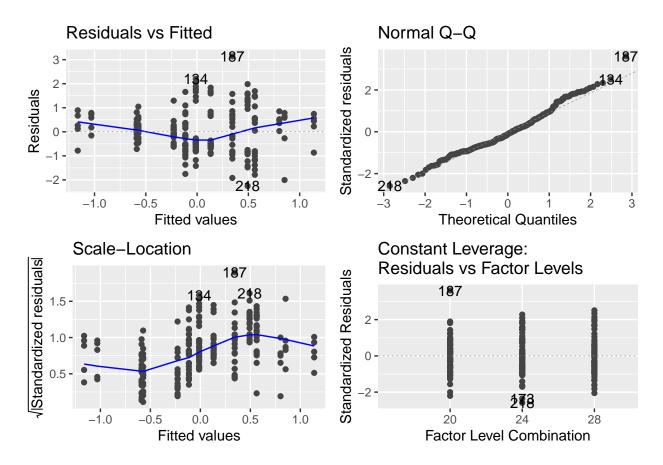


#### Tychonema

```
#Tychonema
# anova_tychonea_numeric <- lm(Abundance ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=df_cyano)
# b <- boxcox(anova_tychonea_numeric, plotit = TRUE, lambda = seq(-3, 3, by = 0.1))
anova_tychonea_numeric <- lm(scale(logit(Abundance)) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=df_cyano)

tychonema_slope <- tidy(anova_tychonea_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
    filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")

tychonema_slope$organisation="species"
tychonema_slope$variable="Tychonema"
tychonema_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_tychonea_numeric)</pre>
```



update.. i changed it to log10

## Sulfuri

```
#Sulfuri
anova_sulfuri_numeric <- lm(scale(Abundance^(1/3)) ~T+T:Stressor_numeric, data=df_sulfuri)
sulfuri_slope <- tidy(anova_sulfuri_numeric,conf.int = TRUE) %>%
    filter(term!="(Intercept)", term!="T24", term !="T28")
sulfuri_slope$organisation="species"
sulfuri_slope$variable="Sulfuricurvum"
sulfuri_slope$Fertilizer <- "Yes"
autoplot(anova_sulfuri_numeric)</pre>
```

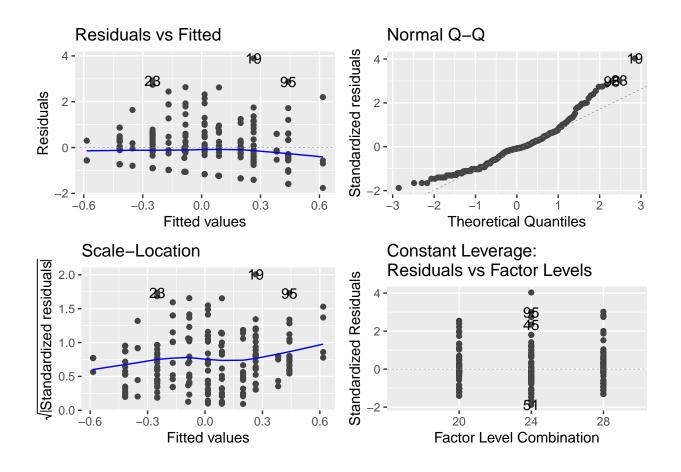


Fig4: effect of Number of drivers on response variables

```
all <- rbind(tychonema_slope,sulfuri_slope,shannon_slope,</pre>
             nmds1_slope,nmds2_slope,nmds1_subset_slope,
             nmds2_subset_slope,oxy_slope,pH_slope,
             tn_slope,tc_slope) %>%
  reorder_levels(variable, order=c("Tychonema", "Sulfuricurvum", "NMDS1",
                                  "NMDS2", "NMDS1_subpopulation",
                                   "NMDS2_subpopulation", "species_richness",
                                  "oxygen", "pH", "total nitrogen",
                                   "total carbon"))
plot_slope <-
    all %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = organisation, y = estimate, colour = variable, shape=term, group=variable)) +
    geom_hline(aes(yintercept=0))+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=conf.low, ymax=conf.high),
                  width=0.1,alpha=0.4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.8))+
   geom_point(size = 4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.8)) +
    # geom_point(colour = all$col.fert, size = 2, col="white", position = position_dodge(width = 0.8),
   labs(y="Slope [Number of drivers ]", x="Level of organisation") +
   theme bw() +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 15),
          axis.text.x = element_text(size=12),
```

```
axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15),
          axis.text.y = element_text(size=12)) +
    scale_x_discrete(limits = c("species", "community", "ecosystem"))
cols <- ggplot_build(plot_slope)</pre>
cols <- unique(cols$data[[2]]$colour)</pre>
var.cols <- c("Tychonema"=cols[1],</pre>
              "Sulfuricurvum"=cols[2],
              "NMDS1"=cols[4],
              "NMDS2"=cols[5],
              "NMDS1_subpopulation"=cols[6],
              "NMDS2_subpopulation"=cols[7],
              "species_richness"=cols[3],
              "oxygen"=cols[8],
              "pH"=cols[9],
              "total nitrogen"=cols[10],
              "total carbon"=cols[11])
all$col.fert <- ifelse(all$Fertilizer=="Yes",var.cols[all$variable],"white")
all$term2 <- ifelse(grepl("20", all$term, fixed = TRUE), "20°C",
                    ifelse(grep1("24", all$term, fixed = TRUE),"24°C","28°C"))
plot slope <-
    all %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = organisation, y = estimate, colour = variable, shape=term2, group=interaction(term, v
    geom_hline(aes(yintercept=0))+
    geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=conf.low, ymax=conf.high), size=0.6,
                  width=0.3,position = position_dodge(width = 0.8))+
    geom_point(size = 4,position = position_dodge(width = 0.8)) +
    geom_point(col = all$col.fert, size = 2, position = position_dodge(width = 0.8), show.legend = F)
    labs(y="Slope [Number of drivers ]", x="Level of organisation",
         shape="Temperature", colour="Variable") +
    theme_bw() +
    theme(axis.title.x = element_text(size = 15),
          axis.text.x = element_text(size=12),
          axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15),
          axis.text.y = element_text(size=12)) +
    scale_x_discrete(limits = c("species","community","ecosystem"))
plot_slope
```

