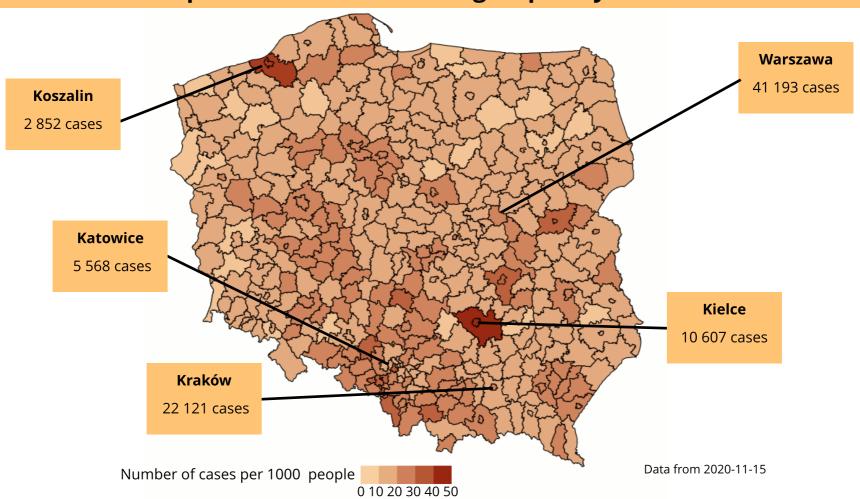
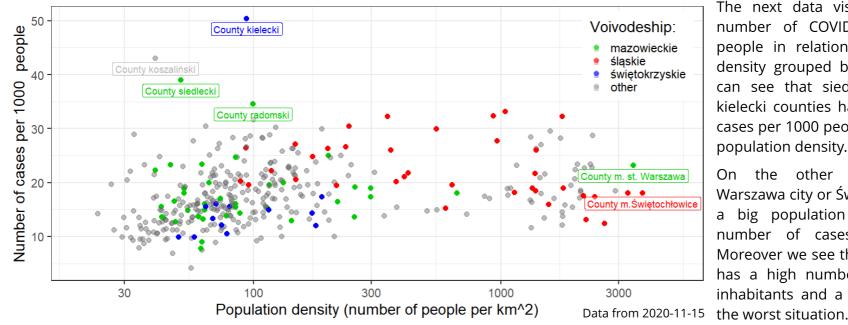
COVID-19 in Poland

Map of COVID-19 in Poland grouped by counties



The map above presents the number of COVID-19 cases per 1000 people grouped by Polish counties. We can see that the highest number of cases per 1000 people was in koszaliński county with the Koszalin city and in radomski county with Radom city. Also Silesian agglomeration has a lot of cases per 1000 people.

Number of COVID-19 cases by population density



The next data visualisation shows the number of COVID-19 cases per 1000 people in relation with the population density grouped by polish counties. We can see that siedlecki, koszaliński and kielecki counties have a high number of cases per 1000 people in relation with the population density.

On the other hand counties like Warszawa city or Świętochłowice city have a big population density and a low number of cases per 1000 people. Moreover we see that śląskie voivodeship has a high number of cases per 1000 inhabitants and a big density. So it has the worst situation.

How did we get here?

Our last visualisation shows the relation between the total number of cases detected in Poland, the number of people during quarantine and the number of COVID-19 tests carried out. We can see that when COVID-19 pandemic began in Poland the number of cases was low, however the number of people during quarantine was relatively high.

What is interesting is that in October, when the number of cases had dramatically increased, the number of tests carried out had slightly increased and the number of people during quarantine had decreased. We can presume that in March the reaction of Poland's government was inadequate, however in October the reaction was not sufficient enough.

Data from: COVID-19 Spreadsheet by Michał Rogalski, Wikidata, GUS

