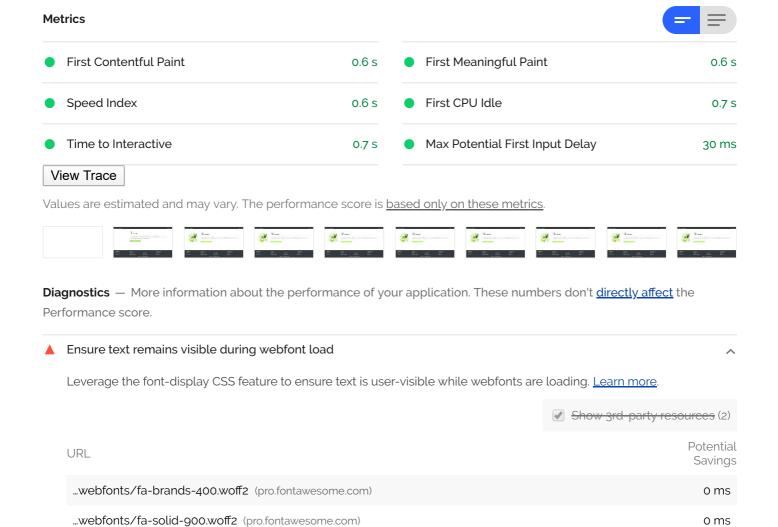




## Performance



The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found

### Maximum critical path latency: 970 ms

Initial Navigation

/404 (agilmindset.com)	
css/all.css (pro.fontawesome.com) - 10 ms, 0 KB	
css/bootstrap.min.css (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 10 ms, 0 KB	
/css?family=Comfortaa:500&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com) - 10 ms, 0 K	В
css/style.css (agilmindset.com) - 80 ms, 1.71 KB	
/jquery-3.4.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 0 ms, 0 KB	
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 0 ms, 0 KB	
js/bootstrap.min.js (stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com) - 0 ms, 0 KB	
js/script.js (agilmindset.com) - 200 ms, 1.4 KB	
webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (pro.fontawesome.com) - 0 ms, 0 KB	
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (pro.fontawesome.com) - 0 ms, 0 KB	
/manifest.json (agilmindset.com) - 190 ms, 0.25 KB	

lacktriangle Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 14 requests  $\cdot$  40 KB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget json file.  $\underline{\text{Learn more}}$ .

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	14	40 KB
Image	1	27 KB
Other	2	6 KB
Document	1	4 KB
Stylesheet	4	2 KB
Script	4	1 KB
Media	0	о КВ
Font	2	о КВ
Third-party	8	о КВ

Passed audits (21)

Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 0 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

	Show 3rd party h	33041003 (0)
RL	Size	Potentia Saving
ss/style.css (agilmindset.com)	2 KB	70 ms

•	Properly	size images — Potential savings of 4 KB		^
	Serve im	ages that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>L</u>	<u>earn more</u> .	
			Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
		URL	Size	Potential Savings
		img/erro-404.jpg (agilmindset.com)	27 KB	4 KB
•	Defer off	screen images		^
		lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finiste. Learn more.	hed loading to lower	time to
•	Minify C	SS		^
	Minifying	CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn more</u> .		
•	Minify Ja	vaScript		^
	Minifying	JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn more</u> .		
•	Remove	unused CSS		^
		dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-t sary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	he-fold content to red	duce
•	Efficientl	y encode images		^
	Optimize	d images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn more</u> .		
•	Serve im	ages in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 11 KB		^
	_	rmats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression the wnloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more</u> .	nan PNG or JPEG, whi	ch means
			Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
		URL	Size	Potential Savings
		img/erro-404.jpg (agilmindset.com)	27 KB	11 KB
•	Enable t	ext compression		^
	Text-bas <u>more</u> .	ed resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to mini	mize total network by	/tes. <u>Learn</u>
•	Preconn	ect to required origins		^
		adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connect earn more.	tions to important thir	d-party
•	Server re	esponse times are low (TTFB) — Root document took 250 ms		^
	Time To	First Byte identifies the time at which your server sends a response. <u>Learn more</u>	<u>5</u> .	
•	Avoid m	ultiple page redirects		^

## Preload key requests

Consider using `k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>

#### Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 40 KB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Size
img/erro-404.jpg (agilmindset.com)	27 KB
favicons/android-icon-144x144.png (agilmindset.com)	6 KB
/404 (agilmindset.com)	4 KB
css/style.css (agilmindset.com)	2 KB
js/script.js (agilmindset.com)	1 KB
/manifest.json (agilmindset.com)	о КВ
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	о КВ
/jquery-3.4.1.slim.min.js (code.jquery.com)	о КВ
/css?family=Comfortaa:500&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	о КВ
css/all.css (pro.fontawesome.com)	o KB

#### Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

#### ● Avoids an excessive DOM size − 84 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>.

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		84
Maximum DOM Depth	<i>&gt;</i>	8
Maximum Child Elements	<body></body>	7

#### User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>.

		Show Starpan	ty 163001663 (0)
URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Other	257 ms	16 ms	1 ms

#### Minimizes main-thread work — 0.4 s

Catagon

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>

Category	Time Spent
Other	174 ms
Script Evaluation	73 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	41 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	37 ms
Style & Layout	15 ms
Garbage Collection	6 ms
Rendering	4 ms

Time Chant

### ● Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for o ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Third-Party	Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
FontAwesome CDN	о КВ	0 ms
Bootstrap CDN	o KB	0 ms
jQuery CDN	o KB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN	о КВ	0 ms



## Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to <u>improve the accessibility of</u> <u>your web app</u>. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

	ditional items to manually check (11) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover.  arn more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.	^
	The page has a logical tab order	^
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	÷
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn more.</u>	
	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
	Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Headings don't skip levels	^
	Headings are used to create an outline for the page and heading levels are not skipped. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	Landmark elements ( <main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more.</nav></main>	
Pas	ssed audits (11)	^
•	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
	Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
	Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Document has a <title> element&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;^&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>	

	[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
	Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
	Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	[accesskey] values are unique	^
No	t applicable (24)	^
	Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.	^
	Screen readers require list items (` <li>') to be contained within a parent `<ul>` or `<ol>` to be announced properly. <u>Learn</u> more.</ol></ul></li>	
•	List items ( <li>) are contained within <ul> or <ol> parent elements</ol></ul></li>	^
	Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u> .	
•	Lists contain only <li>elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td>Links have a discernible name</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td>Image elements have [alt] attributes</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td><a href="html"><a href="html"><a href="html">html</a> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</a></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td><html> element has a [lang] attribute</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>The value of an id attribute must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>•</td><td>[id] attributes on the page are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></li>	

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more</u> .	
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<audio> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</audio>	^
Captions make audio elements usable for deaf or hearing-impaired users, providing critical information such as who is talking, what they're saying, and other non-speech information. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script> or <template> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items ('<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><input type="image"> elements have [alt] text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understant the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td>d</td></tr><tr><td>Form elements have associated labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Presentational  elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the thor caption elements or the</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

	The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
	Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	<object> elements have [alt] text</object>	^
	Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding all text to ` <object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.</object>	
	No element has a [tabindex] value greater than o	^
	A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Cells in a  element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.	
	elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
	Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cel may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	ls
•		ls
•	may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u> .	ls
•	may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.  [lang] attributes have a valid value  Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader.	ls
•	may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.  [lang] attributes have a valid value  Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader.  Learn more.	ls
•	may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.  [lang] attributes have a valid value  Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader.  Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]</video>	ls
•	may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.  [lang] attributes have a valid value  Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader.  Learn more. <video> elements contain a <track/> element with [kind="captions"]  When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.</video>	^



## **Best Practices**

Does not use HTTP/2 for all of its resources — 6 requests not served via HTTP/2			
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. <u>Learn more</u> .			
	Show 3rd party resources (0)		
URL	Protocol		
/404 (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1		
css/style.css (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1		

URL	Protocol
img/erro-404.jpg (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1
js/script.js (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1
/manifest.json (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1
favicons/android-icon-144x144.png (agilmindset.com)	http/1.1
ssed audits (14)	
Avoids Application Cache	
Application Cache is deprecated. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Uses HTTPS	
All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive datampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your appropriate for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u> .	·
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve you	ur page's scroll performance. <u>Learn</u>
more.	
Avoids document.write()	
	nt.write()` can delay page load by tens
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.	nt.write()` can delay page load by ten:
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document of seconds. Learn more.	
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performant.	
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.	nce and prevent security
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without confused by sites that request their location	nce and prevent security
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener"' or 'rel="noreferrer"' to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without confuser action instead. Learn more.	nce and prevent security ntext. Consider tying the request to a
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without confuser action instead. Learn more.  Page has the HTML doctype	nce and prevent security ntext. Consider tying the request to a
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without confuser action instead. Learn more.  Page has the HTML doctype  Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn mode.	nce and prevent security  Intext. Consider tying the request to a
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without concuser action instead. Learn more.  Page has the HTML doctype  Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn descriptions and security vulnerabilities.  Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily	nce and prevent security  Intext. Consider tying the request to a
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel="noopener" or 'rel="noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without consider action instead. Learn more.  Page has the HTML doctype  Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities  Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily Learn more.	nce and prevent security  Intext. Consider tying the request to a
Avoids document.write()  For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via 'document of seconds. Learn more.  Links to cross-origin destinations are safe  Add 'rel-"noopener" or 'rel-"noreferrer" to any external links to improve performant vulnerabilities. Learn more.  Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load  Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without concuser action instead. Learn more.  Page has the HTML doctype  Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities  Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily Learn more.  Detected JavaScript libraries	nce and prevent security  Intext. Consider tying the request to a

Name Version iQuery 3.4.1 jQuery (Fast path) Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more Displays images with correct aspect ratio



Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. <u>Learn more</u>.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (11)

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a '<meta name="viewport"> tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

page is relevant to their search. Learn more. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more. Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more. robots.txt is valid If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more. Document has a valid rel=canonical Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more. Document avoids plugins Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more. Not applicable (2) Document uses legible font sizes Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more Tap targets are sized appropriately Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a



# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App.  $\underline{\text{Learn}}$   $\underline{\text{more}}$ .

Fast and reliable		
•	Page load is fast enough on mobile networks	^
	A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<b>A</b>	Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline	^
	If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. <u>Learn more</u>	ž.
<b>A</b>	start_url does not respond with a 200 when offline Timed out waiting for start_url to respond.	^
	A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. <u>Learn more</u> .	
+	Installable	
•	Uses HTTPS	^
	All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. HTTPS prevents intruders from	
	tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite	
	for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<b>A</b>	Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url	^
	The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more</u> .	,
•	Web app manifest meets the installability requirements	^
	Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	PWA Optimized	
•	Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS	^
	If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web	
	features for all your users. <u>Learn more</u> .	
<b>A</b>	Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: Manifest does not have a PNG icon of at least 512px.	^
	A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more</u> .	1
•	Sets a theme color for the address bar.	^
	The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Content is sized correctly for the viewport	^

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. <u>Learn more</u>.

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Contains some content when JavaScript is not available

Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. <u>Learn more</u>.

Provides a valid apple-touch-icon

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add a progressive web app to the home screen, define an 'apple-touch-icon'. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. <u>Learn More</u>.

**Additional items to manually check (3)** — These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn more.

Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Each page has a URL

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. <u>Learn more</u>.

#### **Runtime Settings**

URL	https://agilmindset.com/404
Fetch time	Dec 28, 2019, 8:30 PM GMT-3
Device	Emulated Desktop
Network throttling	Provided by environment
CPU throttling	Provided by environment
User agent (host)	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/79.0.3945.88 Safari/537.36
User agent (network)	Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_13_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/74.0.3694.0 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

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