## **Research work - Report**

Rakstu darbi Ģeneratīvo sacīkstes tīklu nodaļā.

https://www.overleaf.com/project/61cdb1a01f9347fe4d1e3433

 Samples that are filtered from fer dataset using segmentation masks:

Check if all three masks are present and how much of their pixels exist. For average good mask examples it should be > 200 mask pixels.

```
def check_masks_exist(masks: np.ndarray):
    masks_exist = False
    eye_mask = masks[0]
    eyebrow_mask = masks[1]
    lips_mask = masks[3]

    eye_mask_px_count = len(np.argwhere(eye_mask > 0.5))
    eyebrow_mask_px_count = len(np.argwhere(eyebrow_mask > 0.5))
    lips_mask_px_count = len(np.argwhere(lips_mask > 0.5))

    if eye_mask_px_count > 200 and eyebrow_mask_px_count > 200 and
lips_mask_px_count > 200:
        masks_exist = True

    return masks_exist
```

• Example samples that were filtered out using above method (mouth not visible, part of eyes/closed eyes, random images, too small features in sample etc):



- Use mask classifier to filter target emotion from source, and also other emotions.
- Example filtrations from source-neutral:



## Feature-to-feature:

All features cropped and scaled:

Example original image and cropped/scaled ROI:



• After forward pass through model put generated ROI back in image, and apply filter mask:

```
def overlay_image_alpha(img, img_overlay, x, y, alpha_mask):
    """Overlay `img_overlay` onto `img` at (x, y) and blend using
`alpha_mask`.
    `alpha_mask` must have same HxW as `img_overlay` and values in range [0, 1].

"""

# Image ranges
y1, y2 = max(0, y), min(img.shape[0], y + img_overlay.shape[0])
x1, x2 = max(0, x), min(img.shape[1], x + img_overlay.shape[1])

# Overlay ranges
y1o, y2o = max(0, -y), min(img_overlay.shape[0], img.shape[0] - y)
x1o, x2o = max(0, -x), min(img_overlay.shape[1], img.shape[1] - x)

# Exit if nothing to do
if y1 >= y2 or x1 >= x2 or y1o >= y2o or x1o >= x2o:
    return

# Blend overlay within the determined ranges
```

```
img_crop = img[y1:y2, x1:x2]
img_overlay_crop = img_overlay[y10:y20, x10:x20]
alpha = alpha_mask[y10:y20, x10:x20]
alpha_inv = 1.0 - alpha

img_crop[:] = alpha * img_overlay_crop + alpha_inv * img_crop
```

Example for inserting ROI back in to original image (transfer is bad for this run, still training).



ROI image brightness changes, probably because of white/black face sample dominance in that particular batch. Need to train longer for generator to learn difference?

## • Separate features. Mouth region and eyes.

Already modified cyclegan model and preprocessed data. Will run this next. TODO

## Next tasks:

Filter Celeb dataset for neutral and happy emotion. There is not really different emotions there, but can filter other from Flickr faces dataset.

Train face-to-face with RGB images fitlered from previous step.

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