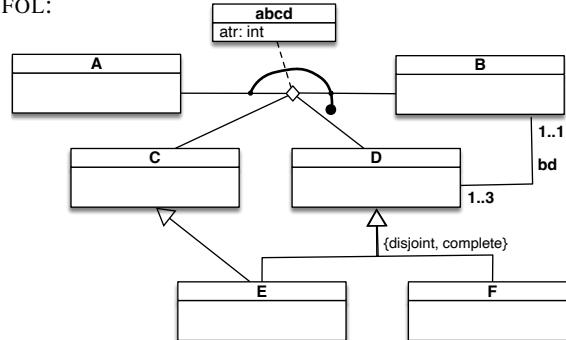
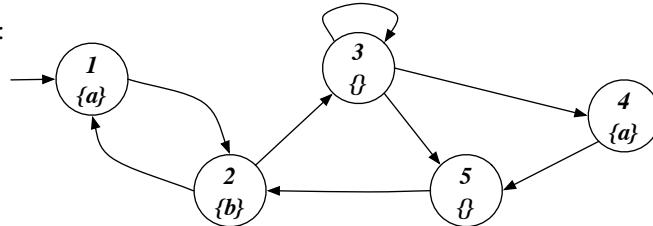


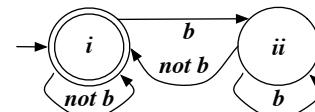
Exercise 1 Express the following UML class diagram in FOL:



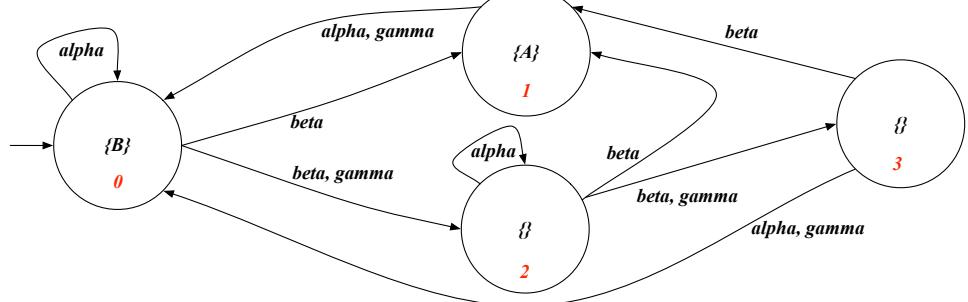
Exercise 2 Consider the following transition system:



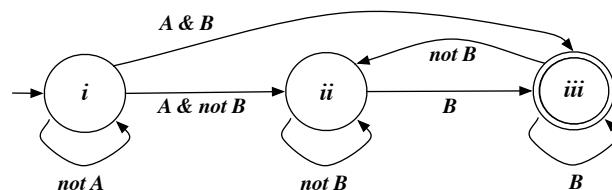
- Exercise 2.1:** Model check the Mu-Calculus formula: $\nu X.\mu Y.((a \wedge [next]X) \vee (b \wedge \langle next \rangle Y))$
- Exercise 2.2:** Model check the CTL formula $EF(EG(a \wedge EXb))$, by translating it in Mu-Calculus.
- Exercise 2.3** Model check the CTL formula $AF(AG(a \supset AXb))$, by translating it in Mu-Calculus.
- Exercise 2.4:** Model check the LTL formula $\Diamond\Box(b)$, by considering that the Büchi automaton for $\neg\Diamond\Box(b)$ (i.e., $\Box\Diamond(\neg b)$) is:



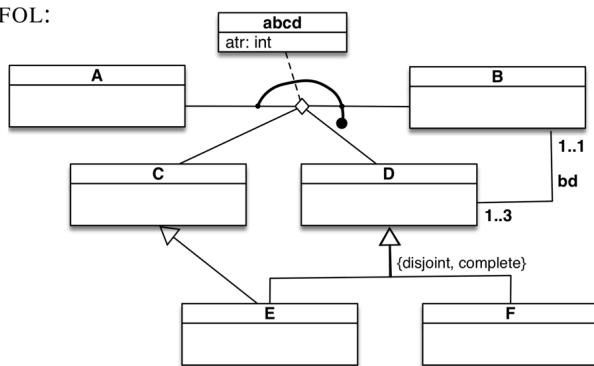
Exercise 3 Consider the following domain:



Synthesize a strategy (a plan) for realizing the LTL_f formula $\Diamond(A \wedge \Diamond(B \wedge \bullet false))$, by considering that the corresponding DFA is:



Exercise 1 Express the following UML class diagram in FOL:



$A(x), B(x), C(x), D(x), E(x), F(x), INT(x)$

$ABCD(x, y, z, w)$

$ATR(x, y, z, w, \tau)$

$BD(x, y)$

$\forall x, y, z, w. ABCD(x, y, z, w) \supset A(x) \wedge B(y) \wedge C(z) \wedge D(w)$

$\forall x, y, z, z', w, w'. ABCD(x, y, z, w) \wedge ABCD(x, y, z', w') \supset z = z' \wedge w = w'$

$\forall x, y, z, w, \tau. ATR(x, y, z, w, \tau) \supset ABCD(x, y, z, w) \wedge INT(\tau)$

$\forall x, y, z, w. ABCD(x, y, z, w) \supset 1 \leq \#\{\tau | ATR(x, y, z, w, \tau)\} \leq 1$

$\forall x, y. BD(x, y) \supset B(x) \wedge D(y)$

$\forall x. B(x) \supset 1 \leq \#\{y | BD(x, y)\} \leq 3$

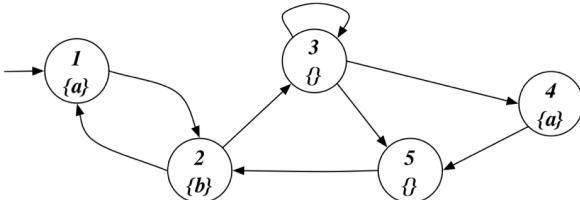
$\forall y. D(y) \supset 1 \leq \#\{x | BD(x, y)\} \leq 1$

$\forall x. E(x) \supset D(x) \wedge C(x) \wedge \neg F(x)$

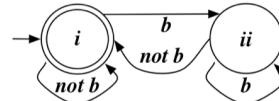
$\forall x. F(x) \supset D(x)$

$\forall x. D(x) \supset E(x) \vee F(x)$

Exercise 2 Consider the following transition system:



- Exercise 2.1:** Model check the Mu-Calculus formula: $\nu X. \mu Y. ((a \wedge [\text{next}]X) \vee (b \wedge \langle \text{next} \rangle Y))$
- Exercise 2.2:** Model check the CTL formula $EF(EG(a \wedge EXb))$, by translating it in Mu-Calculus.
- Exercise 2.3** Model check the CTL formula $AF(AG(a \supset AXb))$, by translating it in Mu-Calculus.
- Exercise 2.4:** Model check the LTL formula $\diamond \square(b)$, by considering that the Büchi automaton for $\neg \diamond \square(b)$ (i.e., $\square \diamond (\neg b)$) is:



$$1) \varphi = \nu X. \mu Y. ((a \wedge [\text{next}]X) \vee (b \wedge \langle \text{next} \rangle Y))$$

$$[x_0] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$[x_1] = [\mu Y. ((a \wedge [\text{next}]X_0) \vee (b \wedge \langle \text{next} \rangle Y))] =$$

$$[y_0] = \emptyset$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_1] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_0)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_1)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \emptyset) = \{1, 4\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_2] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_0)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_2)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{2, 3\}) = \{1, 2, 4\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_3] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_0)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_3)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 5\}) = \{1, 2, 4\} \end{aligned}$$

$$[y_2] = [y_3] = [x_1] = \{1, 2, 4\}$$

$$[x_2] = [\mu Y. ((a \wedge [\text{next}]X_1) \vee (b \wedge \langle \text{next} \rangle Y))] =$$

$$[y_0] = \emptyset$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_1] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_1)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_1)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \emptyset) = \{1\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_2] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_1)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_2)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{2\}) = \{1, 2\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} [y_3] &= ([a] \cap \text{PREA}(\text{next}, x_1)) \vee ([b] \cap \text{PREE}(\text{next}, Y_3)) = \\ &= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{1, 2, 5\}) = \{1, 2\} \end{aligned}$$

$$[y_2] = [y_3] = [x_2] = \{1, 2\}$$

$$[x_3] = [\alpha \cdot ((\alpha \wedge [NEXT]x_2) \vee (b \wedge \langle NEXT \rangle Y))] =$$

$$[y_0] = \phi$$

$$[y_1] = ([\alpha] \cap PREA(NEXT, x_2)) \vee ([b] \cap PREE(NEXT, Y_0)) =$$

$$= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \phi) = \{1\}$$

$$[y_2] = ([\alpha] \cap PREA(NEXT, x_2)) \vee ([b] \cap PREE(NEXT, Y_1)) =$$

$$= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{2\}) = \{1, 2\}$$

$$[y_3] = ([\alpha] \cap PREA(NEXT, x_2)) \vee ([b] \cap PREE(NEXT, Y_1)) =$$

$$= (\{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\}) \cup (\{2\} \cap \{1, 2, 5\}) = \{1, 2\}$$

$$[y_2] = [y_3] = [x_3] = \{1, 2\}$$

$$[x_2] = [x_3] = \{1, 2\}$$

$$s, \in [\varphi] = \{1, 2\} \quad YES!$$

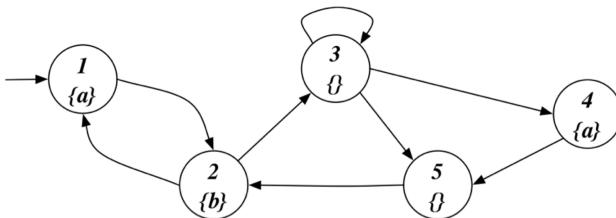
2) $EF(EG(a \wedge \underline{Ex b}))$

α

β

γ

δ



$$[\alpha] = [Ex b] = [\text{NEXT } b] = \text{PREE(NEXT, } b) = \{1, 5\} = [\alpha]$$

$$[\beta] = [\alpha \wedge \alpha] = [\alpha] \cap [\alpha] = \{1, 4\} \cap \{1, 5\} = \{1\} = [\beta]$$

$$[\gamma] = [EG \beta] = [\cup \exists. \beta \wedge \text{NEXT } \exists] =$$

$$[\exists_0] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$[\exists_1] = [\beta] \cap \text{PREE(NEXT, } \exists_0) =$$

$$= \{1\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} = \{1\}$$

$$[\exists_2] = [\beta] \cap \text{PREE(NEXT, } \exists_1) =$$

$$= \{1\} \cap \{2\} = \emptyset$$

$$[\exists_3] = [\beta] \cap \text{PREE(NEXT, } \exists_2) =$$

$$= \{1\} \cap \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$[\exists_4] = [\beta] = [\gamma] = \emptyset$$

$$[\delta] = [EF \gamma] = [\mu \exists. \gamma \vee \text{NEXT } \exists] =$$

$$[\exists_0] = \emptyset$$

$$[\exists_1] = [\gamma] \cup \text{PREE(NEXT, } \exists_0) =$$

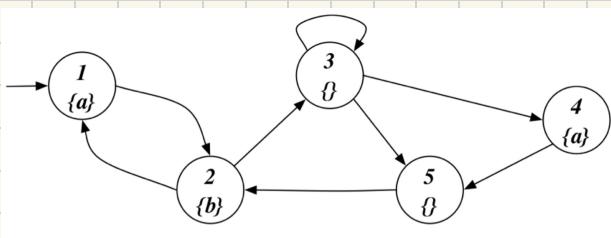
$$= \emptyset \cup \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$[\exists_0] = [\exists_1] = [\delta] = \emptyset$$

$\gamma_{S_i} \in [\delta] = \emptyset ? \text{ No!}$

3) AF(AG($\alpha \supset AXb$))

$$\begin{array}{c} \alpha \\ \hline \beta \\ \hline \gamma \\ \hline \delta \end{array}$$



$$[\alpha] = [AXb] = [[NEXT]b] = PREA(NEXT, b) = \{1, 5\} = [\alpha]$$

$$[\beta] = [\alpha \supset \alpha] = [\gamma \alpha] \cup [\alpha] = \{2, 3, 5\} \cup \{1, 5\} = \{1, 2, 3, 5\} = [\beta]$$

$$[\gamma] = [AG \beta] = [\forall z. \beta \wedge [NEXT]z] =$$

$$[z_0] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$$

$$[z_1] = [\beta] \cap PREA(NEXT, z_0) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 5\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$$

$$[z_2] = [\beta] \cap PREA(NEXT, z_1) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 5\} \cap \{1, 2, 4, 5\} = \{1, 2, 5\}$$

$$[z_3] = [\beta] \cap PREA(NEXT, z_2) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 5\} \cap \{1, 4, 5\} = \{1, 5\}$$

$$[z_4] = [\beta] \cap PREA(NEXT, z_3) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 5\} \cap \{5\} = \emptyset$$

$$[z_5] = [\beta] \cap PREA(NEXT, z_4) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 5\} \cap \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$[z_6] = [z_5] = [\gamma] = \emptyset$$

$$[\delta] = [AF \gamma] = [\forall z. \gamma \vee [NEXT]z]$$

$$[z_0] = \emptyset$$

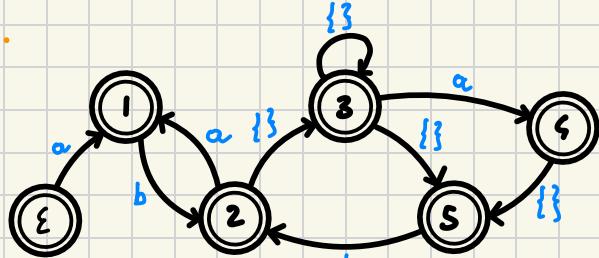
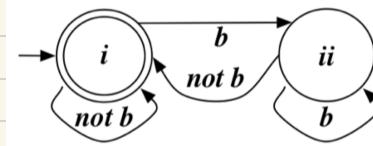
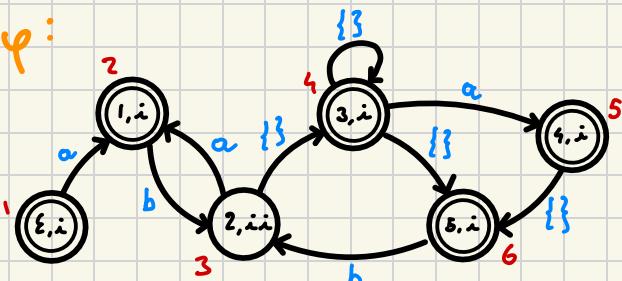
$$[z_1] = [\gamma] \vee PREA(NEXT, z_0) =$$

$$= \emptyset \vee \emptyset = \emptyset$$

$$[z_0] = [z_1] = [\delta] = \emptyset$$

$\gamma_s \in [\delta] = \emptyset$? NO!

4)

 A_γ : $A_{\neg\varphi}$: $A_\gamma \wedge A_{\neg\varphi}$:

$$\varphi = \nu X. \mu Y. (F \wedge \langle \text{NEXT} \rangle X \vee \langle \text{NEXT} \rangle Y)$$

$$[X_0] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$[X_i] = [\mu Y. (F \wedge \langle \text{NEXT} \rangle X_0 \vee \langle \text{NEXT} \rangle Y)] =$$

$$[Y_0] = \emptyset$$

$$[Y_i] = [F] \wedge \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, X_0) \cup \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, Y_0) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cup \emptyset = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$[Y_2] = [F] \wedge \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, X_0) \cup \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, Y_1) =$$

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cup \{1, 3, 4, 5\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$[Y_3] = [F] \wedge \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, X_0) \cup \text{PREE}(\text{NEXT}, Y_2) =$$

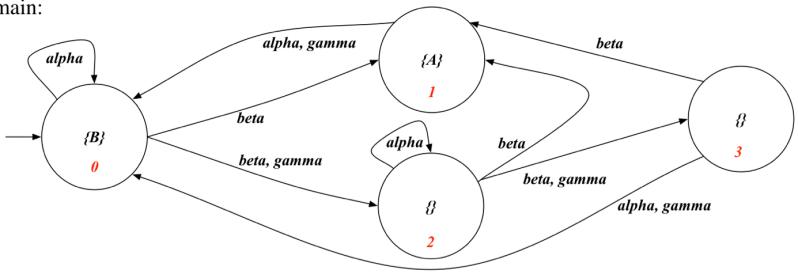
$$= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cap \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \cup \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$[Y_2] = [Y_3] = [X_i] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

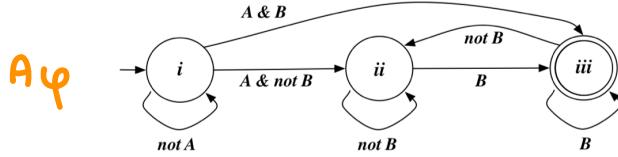
$$[X_i] = [X_2] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

$$S_i \in [\varphi] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} ? \quad \text{YES !}$$

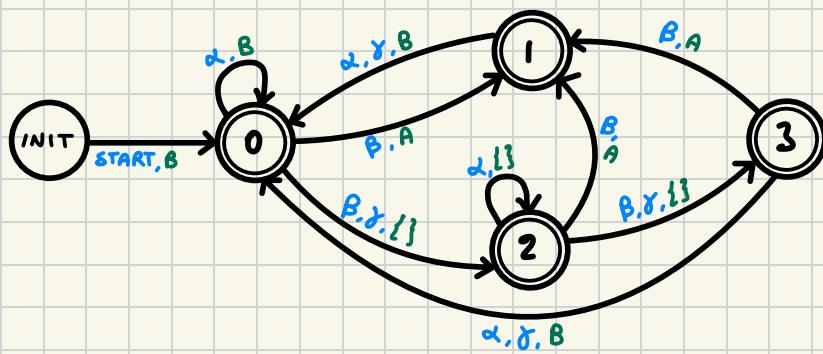
Exercise 3 Consider the following domain:



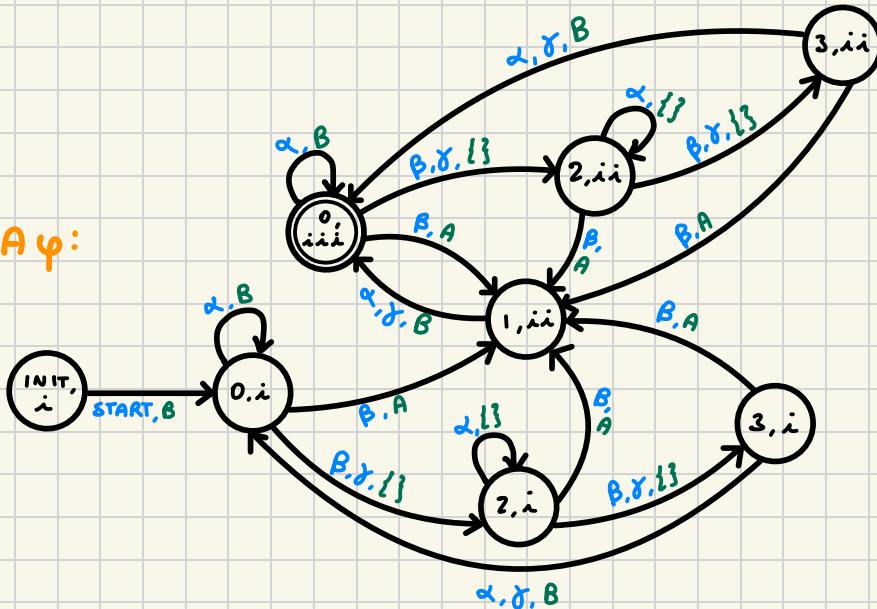
Synthesize a strategy (a plan) for realizing the LTL_f formula $\diamond(A \wedge \diamond(B \wedge \bullet\text{false}))$, by considering that the corresponding DFA is:



A_D :



$A_D \times A\varphi$:



$$W_0 = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha})\}$$

$$W_1 = W_0 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_0) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha})\}$$

$$W_2 = W_1 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_1) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (2, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha)\}$$

$$W_3 = W_2 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_2) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (2, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha), (2, \alpha)\}$$

$$W_4 = W_3 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_3) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (2, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha), (2, \alpha), (0, \alpha)\}$$

$$W_5 = W_4 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_4) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (2, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha), (2, \alpha), (0, \alpha), (\text{INIT}, \alpha)\}$$

$$W_6 = W_5 \cup \text{PREADV}(W_5) = \{(0, \alpha \ddot{\alpha} \ddot{\alpha}), (1, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (2, \alpha \ddot{\alpha}), (3, \alpha), (2, \alpha), (0, \alpha), (\text{INIT}, \alpha)\}$$

$w_5 = w_6$

$$\begin{aligned}w(INIT, \dot{\alpha}) &= \{START\} \\w(0, \dot{\alpha}) &= \{\beta, \gamma\} \\w(2, \dot{\alpha}) &= \{\beta, \gamma\} \\w(3, \dot{\alpha}) &= \{\beta\} \\w(2, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \{\beta, \gamma\} \\w(3, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \{\alpha, \gamma\} \\w(1, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \{\alpha, \gamma\} \\w(0, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= WIN\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}w_c(INIT, \dot{\alpha}) &= START \\w_c(0, \dot{\alpha}) &= \beta, \gamma \\w_c(2, \dot{\alpha}) &= \beta, \gamma \\w_c(3, \dot{\alpha}) &= \beta \\w_c(2, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \beta \\w_c(3, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \alpha, \gamma \\w_c(1, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= \alpha, \gamma \\w_c(0, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}) &= WIN\end{aligned}$$

$$T = (z^x, S, S_0, P, w_c)$$

$$S = \{(INIT, \dot{\alpha}), (0, \dot{\alpha}), (2, \dot{\alpha}), (3, \dot{\alpha}), (2, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}), (3, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}), (1, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}), (0, \dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha}\dot{\alpha})\}$$

$$S_0 = \{ (INIT, \dot{\alpha}) \}$$

$$P(S, x) = \delta(S, (w_c(S), x))$$