inglês

1 modais

Caracteristicas

São três as principais características dos modais: xão têm infinitivo, gerúndio ou acréscimo de sufixos.

- Não existe to can, to may etc.
- Não existe caning, musted, mays etc.

Não recebem o "s" das 3as pessoas do singular no presente.

He can stay here.

She may leave now.

Não são seguidos por "to + infinitivo"

I can do it. (correto)

I can to do it. (errado)

She must study harder. (correto)

She must to study harder. (errado)

Figure 1: caracteristicas dos modais

1.1 can could

can = simple present could = simple past

Habilidade/Capacidade

Almost everybody can ride a bycicle. Carl Lewis could run faster than anyone else. I can't speak Russian.

Possibilidade

We can get to Joe's place in less than 10 minutes. Thousands of jobs could be lost.

Percepção

Com verbos como see, hear, smell. I can see some people out there. I can smell gas. I can hear a phone ringing.

Permissão (informal)

Can I borrow your pen? You could stay around, if you wanted to.

Figure 2: aplicações

1.2 may might

may = simple present might = simple pass

| /we/you/they he/she/it | can can't (cannot) | do play see come etc. | can | I/we/you/they he/she/it | do? play? see? come? etc. |
|--|--|--|----------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| O I can place O Sarah can y B: Yes, b A: Can y B: I'm so | ing = I know how to ay the piano. My l an speak Italian, bu you swim? out I'm not a very g you change twent orry, I can't. ng a party next we | orother can pla ut she can't spe good swimmer. y pounds? | y the pia | ano too. ish, | |
| or the past (yest When I Before A underst I was tire | erday / last week e was young, I could Maria came to Brita and everything. ed last night, but I party last week, but | etc.), we use cou I run very fast. ain, she couldn' couldn't sleep. | ıld/coul t unders | dn't: stand much Engl | ish. Now she can |
| ın you ? Coı | ıld you ? Can I | ? Could I | ? | | |
| Can you | ? or Could you I open the door, p I wait a moment, p | lease? or Cou | ld you | pen the door, ple | ease? |
| | ve ? or Can I get ve a glass of water | | | _ | |
| Can I sit | ld I ? = is it OK here? uld I borrow your | | ng?: | | |
| | | | | | |

Figure 3:

| might + infinitive | (might go / m | night be / mig | ht rain etc.): |
|--|---|--|--|
| I/we/you/they he/she/it | might (not) | be go play come etc. | |
| A: When B: I don' Take an o Buy a lot A: Are yo B: I might I might Rebecca | go to the cinem is Rebecca go t know. She m umbrella with y tery ticket. You bu going out to ht. (= I might | na this evening ing to phone y ight phone the vou. It might be lue onight? go out) orrow. (sure) one later. (sure) | rain. cky. (= perhaps you will be lucky) cble) |
| (= it is po | s possible that I not go to work ossible that I wi ht not come to ossible that she | tomorrow. ill not go) o the party. |) |
| May I ? = Is it C May I asl | to the cinema not come to t | this evening. the party. (= \$ 1 ?: (= is it OK to a | (= I might go) iue might not come) |

Figure 4: