

CycleMLP

A MLP-like Architecture for Dense Prediction

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February 14, 2022

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Paradigm Shifts

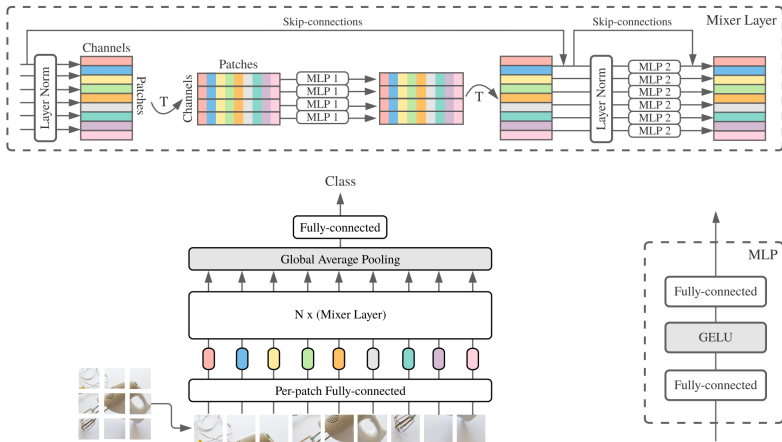
Recent paradigm shifts:

2012 AlexNet

2020 ViT

2021 MLP-Mixer

MLP-Mixer



Mixer Layer

$$\mathbf{U}_{*,i} = \mathbf{X}_{*,i} + \mathbf{W}_2 \sigma(\mathbf{W}_1 \text{LayerNorm}(\mathbf{X})_{*,i}), \quad \text{for } i = 1 \dots C$$

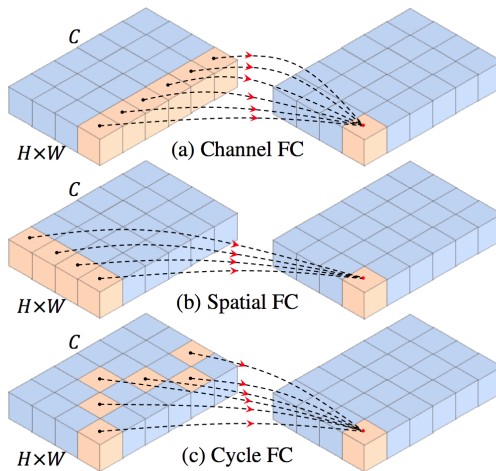
$$\mathbf{Y}_{j,*} = \mathbf{U}_{j,*} + \mathbf{W}_4 \sigma(\mathbf{W}_3 \text{LayerNorm}(\mathbf{U})_{j,*}), \quad \text{for } j = 1 \dots S$$

Challenges

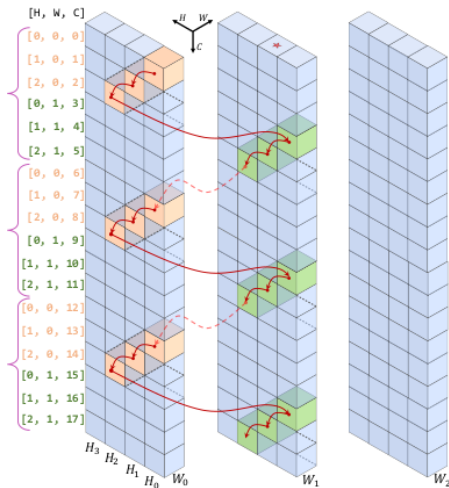
MLP-like models are facing these challenges:

- non-hierarchical architectures
- flexible input scales
- quadratic costs

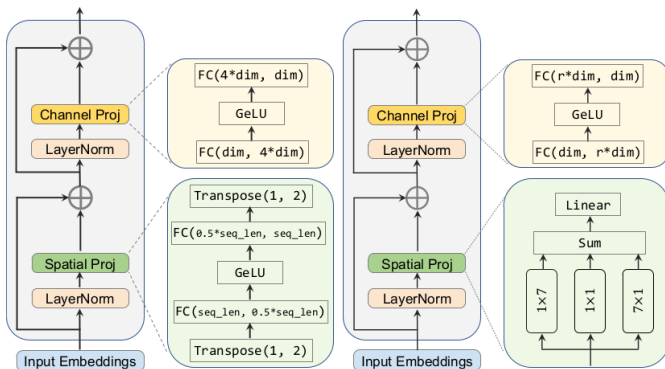
Cycle FC



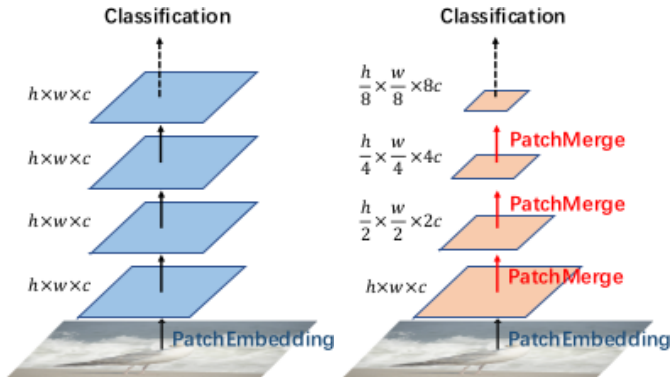
Stepsize Example



Comparison Of MLP Blocks



Hierarchy



Instantiation

| | Output Size | Layer Name | B1 |
|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Stage 1 | $\frac{H}{4} \times \frac{W}{4}$ | Overlapping Patch Embedding | $C_1 = 64$ |
| | | CycleMLP Block | $E_1 = 4$ $L_1 = 2$ |
| Stage 2 | $\frac{H}{8} \times \frac{W}{8}$ | Overlapping Patch Embedding | $C_2 = 128$ |
| | | CycleMLP Block | $E_2 = 4$ $L_2 = 2$ |
| Stage 3 | $\frac{H}{16} \times \frac{W}{16}$ | Overlapping Patch Embedding | $C_3 = 320$ |
| | | CycleMLP Block | $E_3 = 4$ $L_3 = 4$ |
| Stage 4 | $\frac{H}{32} \times \frac{W}{32}$ | Overlapping Patch Embedding | $C_4 = 512$ |
| | | CycleMLP Block | $E_4 = 4$ $L_4 = 2$ |

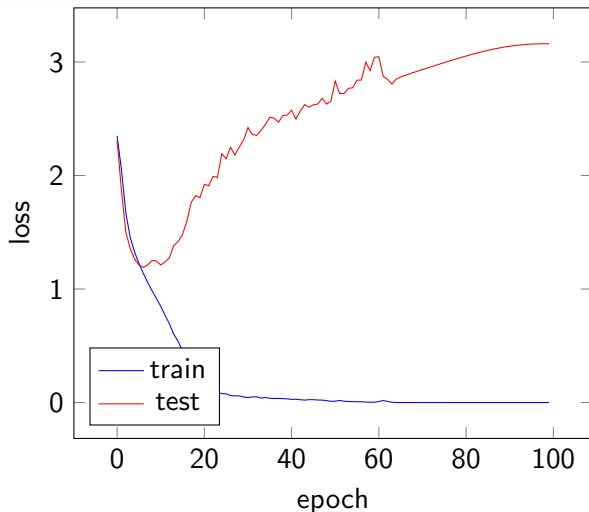
Experimental Setup

- optimizer AdamW
- $\lambda = 5 \times 10^{-2}$
- cosine annealing learning rate schedule
- $\eta_{\max} = 1 \times 10^{-3}$
- $T_{\max} = 100$
- batch size = 256

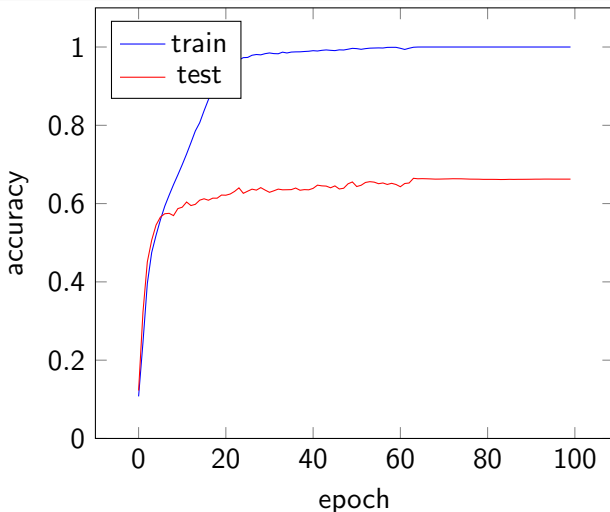
Experiments

| Model | STL10 | CIFAR10 |
|-----------|-------|---------|
| ResNet | 64.9% | 77.1% |
| ViT | 44.4% | 53.4% |
| MLP-Mixer | 51.4% | 55.5% |
| CycleMLP | 49.8% | 66.5% |

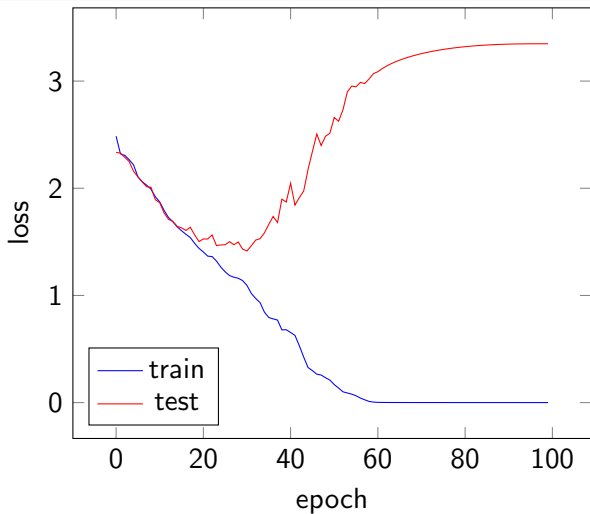
Loss Plot (CIFAR10)



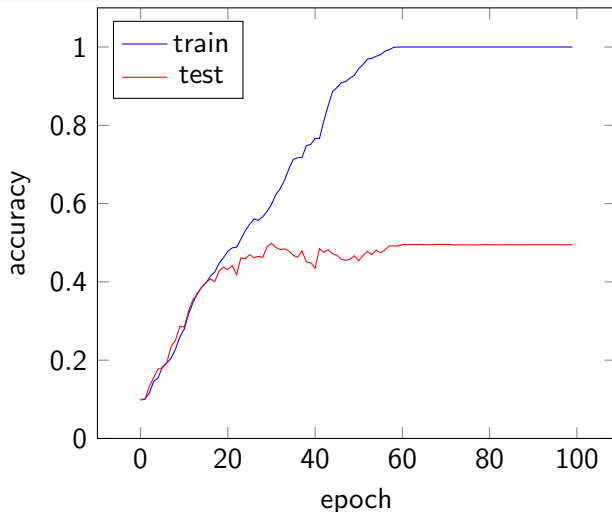
Accuracy Plot (CIFAR10)



Loss Plot (STL10)



Accuracy Plot (STL10)



ImageNet-1K Comparison

| Model | Accuracy |
|-----------|----------|
| ResNet | 69.8% |
| ViT | 77.9% |
| MLP-Mixer | 61.4% |
| CycleMLP | 79.1% |

Summary

- CycleMLP is built upon the **Cycle FC**.
- Cycle FC is capable of dealing with **variable input scales**.
- The computational cost of Cycle FC is **$O(HWC^2)$** .