## Applied Complex Analysis (2021)

## 1 Mastery solutions

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} c_k T_k(x)$$

$$c_k = \frac{\langle f, T_k \rangle}{\langle T_k, T_k \rangle}$$

$$\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{-1}^1 \frac{f(x)g(x)}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx$$

$$f_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} c_k T_k(x)$$

$$p_n(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a_k T_k(x)$$

$$x_k = \cos\left(\frac{2k - 1}{2n}\pi\right)$$

$$T_{(2j+1)n}(x_k) = \cos\left((2j + 1)n\frac{2k - 1}{2n}\pi\right) = 0, \quad j \ge 0.$$

$$T_{2jn\pm m}(x_k) = \cos\left((2jn \pm m)\frac{2k-1}{2n}\pi\right)$$
$$= (-1)^j T_m(x_k)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{m=0}^{n-1} c_m T_m(x) + \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_{(2j+1)n} T_{(2j+1)n}(x) + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_{2jn} T_{2jn}(x) + \sum_{m=1}^{n-1} \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \left[ c_{2jn+m} T_{2jn+m}(x) + c_{2jn-m} T_{2jn-m}(x) \right]$$

$$f(x_k) = \sum_{m=0}^{n-1} c_m T_m(x_k) + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_{2jn} (-1)^j T_0(x) + \sum_{m=1}^{n-1} T_m(x_k) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left[ c_{2jn+m} + c_{2jn-m} \right]$$

$$= p_n(x_k)$$

$$= \sum_{m=0}^{n-1} a_m T_m(x_k)$$

$$a_0 = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_{2jn} (-1)^j$$

for  $1 \le m \le n - 1$ 

$$a_m = c_m + \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (-1)^j \left[ c_{2jn+m} + c_{2jn-m} \right]$$

$$p_n(x) - f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a_k T_k(x) - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} c_k T_k(x)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (a_k - c_k) T_k(x) - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} c_k T_k(x)$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} (a_k - c_k) T_k(x) - (f(x) - f_n(x))$$