

# Automatic Sampling and Analysis of YouTube Data

## Excursus: Retrieving Video Subtitles

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# Retrieving *YouTube* Video Subtitles

- Instead of transcribing a video, you can retrieve its subtitles via the *YouTube* API
- What research would you conduct with video subtitles?

# Types of *YouTube* Subtitles

- Videos with automatically created subtitles (*ASR*)
  - Always in English, even if video language is not English
  - Can be downloaded, but text quality can be bad (especially if translated)
- Videos without any subtitles
  - Not sure if even possible because there always seems to be an *ASR*
- Videos with more than one set of subtitles
  - Examples: *ASR* and regular subtitle, more than one language, more than one subtitle for the same language
  - Can be downloaded, but subtitle for analysis must be selected

# Disclaimer

Due to a change to the *YouTube* API, the `tuber` function for retrieving video subtitles only work for videos that were created with the same account as the app used for the API access (see this [closed tuber issue on GitHub](#)). We will still discuss this function, but recommend that you use the [youtubecaption package](#) for collecting subtitles for videos that you have not created yourself.

# Retrieving Video Subtitles with `tuber`

First, we need to get the list of subtitles for a video.

```
library(tuber)  
  
caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(video_id = "nI_OfkQOG6Q")
```

*Note:* The `tuber` function `list_caption_tracks()` has an API quota cost ~ 50.

# Retrieving Video Subtitles with `tuber`

Next, we need to get the ID of the subtitles we want to collect.

```
ID <- caption_list[1,"id"]
```

*Note:* You can adapt the number to select the subtitle that you want. The 1 in this example corresponds to the *ASR* captions (ASR = automatic sub).

# Retrieving Video Subtitles with `tuber`

After that, we need to retrieve the subtitles and convert them from raw to char.

```
text <- rawToChar(get_captions(id = ID, format = "sbv"))
```

Now we can save the subtitles to a subtitle file.

```
write(text, file = "Captions.sbv", sep="\n")
```

# Converting Subtitles

- Subtitles come in a special format called SBV
- The format contains time stamps etc. that we do not need for text analysis
- We can read the format with the package `subtools`



# Converting Subtitles

```
remotes::install_github("fkeck/subtools")  
library(subtools)  
  
subs <- read_subtitles("Captions.sbv", format = "subviewer")
```

With `subtools`, we can also retrieve the text from the subtitles.

```
subtext <- get_raw_text(subs)
```

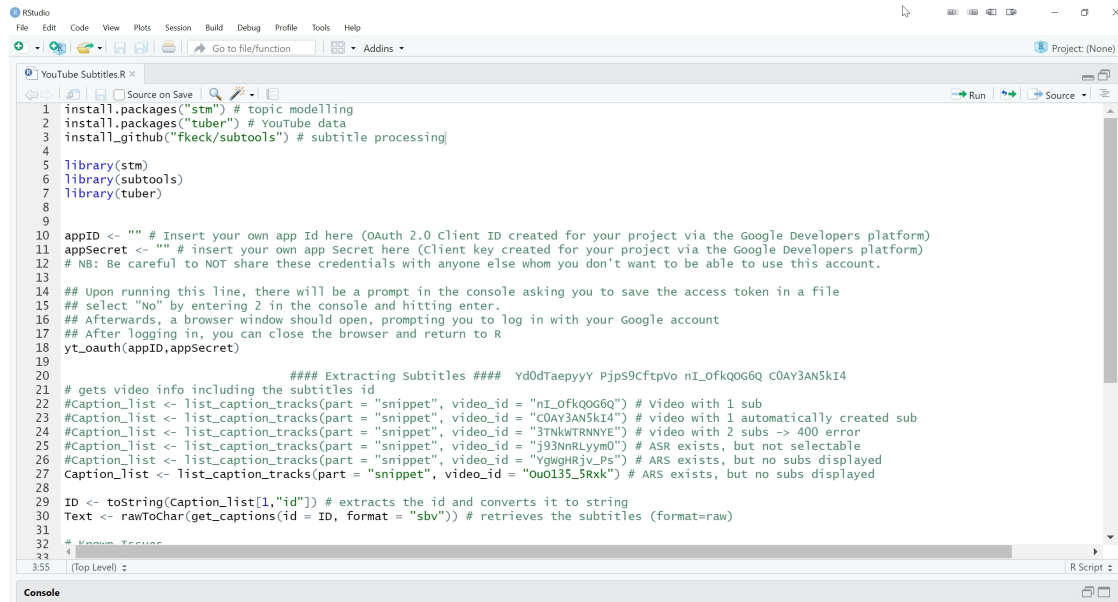
Now the text is ready for further analysis (see the previous sessions for examples).

# Retrieving Video Subtitles with youtubecaption

- Alternatively, you can retrieve captions with the package `youtubecaption`
- **Pros:**
  - No credentials necessary, therefore no quota reduction (package uses web scraping)
  - Subtitles are automatically converted into a dataframe, including texts and timestamps, so no manual conversion is needed
- **Cons:**
  - If there is more than one subtitle version per language, there is no way to select a specific one in R (by default, the manually generated ones are selected; if you want the ASR subtitles instead, you would need to adapt the `underlying Python script`)
  - You need to install *Anaconda*

# Demo: Collecting & processing subtitles with tuber & subtools

You can find the code for collecting subtitles for *YouTube* videos in the `YouTubeSubtitles.R` file in the `scripts` folder.



```

1 install.packages("stm") # topic modelling
2 install.packages("tuber") # YouTube data
3 install_github("fkeck/subtools") # subtitle processing
4
5 library(stm)
6 library(subtools)
7 library(tuber)
8
9
10 appID <- "" # Insert your own app Id here (OAuth 2.0 Client ID created for your project via the Google Developers platform)
11 appSecret <- "" # insert your own app Secret here (Client key created for your project via the Google Developers platform)
12 # NB: Be careful to NOT share these credentials with anyone else whom you don't want to be able to use this account.
13
14 ## Upon running this line, there will be a prompt in the console asking you to save the access token in a file
15 ## select "No" by entering 2 in the console and hitting enter.
16 ## Afterwards, a browser window should open, prompting you to log in with your Google account
17 ## After logging in, you can close the browser and return to R
18 yt_oauth(appID, appSecret)
19
20 ##### Extracting Subtitles ##### Yd0dTaeppyy Pjps9CftpVo nI_ofkQOG6Q C0AY3AN5kI4
21 # gets video info including the subtitles id
22 #caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "nI_ofkQOG6Q") # video with 1 sub
23 #caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "C0AY3AN5kI4") # video with 1 automatically created sub
24 #caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "3TNkWRNNYE") # video with 2 subs -> 400 error
25 #caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "j93NNRLyym0") # ASR exists, but not selectable
26 #caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "YgWgHRJv_Ps") # ASR exists, but no subs displayed
27 caption_list <- list_caption_tracks(part = "snippet", video_id = "Ou0135_5Rxk") # ASR exists, but no subs displayed
28
29 ID <- toString(caption_list[1,"id"]) # extracts the id and converts it to string
30 Text <- rawToChar(get_captions(id = ID, format = "sbv")) # retrieves the subtitles (format=raw)
31
32 # Known Issues
33
34
35

```

# Our Recommendation for Collecting Subtitles

If you want to collect subtitles for videos that have been created/uploaded with an account that you have or can easily get access to (e.g., from your institution or a project partner), you can use the functions from the `tuber` package as shown in the demo script.

If you want to collect subtitles from other videos, we suggest that you use the `list_caption_tracks()` function from the `tuber` package to check which subtitles are available and the `get_caption` function from the `youtubecaption` package for collecting them (given that you can properly set up *Anaconda* for using this package).

**Any (further) questions?**