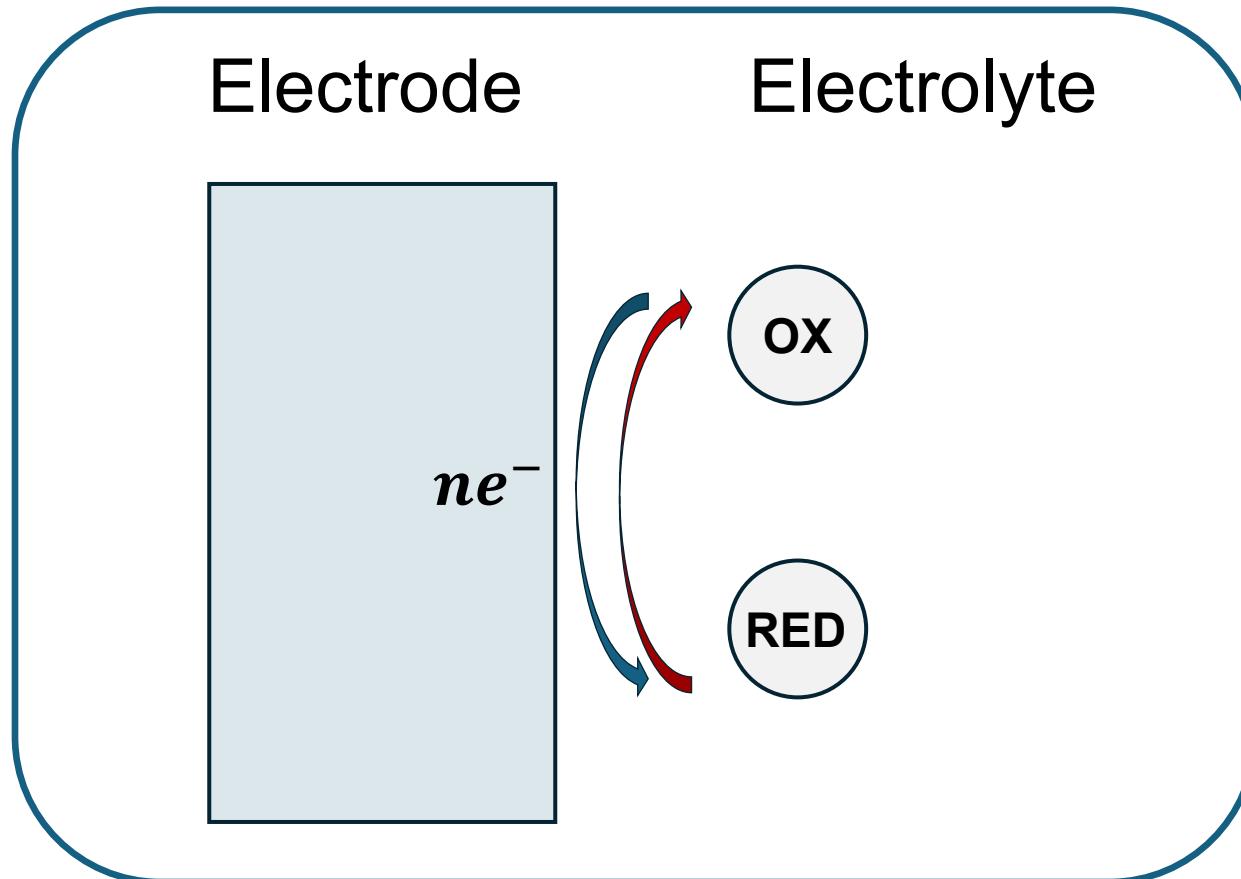


Derivation of the Electrochemical Impedance for Linear Semi-Infinite Diffusion

Marco Mura

Faradaic Electrode – Electrolyte Interface



Causal Chain

POTENTIAL PERTURBATION



CONCENTRATION GRADIENT NEAR THE ELECTRODE

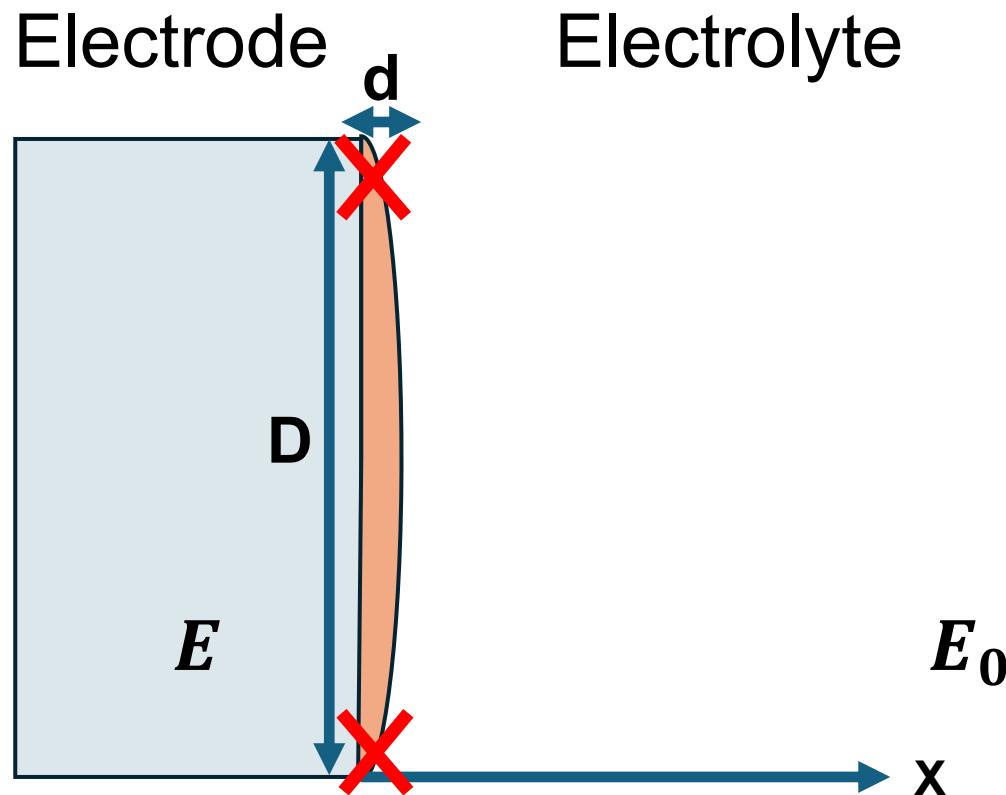


DIFFUSION



CURRENT

Diffusion Model and Assumptions



$D \gg d$ + LARGE VESSEL

=

LINEAR SEMI-INFINITE DIFFUSION

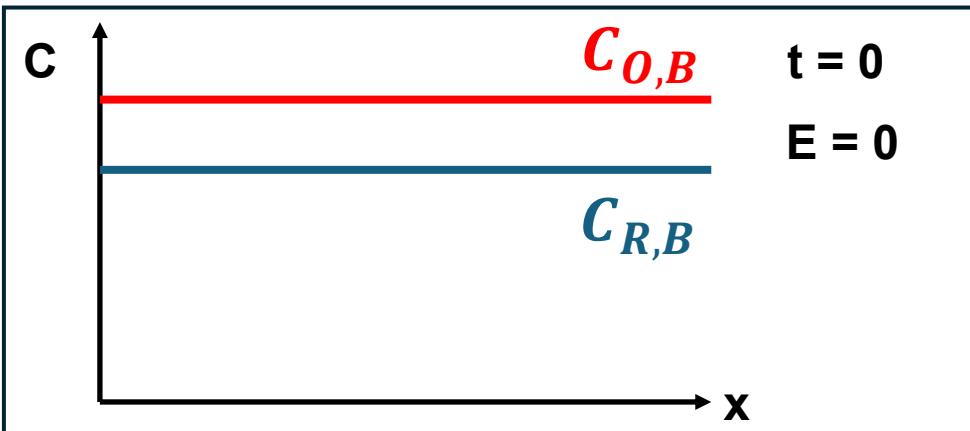
Impedance Model

GOAL:

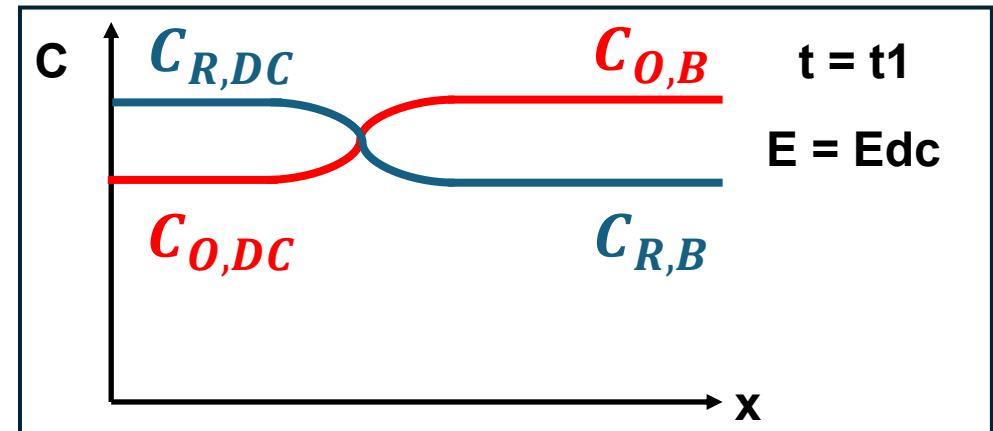
$$Z(\omega) = \frac{\tilde{E}(\omega)}{\tilde{I}(\omega)}$$

Workflow

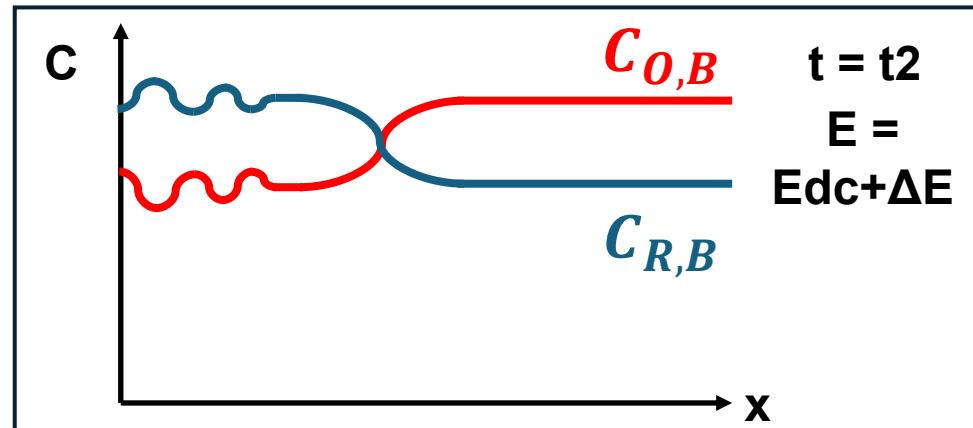
EQUILIBRIUM



DC BIAS



DC BIAS + AC PERTURBATION



Mathematical Derivation

Electrode Potential: $E(t) = E_{DC} + \Delta E = E_{DC} + Re\{\tilde{E}e^{j\omega t}\}$, $\tilde{E} = \bar{E}e^{j\varphi_E}$

[OX] : $C_o(x, t) = C_{O,DC} + \Delta C_o = C_{O,DC} + Re\{\tilde{C}_o e^{j\omega t}\}$, $\tilde{C}_o(x) = \bar{C}_o(x)e^{j\varphi_{C_o}}$

[RED] : $C_R(x, t) = C_{R,DC} + \Delta C_R = C_{R,DC} + Re\{\tilde{C}_R e^{j\omega t}\}$, $\tilde{C}_R(x) = \bar{C}_R(x)e^{j\varphi_{C_R}}$

Current Density: $J(t) = J_{DC} + \Delta J = J_{DC} + Re\{\tilde{J}e^{j\omega t}\}$, $\tilde{J} = \bar{J}e^{j\varphi_J}$

Current Density at the Interface

Kinetic Hindrance (CT) + Mass Transport \rightarrow Butler-Volmer-Erdey-Grùz

$$J(E, C_O, C_R) = nF[k_B(E)C_R(t, x = 0) - k_F(E)C_O(t, x = 0)]$$

$$k_B(E) = k_0 \exp\left((1 - \alpha)\frac{nF}{RT}(E - E_0)\right)$$

$$k_F(E) = k_0 \exp\left(-\alpha\frac{nF}{RT}(E - E_0)\right)$$

Current Density at the Interface

$$J(E, C_O, C_R) = nF \left[k_0 \exp\left((1 - \alpha) \frac{nF}{RT} (E - E_0)\right) C_R(t, x = 0) - k_0 \exp\left(-\alpha \frac{nF}{RT} (E - E_0)\right) C_O(t, x = 0) \right]$$

LINEARIZATION



$$J(E, C_O, C_R) = J_{DC} + \Delta J \approx J_{DC} + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial E}\right)_{E_{DC}} \Delta E + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_O}\right)_{C_{O,DC}} \Delta C_O + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_R}\right)_{C_{R,DC}} \Delta C_R$$

$$\Delta J \approx \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial E}\right)_{E_{DC}} \Delta E + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_O}\right)_{C_{O,DC}} \Delta C_O + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_R}\right)_{C_{R,DC}} \Delta C_R$$

Current Density Linearization

$$\left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial E}\right)_{E_{DC}} = \frac{n^2 F^2}{RT} [\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)]$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_O}\right)_{C_{O,DC}} = -nFk_{F,DC}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_R}\right)_{C_{R,DC}} = nFk_{B,DC}$$

Fick's 2nd Law for Concentration Perturbations

$$\frac{\partial C_o(x,t)}{\partial t} = D_o \frac{\partial^2 C_o(x,t)}{\partial x^2}$$



$$\frac{\partial(C_{O,DC} + \Delta C_o)}{\partial t} = D_o \frac{\partial^2(C_{O,DC} + \Delta C_o)}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial \Delta C_o}{\partial t} = D_o \frac{\partial^2 \Delta C_o}{\partial x^2}$$

*RECALL

$$\tilde{C}_o(x) = \overline{C}_o(x) e^{j\varphi c_o}$$

Frequency Domain



$$j\omega \tilde{C}_o(x) = D_o \frac{\partial^2 \tilde{C}_o(x)}{\partial x^2}$$



$$\frac{d^2 \tilde{C}_o(x)}{dx^2} = \frac{j\omega}{D_o} \tilde{C}_o(x)$$

Concentration Profiles

$$\frac{d^2\tilde{C}_O(x)}{dx^2} = \frac{j\omega}{D_O} \tilde{C}_O(x)$$

$$\frac{d^2\tilde{C}_R(x)}{dx^2} = \frac{j\omega}{D_O} \tilde{C}_R(x)$$

$$\tilde{C}_O(x) = A \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}}x\right) + B \exp\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}}x\right)$$

**GENERAL
SOLUTION**

$$\tilde{C}_R(x) = A' \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}}x\right) + B' \exp\left(\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}}x\right)$$

Concentration Profiles: BC

$$1) \quad \tilde{C}_O(x = \infty) = 0 \quad , \quad \tilde{C}_R(x = \infty) = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad B = 0 \quad , \quad B' = 0$$

$$\tilde{C}_O(x) = A \exp \left(- \sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}} x \right)$$

$$\tilde{C}_R(x) = A' \exp \left(- \sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} x \right)$$

Concentration Profiles: BC

2) Fick's 1st Law

$$\boxed{\frac{dC_o(x)}{dx} = -\frac{J}{nFD_O}}$$
 
$$\frac{d\tilde{C}_O(x)}{dx} = -\frac{\tilde{J}}{nFD_O}$$

$$\frac{dC_o(x)}{dx} = -\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}} A \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}} x\right) = -\frac{\tilde{J}}{nFD_O}$$

$$\frac{d\tilde{C}_R(x)}{dx} = -\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} A' \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} x\right) = -\frac{\tilde{J}}{nFD_r}$$

Concentration Profiles: BC

$$-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}} A \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}} x\right) = -\frac{\tilde{J}}{nFD_O}$$

$$-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} A' \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}} x\right) = -\frac{\tilde{J}}{nFD_r}$$

$x=0 \quad \rightarrow \quad A = \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_O}}$ $A' = \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_r}}$

Concentration Profiles

$$\tilde{C}_O(x) = \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_O}}x\right)$$

$$\tilde{C}_R(x) = \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_r}} \exp\left(-\sqrt{\frac{j\omega}{D_R}}x\right)$$

Return to Approximation

$$\Delta J \approx \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial E} \right)_{E_{DC}} \Delta E + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_O} \right)_{C_{O,DC}} \Delta C_O + \left(\frac{\partial J}{\partial C_R} \right)_{C_{R,DC}} \Delta C_R$$

$$\Delta J \approx \frac{n^2 F^2}{RT} [\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)] \Delta E + -nFk_{F,DC} \Delta C_O + nFk_{B,DC} \Delta C_R$$

$$\tilde{J} \approx \frac{n^2 F^2}{RT} [\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)] \tilde{E} + -nFk_{F,DC} \tilde{C}_O(x=0) + nFk_{B,DC} \tilde{C}_R(x=0)$$

$$\tilde{J} \approx \frac{n^2 F^2}{RT} [\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)] \tilde{E} + -nFk_{F,DC} \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} + nFk_{B,DC} \frac{\tilde{J}}{nF\sqrt{j\omega D_r}}$$

Impedance

$$z = \frac{\tilde{E}}{\tilde{J}A} = \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{1 + \frac{k_{F,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} + \frac{k_{B,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_R}}}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z &= \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{1}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)} \\ &\quad + \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{\frac{k_{F,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} + \frac{k_{B,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_R}}}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1-\alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)} \end{aligned}$$

Impedance

$$R_{CT} = \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{1}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1 - \alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)}$$

$$Z_W = \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{\frac{k_{F,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} + \frac{k_{B,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_R}}}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1 - \alpha) k_{B,DC} C_{R,DC}(x=0)}$$

$$Z = R_{CT} + Z_W$$

Warburg Impedance Z_W

$$k_{eq} = \frac{C_{R,DC}(x=0)}{C_{O,DC}(x=0)} = \frac{k_{F,DC}}{k_{B,DC}} \quad \rightarrow \quad k_{B,DC} = k_{F,DC} \frac{C_{O,DC}(x=0)}{C_{R,DC}(x=0)}$$

$$Z_W = \left(\frac{RT}{n^2 F^2 A} \right) \frac{\frac{k_{F,DC}}{\sqrt{j\omega D_O}} + k_{F,DC} \frac{C_{O,DC}(x=0)}{C_{R,DC}(x=0)} \frac{1}{\sqrt{j\omega D_R}}}{\alpha k_{F,DC} C_{O,DC}(x=0) + (1 - \alpha) k_{F,DC} \frac{C_{O,DC}(x=0)}{C_{R,DC}(x=0)} C_{R,DC}(x=0)}$$

Warburg Impedance Z_W

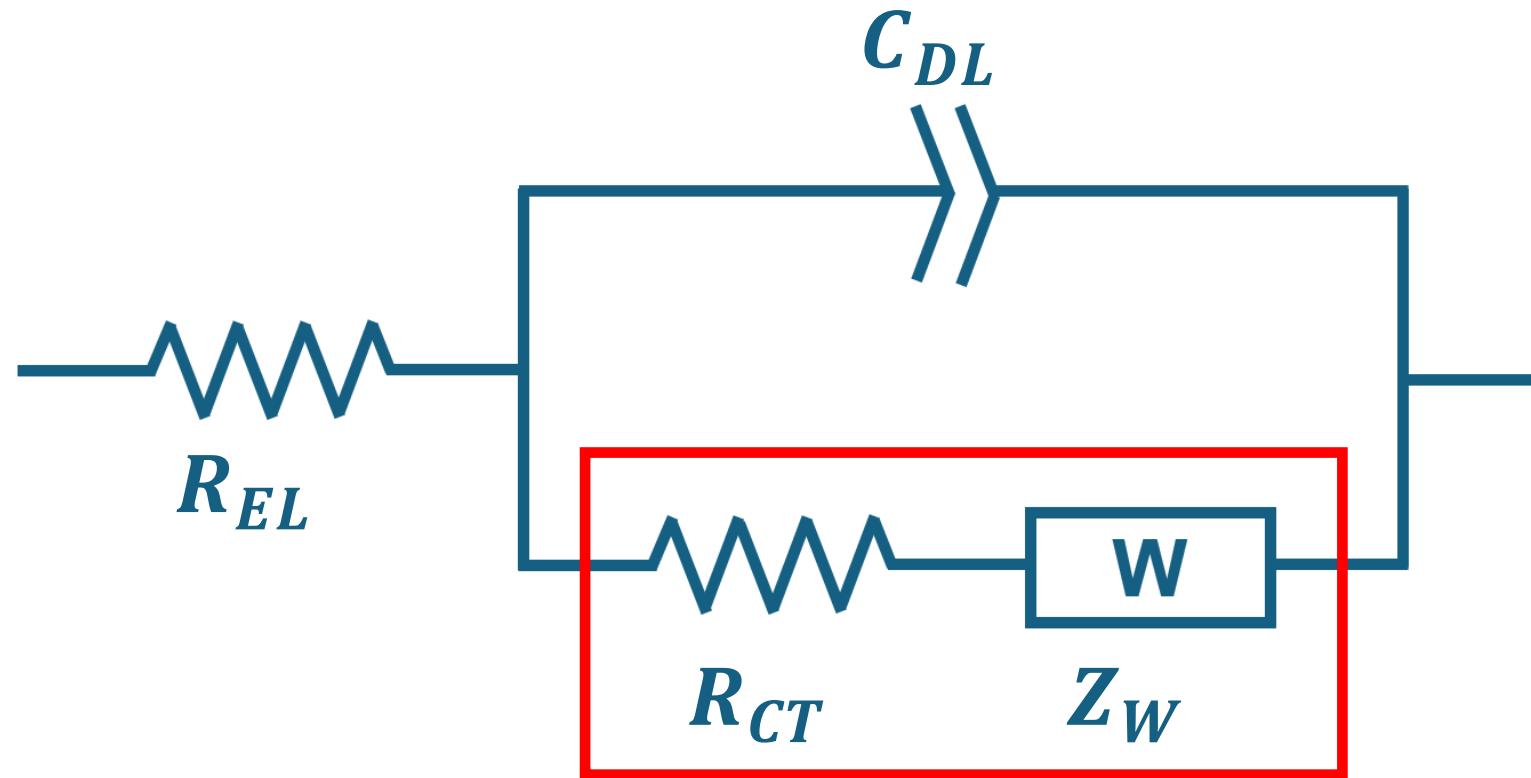
$$Z_W = \frac{1}{\sqrt{j}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega}} \frac{RT}{A(nF)^2} \left(\frac{1}{c_{O,DC}(x=0)\sqrt{D_O}} + \frac{1}{c_{R,DC}(x=0)\sqrt{D_R}} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{j}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (1 - j)$$

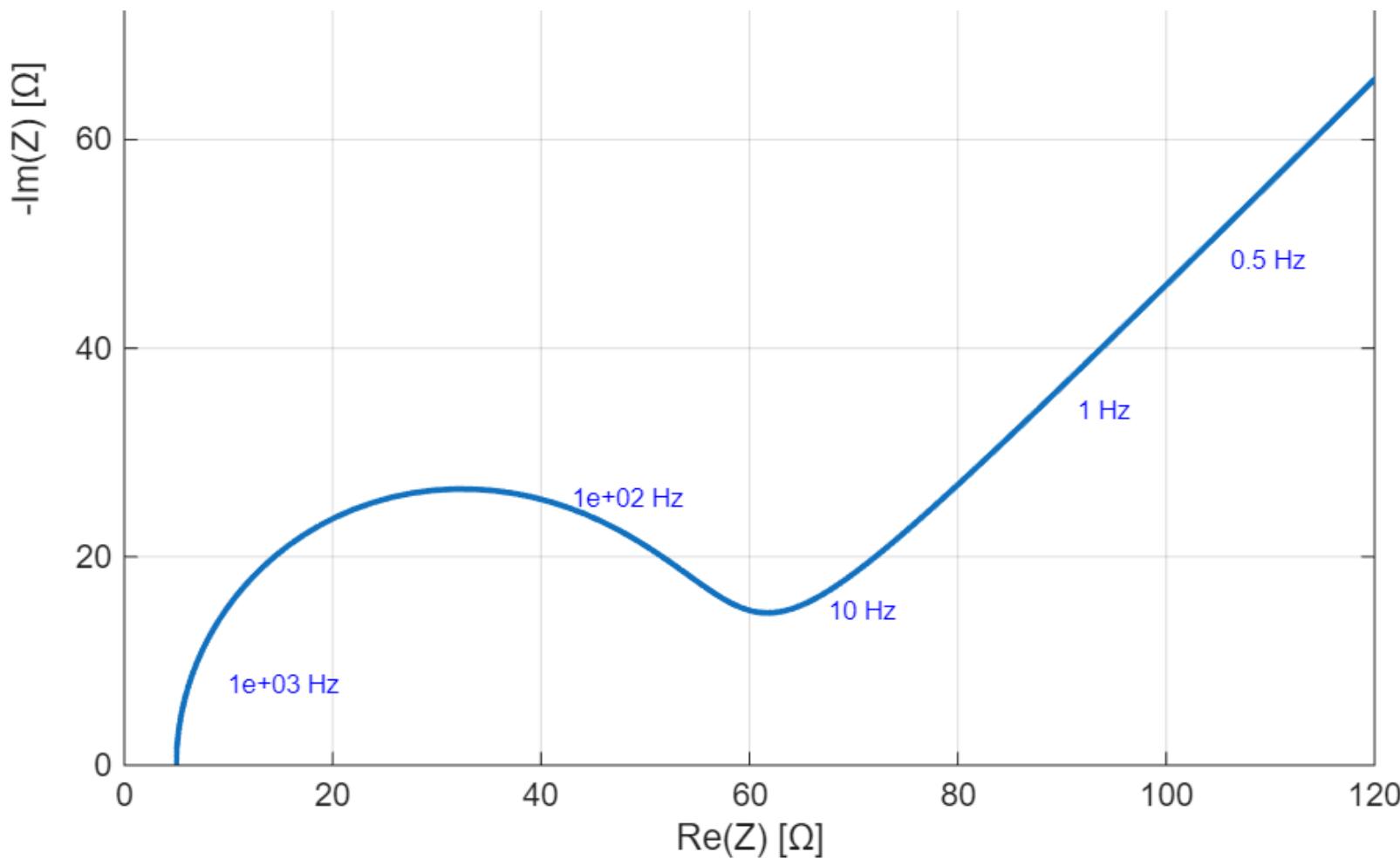
$$\sigma = \frac{RT}{\sqrt{2}A(nF)^2} \left(\frac{1}{c_{O,DC}(x=0)\sqrt{D_O}} + \frac{1}{c_{R,DC}(x=0)\sqrt{D_R}} \right)$$

$$Z_W = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{\omega}} - j \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{\omega}}$$

Randles Circuit



Randles Circuit: Nyquist Plot



Effect of Concentration

