

Esercizio #4, Cap. 6 Dispense

1° metodo (non troppo consigliato)

$$\mathcal{F}(\cos(2t+1))(\omega)$$

RISCALAMENTO

$$\downarrow = \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{F}(\cos(t+1))\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

TRASLAZIONE

$$\downarrow = \frac{1}{2} e^{-2\pi i(-1)\frac{\omega}{2}} \mathcal{F}(\cos(t))\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

EULERO

$$\downarrow = \frac{1}{2} e^{\pi i \omega} \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{e^{it} + e^{-it}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{4} \left[\mathcal{F}(e^{it})\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) + \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{e^{-it}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{4} \left[\mathcal{F}\left(e^{2\pi i\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)t}\right)\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) + \mathcal{F}\left(e^{2\pi i\left(-\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)t}\right)\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{4} \left[\delta_{\frac{1}{2\pi}}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) + \delta_{-\frac{1}{2\pi}}\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) \right]$$

RISCALAMENTO δ

$$\downarrow = \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{4} \left[\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \delta_{\frac{1}{2\pi}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \delta_{\left(-\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{2} \left[\delta_{\frac{1}{\pi}} + \delta_{-\frac{1}{\pi}} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{*} = \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{2} \delta_{\frac{1}{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi i \omega}}{2} \delta_{-\frac{1}{\pi}}$$

$$\textcircled{*} \begin{matrix} h(t) \delta_{t_0} \\ h'(t_0) \delta_{t_0} \end{matrix}$$

$$= \frac{e^{\pi i \frac{1}{\pi}}}{2} \delta_{\frac{1}{\pi}} + \frac{e^{\pi i (-\frac{1}{\pi})}}{2} \delta_{-\frac{1}{\pi}}$$

$$= \frac{e^i}{2} \delta_{\frac{1}{\pi}} + \frac{e^{-i}}{2} \delta_{-\frac{1}{\pi}}$$

2° metodo (più consigliato)

$$\mathcal{F}(\cos(2t+1))(\omega)$$

$$= \mathcal{F}\left(\frac{e^{(2t+1)i} + e^{-(2t+1)i}}{2}\right)(\omega)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^i \mathcal{F}(e^{2ti})_{(\omega)} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-i} \mathcal{F}(e^{-2ti})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} e^i \mathcal{F}\left(e^{2\pi i \left(\frac{1}{\pi}\right)t}\right)_{(\omega)} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-i} \mathcal{F}\left(e^{2\pi i \left(-\frac{1}{\pi}\right)t}\right)_{(\omega)}$$

$$= \frac{e^i}{2} \delta_{\frac{1}{\pi}} + \frac{e^{-i}}{2} \delta_{-\frac{1}{\pi}}$$