## Homework 04

## **Exercise 1**

A bivariate Gibbs sampler for a vector  $x = (x_1, x_2)$  draws iteratively from the conditional distributions in the following way:

- choose a starting value  $p(x_1|x_2^{(0)})$
- for each iteration *i*:

  - draw  $x_2^{(i)}$  from  $p(x_2|x_1^{(i-1)})$  draw  $x_1^{(i)}$  from  $p(x_1|x_2^{(i)})$

As in other MCMC algorithms, samples from the first few iterations are usually discarded. This is known as the "warmup" phase.

Suppose that the conditional distributions are

$$x_1|x_2 \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\mu_1 + \frac{\rho}{\sigma_2^2}(x_2 - \mu_2), \sigma_1^2 - \frac{\rho^2}{\sigma_2^2}\right),$$
  
 $x_2|x_1 \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\mu_2 + \frac{\rho}{\sigma_1^2}(x_1 - \mu_1), \sigma_2^2 - \frac{\rho^2}{\sigma_1^2}\right),$ 

where  $\rho$ ,  $\mu_1$ ,  $\mu_2$ ,  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$  are real valued parameters and  $|\rho| < 1$ .

- 1. (code) Implement a Gibbs sampler which takes as inputs the number of warmup draws warmup, the number of iterations iters and the parameters rho, mul, mu2, sigmal, sigma2.
- 2. (**code**) Set  $\rho = 0.3$ ,  $\mu_1 = 0.5$ ,  $\mu_2 = 0.1$ ,  $\sigma_1 = 1$ ,  $\sigma_2 = 1.5$  and plot the distributions of  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ .
- 3. (**theory**) What is the joint distribution of  $x = (x_1, x_2)$ ?

## **Exercise 2**

(code)

Let  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$  be real valued parameters of the function

$$f(x, \theta_1, \theta_2) = \frac{e^{\theta_1 x} + \theta_2}{x}.$$

We observe some noisy realizations  $(x_{obs}, y_{obs})$  of this function and want to infer the posterior distribution of  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$ .

1. Generate 30 observations  $(x_{obs}, y_{obs})$  as follows:

$$\theta_1 = 0.5$$

$$\theta_2 = 3$$

$$\rho \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 0.3^2)$$

$$x_{obs} \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 10)$$

$$y_{obs} = f(x_{obs}, \theta_1, \theta_2) + \rho$$

and plot them using seaborn sns.scatterplot function.

2. Given the observations from (1.) and the generative model

$$\theta_1 \sim \text{Exp}(2.)$$

$$\theta_2 \sim \text{Exp}(0.2)$$

$$\gamma \sim \mathcal{U}(0, 0.5)$$

$$\hat{y} = f(x, \theta_1, \theta_2)$$

$$y \sim \mathcal{N}(\hat{y}, \gamma)$$

use pyro NUTS to infer the posterior distribution of  $\theta_1, \theta_2, \gamma$ . Set warmup\_steps=2000 and num\_samples=100.

- 3. Look at convergence checks on the traces and discuss the quality of your estimates. Remeber that you can extract posterior samples from an MCMC object using get samples() method (notebook 04).
- 4. Use sns.scatterplot to plot the observed couples  $(x_{obs}, y_{obs})$  and sns.lineplot to plot the learned function f with the posterior estimates  $\theta_1, \theta_2$ .