Calculations

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Case 1 Use 3D printer to only construct walls

Building assumptions

Total area of exterior wall (length of wall*height) 20*5=100m2

Total area of interior wall (length of wall*height) 100m2 (this can vary but its a good estimation)

Printing

Wall thickness (cm) i.e width of each print layer 5 (5 cm is a good estimate as per research)

Layer height(cm)

2 (2cm is a good estimate as per research)

Print speed(cm/s)

30 cm/s (research shows print speeds can vary from 10-100cm/s. The variation is due to nature of construction material being printed)

Material printed per hour (m3/h)

Length to be printed per second * wall thickness * height of wall to be printed by printer per second=30 cm * 5 cm 2 cm =300cm3 is extruded per second
In 1 hour we have 300 cm3 * 3600s= 108000 cm3/h= 1.08 m3/h

Specifications taken from COBOD

Economics

Price of 3D concrete per m3 268

Number of operators

2

Hourly rate of operators (EUR/h)

40

Setup Time and Safety

Risk factor

50% (this means increase in print hours, it depends on printer and staff expertise)

Onsite printer setup (hours)

8 (as per literature)

Take down of printer on site (hours)

4 (as per literature)

Number of workers involved in setup and dismantlement

2 (as per literature)

Total Cost

Total area of wall:

(outer wall+inner wall)=100+100=200 m2

Total area of wall to be printed

Area of exterior face of outer wall + Area of interior insulation facing wall + Area of interior facing wall=100 + 100 =

300 m2

Total material use (m3)

Area of wall(m2)*Thickness of wall(m)=300m2 * 15cm= 300m2 * 0.15m= 15m3

Theoretical hours of print time

Total amount of material / Material printed per hour= 15m3/1.08 m3/h=13.89 hours

Hours of print time needed including safety considerations (we took 50%)

13.89*1.5=20.84 hours

Total operator print hours needed including safety

Print hours(2 workers) + preparation hours of workers =(2*20.84) + 3=44.6 hours

Total operation hours for project (hours)

Total operatore print hours + (hours for 2 operators to setup and takedown printer)= 44.6+2*(8+4)=68.6 hours

Total cost of operator hours

Cost per hours * total hours = 40 * 68.6 = 2744 Euro

Total cost of concrete

Cost of concrete per m3 (100 EUR) * total volume of concrete required = 120 * 15= 1800 Euro

Total cost of project

Total cost of labour + Total cost of concrete = 2744 + 1800 = 4544 Euro

Case 2 when construction is done purely manually and comparison

As per literature 3D printing saves 80-90% time of construction. For our case we can write that as:

If 3D printing project time is 68.6h then using only manual labour it would be 68.6*5 =343 hours

In terms of cost that would be = 343*40=13,720 Euro

Fyi: 15 m3 concrete is extruded out. For human run project there would be waste due to mistakes. But in this we assume human workers do not produce waste concrete.

Total project cost= 13,720 + 2744= **16,464 EUR**

So total cost saving= Cost of manual labour + Cost of concrete (80 EUR/m3) - Cost of 3D printed project labour - Cost of 3D concrete = 13720 + (100*15) - (2744) - (120*15) = 13720 + 1500 - 2744 - 1800 = 10676 Euro

% in savings cost =(10676 / 15220)*100=70.14% (mostly in labour costs)

% in savings time= 80% (literature, 3D printing company websites)

Case 3 when the foundation of the house is 3D printed

Volume of foundation concrete= Area of foundation * Thickness of foundation =100m2 * 400mm = 100* 0.4= 40 m3

Volume of foundation insulation(styrene)= Area of foundation * Thickness of foundation =100m2 * 150mm = 100* 0.15= 15 m3

Cost of 1m3 special styrene= 60 EUR http://www.finnfoam.com/products/finnfoam/
Cost of concrete= 120 EUR*m3

Print speed of printer =30cm/s

Layer height= 5cm Layer thickness= 2cm

Concrete material use cost: Volume of concrete foundation in m3 * cost of 3D concrete = 40*120=4800 EUR

Insulation material use cost: Volume of insulation in foundation m3 * cost of insulation = 15*60=900 EUR

1.08m3/h concrete is extruded. So time taken to extrude 40 m3 concrete= 37.03h

1.08m3/h foamed insulation is extruded. So time taken to extrude 15 m3 concrete= 13.88h

Printer setup and removal time by 2 people= 12*2=24h

Total time taken= 37.03 + 13.88+ 24= 74.91h

Operator time= 2 operators required = 2*40* 74.91 = 5992.8 Euro

Total project cost= Operator time + concrete cost + insulation cost= 5992.8 + 4800 + 900 + =11692.8 Euro

Case 4 when the foundation of the house is done manually

Volume of foundation= Area of foundation * Thickness of foundation = 100*0.4= 40m3

Volume of foundation insulation(styrene)= Area of foundation * Thickness of foundation =100m2 * 150mm = 100* 0.15= 15 m3

Cost of concrete=100 Euro/m3 * Volume of foundation= 100*40= 4000 Euro

Cost of styrene=60 Euro/m3 * Volume of foundation= 60*15= 900 Euro

Time required is more than 3D printing= Time required for 3D printing * 5=(37.03+13.88)*5=254.55hours

Cost of operator hours=254.55*40=10,182 Euro

Total project cost= Operator time cost+ concrete cost + insulation cost= 10182+4000+900= 15082 Euro

Savings in project cost= cost of manual project - cost of 3D printed= 15082 - 11692.8=3389.2 EUR

% savings when using 3D printing= (3389.2/15082)*100=22.47%

Case 5 when the insulation of the house is 3D printed

The 3D printed insulation is a foam material. The printing speed is the same and it is extruded at the same time as when the walls are made. So no extra cost for labour or time. Just cost of foamed insulation.

Thickness can be 30 cm i.e 0.3m.

Volume of Foam= 100m2 ext wall* 0.3 m= 30 m3

Cost of foamed insulation per m3= 100 EUR when polyurathane is used

Cost for insulating= volume of foam*cost per m3= 30*100=3000 Euro

We do not need separate labour cost for insulation extrusion as it happens during wall printing. So we save labour cost.

Total cost of project= insulation material = 3000 EUR

Case 6 when the insulation of the house is done manually

When insulation is done manually. There is extra cost of labour and time. The insulation materials is the same foamed materials but done manually.

Spraying 100m2 by 3 staff takes 2h. So for 200m2 by 3 staff takes 4h. We need 3 staff simultaneously.

Cost for staff= 4*3*40=12*40=480 EUR

Thickness can be 30 cm i.e 0.3m.

Volume of Foam= 100m2 ext wall* 0.3 m= 30 m3

Cost of foamed insulation per m3= 100 EUR when polyurathane is used

Cost for insulating= volume of foam*cost per m3= 30*100=3000 Euro

Total cost of project= cost of insulation + cost of staff= 3000+ 480=3480 EUR

Savings using 3D printing= (480/3480)*100=13.78%

3D printed roofs are not mature yet so we will use regular method.

Cost for plumbing

Cost of Electrical installations

Cost of minor finishings

Other

The electricity cost for running the printer is low <u>50 watt per hour</u>. This will vary from equipment producer, environmental strain etc. So there is no precise answer as manufacturers often guard it for competition reasons. However it is clear that it would be very less. Because we have such large savings due to other factors we can ignore this.

They combine to form approx 45% of the housing cost.

Total cost of 3D printed house

Cost for wall= 4544
Cost for foundation= 11,692.8
Cost for insulation= 3000
Total= 19,236.8

Total cost of manually built house

Cost for wall= 16,464
Cost for foundation= 15,082
Cost for insulation= 3480
Total= 35,026

Cost savings= 35026-19236.8=15789.2

%savings in terms of category construction= (15789.2/35026)*100=45.07%

Total cost of manually built house+Other= 35026+28657.63=63683.63 Euros

Total cost of 3D built house+Other= 19236.8+28657.63=47893.63 Euros

Overall savings=63683.63-47893.63=15790 Euros % overall savings= (15,790/63,683.63)*100=24.79%