

Section: Introduction to QGIS

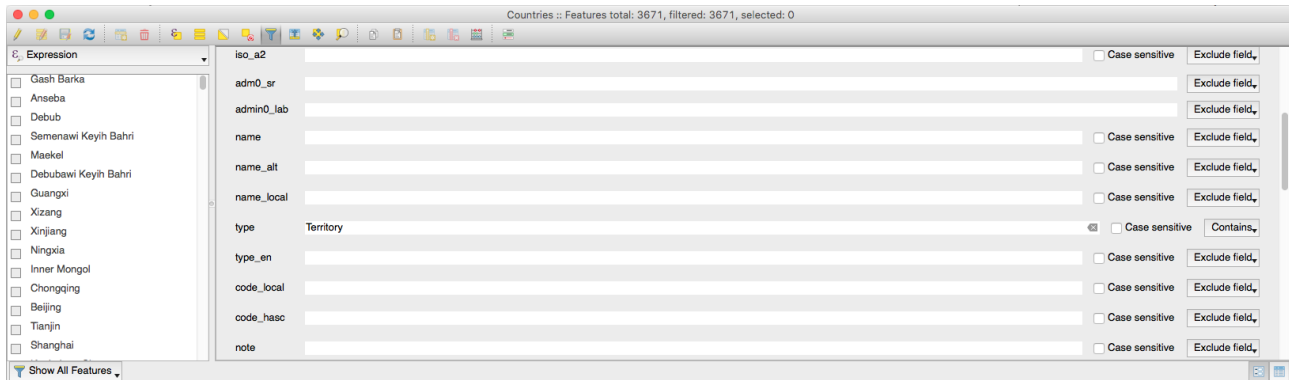
Module : Query and Filter Attributes



Attribute tables

“QGIS allows you to filter, sort and manipulate attribute data”

Behind every vector layer in QGIS you will find a data table (attribute table). The data in this table describe the attributes of each feature. With QGIS you can manipulate the table display by filtering and sorting these attributes. You can also use queries to search for features with specific characteristics. In this exercise we will try out some of these capabilities.



You try

Goal: To query and filter attributes

- Load the Countries layer from Natural Earth
- Open the attribute table for the layer
- Enable the form based filter tool
- Filter the table based on specification in the table below
- Scroll down if needed and use the 'Filter Features' button to filter the table



Name	Value
Countries layer	ne_10m_admin_0_countries in the ne.sqlite database in appendix1-natureearth-data
Filter field	type
Filter text	Territory



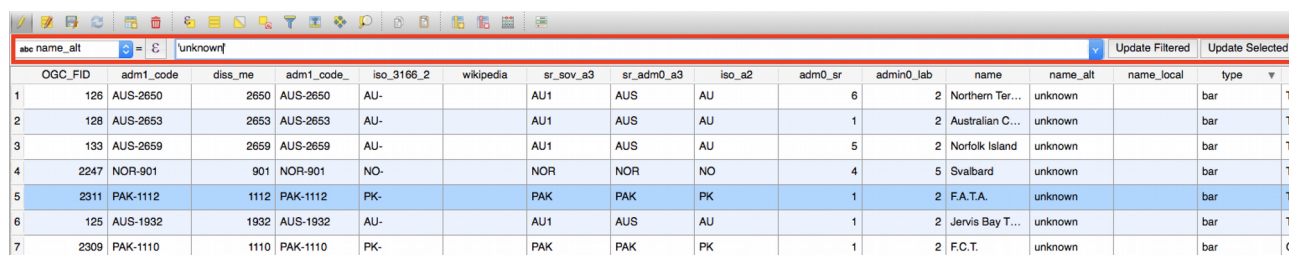
Check your results

How many records were listed once the filter was applied?

More about queries and filters

When you filter features in the attribute table, the filter only applies to the table – the map canvas will still show all the features. If you use the 'select features' button rather than the 'filter features' button, the matching rows will be selected – you can zoom to the selected features on the map or raise the selected features to the top of the table.

Once there is a table filter in place, **you can easily update all the filtered features by placing the table in edit mode and using the quick formbar**. Note that, as of QGIS 2.18, you need to force a refresh of the table to see your updates applied to the table.



	OGC_FID	adm1_code	diss_me	adm1_code	iso_3166_2	wikipedia	sr_sov_a3	sr_adm0_a3	iso_a2	adm0_sr	admin0_lab	name	name_alt	name_local	type	v
1	126	AUS-2650	2650	AUS-2650	AU-		AU1	AUS	AU	6	2	Northern Ter...	unknown		bar	Te
2	128	AUS-2653	2653	AUS-2653	AU-		AU1	AUS	AU	1	2	Australian C...	unknown		bar	Te
3	133	AUS-2659	2659	AUS-2659	AU-		AU1	AUS	AU	5	2	Norfolk Island	unknown		bar	Te
4	2247	NOR-901	901	NOR-901	NO-		NOR	NOR	NO	4	5	Svalbard	unknown		bar	Te
5	2311	PAK-1112	1112	PAK-1112	PK-		PAK	PAK	PK	1	2	F.A.T.A.	unknown		bar	Te
6	125	AUS-1932	1932	AUS-1932	AU-		AU1	AUS	AU	1	2	Jervis Bay T...	unknown		bar	Te
7	2309	PAK-1110	1110	PAK-1110	PK-		PAK	PAK	PK	1	2	F.C.T.	unknown		bar	C.

There are also ways to filter your layer for both geometry and attribute data in QGIS. For example you can:

- do a 'subset' filter on a layer (via the layer properties dialog) which will hide any features (including from the attribute table) that do not match the query criteria;
- use virtual layers to create a 'view' of a subset of layers;
- use DB manager to query data from a database that meets your specific criteria;

You can also use 'soft' approaches to filter features shown in the map canvas – for example using a rule based renderer to exclude certain features from the map render.

There is another way to filter the records shown in the QGIS table view – you can limit the list of features shown to only those that are also visible in the map canvas by using the filter button on the bottom left corner of the attribute table and setting it to 'Show features visible on the map'.

Check your knowledge

1. True or false: Applying a filter in the attribute table will result in only those features being shown on the canvas?
 - a) true
 - b) false
2. What is the purpose of filtering the attribute table – choose all that apply:
 - a) to quickly view a list of records that match your criteria
 - b) to create a selection of features.
 - c) to be able to quickly update the attributes of a subset of features

Further reading:

https://docs.qgis.org/2.18/en/docs/user_manual/working_with_vector/attribute_table.html