Click Traffic Fraud Detection in Mobile Application Advertisements

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```
setwd("C:/Projects")
set.seed(42)
# Import necessary libraries
library(e1071)
require(lubridate)
## Loading required package: lubridate
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
##
library(readr)
library(dplyr)
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(plyr)
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##
##
       summarize
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
library(ROCR)
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)
##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       combine
library(randomForest)
## randomForest 4.6-14
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:gridExtra':
##
##
       combine
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       margin
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       combine
```

```
library(e1071)

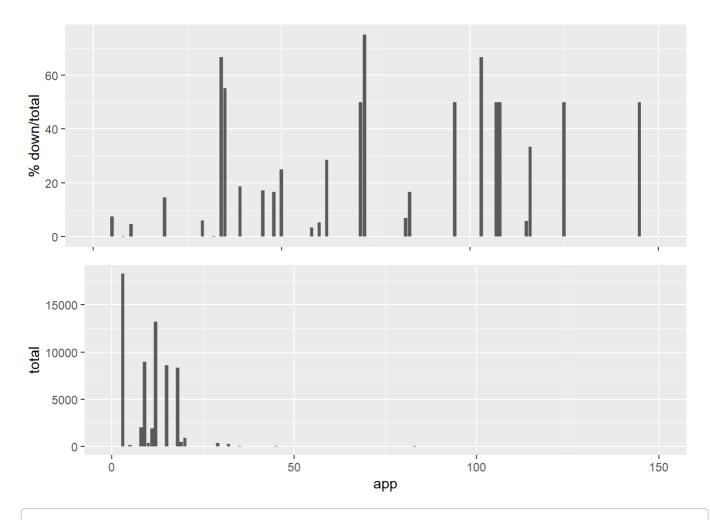
# Read .csv data on a zipped folder
folder <- "C:/CursoDSA/BigDataAzure/Projetos/dataset_project1.zip"
con <- unz(folder, "dataset_project1/train_sample.csv")
train <- read_csv(con)</pre>
```

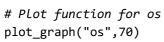
```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
   ip = col_double(),
##
   app = col_double(),
##
   device = col_double(),
##
## os = col_double(),
   channel = col_double(),
##
   click_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
##
   attributed_time = col_datetime(format = ""),
##
    is_attributed = col_double()
## )
```

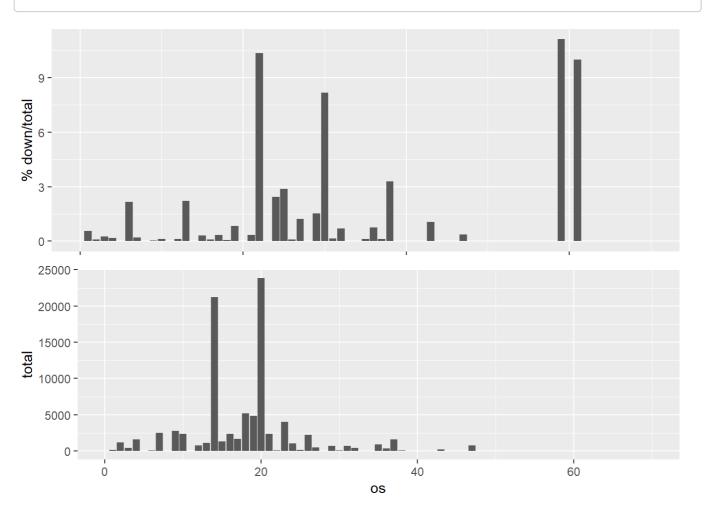
```
View(head(train))
# Convert time to seconds
train$click_time <- as.numeric(train$click_time)
# Check if there is NA values on each colum
for(i in 1:length(train)){if(any(is.na(train[, i]))){print(i)}}</pre>
```

```
## [1] 7
```

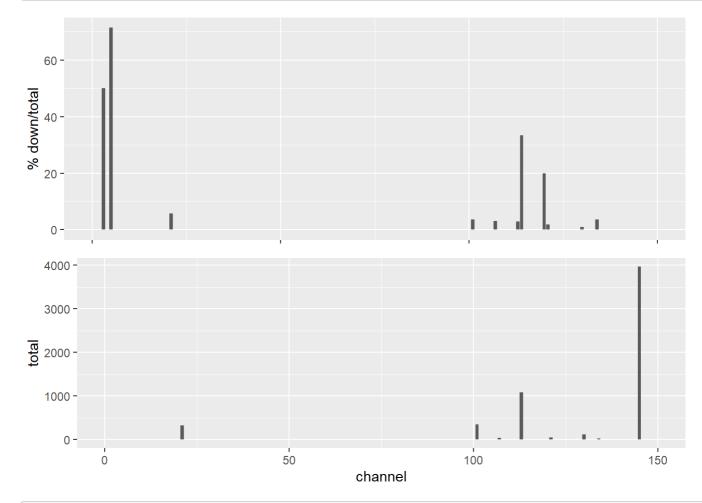
```
# Drop attributed time column as it is not going to be used
train <- train[,-7]
# Transform column to factor data type
train$is_attributed <- as.factor(train$is_attributed)</pre>
# Function that plot 2 graphs: donwload rate by the total of clicks (upper graph), and total
clicks (bellow graph)
plot_graph <- function(feature,limit_n){</pre>
 item <- train%>%filter(is_attributed==1)%>%group_by_at(feature)%>%group_keys()
 df1 <- data.frame(item=item[[1]] ,</pre>
                 downloads=train%>%filter(is_attributed==1)%>%group_by_at(feature)%>%group_s
ize())
 item <- train%>%filter(is_attributed==0)%>%group_by_at(feature)%>%group_keys()
 df2 <- data.frame(item=item[[1]],</pre>
                 no.downloads=train%>%filter(is_attributed==0)%>%group_by_at(feature)%>%grou
p_size())
 df <- merge.data.frame(df1, df2, by.y=0)</pre>
 df <- df%>%mutate(total=no.downloads+downloads)%>%mutate(rate=100*downloads/total)
 p1 <- ggplot(df,aes(x=item, y=rate)) + geom_bar(stat="identity") + xlim(0, limit_n) + ylab(
"% down/total") + theme(axis.title.x=element_blank(),
axis.text.x=element_blank())
  p2 <- ggplot(df,aes(x=item, y=total)) + geom_bar(stat="identity") + xlim(0, limit_n) + xlab
(feature)
 grid.arrange(p1, p2, ncol = 1)
# Plot function for app
plot_graph("app",150)
```







Plot function for channel
plot_graph("channel",150)



```
# Labels proportion
prop.table(train$is_attributed))
```

```
##
## 0 1
## 0.99773 0.00227
```

```
variables = c("ip","app","device","os","channel")
# create colums with the time since the previous click by groups
for(variable in variables){
 train <- arrange_at(train,c(variable,"click_time"))</pre>
 train[[paste("delay_last_",variable,sep="")]] <- c(0,sapply(seq(2,length(train$click_tim</pre>
e)),
      function(i){ifelse(train$ip[i]==train$ip[i-1],train$click_time[i]-train$click_time[i-1
],0)}))
}
# create colums with the runned time since the first and last click by groups
for(variable in variables){
 train <- train %>% group_by_at(variable) %>% mutate(time_first = min(click_time))
 train[[paste("delay_first_",variable,sep="")]] <- train$click_time - train$time_first</pre>
}
# Drop time_first colum
train <- train%>%subset(select=-time_first)
train[-7] <- sapply(train%>%select(-is_attributed), function(x){return ((x - min(x)) / (max
(x) - min(x))))
View(head(train))
train$is_attributed <- as.numeric(train$is_attributed)</pre>
control <- rfeControl(functions = rfFuncs, method = "cv",</pre>
                  verbose = FALSE, returnResamp = "all",
                  number = 6)
results.rfe <- rfe(x = train%>%subset(select=-is_attributed),
               y = as.matrix(train%>%subset(select=is_attributed)),
                sizes = 1:10,
               rfeControl = control)
```

results.rfe

```
##
## Recursive feature selection
##
## Outer resampling method: Cross-Validated (6 fold)
##
## Resampling performance over subset size:
##
## Variables
             RMSE Rsquared
                            MAE
                                RMSESD RsquaredSD
                                                  MAESD Selected
##
         1 0.04373
                  0.1570 0.003737 0.004039
                                        0.04153 0.0003279
         2 0.04192 0.2234 0.003490 0.003962
                                        0.02788 0.0003433
##
         3 0.04254 0.2049 0.003727 0.003858 0.02056 0.0003100
##
         4 0.04277 0.1988 0.003772 0.003629 0.04046 0.0003018
##
##
         ##
         6 0.04400 0.1569 0.003621 0.003355 0.04460 0.0003309
        7 0.04440 0.1412 0.003708 0.003579 0.04833 0.0003266
##
         ##
##
         9 0.04469 0.1377 0.003685 0.003401 0.04211 0.0003163
##
        ##
        16 0.04172 0.2296 0.003578 0.002230 0.05287 0.0002060
##
## The top 5 variables (out of 16):
    app, channel, device, delay_first_app, delay_first_os
```

varImp((results.rfe))

```
##
                         Overall
                       40.860564
## app
## channel
                       37.992701
## device
                       23.532686
## delay_first_ip
                       20.769616
## delay_first_app
                       20.693777
## delay_first_os
                       20.588133
## delay_first_channel 20.470971
## delay_first_device 20.467030
## click_time
                       20.121574
## os
                       18.732756
## delay_last_ip
                       13.277632
## ip
                        8.814067
## delay_last_os
                        6.913896
## delay_last_app
                        0.000000
## delay_last_channel
                        0.000000
## delay_last_device
                        0.000000
```

```
# Select 10 top features
train_sel <- train%>%ungroup()%>%select(-c(delay_last_device,delay_last_channel,delay_last_ap
р,
                                  delay_last_os,ip,delay_last_ip))
View(head(train_sel))
train_sel$is_attributed <- as.factor(train_sel$is_attributed)</pre>
# Split data
index <- createDataPartition(train_sel$is_attributed,p=0.7,list=FALSE)</pre>
train_data <- train_sel[c(index),]</pre>
test_data <- data.frame(train_sel)[-index,]</pre>
## Train models with up sampling method for data balance
# Random Forest model:
ctrl <- trainControl(method = "repeatedcv",</pre>
                    number = 5,
                    repeats = 5,
                    verboseIter = FALSE,
                    sampling = "up")
model_rf <- caret::train(is_attributed ~ .,</pre>
                     data = train_data,
                     method = "rf",
                     trControl = ctrl)
final_rf <- data.frame(actual = test_data$is_attributed,</pre>
                   predict(model_rf, newdata = test_data))
cm_rf_test <- confusionMatrix(final_rf$predict, test_data$is_attributed)</pre>
cm_rf_test
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
##
## Prediction 1
                        2
##
           1 29907
                       60
            2
##
                24
                       8
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.9972
##
                    95% CI: (0.9965, 0.9978)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9977
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.9743531
##
##
                    Kappa : 0.1588
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.0001341
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9992
##
##
              Specificity: 0.1176
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9980
##
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.2500
                Prevalence: 0.9977
##
           Detection Rate: 0.9969
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.9989
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5584
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
                       2
## Prediction 1
           1 29751
                       51
##
           2 180
                       17
##
##
                 Accuracy : 0.9923
##
##
                    95% CI: (0.9912, 0.9933)
       No Information Rate : 0.9977
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.1254
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
               Sensitivity: 0.99399
##
               Specificity: 0.25000
##
##
           Pos Pred Value : 0.99829
##
           Neg Pred Value : 0.08629
                Prevalence: 0.99773
##
           Detection Rate : 0.99173
##
      Detection Prevalence : 0.99343
##
##
        Balanced Accuracy : 0.62199
##
          'Positive' Class : 1
##
##
```