Homework 4 Exercice 2

Oscar Garnier

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Question 1

Set i as defined. We know there exists a clique of size M=k-i+1 colored with colors i,i+1,...,k, let us call this clique $K=\{u_i,...,u_k\}$. Now suppose $i\neq 1$, which means there exists another color c=i-1 not in the clique.

We know that $\forall u \in K$ is connected to some vertex colored c, because we applied the greedy algorithm, if u was not connected to a vertex colored $c \leq j$, it would have been colored c itself.

We also know there is no such c-colored vertex that is connected to all $u \in K$, by minimality of i.

Let $p = max\{|K \cap N(v)|for \ v \in V \ colored \ c\}$. Let $a \in V$ be such a max, (so a is colored c and has exactly p neighbors in K).

We know p < M, so $\exists u \in K$ s.t. $(a, u) \notin E$, and we know that $\exists b \in V$ colored c s.t. $(b, u) \in E$. b is not connected to every vertex in N(a) by maximality of p, $\exists v \in N(a)$ s.t. $(v, b) \notin E$.

When reasoning on the subgraph induced by $F = \{a, b, u, v\}$, we have : $(a, v) \in E$, $(v, u) \in E$, because they are in a clique, $(u, b) \in E$. Aditionally, $(a, u) \notin E$ and $(v, b) \notin E$. This means the graph induced by F is P_4 , which is absurd.

This means i=1

Question 2

Let G be a *cograph*. Choose any ordering of the vertices, and color it greedily. Suppose you then get k colors. Since we have found such a coloring, we know $\chi(G) \leq k$. According to question 1, there exists a click of cardnality k, with all k colors, which means $\chi(G) \geq k$. Hence, $\chi(G) = k$ and the coloring was optimal.