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# LED2ResourcesAPI接口测试文档

# 分页查询资源

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res_query
```

- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
```

```
public void res_query() {
    JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
    body.put("skip", "0");
    body.put("limit", "3");
    body.put("id", "123");
    String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_query", body.toJSONString());
    System.out.println(sync);
}
```

• 输出结果

```
"code":200,
"data":[
   {
        "uid": "5cb6d25df22affc6968ddd8d",
        "modifyUser":"",
        "modifyDate":"",
        "size":715566,
        "addUser": "5996644abb0b200d53c76d36",
        "name":"14_classicsportscars_chevroletcorvette.jpg",
        "type":2,
        "addDate": "2019-04-17 15:14:37"
   },
        "uid": "5cc65460999a07073462e517",
        "modifyUser":"",
        "modifyDate":"",
        "size":191905440,
        "addUser": "5996644abb0b200d53c76d36",
        "name":"阿拉丁媒体采访-姜鸿飞.mp4",
        "type":3,
        "addDate":"2019-04-29 09:33:18"
   },
        "uid":"5ccfcd54999a0708744d0fce",
        "modifyUser":"",
        "modifyDate":"",
        "size":10822335,
        "addUser": "5996644abb0b200d53c76d36",
        "name": "阿拉丁媒体采访-姜鸿飞(1).mp4",
        "type":3,
        "addDate": "2019-05-06 13:59:48"
   }
],
"id":"123",
"message":"OK",
"status": "SUCCESS"
```

• 接口测试用例

参数	方法返回(无data)	结论
id/skip/limit为空时	{"code":20002,"id":"","message":"id/skip/limit","status":"MISSING_REQUEST_PARAM"}	正确
id为空字符串时	{"code":200,"id":"","message":"OK","status":"SUCCESS"}	错误
skip/limit为空字符串时	{"code":20003,"id":"123","message":"skip/limit","status":"BAD_PARAM"}	正确
skip/limit为不合法字符/ 不正确取值范围时	{"code":20003,"id":"123","message":"skip/limit","status":"BAD_PARAM"}	正确
id不为空字符串, skip和limit为正确取值 范围时	{"code":200,"id":"123","message":"OK","status":"SUCCESS"}	正确

• 接口测试结果:分页查询LED2资源,id为空字符串时不应返回正确,输出数据结构缺少资源总数total,输出结果中type字段类型为Integer与接口说明文档类型不符合

# 根据UID查询资源

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res_query_byld
• 请求方式: POST
• 测试示例
   @Test
   public void res_query_byId() {
       JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
       body.put("id", "123");
       body.put("uid", "5cb6d25df22affc6968ddd8d");
       String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_query_byId", body.toJSONString());
       System.out.println(sync);
   }
• 输出结果
    "code":200,
    "data":[
       {
           "uid": "5cb6d25df22affc6968ddd8d",
           "modifyUser":"",
           "modifyDate":"",
           "size":715566,
           "addUser": "5996644abb0b200d53c76d36",
           "name":"14_classicsportscars_chevroletcorvette.jpg",
           "type":2,
           "addDate": "2019-04-17 15:14:37"
       }
    "id":"123",
    "message":"OK",
   "status": "SUCCESS"
}
```

• 接口测试用例

参数	方法返回(无data)	结论
id/uid为空时	{"code":20002,"id":"","message":"id/uid","status":"MISSING_REQUEST_PARAM"}	正确
id为空字符串时	{"code":200,"id":"","message":"OK","status":"SUCCESS"}	错误
id不为空字符串, uid不正确时	{"code":20004,"id":"123","message":"数据不存在","status":"NOT_FOUND_PARAM"}	错误
id不为空字符串, uid正确时	{"code":20004,"id":"123","message":"数据不存在","status":"NOT_FOUND_PARAM"}	错误

• 测试结果:代码逻辑有问题,接口文档中说明是根据uid查询资源,但是实际代码中却是根据name来查询的,而且当uid出现错误时,个人觉得查询结果应该为success,只不过没有查询数据而已,这个问题只在查询中有歧义,应该统一。

# 根据资源名称查询资源URL(暂未完成)

- 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res\_query\_byName
- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例
- 输出结果
- 测试结果:

#### 添加资源

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res_add
```

- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
```

```
public void res_add() {
    JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
    body.put("id", "123");
    body.put("type", "2");
    body.put("name", "Marcos测试1");
    String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_add", body.toJSONString());
    System.out.println(sync);
}
```

- 输出结果
- 测试结果:输出结果报错,具体入参请在接口文档中描述清楚

#### 删除资源

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/
```

- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
public void res_del() {
    JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
    body.put("id", "123");
    body.put("uid", "5d42d82e74c9d31e48e68804");
    String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_del", body.toJSONString());
    System.out.println(sync);
}
```

• 输出结果

delete ledresource failed

# 下载资源(暂未完成)

- 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res\_del
- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例
- 输出结果
- 测试结果:

# 查询资源分组列表

- 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res\_group\_query
- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
   public void res_group_query() {
       JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
       body.put("skip", "0");
       body.put("limit", "1");
       body.put("id", "123");
       String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_group_query", body.toJSONString());
       System.out.println(sync);
   }
• 输出结果
   "code":200,
   "data":[
       {
           "uid": "5c9c2b42999a0707e07c9953",
           "groupName": "123"
   ],
   "id":"123",
   "message": "OK",
   "status": "SUCCESS"
```

• 测试结果:显示的字段太少,建议把资源数组与设备数组展示出来,分页查询没有显示查询总数

# 根据资源分组id查询资源

• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res\_by\_groupId

- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
    public void res_by_groupId() {
        JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
        body.put("id", "123");
        body.put("uid", "5c9c2b42999a0707e07c9953");
        String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_by_groupId", body.toJSONString());
        System.out.println(sync);
    }
• 输出结果
{
    "code":200,
    "data":[
        {
            "uid": "5d2e8fe1f22aff4b8dfff15a",
            "modifyUser":"",
            "modifyDate":"",
            "size":67997,
            "addUser": "5996644abb0b200d53c76d36",
            "name": "company.png",
            "type":2,
            "addDate":"2019-07-17 11:02:57"
        }
    ],
    "id":"123",
    "message":"OK",
    "status": "SUCCESS"
}
```

• 测试结果: 建议把资源数组与设备数组展示出来,单个查询时建议data类型为JsonObject

# 添加资源分组

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res group add
```

- 请求方式: POST
- 测试示例

```
@Test
```

```
public void res_group_add() {
    JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
    body.put("id", "123");
    body.put("name", "123");
    body.put("resources", "123,234,345");
    String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_group_add", body.toJSONString());
    System.out.println(sync);
}
```

• 输出结果

# 删除资源分组

```
• 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res_group_del
     • 请求方式: POST
     • 测试示例
               @Test
               public void res_group_del() {
                          JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
                          body.put("id", "123");
                          body.put("uid", "5c9c2b42999a0707e07c9953");
                          String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_group_del", body.toJSONString());
                          System.out.println(sync);
               }
     • 输出结果
    {"code":200,"id":"123","message":"OK","status":"SUCCESS"}
     • 测试结果: 返回正确
更新资源分组
     • 接口链接: URL地址: http://[域名]/app/led2/[version]/res_group_update
     • 请求方式: POST
     • 测试示例
               @Test
               public void res_group_update() {
                           JSONObject body = new JSONObject();
                          body.put("id", "123");
                          body.put("uid", "5cb02e89999a0713781782a8");
                          body.put("name","123");
                          body.put("resourcesList","123");
                          String sync = getClient().sync("led2/v1_0/res_group_update", body.toJSONString());
                          System.out.println(sync);
               }
     • 输出结果
    {"code":200, "data":{"name":"123", "resourcesList":[], "uid":"5cb02e89999a0713781782a8"}, "id":"123", "message":"0K", "statum of the control of the control
```

• 测试结果: 当resourcesList错误时,依然能够更新成功。device list字段无法更新