

Unity Bluetooth LE Plugin for Android

Introduction

This plugin provides basic access to the GATT Bluetooth API provided in Android. You can use this plugin from Unity to create Centrals. At the time of this release, Android does not support being a Peripheral.

For information about Android Bluetooth GATT you will need to consult the Android developer documentation.

Version Changes

- 2.16
 - Bug fix for iOS in the native Objective-C code.
- 2.15
 - Bug fix for Android in the native Java code. We were getting a null reference in the StopScan method if it was called before scanning.
- 2.14
 - Added iOS specific preprocessor directive for post process build script.
 - Removed unneeded recoreType parameter to iOS scan method.
- 2.13
 - Added usage of api21 for scanning and stop scanning to support filtering on multiple UUID service values.
 - Added parameter to scanning method that is only used in iOS, but had to be in the generic api. This can be ignored for android.
 - Removed the TestScene example because it was confusing.
- 2.12
 - Fixed a bug in the AndroidManifest.xml file to use the correct android theme from Unity.
 - Fixed a bug in the StopScan method.
 - Added the Scanner example for scanning and showing RSSI values.
- 2.11
 - Nothing changed for Android. All changes are in iOS version.
- 2.10
 - Nothing changed for Android. All changes are in iOS version.
- 2.9
 - Added a new parameter to the scan method that allows you to get RSSI values even if the scanned device doesn't have manufacturer specific data.
- 2.8
 - Added SimpleTest. This is an example of connecting to an RFduino at startup using callbacks, states and a timer.
- 2.7

- Fixed bugs when getting characteristics from multiple devices at the same time.
Added automatic lower casing of all UUID values for Android since that is what the OS does.
- 2.6
Added support for subscriptions to different characteristics to have their own callback handler.
Added a new example based on the Adafruit Bluefruit LE with the Nordic BLE Chip.
- 2.5
Added support for both Notification and Indication subscriptions in the Android library.
- 2.4
Added DontDestroyOnLoad to the Bluetooth Receiver Script so it can survive loading a new level.
- 2.3
Added SubscribeCharacteristicWithDeviceAddress
Fixed a bug in the android advertising packet request
- 2.2
Added disconnect callback from connect
Added callback for the RSSI and manufacturer specific data in the advertising packet
- 2.1
Added an all new example that connects to RFduino and TI SensorTag devices
- 2.0
Added support for Android Centrals

Setup Guide

Setting up this plugin involves installing the package and writing scripts to interact with the plugin. Follow these steps:

1. Import the package into your Unity project
2. Create a game object that you can attach a script to
3. Create a script that makes calls into the BluetoothHardwareInterface class using static methods for the Bluetooth functionality you require
4. NOTE: For Android 6.x and later there is a new permission that is required. Please add the following line to the AndroidManifest.xml in the proper location:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION" />
```

Example Code

There are several examples included in the plugin. The best example to demonstrate how to use the plugin is the SimpleTest example. Study carefully how it uses a state machine and the Update method to determine when to call the next method.

There is an example called BluetoothLETest. This example can connect to RFduino and TI SensorTag devices.

First select central as the type of device to simulate. Next start scanning. Any BLE devices will show up in the list. Nothing will happen if you select a device that is not an RFduino or TI SensorTag.

If you choose an RFduino or TI SensorTag device you will get a page specific to those devices.

The RFduino page shows an image of an RFduino device. If you select button1 on the RFduino that button on the image will have a green circle on it.

If you hit the LED button on the page the LED should show up on the RFduino device.

The TI SensorTag just shows temperature. It is left up to the user to implement other sensors on the TI SensorTag.

The third example is SimpleTest. This example shows how to connect to an RFduino at startup and subscribe to the button press. It requires that you use the same RFduino code as the larger example.

SimpleTest shows how to use a basic state machine and timeout value to make sure operations don't overlap. This is a very important aspect of BLE.

If you start an operation before the previous operation is finished then it cancels the first operation.

This is why you can't call the interface methods one after another in code. You must wait for the callback to an operation to be called before you initiate the next operation.

Plugin Layout

The plugin has several parts.

Android Java Class Library

The Plugins/Android folder contains the Android Java code library along with an AndroidManifest.xml file to setup the proper permissions and settings for the plugin.

The AndroidManifest.xml file contains Android permissions. There is also a setting that you can use to control whether your app shows up for devices that don't support Bluetooth Low Energy. If you edit the xml file you will see the following line of code:

```
<uses-  
feature android:name="android.hardware.bluetooth_le" android:  
d:required="false"/>
```

If the required value is false as you see there, your app will be able to be installed on all devices that are otherwise compatible. During initialization of this plugin the device will be checked for Bluetooth Low Energy compatibility. If the device does not support Bluetooth Low Energy, you will receive an error in the error callback.

If the required value is true then your app will not show up in the Google Play store unless the target device supports Bluetooth Low Energy.

C# Scripts

The Plugins folder contains the C# scripts. These scripts provide the Unity – Plugin interface and some helper methods. The BluetoothHardwareInterface is a class that contains static methods to make calls into the Java code. The BluetoothDeviceScript is used to receive messages passed back to Unity from the Java code.

Example

The examples are detailed in the section above.

Support

For email support you can email support@shatalmic.com

Notes

As mentioned above all operations are asynchronous. This means you can't start a new operation until you have received the callback from the previous operation. If you do you will probably cancel the previous operation.

You can use timeouts and hope that you are done with the previous operation, but this is not as deterministic.

It is most reliable to scan for peripherals and store the address of the peripheral that you find during the scan and use that device address in all further API calls for that device.

Android is case sensitive. Keep this in mind when you are comparing UUID values. There are some methods in the plugin that convert everything to lower case. The examples also show doing this.

Some of the examples have a helper method called FullUUID. This method will take a 16 bit UUID or a 128 bit UUID. If it is 16 bit, then it is folded into the BLE Specification standard UUID to make it 128 bits.

Some of the examples also have a helper method called IsEqual. This method helps you compare 2 UUID values even if they are 16 bit, 128 bit, upper or lower case. It is recommended that you use these 2 helper methods in your apps.

API Reference

Since this library also works with iOS, some of the values are only used for iOS.

Initialization Errors

When Initialize is called there are several errors that can occur. You will receive the error text as the parameter to the errorAction callback. Here is a list of those errors:

Bluetooth LE Not Enabled

BluetoothHardwareInterface Methods

```
public static void Log (string message)
```

Log the string message to the Android console window

```
public static BluetoothDeviceScript Initialize (bool asCentral, bool asPeripheral, Action action, Action<string> errorAction)
```

Initialize the Bluetooth system as either a central, peripheral or both. Acting as a peripheral is only available for iOS.

When completed the action callback will be executed.

If there is an error the errorAction callback will be executed.

```
public static void DeInitialize (Action action)
```

DeInitialize the Bluetooth system.

When completed the action callback will be executed.

```
public static void FinishDeInitialize ()
```

This method is automatically called by the

BluetoothDeviceScript when it has been notified by the Java code that everything else has been deinitialized.

```
public static void PauseMessages (bool isPaused)
```

This method notifies the bluetooth system that the app is going to be paused or unpaused.

```
public static void ScanForPeripheralsWithServices (string[]  
    serviceUUIDs, Action<string, string> action,  
    Action<string, string, int, byte[]> actionAdvertisingInfo =  
    null, bool rssiOnly = false, bool clearPeripheralList =  
    true)
```

This method puts the device into a scan mode looking for any peripherals that support the service UUIDs in the serviceUUIDs parameter array. If serviceUUIDs is NULL all Bluetooth LE peripherals will be discovered. As devices are discovered the action callback will be called with the ID and name of the peripheral.

The default value for the actionAdvertisingInfo callback is null for backwards compatibility. If you supply a callback for this parameter it will be called each time advertising data is received from a device. You will receive the ID and address of the device, the RSSI and the manufacturer specific data from the advertising packet.

The rssiOnly parameter will allow scanned devices that don't have manufacturer specific data to still send the RSSI value. The reason this defaults to false is for backwards compatibility.

The clearPeripheralList is only used in iOS, but is here for cross platform compatibility in the api.

```
public static void RetrieveListOfPeripheralsWithServices (s  
tring[] serviceUUIDs, Action<string, string> action)
```

This method will retrieve a list of all currently connected peripherals with the UUIDs listed in the serviceUUIDs parameter. If serviceUUIDs is NULL all Bluetooth LE peripherals will be discovered. As devices are discovered the action callback will be called with the ID and name of the peripheral.

```
public static void StopScan ()
```

This method stops the scanning mode initiated using the ScanForPeripheralsWithServices method call.

```
public static void ConnectToPeripheral (string name, Action<string> connectAction, Action<string, string> serviceAction, Action<string, string, string> characteristicAction, Action<string> disconnectAction)
```

This method attempts to connect to the named peripheral. If the connection is successful the connectAction will be called with the name of the peripheral connected to. Once connected the serviceAction is called for each service the peripheral supports. Each service is enumerated and the characteristics supported by each service are indicated by calling the characteristicAction callback.

The default value for the disconnectAction is null for backwards compatibility. If you supply a callback for this parameter it will be called whenever the connected device disconnects. Keep in mind that if you also supply a callback for the DisconnectPeripheral command below both callbacks will be called.

```
public static void DisconnectPeripheral (string name, Action<string> action)
```

This method will disconnect a peripheral by name. When the disconnection is complete the action callback is called with the ID of the peripheral.

```
public static void ReadCharacteristic (string name, string service, string characteristic, Action<string, byte[]> action)
```

This method will initiate a read of a characteristic using the name of the peripheral, the service and characteristic to be read. If the read is successful the action callback is called with the UUID of the characteristic and the raw bytes of the read.

```
public static void WriteCharacteristic (string name, string service, string characteristic, byte[] data, int length, bool withResponse, Action<string> action)
```

This method will initiate a write of a characteristic by the name of the peripheral and the service and characteristic to be written. The value to write is a byte buffer with the length indicated in the data and length parameters. The withResponse parameter indicates when the user wants a response after the

write is completed. If a response is requested then the action callback is called with the message from the Bluetooth system on the result of the write operation.

```
public static void SubscribeCharacteristic (string name, string service, string characteristic, Action<string> notificationAction, Action< string, byte[]> action)
```

This method will subscribe to a characteristic by peripheral name and the service and characteristic. The notificationAction callback is called when the notification occurs and the action callback is called whenever the characteristic value is updated by the peripheral. The first parameter is the characteristic UUID. The second is the raw data bytes that have been updated for the characteristic. This method is for backwards compatibility. A new method with the device address was added in version 2.3 (see below).

```
public static void SubscribeCharacteristicWithDeviceAddress (string name, string service, string characteristic, Action<string, string> notificationAction, Action<string, string, byte[]> action)
```

This method will subscribe to a characteristic by peripheral name and the service and characteristic. The notificationAction callback is called when the notification occurs and the action callback is called whenever the characteristic value is updated by the peripheral. The first parameter is the device address. The second parameter is the characteristic UUID. The third is the raw data bytes that have been updated for the characteristic.

```
public static void UnSubscribeCharacteristic (string name, string service, string characteristic, Action<string> action)
```

This method is unsubscribe from a characteristic by name, service and characteristic. When complete the action callback is called.