



PROMILITARES

// PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Estrutura: **TO BE** (auxiliar) + **VERB + ING** (verbo principal)

Affirmative Form:

The professor **is speaking** right now.

The students **are writing** on their books.

Negative Form:

I'm **not watching** the news.

She **isn't calling** your name.

Interrogative Form:

Is he **enjoying** the movie?

Is your English **getting** better?



// PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Advérbios comuns com o Present Continuous

NOW - The guests are arriving **now**.

AT THE MOMENT - She is calling her relatives **at the moment**.

THIS _____ - The company I work for isn't doing so well **this year**.
They are working extra hours **this week**.

CURRENTLY - The device is **currently** available only in Japan.



// PRESENT CONTINUOUS - QUANDO USAR

1. Ações em progresso no momento de fala.

Look! She **is running** to take the bus.

Are you **listening** to me?

2. Ações temporárias/fora da rotina

I'm reading a really good book.

They **are studying** for an exam.



// PRESENT CONTINUOUS - QUANDO USAR

3. Ações planejadas. (Advérbio de tempo futuro!)

They **are traveling** (**travelling**) tomorrow.

I'm **seeing** the doctor next Monday.

4. Hábitos desagradáveis (Advérbio de frequência)

He **is** always **complaining** about the weather.

Where is my cellphone? I'm always **losing** things.



// VERB + ING: FORMAÇÃO DO GERÚNDIO

Caso 1: Regra geral: + ING

sleep - sleeping

call - calling

go - going

Caso 2: Terminados em E: -E + ING

type - typing

dance - dancing

Exceção: be - being

see - seeing

Caso 3: Terminados em IE: -IE + YING

die - dying

lie - lying



// VERB + ING: FORMAÇÃO DO GERUNDIO

Caso 4: Terminados em CVC (tônica): **Dobrar a última consoante**

run - running

begin - beginning

stop - stopping

Quando não for tônica: **Somente acrescentar ING**

happen - happening

listen - listening

offer - offering



// PRESENT CONTINUOUS - STATIVE VERBS

Non-continuous verbs (stative verbs) - Verbos que não denotam ação contínua. Não são comumente utilizados com ING.

- Mental/Emotional States: remember, understand, dislike, hate, like, etc.
- Sense: hear, see, smell, etc.
- Communication: promise, deny, disagree, etc.
- Opinion: agree, believe, doubt, guess, imagine
- Possession: have, own, posses



// PRESENT CONTINUOUS - STATIVE VERBS

Alguns verbos mudam seu sentido quando são utilizados na sua forma continua.

Feel = expressar uma opinião - He feels (=thinks) he should get a second chance.

Feel = sentir - I'm feeling awful this afternoon.

See = ver - Do you see the bird over there?

See = encontrar - I'm seeing the doctor because I have a sore throat.

Have = posse - I have \$120 with me right now.

Have a party = dar uma festa - I am having a party this Friday.





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