

// SIMPLE PRESENT

ESTRUTURANDO:

Em orações afirmativas:

Acrescenta-se S/ES/IES ao verbo apenas com 3ª PESSOA DO SINGULAR

Work – works

Sit - sits

Miss – misses

Push – pushes

Hurry – hurries

Reply – replies

Enjoy – enjoys

*Have – has

Do – does

Go - goes



// SIMPLE PRESENT

EXEMPLIFICANDO:

Bento <u>goes</u> to football practice every Wednesday. Bento and Martha <u>go</u> to football practice every Wednesday.

Thalia <u>speaks</u> Spanish very well. Mexicans <u>speak</u> Spanish.

A blue whale <u>weighs</u> as much as three elephants. Blue whales <u>weigh</u> more than elephants.



// ESTRUTURAS

Em orações interrogativas e negativas, auxiliar necessário -> DO/DOES

We believe in ghosts.

We do not believe in ghosts. / We don't believe in ghosts.

Do we believe in ghosts?

Don't we believe in ghosts?

This book belongs to me.

This book does not belong to me.

This book doesn't belong to me.

Does this book belong to me?

Doesn't this book belong to me?



// ESTRUTURAS

Em orações <u>afirmativas</u>, é possível utilizar DO/DOES com função enfática

I love my job.
I do love my job.

Lameirão teaches History very well. Lameirão does teach History very well.

Auxiliar + do/does + main verb (base form) + complement Podemos traduzir como indeed, really



// QUANDO USAR DO/DOES or AM/IS/ARE

Do/Does auxiliam orações que possuem MAIN VERB To be é utilizado quando ele já faz parte da estrutura da oração

Carol is a good teacher. Carol isn't a good teacher.

Luan works hard. Luan doesn't work hard.

_____ she a student? -> Is she a student? _____ she like frogs? -> Does she like frogs? _____ they from Manaus? -> Are they from Manaus? _____ he drive a car? -> Does he drive a car?



// SIMPLE PRESENT USE

Simple Present é utilizado para ações/eventos permanentes, hábitos/rotina ou verdades atemporais.

Water boils at 100° Celsius.
It usually snows in January.
I play volleyball every Wednesday.
What do frogs eat?
Carol likes this wine. (non-progressive verb)
They hear you, so you don't need to shout. (non-progressive verb)



// NON-PROGRESSIVE VERBS

I'm not understanding what she is explaining. I don't understand what she is explaining.

She is believing me. -> She believes me.

Mental and emotional states

believe/ doubt/ imagine/ know/ love/ like/ hate/ prefer/ remember/ understand/ want/ wish

Use of the senses

hear/ see/ smell/ taste

Possessive idea

belong/ contain/ include/ own/ possess

Others

(dis)agree/ appear/ deny/ please/ promise/ deserve/ depend

INGLÊS

