Welcome to this CoGrammar Task Walkthrough: Task 14

The session will start shortly...

Questions? Drop them in the chat.
We'll have dedicated moderators
answering questions.



Software Engineering Session Housekeeping

- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly.
 (Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)
- No question is daft or silly ask them!
- There are **Q&A sessions** throughout this session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: <u>Questions</u>



Software Engineering Session Housekeeping cont.

- For all non-academic questions, please submit a query:
 www.hyperiondev.com/support
- Report a safeguarding incident:
 <u>www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting</u>
- We would love your **feedback** on lectures: **Feedback on Lectures**

Enhancing Accessibility: Activate Browser Captions

Why Enable Browser Captions?

- Captions provide real-time text for spoken content, ensuring inclusivity.
- Ideal for individuals in noisy or quiet environments or for those with hearing impairments.

How to Activate Captions:

1. YouTube or Video Players:

Look for the CC (Closed Captions) icon and click to enable.

2. Browser Settings:

- Google Chrome: Go to Settings > Accessibility > Live Captions and toggle ON.
- Edge: Enable captions in Settings > Accessibility.



Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member. or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles Designated Safeguarding Lead



Simone Botes



Nurhaan Snyman



Ronald Munodawafa



Rafig Manan

Scan to report a safeguarding concern



or email the Designated Safeguarding Lead: Ian Wyles safeguarding@hyperiondev.com



Skills Bootcamp Progression Overview

Criterion 1 - Initial Requirements

Specific achievements within the first two weeks of the program.

To meet this criterion, students need to, by no later than 01 December 2024:

- **Guided Learning Hours** (GLH): Attend a minimum of 7-8 GLH per week (lectures, workshops, or mentor calls) for a total minimum of **15 GLH**.
- Task Completion: Successfully complete the first 4 of the assigned tasks.

✓ Criterion 2 - Mid-Course Progress

Progress through the successful completion of tasks within the first half of the program.

To meet this criterion, students should, by no later than 12 January 2025:

- Guided Learning Hours (GLH): Complete at least 60 GLH.
- Task Completion: Successfully complete the first 13 of the assigned tasks.





Learning Outcomes

- Retrieve, sort, swap and search for items in a list.
- Give a detailed explanation of how the merge sort algorithm works.
- Transfer learnings to complete the Searching & Sorting tasks.



Searching Algorithms

- **Searching Algorithms**: Methods to find an element in a collection.
 - Linear Search: Sequentially checks each element until the desired element is found; best for small lists.
 - Binary Search: Efficiently searches in a sorted list by repeatedly dividing the search interval in half; requires sorted data.

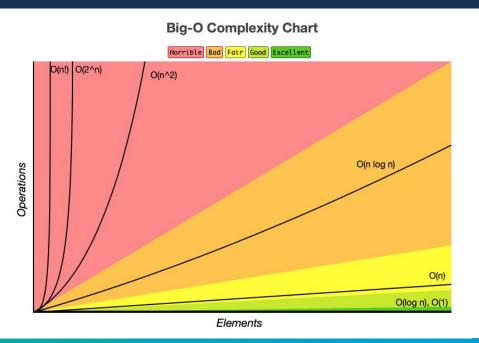


Sorting Algorithms

- **o Sorting Algorithms**: Methods to arrange elements in a specified order.
 - Bubble sort, insertion sort, merge sort, quick sort and more.
- Time complexity: Important to understand the efficiency of algorithms; typically expressed in Big O notation
- o Real-world applications: Used in databases, searching through web pages, and more.



Complexity











Practical task 1

- Create a Python script called album_management.py.
- Design a class called Album. The class should contain:
 - A constructor which initialises the following instance variables:
 - album_name Stores the name of an album.
 - number_of_songs Stores the number of songs within the album.
 - album_artist -Stores the album's artist.
 - A __str__ method that returns a string that represents an Album object in the following format:

(album_name, album_artist, number_of_songs).

- Create a new list called albums1, add five Album objects to it, and print out the list.
- Sort the list according to the number_of_songs and print it out. (You may
 want to examine the key parameter in the sort method).
- Swap the element at position 1 (index 0) of albums1 with the element at position 2 (index 1) and print it out.
- Create a new list called albums2.
- Add five Album objects to the albums2 list, and print out the list.
- Copy all of the albums from albums1 into albums2.
- Add the following two albums to albums2:
 - o (Dark Side of the Moon, Pink Floyd, 9)
 - o (Oops!... I Did It Again, Britney Spears, 16)
- Sort the albums in albums2 alphabetically according to the album name and print out the sorted list.
- Search for the album Dark Side of the Moon in albums2 and print out the index of the album in the albums2 list.

Be sure to place files for submission inside your task folder and click "Request review" on your dashboard.

Searching & Sorting Task Walkthrough: Task 2





Practical task 2

In a newly created Python script called merge_sort.py:

- Modify the merge sort algorithm provided in the example usage section above to order a list of strings by string length from the longest to the shortest string.
- Run the modified Merge sort algorithm against 3 string lists of your choice. Please ensure that each of your chosen lists is not sorted and has a length of at least 10 string elements.

Be sure to place files for submission inside your task folder and click "Request review" on your dashboard.



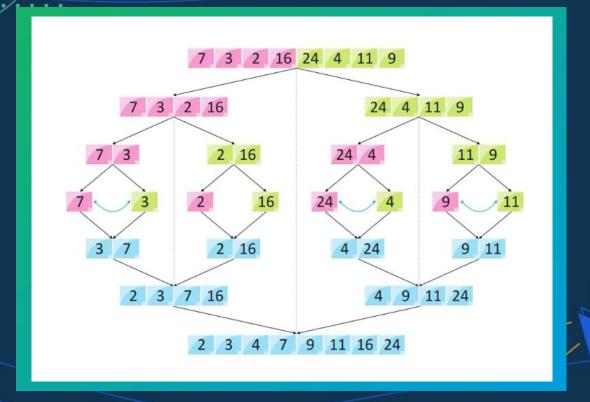




Image source:

<u> https://medium.com/@ozgurmehmetakif/merge-sort-algorithm-ff52822f5608</u>

Searching & Sorting Task Walkthrough: Task 3





Practical task 3

Using the following list: [27, -3, 4, 5, 35, 2, 1, -40, 7, 18, 9, -1, 16, 100]

- Create a Python script called sort_and_search.py. Consider which searching algorithm would be appropriate to use on the given list?
- Implement this search algorithm to search for the number 9. Add a comment to explain why you think this algorithm was a good choice.
- Research and implement the Insertion sort on this list.
- Implement a searching algorithm you haven't tried yet in this Task on the sorted listto find the number 9. Add a comment to explain where you would use this algorithm in the real world.

Be sure to place files for submission inside your task folder and click "Request review" on your dashboard.



Questions and Answers



Thank you for attending







