CoGrammar

Welcome to this session Skills Bootcamp:

Q&A Session

The session will start shortly...

Questions? Drop them in the chat. We'll have dedicated moderators answering questions.



Skills Bootcamp Data Science Housekeeping

- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly. (Fundamental British
 Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)
- No question is daft or silly ask them!
- There are **Q&A sessions** midway and at the end of the session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions. We will be answering questions as the session progresses as well.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: <u>Questions</u>



Skills Bootcamp Data Science Housekeeping

- For all non-academic questions, please submit a query:
 www.hyperiondev.com/support
- Report a safeguarding incident: <u>www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting</u>
- We would love your feedback on lectures: <u>Feedback on Lectures.</u>
- Find all the lecture content in your <u>Lecture Backpack</u> on GitHub.
- If you are hearing impaired, kindly use your computer's function through Google chrome to enable captions.



Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member, or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles Designated Safeguarding Lead



Simone Botes



Nurhaan Snyman



Ronald Munodawafa



Rafig Manan

Scan to report a safeguarding concern



or email the Designated Safeguarding Lead: Ian Wyles safeguarding@hyperiondev.com





Skills Bootcamp Progression Overview

Criterion 1 - Initial Requirements

Specific achievements within the first two weeks of the program.

To meet this criterion, students need to, by no later than 01 December 2024 (C11) or 22 December 2024 (C12):

- Guided Learning Hours (GLH): Attend a minimum of 7-8 GLH per week (lectures, workshops, or mentor calls) for a total minimum of 15 GLH.
- Task Completion: Successfully complete the first 4 of the assigned tasks.

Criterion 2 - Mid-Course Progress

Progress through the successful completion of tasks within the first half of the program.

To meet this criterion, students should, by no later than 12 January 2025 (C11) or 02 February 2025 (C12):

- Guided Learning Hours (GL/H): Complete at least 60 GLH.
- Task Completion: Successfully complete the first 13 of the assigned tasks.



Skills Bootcamp Progression Overview

Criterion 3 – End-Course Progress

Showcasing students' progress nearing the completion of the course.

To meet this criterion, students should:

- Guided Learning Hours (GLH): Complete the total minimum required GLH, by the support end date.
- Task Completion: Complete all mandatory tasks, including any necessary resubmissions, by the end of the bootcamp, 09 March 2025 (C11) or 30 March 2025 (C12).

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Criterion 4 - Employability

Demonstrating progress to find employment.

To meet this criterion, students should:

- Record an Interview Invite: Students are required to record proof of invitation to an interview by 30 March 2025 (C11) or 04 May 2025 (C12).
 - South Holland Students are required to proof and interview by 17 March 2025.
- Record a Final Job Outcome: Within 12 weeks post-graduation, students are required to record a job outcome.

Learning Outcomes

- Apply EDA techniques to analyse
- Visualise datasets effectively
- Use Python libraries for EDA tasks



Tutorial Overview

- This session will apply EDA techniques previously learned on a different dataset, preparing it for predictive modelling.
- → The Q&A will end with an extensive poll assessment to review and reinforce key concepts covered throughout the week.





Exploratory DataAnalysis Tutorial





Real-World Application of EDA

- The EDA lectures covered the importance of understanding patterns, anomalies, and relationships in datasets through various techniques such as univariate, bivariate, and multivariate analysis.
- ❖ Key concepts included descriptive statistics, data visualisation using histograms, box plots, scatter plots, and correlation matrices, as well as advanced techniques like Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and K-means clustering.



Let's Code!





Final EDA Polls Assessment





Which function in Pandas is used to display the first few rows of a dataset?

- A. .head()
- B. .tail()
- C. .info()
- D. .describe()



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- A. .head()
- B. .tail()
- C. .info()
- D. .describe()



What does the .describe() function in Pandas provide?

- A. A summary of the dataset's shape and structure
- B. Descriptive statistics such as mean, median, and quartiles
- C. A correlation matrix of numerical variables
- D. The number of missing values in each column





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How can you check for missing values in a Pandas DataFrame?

- A. .isna().sum()
- B. .dropna()
- C. .fillna()
- D. .dtypes()



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What is the main use of a histogram in EDA?

- A. To display categorical data
- B. To show the frequency distribution of a single numerical variable
- C. To compare two numerical variables
- D. To visualize correlation between variables



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What type of visualization is best for detecting outliers in a dataset?

- A. Line plot
- B. Box plot
- C. Pie chart
- D. Histogram



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What is multicollinearity in EDA?

- A. A situation where one variable has missing values
- B. When two or more predictor variables are highly correlated
- C. The process of normalising numerical data
- D. The process of scaling categorical variables





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If a dataset has a highly skewed distribution, which measure of central tendency is most appropriate?

- A. Mean
- B. Median
- C. Mode
- D. Range



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What does a pair plot (using Seaborn's sns.pairplot()) help visualise?

- A. The correlation between a categorical and numerical variable
- B. The pairwise relationships between numerical variables
- C. The distribution of a single variable
- D. The hierarchical clustering of variables





Which of the following is NOT a visualisation technique used in EDA?

- A. Scatter plot
- B. Bar chart
- C. Heatmap
- D. Decision tree





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What does standardising data in EDA help with?

- A. Removing missing values
- B. Making different numerical variables comparable
- C. Converting categorical data into numerical format
- D. Detecting duplicate records in a dataset



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Questions and Answers





Thank you for attending





