# Welcome to this CoGrammar Lecture: The Terminal & Version Control

The session will start shortly...

Questions? Drop them in the chat. We'll have dedicated moderators answering questions.





#### **Data Science Session Housekeeping**

- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly.
   (Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)
- No question is daft or silly ask them!
- There are **Q&A sessions** throughout this session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: <u>Questions</u>



#### Data Science Session Housekeeping cont.

- For all non-academic questions, please submit a query:
   www.hyperiondev.com/support
- Report a safeguarding incident:
   <u>www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting</u>
- We would love your feedback on lectures: Feedback on Lectures

#### **Enhancing Accessibility: Activate Browser Captions**

#### **Why Enable Browser Captions?**

- Captions provide real-time text for spoken content, ensuring inclusivity.
- Ideal for individuals in noisy or quiet environments or for those with hearing impairments.

#### **How to Activate Captions:**

#### 1. YouTube or Video Players:

Look for the CC (Closed Captions) icon and click to enable.

#### 2. Browser Settings:

- Google Chrome: Go to Settings > Accessibility > Live Captions and toggle ON.
- Edge: Enable captions in Settings > Accessibility.



#### Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member. or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles Designated Safeguarding Lead



Simone Botes



Nurhaan Snyman



Scan to report a safeguarding concern



or email the Designated Safeguarding Lead: Ian Wyles safeguarding@hyperiondev.com



Ronald Munodawafa



Rafig Manan



### Learning Objectives & Outcomes

- Grasp a basic knowledge of the Terminal
- Identify the basic concepts of version control and Git.
- Explain the purpose and benefits of version control systems.
- Describe the basic commands and operations in Git.
- Initialise a Git repository.
- Stage and commit changes to a repository.



Version Control: The "Time Machine" for Code



#### Relevance

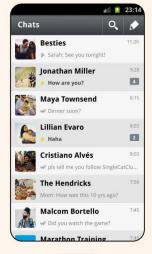
- Ever wondered how apps like Instagram and WhatsApp keep getting better without breaking?
- How do developers manage to add new features and fix bugs without chaos?
- The answer lies in a powerful tool called Version Control.

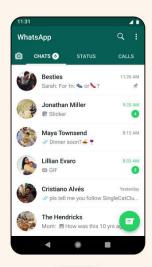


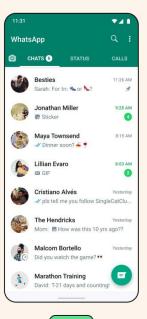
#### Relevance

## Design over the years













#### **Real-World Example**

• Each update you see has a team of developers behind it, each contributing their part. But how do they track who changed what? And if something goes wrong, how do they roll back to a previous version?



#### Relevance





### ntroduction to Version Control

Just as you can track changes in a Google Doc, developers use Version
 Control to manage and track code changes.



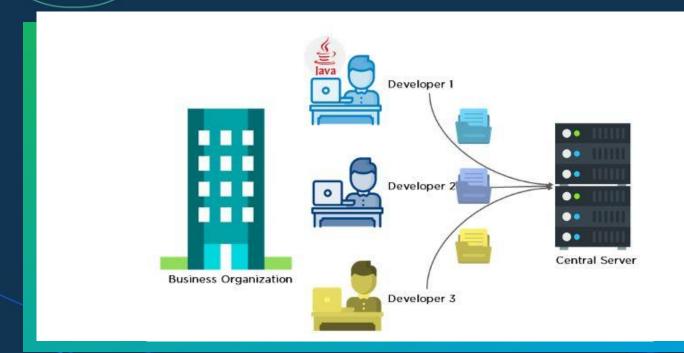


#### What is Git? Disclaimer



CoGrammar

### What is Git?





### What is Git?





#### What is Git?

- A powerful version control system
- Tracks changes to your code over time
- Enables collaboration with other developers
- It's a distributed system, so every developer has a full copy.



## Why Git?

- Distributed nature: Work offline and sync later
- Branching and merging: Experiment without risk
- Strong community and support



#### **Your Git Toolkit**

#### • Repository Operations:

- o **git init:** Create a new repository
- o **git clone:** Clone an existing repository

#### Working with Changes:

- o **git status:** Check the status of your files
- o **git diff:** View changes between commits
- o **git add:** Stage changes for commit
- o **git commit:** Commit changes to the repository
- o **git push:** Push changes to a remote repository
- o **git pull:** Pull changes from a remote repository





## Real-World Git: From Code to Collaboration!

- **Efficient Collaboration:** Teams work together seamlessly on shared codebases.
- **Risk Mitigation:** Backups, version history, and easy rollback.
- Continuous Integration/Continuous Delivery (CI/CD): Automated testing and deployment.
- Open Source Development: Fostering community and collaboration.



The Big Three: Where the Magic Happens!

## GitHub







## Best Practices: Keep Calm and Commit On!

- **Commit Frequently:** Small, focused commits.
- Write Clear Commit Messages: Describe the changes made.
- Use Branches Effectively: Isolate features and bug fixes.
- **Review Code Regularly:** Improve code quality and collaboration.
- **Utilize Pull Requests:** A structured review process.
- Automate Your Workflow: Use CI/CD pipelines.



#### Poll

What is a repository in version control?

- 1. A folder that contains only images
- 2. A backup drive for your computer
- 3. A tool for writing code
- 4. A storage location for your project and its version history



#### Poll

What is the correct sequence of steps for saving changes in Git?

- 1. Commit → Add → Push
- 2. Push → Add → Commit
- 3. Commit → Push → Add
- 4. Add → Commit → Push

#### Resources

- Additional Resources
  - o <u>1.5 Getting Started Installing Git</u>
  - o Pro Git book



## Questions and Answers





Thank you for attending







