# GNU Emacs Survival Card

for version 21

In the following, C-z means hit the 'z' key while holding down the Ctrl key. M-z means hit the 'z' key while hitting the Meta (labeled Alt on some keyboards) or after hitting Esc key.

### Running Emacs

To enter GNU Emacs, just type its name: emacs. Emacs divides the frame into several areas: menu line, buffer area with the edited text, mode line describing the buffer in the window above it, and a minibuffer/echo area in the last line.

C-x C-c quit Emacs

 $\mathtt{C-x}\ \mathtt{C-f}$  edit file; this command uses the minibuffer to

read the file name; use this to create new files

by entering the name of the new file

C-x C-s save the file C-x k kill a buffer

C-g in most context: cancel, stop, abort partially

typed or executing command

C-x u undo

### Moving About

C-1 scroll current line to center of window

C-x b switch to another buffer
 M-< move to beginning of buffer</li>
 M-> move to end of buffer
 M-x goto-line go to a given line number

# Multiple Windows

C-x 0 remove the current window from the display

C-x 1 make active window the only window

C-x 2 split window horizontally
C-x 3 split window vertically
C-x o move to other window

#### Regions

Emacs defines a 'region' as the space between the *mark* and the *point*. A mark is set with C-space. The point is at the cursor position.

M-h mark entire paragraph C-x h mark entire buffer

# Killing and Copying

C-w kill region

M-w copy region to kill-ring

C-k kill from the cursor all the way to the end of

the line

M-DEL kill word

C-y yank back the last kill (C-w C-y combination

could be used to move text around)

M-y replace last yank with previous kill

# Searching

C-s search for a string

C-r search for a string backwards

RET quit searching

M-C-s regular expression search
M-C-r reverse regular expression search

Use C-s or C-r again to repeat the search in either direction.

# Tags

Tags tables files record locations of function and procedure definitions, global variables, data types and anything else convenient. To create a tags table file, type 'etags input\_files' as a shell command.

M-. find a definition

C-u M-. find next occurrence of definition
M-\* pop back to where M-. was last invoked
M-x tags-query-replace run query-replace on all files

recorded in tags table

M-, continue last tags search or query-replace

### Compiling

M-x compile code in active window

C-c C-c go to the next compiler error, when in the

compile window or

C-x ' when in the window with source code

# Dired, the Directory Editor

C-x d invoke Dired

d flag this file for deletionflag all backup files for deletion

u remove deletion flag

x delete the files flagged for deletion

C copy file

g update the Dired buffer

f visit the file described on the current line s switch between alphabetical date/time order

# Reading and Sending Mail

M-x rmail start reading mail q quit reading mail h show headers

d mark the current message for deletionx remove all messages marked for deletion

C-x m begin composing a message

C-c C-c send the message and switch to another buffer C-c C-f C-c move to the 'CC' header field, creating one if

there is none

#### Miscellaneous

M-q fill paragraph

M-/ expand previous word dynamically C-z iconify (suspend) Emacs when running it

under X or shell, respectively

M-x revert-buffer replace the text being edited with the

text of the file on disk

#### Query Replace

M-% interactively search and replace M-C-% using regular expressions Valid responses in query-replace mode are replace this one, go on to next replace this one, don't move DEL skip to next without replacing replace all remaining matches ! back up to the previous match RET

exit query-replace

enter recursive edit (M-C-c to exit)C-r

#### Regular Expressions

. (dot) any single character except a newline zero or more repeats one or more repeats ? zero or one repeat [...] denotes a class of character to match

[^...] negates the class

quote characters otherwise having a special  $\backslash c$ 

meaning in regular expressions

...\|...\|... matches one of the alternatives ("or")

groups a series of pattern elements to a single \( ... \)

element

same text as nth group matches at line beginning \$ matches at line end

matches word-syntax character \w \W matches non-word-syntax character

\< matches at word beginning matches at word end \> \b matches at word break matches at non-word break **\B** 

# Registers

C-x r s save region in register

C-x r i insert register contents into buffer C-x r SPC save value of point in register C-x r j jump to point saved in register

# Rectangles

C-x r r copy rectangle to register

C-x r k kill rectangle C-x r y yank rectangle

prefix each line with a string C-x r t open rectangle, shifting text right C-x r o

blank out rectangle C-x r c

### Shells

start a shell within Emacs M-x shell M-! execute a shell command

M-1 run a shell command on the region filter region through a shell command C-u M-|

# Spelling Check

check spelling of word at the cursor M-x ispell-region check spelling of all words in region M-x ispell-buffer check spelling of entire buffer

#### International Character Sets

C-x RET C-\ select and activate input method for the current buffer

enable or disable input method M-x list-input-methods show all input methods M-x set-language-environment specify principal language

C-x RET c set coding system for next command

visit file with no conversion of M-x find-file-literally any kind

M-x list-coding-systems show all coding systems

M-x prefer-coding-system choose preferred coding system

### **Keyboard Macros**

start defining a keyboard macro C-x ( C-x ) end keyboard macro definition execute last-defined keyboard macro С-х е C-u C-x ( append to last keyboard macro M-x name-last-kbd-macro name last keyboard macro

### Simple Customization

M-x customize customize variables and faces

### Getting Help

Emacs does command completion for you. Typing M-x tab or space gives a list of Emacs commands.

C-h Emacs help

C-h t run the Emacs tutorial

enter Info, the documentation browser C-h i C-h a show commands matching a string (apropos) C-h k display documentation of the function invoked

by keystroke

Emacs gets into different modes, each of which customizes Emacs for editing text of a particular sort. The mode line contains names of the current modes, in parentheses.

C-h m get mode-specific information

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