SOLUTIONS FOR EXEMPLARY TASKS illustrating processing the data in the form of an **array of structures**

- TASK 1 Define a struct type and a 100-element array to store information about **books in the library** (title, author, index, price).

 Write a function that will display all the data of "cheap books" on the screen (ie books with price < 10).
- <u>TASK_2</u> Define the struct type and the 50-element array of structures allowing to store information about **factory employees** (name, position, gender, salary) Write a function that calculates the average salary of women in this factory.
- <u>TASK 3</u> Define the struct type that stores the **data of the computer set** in the store (set name = 50 characters, processor type = 20 characters, clock frequency = positive integer; price = real number) and a 20-element array of such structures.

 Write a function that determines the index of the cheapest set with the "AMD Athlon" processor.
- TASK 4 Define the type of struct type that stores the employee's **personal data** (surname 20 characters, first name 15 characters, salary real number; gender the character 'm' or the character 'f') and a 100-element array of such structures. Write a function to check, if the average salary in a given company is greater than 3000.
- <u>TASK_5</u> Define the type of structure that stores the **reservation data in the hotel** (booking date = 30 characters, guest name = 25 characters; room type = letter; number of beds = an integer) and a 100-element array of such structures. Write a function that counts the number of reservations for the name "Kowalski".
- TASK_6 Define the type of structure that stores data about bus connections (destination_city: 30 characters; distance: unsigned integer; departure_time: real number; price float number) and a 500-element array of such structures.

 Write a function that determines the average ticket price for a route shorter than 10km.

Define a struct type and a 100-element array
to store information about books in the library (title, author, index, price).
 Write a function that will display all the data of "cheap books" on the screen (ie books with price < 10).

```
#include <stdio.h>
// definition of a structural type
struct Book
{
  char title[50];
  char author[30];
  unsigned index;
  float price;
};
// definition of a 100-element array of structures
Book library[100];
// definition of the function displaying "cheap" books
// (with the price lower then 10 \overline{PLN})
void DISPLAY CHEAP BOOKS( Book lib[], int book counter)
  bool occurs = false ;
  printf( "\n List of cheap books: ");
  for( int i=0; i<book counter; i++)</pre>
    if( lib[i].price<10.00 )
       printf("\n");
      printf("\n Title: %s" , lib[i].title );
printf("\n Author: %s" , lib[i].author );
printf("\n Index: %u" , lib[i].index );
printf("\n Price: %.2f", lib[i].price );
       occurs = true ;
  if( !occurs )
    printf("\n The list is empty (no cheap books) ");
  printf("\n Press the ENTER key ");
  getchar();
```

Define the struct type and the 50-element array of structures
 allowing to store information about **factory employees** (name, position, gender, salary)
 Write a function that calculates the average salary of women in this factory.

```
#include <stdio.h>
// definition of a structural type
struct Employee
 char name[30];
 char position[30];
 char gender;
 float salary;
};
// definition of a 50-element array of structures
Employee list of factory workers[50];
// function calculating the average salary of women
float AVERAGE FEMALE SALARY( Employee list[], int employee counter )
  float sum=0;
  int female counter=0;
  for( int i=0; i<employee_counter; i++ )</pre>
    if( list[i].gender=='f')
                                               // 'f' like female
      sum += list[i].salary;
      female counter++;
  if( female counter==0 )
    return -\overline{1}.0; // Number of women=0. Can't count the average
  average float;
  average = sum/female counter;
  return average;
```

3. Define the struct type that stores the data of the computer set in the store (set_name = 50 characters, processor type = 20 characters, clock frequency = positive integer; price = real number) and a 200-element array of such structures.
Write a function that determines the index of the cheapest set with the "AMD Athlon" processor.

```
#include <string.h>
struct ComputerSet
 char set name[51];
 char processor type[21];
 unsigned clock;
 float price;
ComputerSet store[200];
int cheap AMD( ComputerSet store[], int array size )
  int index = -1;
  float lowest price;
  for( int i=0; i<array_size; i++ )</pre>
    if( strcmp( store[i].processor type, "AMD Athlon") == 0 )
      if( index==-1 || store[i].price<lowest price )</pre>
        index = i;
        lowest price = store[i].price;
  return index;
```

4. Define the type of struct type that stores the employee's **personal data** (surname - 20 characters, first name - 15 characters, salary - real number; gender - the character 'm' or the character 'f') and a 100-element array of such structures. Write a function to check, if the average salary in a given company is greater than 3000.

```
struct EmployeeData
 char surname [21];
 char name [16];
 float salary;
 char gender;
EmployeeData list of employees[100];
bool isSalaryGreater( EmployeeData employees list[],
                      int number of employees )
 if( number of employees<=0 )</pre>
   return false;
  // calculating the sum of the salaries
  float sum=0;
  for ( int i=0; i<number_of_employees; i++)</pre>
   sum += employees_list[i].salary;
  // check the average salary
  if( sum/number of employees > 3000 )
   return true ;
  else
   return false ;
```

5. Define the type of structure that stores the **reservation data in the hotel** (booking_date = 30 characters, guest name = 25 characters; room_type = letter; number_of_beds = an integer) and a 100-element array of such structures. Write a function that counts the number of reservations for the name "Kowalski".

```
#include <string.h>
struct Reservation
{
   char booking_date[31];
   char guest_name[26];
   char room_type;
   int number_of_beds;
};

Reservation reservation_list[100];

int CountReservationsForKowalski( Reservation reservation_list[] )
{
   int counter=0;
   for( int i=0; i<100; i++ )
    if( strcmp( reservation_list[i].guest_name, "Kowalski") == 0 )
        counter ++;
   return counter;
}</pre>
```

6. Define the type of structure that stores data about **bus connections** (destination_city: 30 characters; distance: unsigned integer; departure_time: real number; price - float number) and a 500-element array of such structures.
Write a function that determines the average ticket price for a route shorter than 10km.

```
struct BusConnection
 char
         destination city[31];
 unsigned distance;
 float departure_time;
float price;
};
BusConnection timetable[500];
float Average price ( BusConnection timetable[],
                        int number of connections )
  float sum of selected=0;
  int number of selected=0;
  for( int i=0; i < number of connections; i++ )</pre>
    if( timetable[i].distance <10)</pre>
      sum of selected += timetable[i].price;
      number of selected++;
  if (number of selected == 0)
    return -\overline{1};
  else
    return sum of selected/number of selected;
```