Growth Curve Analysis

Anders Kiledal

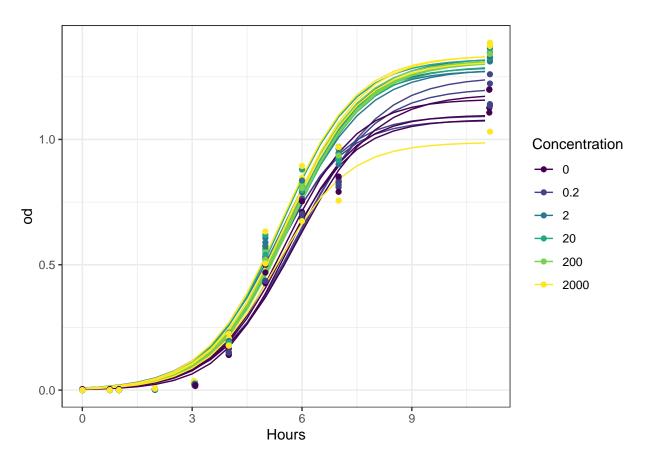
Load required packages (and install if necessary).

```
if (!require('tidyverse')) install.packages('tidyverse'); library('tidyverse')
if (!require('modelr')) install.packages('modelr'); library('modelr')
if (!require('growthcurver')) install.packages('growthcurver'); library('growthcurver')
if (!require('here')) install.packages('here'); library('here')

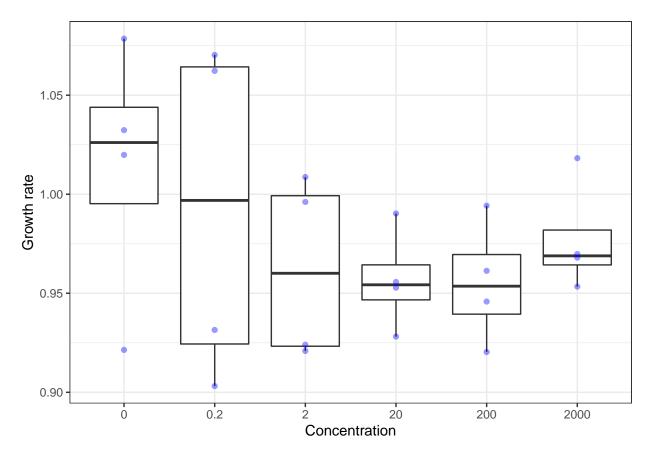
#Load functions in from functions.R
source(here("functions.R"))
```

Load in data. This part is up to you, but the format has to be 'tidy' (i.e. tidyverse style with unique but often long columns)

Fit growth curves based on treatment group(s).



```
#Boxplot of growth rates by concentration
models %>% ggplot(aes(as.factor(Concentration), r)) +
  geom_boxplot(outlier.shape = NA) +
  geom_point(alpha = 0.4, color = "blue") +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(y = "Growth rate", x = "Concentration")
```



```
#Run ANOVA for concentration
aov(r ~ Concentration , data = models)
## Call:
##
      aov(formula = r ~ Concentration, data = models)
##
## Terms:
##
                   Concentration Residuals
## Sum of Squares
                      0.00000571 0.05983572
## Deg. of Freedom
                                         22
## Residual standard error: 0.05215176
## Estimated effects may be unbalanced
#Run Kruskal-wallis test for concentation
kruskal.test(r ~ Concentration, data=models)
##
##
   Kruskal-Wallis rank sum test
##
## data: r by Concentration
## Kruskal-Wallis chi-squared = 3.4, df = 5, p-value = 0.6386
```

The growth curve values $\mathtt{help}(\texttt{"gcvals"})$ are:

- k: The carrying capacity parameter
- k_se: The standard error of the carrying capacity parameter
- k_p: The p value of the carrying capacity parameter
- n0: The initial population size
- n0_se: The standard error of the initial population size
- n0_p: The p value of the initial population size
- r: The growth rate
- r_se: The standard error of the growth rate
- r_p: The p value of the growthrate
- sigma: Residual standard error from non-linear least squares fit of the model to the data
- df: Degrees of freedom
- t mid: The time at the inflection point of the logistic curve (occurs at half of the carrying capacity)
- dt: The maximum doubling time, obtained by evaluating the the unrestrained growth of the population with growth rate r
- auc_l: The area under the curve of the fitted logistic equation from time 0 to time t
- auc e: The area under the curve of the measurements.