

BLM2031/COM2031 Discrete Structures

Sample Questions for Midterm

1. Let $f, g, h : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ be the functions defined as $f(n) = 3n$, $g(n) = \lfloor (n+1)/3 \rfloor$, $h(n) = \lfloor (n-1)/3 \rfloor$. Determine $(gof)(n)$ and $(hof)(n)$.
2. Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = 7a_{n-1} - 12a_{n-2}$ where $n \geq 2$, $a_0 = 5$, $a_1 = 18$
3. Give a big-O estimate for each of the following functions:
 - a) $(x^3 + x^2 \log x)(\log x + 5) + (15 \log x + 7)(x^4 + 3)$
 - b) $x \log(x^2 + 1) + x^2 \log x$(For the function g of your estimate $f(x)$ is $O(g(x))$, use a simple function g of smallest order)
4. Prove that there is no integer a such that $a \equiv 2 \pmod{6}$ and $a \equiv 7 \pmod{9}$. (Use proof by contradiction)
5. How many bit strings (that consist of the symbols '0' and '1') of length 6 have more zeroes than ones?
6. Prove that if $2n^2 + 3n$ is even integer, then n is even integer.
7. You are given two algorithms, Power and NewPower, that compute the n -th power of a given positive integer. Calculate and compare the worst-case complexity of both algorithms in terms of big-O notation.

POWER(x, n)

input : $x, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

output : x^n

temp = x

for $i=2$ to n

temp = temp * x

return temp

NEWPOWER(x, n)

input : $x, n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

output : x^n

pow = x

temp = 1

while ($n > 0$)

if (n is odd)

{ temp = pow * temp }

pow = pow * pow

$n = \lfloor n/2 \rfloor$

return temp

8. In how many ways can 12 different books be distributed among 4 people so that each gets exactly 3 books?
9. For the functions $f(x) = x^2 + 3x^2 + 1$ and $g(x) = x^3$
 - a) Determine whether $f(x) = O(g(x))$ or not.
 - b) Determine whether $g(x) = O(f(x))$ or not.
10. Sixteen people are to be seated around two circular tables, one with 10 chairs and the other with 6 chairs. How many different seating arrangements are possible?