

Assignment - 4

1.7 Write an algorithm / code for Selection Sort.

→ Algorithm :-

1. Repeat (size - 1) times

(i) minimum \leftarrow First element

(ii) for each unsorted elements

if element $<$ minimum

minimum \leftarrow element

(iii) Swap (minimum to element)

2. STOP

2.7 Write an algorithm / code for Bubble Sort.

→ Algorithm :-

1. Repeat (size - 1) times

(i) for each element

if left element $>$ right element

then swap left element and right element

2. END

3. write an algorithm / code for merge sort.

→ MERGE (A, p, q, s)

$m_1 = q - p + 1$

$m_2 = s - q$

let $L[1 \dots m_1 + 1]$ and $R[1 \dots m_2 + 1]$ be new arrays

for $i = 1$ to m_1

$L[i] = A[p + i - 1]$

for $j = 1$ to m_2

$R[j] = A[q + j]$

$L[m_1 + 1] = \text{infinite}$

$R[m_2 + 1] = \text{infinite}$

$i = 1$ $j = 1$

for $k = p$ to s

if $L[i] \leq R[j]$

$A[k] = L[i]$

$i = i + 1$

else $A[k] = R[j]$

$j = j + 1$

MERGE SORT (A, p, s)

if $p < s$

then $q \leftarrow (p + s) / 2$

MERGE SORT (A, p, q)

MERGE SORT (A, q + 1, s)

MERGE (A, p, q, s)

4.) write an algorithm / code for insertion sort.

→ Algorithm:

for $i = 1$ to size

key \leftarrow arr[i]

$j \leftarrow i - 1$

repeat while (key \lt arr[j] and $j > 0$)

arr[j+1] \leftarrow arr[j]

--j

arr[j+1] \leftarrow key

End for

STOP

5.) write an algorithm / code for Quick sort.

→ Algorithm:

Procedure Pivot($T[i..j]$; var l)

{ Partitions the elements in array $T[i..j]$ and returns a value l such that, at end, $i \leq l \leq j$, $T[k] \leq p \ \forall i \leq k \leq l$, $T[l] = p$, and $T[k] > p \ \forall l < k \leq j$, p is the initial value $T[i]$ }

$p \leftarrow T[i]$

$k \leftarrow i$

$l \leftarrow j+1$

Repeat $k \leftarrow k+1$ until $T[k] \geq P$

Repeat $l \leftarrow l-1$ until $T[l] \leq P$

while $k < l$

Swap $T[k]$ and $T[l]$

Repeat $k \leftarrow k+1$ until $T[k] \geq P$

Repeat $l \leftarrow l-1$ until $T[l] \leq P$

Swap $T[i]$ and $T[l]$

Procedure quicksort($T[i \dots j]$)

if $j-i$ is sufficiently small then insert $T[i \dots j]$

else

Pivot ($T[i \dots j]$, l)

quicksort ($T[i \dots l-1]$)

quicksort ($T[l+1 \dots j]$)

Q. Write an algorithm/code for Heap sort.

→ Algorithm :

- maxHeapify (arr, i)

$L = \text{Left}(i)$

$R = \text{Right}(i)$

if $L = \text{heap-size}(\text{arr})$ and $\text{arr}[L] > \text{arr}[i]$

largest = L

else

largest = i

if $R = \text{heap-size } [array]$ and $array[R] > array[largest]$
 $largest = R$

if $largest \neq i$
 swap $array[i]$ with $array[largest]$
 maxHeapify ($array, largest$)

End

- Build Max Heap ($array$)

$heap\ size(array) = length(array)$

for $i = length(array) / 2$ to 1
 maxHeapify ($array, i$)

End

- HeapSort ($array$)

Build max heap ($array$)

for $i = length(array)$ to 2

swap $array[i]$ with $array[1]$

$heap\ size[array] = heap\ size[array] - 1$

maxHeapify ($array, 1$)

End.

7) Write an algorithm / code for Linear Search.

for $i = 0$ to $last\ index\ of\ array$

if $PA[i]$ equals key

return i

return -1

Q. Write an algorithm / code for Binary Search.

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while left <= right  
    middle = index halfway between left, right
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    if A[middle] matches key
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```
        return middle
```

```
    else if key < A[middle]
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```
        right = middle - 1
```

```
    else
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```
        left = middle + 1
```

```
return -1
```