A Second Look at Overloading

Haskell </div> <div>

```
trait Eq fn eq(&self, rhs: &Self) \rightarrow Bool impl Eq for Nat fn eq(&self, rhs: &Self) \rightarrow Bool match (self, rhs) { (Zero, Zero) \Rightarrow True, (Suc(x), Suc(y)) \Rightarrow x.eq(y), (_, _) \Rightarrow False
```

```
inst eq :: Nat \rightarrow Nat \rightarrow Bool
  eq Zero Zero = True
  eq (Suc x) (Suc y) = eq x y
 eq _ = False
inst eq :: (eq :: a \rightarrow a \rightarrow Bool) \Rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow Bool
  eq [] = True
  eq (x:xs) (y:ys) = eq x y && eq xs ys
 eq _ = False
isEq :: Bool
isEq = [Zero] = [Zero]
```

Pseudocode

```
\lambda x. e
   |  let x = e in e
</div> <div>
  \tau := \alpha
         \mid 	au 
ightarrow 	au
  \sigma := \tau
         | \forall \alpha. \sigma
</div>
```

$$\begin{array}{lll} (\text{TAUT}) & \frac{x:\sigma \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x:\sigma} & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e':\sigma}{\Gamma \vdash \text{let } x = e' \text{ in } e:\tau} & (\text{LET}) \\ \\ (\to \text{I}) & \frac{\Gamma, \ x:\tau \vdash e:\tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x. \ e:\tau \to \tau'} & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e:\tau \to \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash e \ e':\tau'} & (\to \text{E}) \\ \\ (\forall \text{I}) & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e:\sigma \quad \text{fresh } \alpha}{\Gamma \vdash e:\forall \alpha. \ \sigma} & \frac{\Gamma \vdash e:\sigma \quad \sigma \sqsubseteq \sigma'}{\Gamma \vdash e:\sigma'} & (\forall \text{E}) \end{array}$$

Let
$$\Gamma = \{ \mathrm{id} : \forall \alpha. \ \alpha \to \alpha, \ \mathrm{n} : \mathrm{Nat} \}$$
.

$$\begin{array}{l} \underline{x:\alpha \in \{x:\alpha\}} \\ \hline x:\alpha \vdash x:\alpha \\ \hline \vdash \lambda x. \; x:\alpha \to \alpha \\ \hline \vdash \lambda x. \; x:\forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha \quad \text{fresh } \alpha \\ \hline \vdash \text{let id} = \lambda x. \; x \; \text{in id} : \forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{id} : \forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha \in \{\text{id} : \forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha\} \\ \hline \text{id} : \forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha \vdash \text{id} : \forall \alpha. \; \alpha \to \alpha \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Hindley Milner ——
 Generalization

```
p := e \mid \mathbf{inst} \; o : \sigma_T = \sigma \; \mathbf{in} \; p
```

```
inst eq : Nat \rightarrow Nat \rightarrow Bool = \lambda x. \lambda y. x \doteq y in inst eq : \forall \alpha. (eq : \alpha \rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow Bool) \Rightarrow [\alpha] \rightarrow [\alpha] \rightarrow Bool = \lambda \in A[]. \lambda \in A[]. True \lambda \in A[]. \lambda \in A[]. Eq x y && eq xs ys \lambda \in A[]. False in eq [4, 2] [4, 2]
```

System 0 -Expressions

```
\tau := \alpha
                   \mid 	au 
ightarrow 	au
                   D \hspace{0.1cm} 	au_1 \hspace{0.1cm} \ldots \hspace{0.1cm} 	au_n \hspace{0.1cm} (D = \{Unit, \hspace{0.1cm} Nat, \hspace{0.1cm} List \hspace{0.1cm} 	au, ..\}, \hspace{0.1cm} \mathrm{arity}(D) = n)
    \sigma := \tau
                  \mid orall \alpha.\pi_{lpha} \Rightarrow \sigma_{T}
\pi_{lpha} := o_1 : lpha 
ightarrow 	au_1, \ldots, o_n : lpha 
ightarrow 	au_n \quad (n \in \mathbb{N}, \ o_i 
eq o_i)
\sigma_T := T \alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n \to 	au \quad (T = D \cup \{ \rightarrow \}, \ \operatorname{tv}(\tau) \subseteq \{\alpha_1, ..., \alpha_n \})
                   | \; \forall \alpha.\pi_{\alpha} \Rightarrow \sigma_{T} \quad (\operatorname{tv}(\pi_{\alpha}) \subseteq \operatorname{tv}(\sigma_{T}))
```

System 0 -- Types

$$(\forall \mathbf{I}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma, \ \pi_{\alpha} \vdash e : \sigma \qquad \text{fresh } \alpha}{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall \alpha . \pi_{\alpha} \Rightarrow \sigma}$$

$$(\forall \mathbf{E}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \forall \alpha . \ \pi_{\alpha} \Rightarrow \sigma \qquad \Gamma \vdash [\tau/\alpha] \pi_{\alpha}}{\Gamma \vdash e : [\tau/\alpha] \sigma}$$

$$(\mathbf{SET}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash x_{1} : \sigma_{1} \quad ... \quad \Gamma \vdash x_{n} : \sigma_{n}}{\Gamma \vdash x_{1} : \sigma_{1} \quad ... \quad x_{n} : \sigma_{n}}$$

$$(\mathbf{INST}) \qquad \frac{\Gamma \vdash e : \sigma_{T} \quad \Gamma, \ o : \sigma_{T} \vdash p : \sigma \quad \forall (o : \sigma_{T}') \in \Gamma \Rightarrow \sigma_{T}' \neq \sigma_{T}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathbf{inst} \ o : \sigma_{T} = e \ \mathbf{in} \ p : \sigma}$$

System 0 -- Typing

System 0 - Derivation

System 0 -Translation to Hindley Milner

Folien & Code

github.com/Mari-W/popl

Literatur

- A Second Look at Overloading 1995
 Martin Odersky, Philip Wadler, Martin Wehr
- A Theory of Type Polymorphism in Programming 1978 Hindley Milner