PYTHON PROGRAMMING Assignment # 02

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Question 01

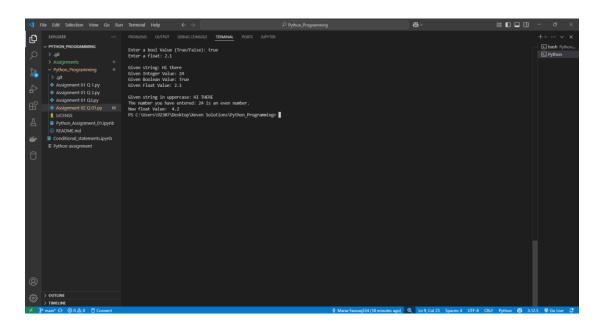
Write a Python program that:

- 1. Accepts a string, an integer, a float, and a boolean from the user.
- 2. Initializes variables for each type, and prints them out.
- 3. Convert the string to uppercase and print it.
- 4. Check if the integer is even or odd and print the result.
- 5. Multiply the float by 2 and print the result.

```
#For String
user_input_string = input("Enter a string: ")
user_input_integer = int(input("Enter an Integer:
"))
user input bool = bool(input("Enter a bool Value
(True/False): "))
user input float = float(input("Enter a float: "))
print("Given string:" , user_input_string)
print("Given Integer Value:" , user_input_integer)
print("Given Boolean Value:" , user_input_bool)
print("Given Float Value:" , user input float)
#Converting it to uppercase
print("Given string in uppercase:" ,
user input string.upper())
# ----- For Integer
def number check(number):
    if number % 2 == 0:
        print(f"The number you have entered: {number}
is an even number.")
   else:
```

```
print(f"The number you have entered: {number}
is an odd number."
number_check(user_input_integer)
# ------- For Float
------
def float_multiply(num):
    return num*2
print("New float Value: " ,
float_multiply(user_input_float))
```

Output



Question 02

```
# #Question 02
# Question 2: Operators
# Write a Python program that:
# 1. Accepts two numbers as input from the user.
#
2. Performs and prints the result of all arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division,
# modulus, floor division) between these two numbers.
# 3. Uses comparison operators to check if the first number is greater than the second, and if they are equal.
# 4. Uses logical operators to combine two conditions (e.g., the first number is greater than the second, and the
```

```
# second number is less than 10).
# 1. Accepts two numbers as input from the user.
number1 = int(input("Enter number 1: "))
number2 = int(input("Enter number 2: "))
2. Performs and prints the result of all arithmetic operations
# modulus, floor division) between these two numbers.
#Addition
addition = number1 + number1
print(f"{number1} + {number2} is = {addition}")
#Subtraction
subtraction = number1 - number2
print(f"{number1} - {number2} is = {subtraction}")
#Multiplication
multiplication = number1 * number2
print(f"{number1} * {number2} is = {multiplication}")
#Division
division = number1 / number2
print(f"{number1} / {number2} is = {division}")
#Modulus
modulus = number1 % number2
print(f"{number1} % {number2} is = {modulus}")
floor division = number1 // number2
print(f"{number1} // {number2} is = {floor_division}")
# 3. Uses comparison operators to check if the first number is greater than
if number1 >= number2:
    print(f"{number1} is greater than {number2}")
elif number1 == number2:
   print(f"{number1} is equal to {number2}")
    print(f"{number1} is less than {number2}")
# 4. Uses logical operators to combine two conditions (e.g., the first number
is greater than the second, and the
# second number is less than 10).
if number1 > number2 and number2 < 10:</pre>
    print(f"{number1}) is greater than {number2} and {number2} is less than
elif number1 > number2 and number2 > 10:
```

```
print(f"{number1} is greater than {number2} and {number2} is greater
than 10.")
elif number1 < number2 or number2 > 10:
    print(f"{number1} is greater than {number2} and {number2} is greater
than 10.")
elif number1 < number2 and number2 > 10:
    print(f"{number1} is greater than {number2} and {number2} is greater
than 10.")
else:
    print("Condition not met!")
```

Output:

```
Enter number 1: 11

Enter number 2: 9

11 + 9 is = 22

11 - 9 is = 2

11 * 9 is = 99

11 / 9 is = 1.2222222222223

11 % 9 is = 2

11 // 9 is = 1

11 is greater than 9

11 is greater than 9 and 9 is less than 10.
```

Question 03

```
# #Question 3: Loops
# Write a Python program that:
# 1. Accepts a list of integers from the user.
# 2. Loops through the list and prints out each number.
# 3. If a number is greater than 10, skips it using the continue statement.
# 4. Stops the loop if the number is 20 using the break statement.
# 5. After the loop ends, prints a message that the loop ended naturally.
```

```
# # 1. Accepts a list of integers from the user.
length_of_list = int(input("Enter length of list: "))
integer list = []
for i in range(1, length_of_list + 1):
    number = int(input(f"Enter number {i} : "))
    integer list.append(number)
print(f"\nThe list of integers: {integer_list}")
# # 2. Loops through the list and prints out each number.
print(f"The numbers in list are:\n")
for num in integer_list:
    print(num)
##3. If a number is greater than 10, skips it using the continue statement.
print("\nSkipping numbers:")
new_list = []
for num in integer_list:
    if num > 10 and num != 20:
        print(f"Skip the number {num} as it is greater than 10.")
    new list.append(num)
print(f"\nNew list after skipping numbers greater than 10 is : {new_list}")
# 4. Stops the loop if the number is 20 using the break statement.
for num in new_list:
    if num == 20:
        print(f"Stop the loop as the number is 20")
    print(f"Number: {num}")
   print("The loop ended naturally without encountring 20.")
```

Output:

```
pthon_Programming/assignment_02_Q3.py"
Enter length of list: 5
Enter number 1 : 6
Enter number 2 : 7
Enter number 3 : 12
Enter number 4 : 20
Enter number 5 : 8

The list of integers: [6, 7, 12, 20, 8]
```

The numbers in list are:

6

7

12

20

8

Skipping numbers:

Skip the number 12 as it is greater than 10.

New list after skipping numbers greater than 10 is: [6, 7, 20, 8]

Number: 6 Number: 7

Stop the loop as the number is 20