1. Project Title

SkillSync - Al-Powered Career Path Navigator for Students & Fresh Graduates

2. Problem Statement

Many students and fresh graduates struggle to find the right career path due to a lack of proper guidance. They often have **scattered skills** that don't directly match a clear career, making it difficult to **choose the right field**. Traditional career counseling is limited and doesn't adapt to **personal skills and strengths**.

SkillSync solves this by using **Al-driven skill analysis** to suggest **tailored career paths**, learning roadmaps, and **additional skills** needed to transition into new fields.

3. Project Objectives

- Analyze students' skills (via resume or manual input) and match them with career paths.
- Provide structured career roadmaps (steps needed to reach a goal).
- Suggest additional skills to explore new career paths.
- Indicate "career distance" (how far a student is from a chosen path).
- Provide learning resources (courses, mentorship, certifications).
- Help students with no clear skills find potential fields based on their interests.

4. Target Users

Primary Users:

- University students exploring career options.
- Fresh graduates seeking career direction.
- Students with diverse but unstructured skills.

Secondary Users:

- Career coaches or mentors.
- Universities & career centers.(Future work)

5. Technologies & Frameworks

Mobile App Development (Frontend)

Language & Framework:

• Flutter (Dart) → Cross-platform, Ul-rich, and widely used.

UI & State Management:

- Material Design → Built-in with Flutter for modern UI.
- Provider → Simple and beginner-friendly state management.

Backend Development (API & Business Logic)

Backend Framework:

• Node.js (Express.js) → Lightweight, easy to learn, and scalable.

API Design:

- RESTful API → Standard approach for connecting frontend and backend.
- JSON Web Tokens (JWT) → Secure user authentication.

Hosting Options:

• Render / Railway → Free and easy hosting for Node.js apps.

Database (Storing User Data & Career Paths)

Options:

- Firebase Firestore (NoSQL) \rightarrow If you want real-time updates and easy integration.
- PostgreSQL (SQL-based alternative) → If you need structured queries and relational data.

Al & Machine Learning (For Skill & Career Matching)

ML Frameworks & Tools:

- Hugging Face Transformers → Best for NLP-based resume & skill analysis.
- Scikit-learn \rightarrow For career path recommendation models.

Use Cases:

- Extract skills from resume text.
- Match skills to predefined career paths.
- Suggest additional skills based on industry trends.

Authentication & User Management

Authentication Provider:

• Firebase Authentication → Google, email, and phone-based login (easy setup).

Cloud & Hosting

Frontend & Database Hosting:

• Firebase Hosting → Best for beginners, auto-deploy for Flutter & Firestore.

Backend Hosting:

Render / Railway → Free and simple hosting for Node.js API.

DevOps & Deployment

Version Control & CI/CD:

- GitHub → Version control for code.
- GitHub Actions → Automate testing & deployment.

Optional Deployment:

• Docker (Optional) → If you want to containerize your backend later.

6.Design Patterns for SkillSync

1. MVC (Model-View-Controller) - For Flutter & Node.js Backend

Why?

- Keeps the codebase organized, modular, and easy to maintain.
- Separates UI (View), logic (Controller), and data (Model) for clean architecture.

How?

Mobile App (Flutter):

- Model → Represents user data, career paths, and skill mapping.
- View → UI screens (Flutter widgets).

• Controller → Handles user interactions and API calls.

Backend (Node.js/Express.js):

- Model → Database schema for users, jobs, and skills.
- ullet Controller o Handles API requests, processes data, and returns responses.
- View → Not needed since it's an API-based backend.

2. Repository Pattern - For Data Management in Flutter

Why?

- Decouples business logic from Firebase/PostgreSQL.
- Makes it easier to switch databases or APIs later.

How?

- Repositories act as a bridge between API and UI.
- UI doesn't directly interact with the database but calls the repository instead.

3. Singleton Pattern - For Managing Authentication & Global Services

Why?

- Ensures only one instance of an object is created (e.g., AuthService).
- Prevents multiple redundant API connections.

How?

• Implements a single global instance of AuthService and ApiClient.

4. Factory Pattern – For Creating User & Job Objects

Why?

- Standardizes object creation for Users & Job Listings.
- Prevents redundant "if-else" logic when creating objects.

How?

Factory class creates users or jobs dynamically.

5. Observer Pattern – For Real-Time Updates (Job Alerts, Notifications)

Why?

- Allows UI components to update automatically when new job alerts arrive.
- Ideal for real-time notifications & Firebase Firestore updates.

How?

- Implements Streams & Firebase Firestore listeners.
- Ensures UI updates instantly when a new job is posted.

7. Initial High-Level System Overview

- User registers/logs in.
- User uploads a resume OR manually enters skills.
- Al analyzes skills and suggests career paths.
- System provides a structured roadmap for each suggested path.
- App recommends additional skills to explore new career fields.
- User can access courses and resources to gain missing skills.
- System updates progress as user learns new skills.